

**BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2023-2024)**

**ENGLISH
CLASS-VI**

TIME:3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

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General Instructions:

The Question Paper contains Four (4) Sections.

**Section A Reading Skills , Section B Writing Skills Section C Grammar and
Section D Literature**

Attempt questions based on specific instructions for each part.

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SECTION A

Q1. Read the following passage and answer the following questions:

The natural life span of a domesticated horse is about 25-30 years, which is 10 years less than it was in the wild. You can tell the age of a horse by the number of teeth it has. They get all their teeth by the age of 5, after which those teeth just get longer. The all-round vision of horses is close to 360 degrees. The only place they can't see is directly behind or right in front of them, so standing behind a horse is dangerous. If they sense something behind them, they can kick first and ask questions later! This also means that once they are about four feet away from it they cannot see or jump, and have to rely on memory for its height and size! The horse's two eyes work independently, where the horse's ear point is the direction the horse is looking. A horse is able to sleep standing up because it is able to close its leg muscles so that it cannot fall asleep.

1. What is the life span of a wild horse?
- 25-30 years
 - 30-35 years
 - 35-40 years
 - 40-45 years

1

- | | | |
|----|---|---|
| 2. | Which body part in a horse helps us to tell its age? | 1 |
| | a) ears
b) tail
c) teeth
d) eyes | |
| 3. | The all round vision of the horse is close to: | 1 |
| | a) 75°
b) 360°
c) 90°
d) 25° | |
| 4. | Why is it dangerous to stand behind a horse? | 1 |
| 5. | How can we know that in which direction is the horse looking? | 1 |
| 6. | What helps the horse to sleep while standing? | 1 |
| 7. | Which place does the horse cannot see? | 1 |
| 8. | Which part of the body of the horse work independently? | 1 |
| 9. | Write the words from the passage which mean the same as:
a) on your own
b) unsafe | 2 |

Q2

Read the following passage and answer the following questions:

Unlike the usual rain that is refreshing and useful, acid rain is one type of rain that causes a great deal of harm to the environment. Acid rain can come in both wet and dry form based on how the acidic materials fall from the atmosphere. When the materials are in a wet form, they fall as rain, sleet, snow or fog and in dry form they fall as

gases or particles. Acid rain affects human health badly by creating particles in the air that can cause respiratory problems. This can also cause building materials to decay more rapidly and paint more likely to peel off. It can erode stone statues, making them appear more dull and older and reduce their value. This is known to have caused damage to the magnificent Taj Mahal. The Black Forest in Germany is a result of acid rain that caused the trees to drop their needles. These trees have black trunks and branches. Acid rain flows into rivers and lakes, where it causes severe damage to the plant and animal life in aquatic systems.

1. Which type of problem is created by Acid rain on human health? 1
 - a) Immunization
 - b) Obesity
 - c) Neurological
 - d) Respiratory

2. Which famous building is affected because of acid rain? 1
 - a) The Taj Mahal
 - b) The Burj Khalifa
 - c) The Victoria Memorial
 - d) The Red Fort

3. In which region of Germany has acid rain caused damage? 1
 - a) The Alps
 - b) The Red Forest
 - c) The Black Forest
 - d) The Harz

- | | | |
|----|---|---|
| 4. | What is acid rain? | 1 |
| 5. | How does the acid rain affect the stone statue? | 1 |
| 6. | When the materials are in the wet form they fall as _____, _____ | 2 |
| 7. | Write the antonym of the word “dry”. | 1 |
| 8. | Write the word from the passage which mean the same as:
“drop” | 1 |
| 9. | What happens to the trees of the Black Forest when the acid rain falls on them? | 1 |

SECTION B

- | | | |
|----|--|---|
| Q3 | Describe Your Favourite Cartoon Character | 4 |
| Q4 | Write an application to your principal of your school asking three days leave as you are ill. You are Rani/Rahul of class 7B | 7 |

SECTION C

- | | | |
|-----|---|---|
| Q5. | Fill in the blanks using the correct options given in the bracket. | |
| 1. | Neither the lion nor the bear _____escaped from the zoo.(has/have) | 1 |
| 2. | One of the boys _____missing.(is/are) | 1 |
| 3. | Nobody _____ the story. (know/knew) | 1 |

Q6 **The following sentences have an error in each line. Identify the error and write the incorrect and correct words.**

- | | | |
|-----|-------------------------------|---|
| L1. | My family lives on a house. | 1 |
| L2. | Our house are very beautiful. | 1 |
| L3. | It have two bedrooms. | 1 |

Q7 **Rearrange the words or phrases to make meaningful sentences:**

- | | | |
|----|---|---|
| 1. | work and play /things/different/parents see/ as two | 1 |
| 2. | is a / of time/they/waste/think/that playing | 1 |
| 3. | important/games/studies/are/as/as | 1 |

SECTION D

Q8 a. **Read the following extract and answer the questions that follows.**

*The fatal likeness even dogged
My footsteps when at school
And I was always getting flogged,
For John turned out a fool.*

- | | | |
|----|--|---|
| 1. | Name the poet of the above line. | 1 |
| 2 | Name the poem of the above line. | 1 |
| 3. | Who was John? | 1 |
| 4 | Why was the poet flogged at school? | 1 |
| 5 | Write the rhyming words from the given stanza. | 1 |

b. **Read the following extract and answer the questions that follows.**

“To see Mini quiet is unnatural, and I can’t bear it for long. My own talk with her is always lively.”

- | | | |
|----|--|---|
| 1. | From which lesson the extract has been taken. | 1 |
| 2. | What was the narrator’s relation to Mini? | 1 |
| 3. | What was so ‘unnatural’ about seeing Mini quiet? | 1 |
| 4. | What is another word for ‘cheerful’ in this context? | 1 |
| 5. | How old was Mini? | 1 |

Q9 Answer any 5 out of 6 questions in 30–40 words.

- | | | |
|----|--|---|
| 1. | Explain the phrase ‘make happy the skies’. | 3 |
| 2. | What did Einstein’s father do when he was ill ? | 3 |
| 3. | Which animals are present in the woods? | 3 |
| 4. | Why was the maid sent for a holiday by the mother? | 3 |
| 5. | What was the misery of the poet at school? | 3 |
| 6. | Why did Tom go to Jackson’s island? | 3 |

Q10 Answer any 3 out of 4 questions in 80 – 100 words.

