Name: _____Sec: ____ Roll No. _____

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
ANNUAL EXAMINATION : (2020-2021)
SOCIAL SCIENCE
CLASS -VI

Time : 3 Hours   Maximum Marks-80

===

General Instructions:
  1. All questions are compulsory.
  2. There are 39 questions in total.

===

1   A person who is trained to do only one kind of work, is known as a   1
    A) Specialist   c) Faience
    b) Trader   d) Designer

2   Name the head of the district responsible for collecting revenue?   1

3   Complete the table   1

Landforms	Features
a) _____	i) An elevated flat land
b) _____	ii) Large stretches of flat land

4   Match Column I with Column II   1

        Column I   **Column II**
    a) Horse sacrifice   i) Brahmins
    b) Expected to study the vedas   ii) Kshatriyas
    c) Expected to fight battles   iii) Sangha
    d) Organisation or association   iv) Ashvamedha

5   Measuring land and keeping land records is the main work of the   1
    _____.

6   The Himalayas and the Alps are examples of_____ type of   1
    mountains.

7   Who was the founder of Buddhism?   1

8   Which organisation takes care of street lights, garbage collection, water   1
supply in cities?

A) Panchs   c) Chairman

b) Councillor   d) Municipal Corporation

9   Complete the table   1

Features representing	Type of Maps
i) Natural features such as mountains, plateaus, plains, rivers, oceans etc.	a) _____
ii) Different countries and states of the world with their boundaries.	b) _____

10   Match Column I with Column II   1

           Column I   **Column II**

   a)   Ashvaghosha   i) Mahayana Buddhism

   b) Muvendar   ii) Buddhacharita

   c)   Bodhisattvas   iii) Satavahana rulers

   d) Lords of the dakshinapatha   iv) Cholas, cheras and pandyas

11   Who is a municipal councillor?   1

12   A compass is used   1

a) To show symbols

b) To find the main direction

c) To measure height

d) To measure distance

13   _____ wrote Harshavardhana's biography, Harshacharita in   1
Sanskrit.

14   Match the Column I with Column II   1

           Column I   **Column II**

a) Sell things that are prepared at home   i) Casual workers

b) They are employed when the employer   ii)   Vendors

      gets large orders

c) Gets a regular salary every month   iii) Showroom

d) Each floor have different types of clothes   iv) Permanent workers

15 The southernmost Himalayas are known as   1
    a) Shiwaliks
    b) Himadri
    c) Himachal
    d) Middle Himalaya
16 _____ is recognised as the author of the Sanskrit Ramayana.   1
17 Which type of worker gets the medical facilities for their family along   1
    with regular salary?
18 Complete the table   1

Name of the state	In terms of area
a) _____	Largest state of India
b) _____	Smallest state in India

19 Match column I with column II   1

Column I (Season)	**Column II**(Months)
a) Winter	i) October and November
b) Summer	ii) June to September
c) Rainy	iii) March to May
d) Autumn	iv) December to February

20 Complete the table   1

Type of vegetation	Features
a) _____	Also called monsoon forests
b) _____	Occur in areas which receive heavy rainfall

21 Explain how empires are different from kingdoms?   2
22 List two things that the work of a patwari includes.   2
23 Why are mountains thinly populated?   2
24 Write the difference between Municipal Corporation and Municipal   2
    Council?
25 What are the four cardinal directions?   2
26 Write the difference between evergreen forest and deciduous forest?   2
27 What were the main teachings of Lord Buddha?   3
28 What is a map? Write the difference between small scale map and large   3
    scale map.
29 What are the major beliefs of bhakti?   3
30 How are forests useful to us?   3
31 What are the working conditions of the factory workers?   3
32 Write about the work of the tehsildar.   4
33 What are the components of maps? Explain them.   4

34	Write a short note on Northern Indian plains.	4
35	What are the reasons for declining of wildlife? What are the steps taken to conserve them?	4

36 **Read the Case Study given below and answer the questions that follow :**

Writing books on science - This was also the time when Aryabhata, a mathematician and astronomer, wrote a book in Sanskrit known as the Aryabhatiyam. He stated that day and night were caused by the rotation of the earth on its axis, even though it seems as if the sun is rising and setting everyday. He developed a scientific explanation for eclipses as well. He also found a way of calculating the circumference of a circle, which is nearly as accurate as the formula we use today. Varahamihira, Brahmagupta and Bhaskaracharya were some other mathematicians and astronomers who made several discoveries.

i	What is the name of the book written by Aryabhata?	1
ii	Who developed a scientific explanation for eclipses?	1
iii	Name the other mathematicians and astronomers who made several discoveries.	1
iv	What did Aryabhata stated regarding the occurance of day and night?	1

37 **Read the Case Study given below and answer the questions that follows:**

Mountain - A mountain is any natural elevation of the earth surface. The mountains may have a small summit and a broad base. It is considerably higher than the surrounding area. Some mountains are even higher than the clouds. As you go higher, the climate becomes colder. In some mountains, there are permanently frozen rivers of ice. They are called glaciers. There are some mountains you cannot see as they are under the sea. Because of harsh climate, less people live in the mountain areas. Since the slopes are steep, less land is available for farming. Mountains may be arranged in a line known as range. Many mountain systems consist of a series of parallel ranges extending over hundreds of kilometres. The Himalayas, the Alps and the Andes are mountain ranges of Asia, Europe and South America, respectively. Mountains vary in their heights and shape.

i	What is a range?	1
ii	What are glaciers?	1
iii	What is a mountain?	1
iv	Give two examples of mountain ranges.	1

38   Draw the following conventional symbols.   4
       i) River
       ii) Temple
       iii) Post office
       iv) Trees
39   What do you mean by prashasti? What do we know about Samudragupta   5
      from his prashasti?

                    ===============================