- | | | |
|----|---|---|
| 1. | How did old John enjoy his time? | 5 |
| 2. | Why was Tom feeling sorry for what he had done? | 5 |
| 3. | How did the girls pass their first day of vacation? | 5 |
| 4. | What happens in the woods during summer evenings? | 5 |
- =====

Name : _____ Section : _____ Roll No.: _____

CODE: A

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION [2023 – 2024]
MATHEMATICS
CLASS VI

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

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General Instructions:

- 1. This Question Paper has 5 Sections A, B, C, D and E.*
 - 2. Section A has 20 MCQs carrying 1 mark each*
 - 3. Section B has 5 questions carrying 02 marks each.*
 - 4. Section C has 6 questions carrying 03 marks each.*
 - 5. Section D has 4 questions carrying 05 marks each.*
 - 6. Section E has 3 case based integrated units of assessment (04 marks each) with sub- parts of the values of 1, 1 and 2 marks each respectively.*
 - 7. All Questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice in 2 Qs of 5 marks, 2 Qs of 3 marks and 2 Questions of 2 marks has been provided. An internal choice has been provided in the 2marks questions of Section E.*
- =====

SECTION A

1. The greatest 5-digit number formed by the digits 3, 0, 7 is 1
 - a) 33307
 - b) 77730
 - c) 77330
 - d) 73000
2. The difference between the largest number of 3-digit and largest number of 3-digit with distinct digits is 1
 - a) 0
 - b) 10
 - c) 12
 - d) 14
3. The product of the place values of two-threes in 73532 is 1
 - a) 9000
 - b) 90000
 - c) 99000
 - d) 10000

4. The whole number which does not have a predecessor in whole number system is 1
- a) 0
 - b) 1
 - c) 2
 - d) 100
5. The number of whole numbers between 22 and 54 is 1
- a) 30
 - b) 31
 - c) 32
 - d) 42
6. On dividing a number by 9 we get 47 as quotient and 5 as remainder. The number is 1
- a) 428
 - b) 482
 - c) 429
 - d) 92
7. The number of integers between -1 and 1 is 1
- a) 0
 - b) 1
 - c) 2
 - d) 3
8. Which of the following statement is true? 1
- a) $|10 - 4| = |10| + |-4|$
 - b) Additive inverse of -5 is 5
 - c) -1 lies on the right side of 0 on number line
 - d) -7 is greater than -3
9. On subtracting -7 from -4, we get, 1
- a) 3
 - b) -3
 - c) -11
 - d) 11
10. If the LCM of two natural numbers is 180, then which of the following is not the HCF of the numbers? 1
- a) 45
 - b) 60
 - c) 75
 - d) 90

11. The number of common prime factors of 60, 75 and 105 is 1
a) 2
b) 3
c) 4
d) 5
12. Every natural number has an infinite number of 1
a) Prime factors
b) Factors
c) Multiples
d) Divisor
13. Which of the following fraction is different from others? 1
a) $\frac{40}{50}$
b) $\frac{9}{15}$
c) $\frac{12}{15}$
d) $\frac{32}{40}$
14. The fraction equivalent to $\frac{45}{81}$ is 1
a) $\frac{90}{243}$
b) $\frac{15}{9}$
c) $\frac{5}{27}$
d) $\frac{5}{9}$
15. $\frac{7}{9} - \frac{5}{18}$ is equal to 1
a) $\frac{2}{18}$
b) $\frac{2}{9}$
c) $\frac{1}{2}$
d) $\frac{11}{18}$
16. The number of diagonals of a triangle is 1
a) 0
b) 1
c) 2
d) 3

17. The figure formed by two rays with same initial point is known as 1
 a) A line
 b) A line segment
 c) A ray
 d) An angle
18. The minimum number of points required to name a line is 1
 a) 1
 b) 2
 c) 3
 d) 4
19. **Assertion (A):** The factors of 8 are 1,2,4,8 1
Reason (R): Every factor of a number is an exact divisor of that number.
 a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
 c) A is true and R is false
 d) A is false but R is true
20. **Assertion (A):** $\frac{1}{2}$ fraction of Rs. 1 is 25 paise. 1
Reason(R): A fraction is a number representing part of a whole.
 a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
 c) A is true and R is false
 d) A is false but R is true

SECTION B

21. Find the successor and predecessor of -199 2
22. Find the common factors of 10, 30 and 45. 2
23. Write the fractions in which 2
 (i) Numerator = 5, Denominator = 13
 (ii) Denominator = 23, Numerator = 17
24. I am the smallest number having four different prime factors. Can you find me? 2

OR

Find the HCF of 36, 150

25. Simplify: $2\frac{1}{4} - 1\frac{7}{10}$ 2

OR

Arrange the given fractions in descending order:

$$\frac{7}{12}, \frac{11}{36}, \frac{37}{24}$$

SECTION C

26. Find the largest 3-digit number which is exactly divisible by 47. 3
27. Divide 6528 by 29 and check the result by division algorithm. 3
28. Find the product of the successor and predecessor of the smallest number of 3-digits. 3

OR

A vendor supplies 72 litre of milk to a student's hostel in the morning and 28 litre of milk in the evening every day. If the milk cost Rs. 49 per litre, how much money is due to the vendor per day?

29. Simplify: $1\frac{13}{14} - 2\frac{5}{6} + 1\frac{6}{7}$ 3

OR

$$\text{Simplify: } 2\frac{3}{5} + 1\frac{7}{10} - 3\frac{2}{15}$$

30. If the product of two numbers is 4032 and their HCF is 12, find their LCM. 3
31. Draw rough diagrams of two angles such that they have - 3
(i) One point in common
(ii) Two points in common
(iii) One ray in common

SECTION D

32. Three boys step off together from the same spot. Their steps measures 63 cm, 70 cm and 77 cm respectively. What is the minimum distance each should cover so that all can cover the same distance in complete steps? 5

OR

Three tankers contain 403 litres, 434 litres and 465 litres of diesel respectively. Find the maximum capacity of a container that can measure the diesel of three containers exact number of times.

33. A merchant had Rs 78,592 with him. He placed an order for purchasing 54 bicycles at Rs. 970 each. How much money will remain with him after purchase? 5
34. On a given day, a labourer earned Rs. $358\frac{1}{2}$. Out of this money, he spent Rs. $102\frac{3}{4}$ on food and Rs. $46\frac{1}{5}$ on other needs. How much money was left with him? 5

OR

Find the value of x if $4\frac{x}{12} + 1\frac{1}{3} = 5\frac{3}{4}$

35. Find the value of 5
- (i) $39 - 35 + 7 - (-4) + 21$
- (ii) $-15 - (-2) - 71 - 8 + 6$

SECTION E

36. Abhiheet's school is 3km 520 m away from his home. One day while returning from his school, just after covering 1 km 370 m distance, he saw a woman who was bleeding. He took her to the nearest hospital which was 2km 755 m away from that place and got her admitted. He comes back to his home which was 4 km 565 m from hospital.
- (i) How much distance left to reach home when Abhijeet saw that woman? 1
- (ii) How much distance he travel to reach hospital from school? 2

OR

Which one is nearest from Abhijeet's house, his school or that hospital? And by how much?

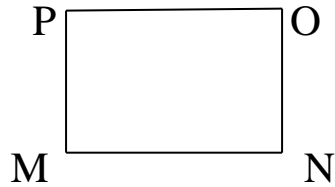
- (iii) Find the total distance travelled by Abhijeet on that day. 1
37. Five people live in a colony at Burnpur and work in the same office at Asansol. They decided to opt for a car pool which will save fuel and also reduce pollution. So, each of them has to take his/her car once in 5 days. The quantity of petrol used per day is 9 litres and cost of petrol is Rs. 106 per litre.
- (i) Find the money spent on petrol in one day. 1
- (ii) If all the five people had taken their cars separately, then what will be the total amount spent by all in one day? 2

OR

Find the total money spent on petrol in 5 days if they avail pool car.

- (iii) Find how much money is saved by each of them in one week (5 days week). 1

38. In class, teacher taught that, 'A quadrilateral is a four sided polygon. It has 4 sides, 4 vertices and 4 angles.'
Based on that information one student has drawn the diagram.



- (i) Name two pairs of opposite sides. 1
(ii) Draw its diagonals and name them. 2

OR

Name two pairs of opposite angles and two pairs of adjacent angles.

- (iii) Name two pairs of adjacent sides. 1
-

NAME _____ SEC _____ ROLL NO. _____
CODE : A

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION(2023 – 2024)

SCIENCE

Class VI

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Mark :80

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General Instructions:

- (i) This question paper consists of 39 questions in 5 sections.
 - (ii) All questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice is provided in some questions. A student is expected to attempt only one of these questions.
 - (iii) Section A consists of 20 objective type questions carrying 1 mark each.
 - (iv) Section B consists of 6 very short questions carrying 02 marks each. Answer to these questions should be in the range of 30 to 50 words.
 - (v) Section C consists of 7 short answer type questions carrying 03 marks each. Answer to these should be in the range of 50 to 80 words.
 - (vi) Section D consists of 3 long answer type questions carrying 05 marks each. Answer to these should be in the range of 80 to 150 words.
 - (vii) Section E consists of 3 source-based/ case-based units of assessments of marks each with sub parts.
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SECTION – A

- 1. The substance which dissolves in water are called _____. 1
(a) soluble (b) insoluble
(c) miscible (d) immiscible
- 2. Which method is used to separate pebbles and stones from sand 1
_____.
(a) handpicking (b) winnowing
(c) sieving (d) threshing
- 3. The process of conversion of water vapour into liquid is called 1
_____.
(a) condensation (b) decantation
(c) sedimentation (d) evaporation

4. The process of separation of tea leaves by strainer is called _____ 1
(a) filtration (b) sedimentation
(c) evaporation (d) condensation
5. The liquid that floats on water is _____. 1
(a) milk (b) coconut oil
(c) alcohol (d) all of these
6. Which method is used to separate a solid dissolved in water? 1
(a) filtration (b) decantation
(c) distillation (d) evaporation
7. An oily thin paper will be _____ 1
(a) transparent (b) translucent
(c) opaque (d) cannot be predicted
8. Which of the following is not a nutrient? 1
(a) carbohydrates (b) fats
(c) water (d) vitamins
9. Which is an example of a shrub? 1
(a) spinach (b) mango
(c) tomato plant (d) lemon
10. Which is not a part of a leaf? 1
(a) petiole (b) lamina
(c) veins (d) nodes
11. Which of the following has fibrous root? 1
(a) peas (b) wheat
(c) radish (d) neem
12. Starch can be tested by using _____. 1
(a) iodine solution (b) caustic soda
(c) copper sulphate (d) oily paper
13. What is the SI unit of length? 1
(a) meter (b) centimeter
(c) kilometer (d) gram

14. Light travels in a _____ 1
(a) straight line (b) curved line
(c) zig zag line (d) randomly
15. The process of loss of water by a plant through leaves is called _____ 1
(a) evaporation (b) condensation
(c) photosynthesis (d) transpiration
16. The food components needed by our body are called _____. 1
(a) ingredients (b) nutrients
(c) fragments (d) ornaments
17. Assertion - Evaporation can be used to separate a solid dissolved in a liquid. 1
Reason – Evaporation is the process in which liquid gets converted into its vapour.
(a) Assertion and reason both are correct statement and reason is the correct explanation for assertion
(b) Assertion and reason both are correct statement but reason is not the correct explanation for assertion
(c) Assertion is correct statement but reason is wrong statement
(d) Assertion is wrong statement but reason is correct statement
18. Assertion – Plants are usually grouped into herbs, shrubs and trees 1
Reason – The plants are classified on the basis of their height, nature of stem and branches
(a) Assertion and reason both are correct statement and reason is the correct explanation for assertion
(b) Assertion and reason both are correct statement but reason is not the correct explanation for assertion
(c) Assertion is correct statement but reason is wrong statement
(d) Assertion is wrong statement but reason is correct statement

19. Assertion – There are three types of objects which frequently allowed the passing of light 1
Reason – Transparent objects do not allow light to pass through them
(a) Assertion and reason both are correct statement and reason is the correct explanation for assertion
(b) Assertion and reason both are correct statement but reason is not the correct explanation for assertion
(c) Assertion is correct statement but reason is wrong statement
(d) Assertion is wrong statement but reason is correct statement
20. Assertion – Obesity occurs when one takes more food than requirement 1
Reason – The extra food gets stored as fat and the person becomes fat
(a) Assertion and reason both are correct statement and reason is the correct explanation for assertion
(b) Assertion and reason both are correct statement but reason is not the correct explanation for assertion
(c) Assertion is correct statement but reason is wrong statement
(d) Assertion is wrong statement but reason is correct statement

SECTION – B

21. What is threshing? How is it done? 2
22. What are nutrients? What are the main carbohydrates found in our food? 2
23. What are herbs? Give two examples 2
OR
Define petiole and lamina
24. What is an unit? Name the SI unit of length. 2
25. What are luminous and non-luminous object? 2
OR
What is umbra and penumbra?
26. Draw a labelled diagram of the external structure of a leaf. 2

SECTION – C

27. Why is water an universal solvent? Name the method by which we get salt from ocean water. 3
28. Why is a tumbler not made with a piece of cloth? 3
29. What is a balanced diet? Name the nutrients essential for our body 3
30. What are the main functions of the root? 3
31. What are transparent, translucent and opaque objects? 3
32. What is the system used for measurement nowadays? Define cubit and foot. 3
33. What is the difference between image and shadow? 3

SECTION - D

- 34 a. How is common salt obtained from sea water? 5
b. What is condensation?

OR

- a. How would you obtain clean water from a sample of muddy water?
b. What is sedimentation?

35. Draw and label the parts of (i) stamen (ii) pistil. What is the coloured part of the flower called? 5

OR

What is photosynthesis? What is the green coloured pigment called? Name the two types of venation.

36. What is reflection? 5
Write a short note on pinhole camera .

OR

Why is the image formed in a pinhole camera inverted?
What do you need in order to see a shadow?

SECTION - E

37. When the steam comes in contact with the metal plate cooled with ice, it condenses and forms liquid water. The water drops that you observed falling from the plate, were due to condensation of steam. 4

- (i) What is winnowing?
- (ii) What is the process used to remove tea leaves from prepared tea?
- (iii) What do you mean by saturated solution?

OR

What is sedimentation?

38. Paheli wonders what kind of stem – the money plant, beanstalk, gourd plants and grapevine have 4

- (i) What is midrib?
- (ii) What is the design made by the veins called?
- (iii) What is transpiration?

OR

What are creepers or climbers?

39. Shadows give us some information about shapes of objects. Sometimes, shadows can also mislead us about the shape of the object. 4

- (i) Give two examples of opaque objects.
- (ii) Define screen.
- (iii) What is a shadow?

OR

Define pinhole camera.

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION [2023-2024]
SOCIAL SCIENCE
CLASS VI

Time:3 Hours

Maximum Marks:80

General Instructions:

- i. This question paper consists of two sections - A and B.
ii. Section-A is from History and Civics. Section-B is from Geography.
iii. There are 32 questions in all. All questions are **COMPULSORY**.
iv. The map from History is provided with this question paper. Complete it and attach the same with your answer sheet.

SECTION-A

1. **Choose the correct option:** 1

Which of the following types of source material is both archaeological and literary?

- A. monuments C. sculptures
B. inscriptions D. none of these

2. **Correct and rewrite the statement:** 1

In a matrilineal family property passes from father to son.

3. **Match the following and choose the correct option:** 1

Column A	Column B
a. Government	i. makes laws
b. Monarchy	ii. manages the affairs of the country
c. Legislature	iii. a type of government
d. Executive	iv. implements laws

OPTIONS:

- A. a-i, b-ii, c-iii, d-iv C. a-ii, b-iii, c-i, d-iv
B. a-i, b-iv, c-ii, d-iii D. a-ii, b-i, c-iv, d-iii

4. **Complete the table with suitable information:** 1

Four Vedas of the Vedic Age	RigVeda	SamaVeda	?	?
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5. **Look at the picture given below. Identify the building with the place where it is found.** 1



- A. Public well, Lothal
B. Great Granary, Mohenjodaro
C. Great Bath, Mohenjodaro
D. Dockyard, Lothal

6. “India is a Secular country.” What value does it project? 2

7. Briefly describe the composition and function of the Sabha and the Samiti in the Rigvedic period. 2

8. Of what importance are artefacts in the understanding of man’s past? 2

9. What kind of war was called ‘*gavisthi*’? Name the two main occupations of Rigvedic Aryans. 3

10. List any three rights that our constitution has given us to preserve the diversity of social groups in our country. 3

11. “The government takes various decisions and performs various functions.” Explain how. 3

12. Briefly describe a typical house of the Indus Valley Civilization. 3

13. Give examples to show that different people do the same thing differently. 4

14. What are the similarities between monarchy and dictatorship? 4
15. **Read the passage given below and answer the following questions:** 4
 By the end of the Later Vedic period, the caste system had become hereditary and rigid. This meant that a son had to carry on his father's profession, and change of profession was condemned. New sub-castes emerged, as new occupations came into existence. Some professions such as disposing of dead bodies were looked down upon. Those who did such work were considered untouchables. An upper caste person who touched an untouchable needed ritual purification.
- Name the various castes of the Early Vedic society. (1)
 - Who were the untouchables? (1)
 - What was the position of women during the Later Vedic Age? (2)
16. **On the given political map of India identify the following places:** 5
 Rupar, Dholavira, Kalibangan, Rangpur, Mohenjodaro

SECTION-B

17. **Choose the correct option:** 1
 The path of a planet around the sun is called its
 A. Rotation C. Orbit
 B. Revolution D. Spin
18. **Choose the correct option and fill in the blank:** 1
 Countries with large east west extent adopt more than one _____.
 A. Standard time C. Local Time
 B. Parallels D. Mean Time
19. **Choose the correct option:** 1
 Places on the Tropic of Cancer have the longest day on
 A. 21st March C. 22nd December
 B. 21st June D. 23rd September
20. **In the question given below, there are two statements marked as Assertion (A) and reason (R). Read the statements and choose the correct option** 1
 Assertion (A): North and South Frigid zones are the coldest regions of the earth.
 Reason (R): Beyond the Arctic Circle in the north and in the Antarctic circle in the south, the sun never rises much above the horizon.
OPTIONS:
 a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.

- b. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c. A is correct but R is wrong.
- d. A is wrong but R is correct

21. **Choose the incorrect statement:** 1
- A. Planets shine by their own light.
 - B. The pole star is also called the North Star.
 - C. There are rings around Uranus, Jupiter and Neptune.
 - D. Most meteors burn up completely while falling.
22. What is a galaxy? 2
23. How are meridians numbered? 2
24. Define the axis of the earth. 2
25. Why is life found only on the earth? 3
26. Why do we always see the same side of the moon? 3
27. Explain the temperate zone. 3
28. How does a leap year occur? 3
29. Define latitude and longitude of a place. Explain with an example how do they help to locate a place? 4
30. What do you understand by solstice? What effects does the summer solstice have on the northern hemisphere? 4
31. **Read the passage and answer the following questions:** 4
- It was easy enough to choose the equator as the reference line for the parallels because it is the longest parallel and divides the globe into two equal halves. But all the meridians run from the North pole to South pole are equal. So it was decided by all countries to choose a particular meridian as the reference line. This meridian passing through the British Royal Observatory at Greenwich, near London, is called the Prime Meridian.
- i. Name the latitude which divides the globe into two. (1)
 - ii. Does the length of meridians vary? (1)
 - iii. What do you mean by Greenwich meridian? (2)
32. Draw a diagram to show how the rotation of the earth causes day and night. 5
- =====

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL

SOCIAL SCIENCE

CLASS VI

Session: 2023-24

NAME:

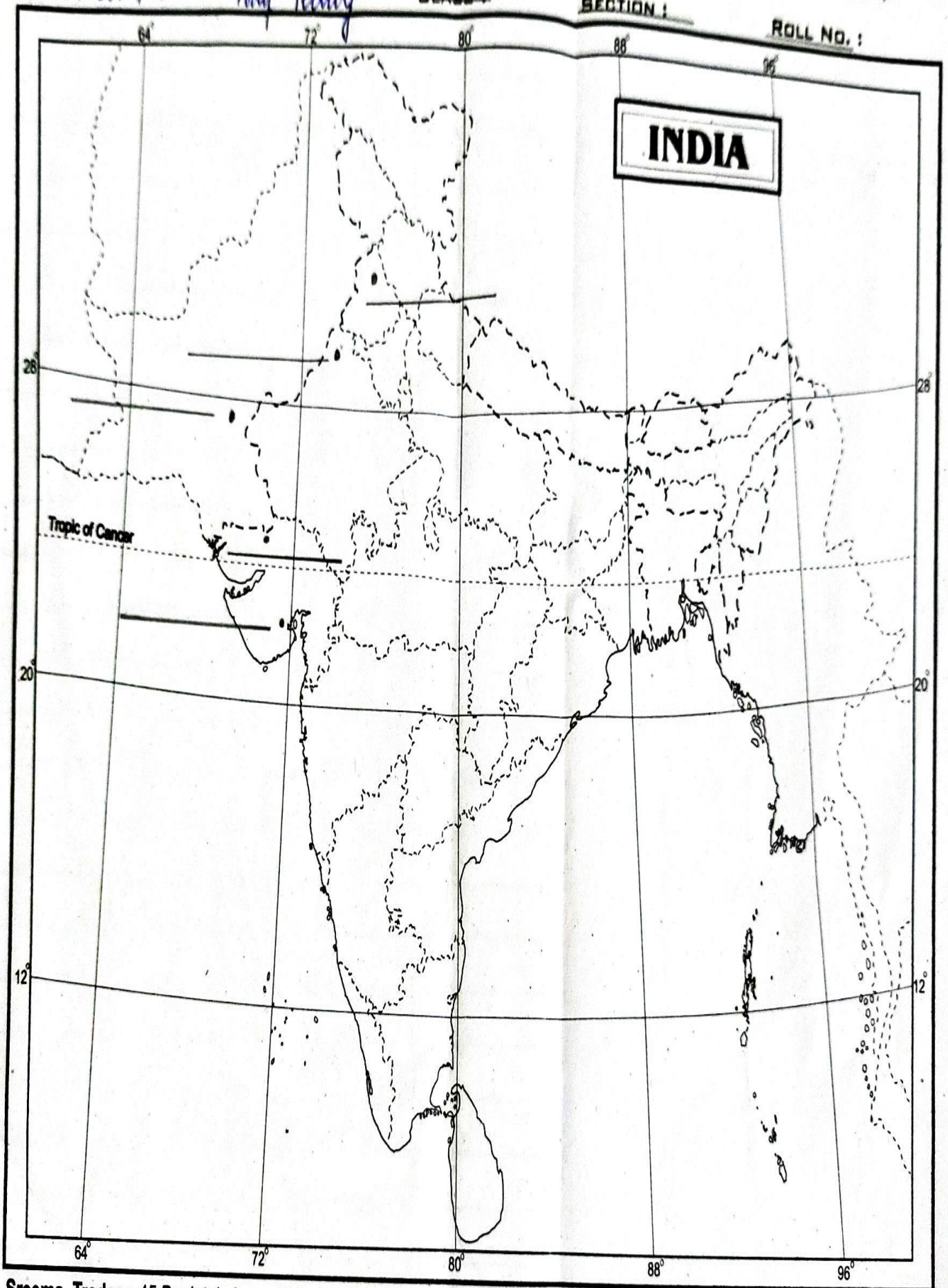
For S. 16

Half Yearly

CLASS:

SECTION:

ROLL NO.:



HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION:(2023-2024)

HINDI

CLASS-VI

TIME-3Hrs

MM-80

सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर देना अनिवार्य होगा ।

1. 'बंसत' कविता दस पंक्तियाँ लिखिए । 5
2. i) भाषा की किसे कहते हैं ? 2x2=4
ii) लिपि का प्रयोग किस लिए किया जाता है ?
3. निम्नलिखित शब्दों के लिंग बदलकर लिखिए- 4
सम्राट ,सत्यवती,नागिन ,चूहा ।
4. निम्नलिखित तत्सम शब्दों के तद्भव रूप लिखिए- 4
पीत ,हरित ,गृह , वार्ता ।
5. निम्नलिखित शब्दों के वचन बदलकर लिखिए- 4
गाय , थाली ,बातें , नारियाँ ।
6. निम्नलिखित शब्दों के दो-दो पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखिए- 4
अतिथि,तालाब ,गणेश , बिजली ।
7. 'सर्वनाम ' की परिभाषा , उसके भेद उदाहरण सहित लिखिए । 5
8. निम्नलिखित शब्दों के अर्थ लिखिए- 5
निष्काम ,कोहराम ,कुंज ,पवन ,रस्म ।
9. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर एक-एक वाक्य में लिखिए । 1X10=10
क) कवि परशुराम शुक्ल जीवन में क्या भरना चाहते हैं ?
ख) नदियों का बालिका रूप किसे आकर्षक नहीं लगता होगा ?
ग) घर में कोहराम क्यों मचा हुआ था ?
घ) किस वृक्ष के नीचे बुढ़िया की दुकान थी ?
ङ) लेखक नागार्जुन ने नदियों को किसकी बेटियाँ कहा है ?
च) किसके विश्राम का समय हो गया था ?
छ) नेहरू जी ने स्वयं को किसका ऋणी माना है ?
ज) संसार का सबसे पहला टेलिस्कोप किसने बनाया ?
झ) रवींद्रनाथ का जन्म कहाँ हुआ ?

ज) रवींद्रनाथ ने बच्चों के बारे में क्या लिखा है ?

10. किसने , किससे कहा ?

2

‘ भगवान क्या होने वाला है !’

11. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए ।

2X7=14

क) रवींद्रनाथ का व्यक्तित्व कैसा था ?

ख) दिन और रात कैसे बनते हैं ?

ग) गंगा नेहरू जी को क्या-क्या याद दिलाती है ?

घ) बुढ़िया ने केला खाने से पहले क्या किया तथा क्यों ?

ङ) राधे को महंत मंदिर में क्यों नहीं जाने देना चाहता था ?

च) श्यामू काकी के अंतिम संस्कार में क्यों नहीं गया ?

छ) सिंधु और ब्रह्मपुत्र का नाम सुनते ही किन नदियों के नाम याद आते हैं ?

12. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए ।

4X2=8

क) लक्ष्मण ने शूपर्णखा के नाक-कान काट दिए । क्या ऐसा करना उचित था ? अपने उत्तर का कारण बताओ ?

ख) सीता बिना बात के राक्षसों के वध के पक्ष में नहीं थी जबकि राम राक्षसों के विनाश को ठीक समझते थे । आप किससे सहमत हो –राम या सीता से ? अपने उत्तर का कारण बताओ ?

13. अपने स्कूल के प्रधानाचार्य को शुल्क-मुक्ति के लिए प्रार्थना – पत्र लिखिए ।

5

अथवा

अपने जन्मदिन पर मित्र द्वारा भेजे गए उपहार के लिए उसे धन्यवाद पत्र लिखिए ।

14. नीचे दिए गए विषयों में से किसी एक विषय पर 80 से 100 शब्दों का अनुच्छेद लिखिए -

क) बुरा जो देखन मैं चला ,

6

ख) शब्द ,

ग) मेट्रो ।

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION : (2023-2024)

BENGALI (L2)

CLASS :VI

Time: 3 Hours.

Maximum Marks : 80

General Instruction:

1. The question paper contains **8** printed pages.
2. The question paper contains **16** questions.
3. The question paper is divided into **two** parts.

PART-A: Objective type paper (MCQ):**25** Marks.

PART-B: Descriptive paper: **55** Marks.

4. **PART-A** has **three** sections:(MCQ)

Section-A: Reading(Unseen Comprehension): 12 Marks

Section-B: Grammar: 3 Marks

Section-c: Main Course Book & Supplementary Reader/

Non-detailed text: 10 Marks

PART-B has **three** sections: (Subjective)

Section-B: Grammar: 15 Marks

Section-c: Main Course Book & Supplementary Reader/

Non-detailed text: 30 Marks

Section-D: Creative Writing: 10 Marks

PART- A: (MCQ TYPE)

Section–A (Reading: Unseen Comprehension)

1. অনুচ্ছেদগুলি পড়ে প্রদত্ত প্রশ্নগুলির সঠিক উত্তর নির্বাচন করে লেখো।

(1X4)X3=12

- A. প্রথম মহাকাশযাত্রার গৌরব লাভ করেছে একটি কুকুর, তার নাম লাইকা। সে

অক্ষত শরীরে মহাকাশ ঘুরে ফিরে এলে, পাঠানো হয় দুটি বানরকে। তারাও যখন দিব্যি সুস্থ বহাল তব্রিতে মহাকাশ বেড়িয়ে এল তখন একদিন এক অসমসাহসী মানুষকে পাঠানো হল। প্রথম মহাকাশচারী হিসাবে ইতিহাসে অমর এই লোকটির নাম যুরি গ্যাগারিন। ইনি জাতিতে রুশ। গ্যাগারিনের পরে আরও অনেক সাহসী রুশ ও আমেরিকান মহাকাশ অভিযাত্রী মহাকাশ ঘুরে এসেছেন। এমনকি তেরোস্কোভা নামে এক রুশ মহিলাও নাম করা যেতে পারে তাঁদের মধ্যে।

ক) মহাকাশে সর্বপ্রথম কোন প্রাণীকে পাঠানো হয়েছিল?

i)বানর ii)গাধা iii)কুকুর iv)বিড়াল

খ) দ্বিতীয় দফায় মহাকাশে কয়টি প্রাণীকে পাঠানো হয়েছিল?

i)দুইটি ii)তিনটি iii)চারটি iv)একটিও না

গ) যে মানুষ সর্বপ্রথম মহাকাশে গিয়েছিল তিনি জাতিতে কী ছিলেন?

i)ভারতীয় ii)চীনা iii)রুশ iv)আমেরিকান

ঘ) ‘অভিযাত্রী’ – শব্দের অর্থ কী?

i)অভিজ্ঞতা ii) যে দুঃসাহসিক কাজে বের হয়েছে iii) যাত্রী iv) ভ্রমণ

B. রাজা সেনাপতিকে ডেকে বললেন, ‘এই গ্রামকে এমন শিক্ষা দিবে, কাঞ্চির রাজাকে কোনদিন যেন ভুলতে না পারে’। এই বলে শিবিরে চলে গেলেন।

সন্ধ্যাবেলায় সেনাপতি রাজার সম্মুখে এসে দাঁড়াল। প্রণাম করে বললে, ‘মহারাজ, শৃগাল, কুকুর ছাড়া এ গাঁয়ে কারো মুখে শব্দ শুনতে পাবেন না’।

মন্ত্রী বললেন, ‘মহারাজের মান রক্ষা হল’। পুরোহিত বললেন, ‘বিশ্বেশ্বরী মহারাজের সহায়’। বিদূষক বললে, ‘মহারাজ, এবার আমাকে বিদায় দিন’।

রাজা বললেন- কেন?

বিদূষক বললে, ‘আমি মারতেও পারিনি, কাটতেও পারিনি, বিধাতার প্রসাদে আমি কেবল হাসাতে পারি। মহারাজের সভায় থাকলে আমি হাসতে ভুলে যাব’।

ক) ‘এই গ্রামকে এমন শিক্ষা দিবে’ – কে কাকে একথা বললেন?

i)রাজা সেনাপতিকে ii)সেনাপতি রাজাকে iii)রাজা বিদূষককে iv)বিদূষক রাজাকে

- খ) সন্ধ্যাবেলায় সেনাপতি কার সম্মুখে দাঁড়াল?
i)বিদূষক ii)পুরোহিত iii)রাজা iv)জনতার
- গ) কে শুধুমাত্র হাসাতে পারে?
i)পুরোহিত ii)রাজা iii)সেনাপতি iv)বিদূষক
- ঘ) ‘সন্মুখ’ – শব্দের বিপরীত শব্দ কী হবে?
i)শিক্ষা ii)পশ্চাৎ iii)মান iv)হাসি

C. হেড মাস্টারমশাই অত্যন্ত খাপ্লা হয়ে থানাতে খবর দিতে সবেগে বেরিয়ে গেলেন। যাবার সময় আমাকে ডেকে বলে গেলেন, ঘরের কোণে যত-সব পুরোনো কাগজের জঞ্জাল জড়ো হয়ে আছে, সব সাফ করে কাগজওয়ালাদের বিক্রি করে দাও গো। নইলে হুঁদুরের দৌরাখ্যে রাত্রে তো চোখ বুজবার জো নেই। কাগজের গাদা নাড়তে গিয়ে দেখি, কী সর্বনাশ! তার তলায় এত হাড়গোড় আর মড়ার মাথার খুলি! এসব কে জড়ো করল এখানে? আমি ভয়ে – বিস্ময়ে ভ্যাবাচ্যাকা- এমন সময় জগা দৌড়াতে দৌড়াতে ঘরে ঢুকল এসে। - খবরদার কাগজের গাদায় হাত দিবিনে বলছি! ও বাবা, এর মধ্যে আবিষ্কার করা হয়ে গেছে? থাক, কাউকে বলিসনি, বললে তোকে আস্ত রাখব না। - এসব কী ব্যাপার, জগাদা? কাগজের গাদা আবার আগের মতো ঠিকঠাক করে রেখে আমার হাত ধরে জগা বলল, আয় তোকে সব বলছি।

- ক) থানাতে খবর দিতে কে সবেগে বেরিয়ে গেলেন?
i)মাস্টারমশাই ii)হেড মাস্টারমশাই iii)কথক iv)জগাদা
- খ) কাগজের গাদা নাড়তে গিয়ে কী পাওয়া গিয়েছিল?
i)কাগজের জঞ্জাল ii)হাড়গোড় iii)মাথার খুলি iv)সবগুলি
- গ) কে দৌড়াতে দৌড়াতে ঘরে এসেছিল?
i)মাস্টারমশাই ii)হেড মাস্টারমশাই iii)কথক iv)জগাদা
- ঘ) ‘বিস্ময়’ শব্দের অর্থ কী?
i)ডাকা ii)অবাক হওয়া iii)হাতড়ানো iv)আবিষ্কার করা

Section- B: Grammar (MCQ)

2. ব্যাকরণ থেকে প্রদত্ত যেকোন তিনটি প্রশ্নের সঠিক উত্তর বেছে লেখো।

1X3=3

- ক) ‘ত’ কোন ধরনের বর্ণ?

- i)কণ্ঠ্য বর্ণ ii)তালব্য বর্ণ iii)মূর্ধন্য বর্ণ iv)দন্ত্য বর্ণ
- খ) অন্তঃস্থ বর্ণ কোনটি?
i)য ii)শ iii)ম iv)ট
- গ) রমা কাল দিল্লী গিয়েছে।- রেখাঙ্কিত পদটি কোন ধরনের পদ?
i)বিশেষ্য পদ ii)বিশেষণ পদ iii)সর্বনাম পদ iv)ক্রিয়া পদ
- ঘ) সূর্য পূর্ব দিকে ওঠে। - এই বাক্যটিতে কতগুলি পদ আছে?
i)দুটি ii)তিনটি iii)চারটি iv)পাঁচটি
- ঙ) বাংলা শব্দভাণ্ডারে বহু ইংরেজি শব্দ চলে এসেছে তার কারণ কী?
i)বাংলা বহুদিন ইংরেজ শাসনাধীনে ছিল।
ii)ইংরেজ ও বাঙালিদের মধ্যে সম্পর্ক ছিল মধুর।
iii)বাঙালিরা প্রথম থেকেই ইংরেজি ভাষা পছন্দ করত।
iv)বাংলা ভাষার সৃষ্টি হয়েছে ইংরেজি ভাষা থেকে।

Section-C: Main Course Book & Supplementary Reader

(MCQ)

3. পাঠ্য গদ্য থেকে যেকোন ছয়টি প্রশ্নের সঠিক উত্তর নির্বাচন করে লেখো। 1X6=6
- ক) ‘বিবেকানন্দের ছেলেবেলা’ কার লেখা?
i)স্বামী বিবেকানন্দ ii)শশীভূষণ দাশগুপ্ত iii)মানিক বন্দ্যোপাধ্যায় iv)চারুচন্দ্র ভট্টাচার্য
- খ) চুম্বকের ওপর তড়িতের ক্রিয়া কে প্রথম দেখান?
i)ওয়ালস্টন ii)মাইকেল ফ্যারাডে iii)উস্টেড iv)হামফ্রে ডেভি
- গ) মাইকেল ফ্যারাডে যখন দপ্তরির দোকানে নিযুক্ত হয় তখন তাঁর বয়স কত ছিল?
i)বারো বছর ii)তেরো বছর iii)চৌদ্দ বছর iv)পনেরো বছর
- ঘ) পদ্মার বিখ্যাত মাছ কোনটি?
i)ইলিশ মাছ ii)ভেটকি মাছ iii)বোয়াল মাছ iv)পমফ্রেড মাছ
- ঙ) গোপী কোথায় আঘাত পেয়েছিল?
i)ডান হাতে ii)বাম হাতে iii)ডান পায়ে iv)বাম পায়ে
- চ) আমিনুদ্দিন কয় ছেলেমেয়ে?

i)দুইটি ii)তিনটি iii)চারটি iv)পাঁচটি

ছ) “আশ্বিনের মাঝামাঝি পূজা” – এখানে কোন পূজার ইঙ্গিত দেওয়া হয়েছে?

i)গণেশ পূজা ii)কার্তিক পূজা iii)কালি পূজা iv)দুর্গা পূজা

জ) পাড়ার ছেলেদের সর্দার কে?

i)রামরতন বসু ii)নরেন iii)রমেন iv)কুবের

4. সহায়ক পাঠ থেকে প্রদত্ত যেকোন চারটি প্রশ্নের সঠিক উত্তর নির্বাচন করে লেখো। 1X4=4

ক) বাড়িসুদ্ধ লোক কোন পাখির উপর চটে উঠেছিল?

i)টিয়া ii)ময়না iii)বুলবুল iv)কাকাতুয়া

খ) পূর্বজন্মের দেনা ছিল কার কাছে?

i)টিয়া ii)ময়না iii)কাকাতুয়া iv)বুলবুল

গ) পাখি বাটি ভর্তি ছোলার ছাতু খেয়ে নিত কত মিনিটে?

i)দুই মিনিটে ii)তিন মিনিটে iii)চার মিনিটে iv)পাঁচ মিনিটে

ঘ) ডাক্তারবাবুর নাম কী?

i)কে. পি. রায় ii)পি. কে. রায় iii)কে. সি. রায় iv)সি. আর. রায়

ঙ) ‘পাস করতে ধপাস্’ গল্প কথকের ছোটোভাই কোথায় থাকেন?

i)কলকাতা ii)ধানবাদ iii)আসানসোল iv)ঘাটশিলা

চ) কাশীতে কী বিখ্যাত?

i)পেয়ারা ii)প্যাঁড়া iii)জাম iv)লসিয়

PART – B (DESCRIPTIVE TYPE)

Section – B: Grammar (Subjective)

5. নীচের যেকোন পাঁচটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও। 1X5=5

ক) যৌগিক স্বরধ্বনি কাকে বলে?

খ) র কখন রেফ হয়?

গ) আশ্রয়স্থানভাগী বর্ণ কাকে বলে?

ঘ) বাক্যের কয়টি অংশ ও কী কী?

- ঙ) অর্থহীন ধ্বনিকে কী শব্দ বলা যাবে?
- চ) অর্থপূর্ণ কতকগুলি শব্দ পর পর বসিয়ে গেলেই কী বাক্য গঠিত হবে?
- ছ) স্পর্শ বর্ণ কাকে বলে?
6. নীচের যেকোন পাঁচটি শব্দের বিপরীত শব্দ লেখো। 1X5=5
- ক) ঋজু খ) জাগরণ গ) আর্দ্র ঘ) কৃত্রিম ঙ) সত্য চ) উপকার ছ) আয়
7. রেখাঙ্কিত পদটি কোন ধরনের পদ তা লেখো। (যেকোন পাঁচটি) 1X5=5
- ক) ধান বাংলার প্রধান কৃষিজ ফসল।
- খ) নীল আকাশে সাদা বক উড়ছে।
- গ) আমরা সবাই রাজা।
- ঘ) পাখিটা ডেকেই চলেছে।
- ঙ) গাড়িটি ধীরে চলছে।
- চ) দার্জিলিং খুব সুন্দর একটি শহর।
- ছ) দুর্গাপুর ইস্পাত তৈরি হয়।

Section- C: Main Course Book & Supplementary Reader

8. মুসলমান মাঝিদের মধ্যে সব থেকে বেশী ক্ষতিগ্রস্ত হয়েছিল কে? তার কী ক্ষতি হয়েছিল? 2X1=2
9. নীচের যেকোন একটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও। 3X1=3
- ক) “গাধাগুলো বেঈমানের নাম শুনে একদম ভড়কে গেছে”। - একথা কে বলেছেন? কোন গল্পের অংশ? কাদের উদ্দেশ্যে বলেছেন?
- খ) “এক জুড়ি এসে থামল”। - জুড়িতে করে কে, কার কাছে এবং কেন এসেছিল?
10. নীচের যেকোন একটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও। 5X1=5
- ক) “হয়তো এমন দিন আসবে যখন এ নিয়ে আপনি অনেক কর আদায় করতে পারবেন”। - বক্তা কে? কাকে উদ্দেশ্য করে তিনি একথা বলেছিলেন? কেন বলেছিলেন?
- খ) “পদ্মাতীরে দাঁড়াইয়া থাকিস কোনো লাভ নেই, চাহিয়া চাহিয়া চোখ ফাটিয়া গেলেও কাল যাহারা নদীতে পাড়ি দিয়াছিল তাহাদের দেখিতে পাওয়া যাইবে না”। - কোন গল্পের অংশ? কাদের সম্পর্কে একথা বলা হয়েছে? তারা কোন দিকে চেয়ে আছে? তাদের এভাবে চেয়ে থাকার কারণ কী?

11. নীচের যেকোন একটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও। 5X1=5
- ক) “দরিদ্রের ভরণ করিও চিরদিন।
আদর করিও তারে জ্ঞানে যে প্রবীণ”॥
-কার লেখা কোন কবিতার অংশ? কে কাকে এই উপদেশ দিয়েছিল? ‘জ্ঞানে
যে প্রবীণ’ বলতে কী বোঝানো হয়েছে?
- খ) “ভার কমাইয়া, তরি রক্ষা করিবারে,
ভৃত্যে ফেলি দিল প্রভু তরঙ্গ মাঝারে”। - কার লেখা কোন কবিতার অংশ?
কখন প্রভু ভৃত্যের সঙ্গে এমন আচরণ করে? এর মধ্য দিয়ে প্রভুর কোন
মানসিকতা প্রকাশিত হয়?
12. নীচের যেকোন একটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও। 5X1=5
- ক) “পৃষ্ঠে বহি ভৃত্য তারে তীরে নিয়ে আসে”। - কার লেখা কোন কবিতার অংশ?
ভৃত্য কাকে তীরে নিয়ে এল? এভাবে তাকে নিয়ে আসার কারণ কী?
- খ) “ফিরে যদি জন্মাতে হয় এই করুণা চাই
এই গ্রামেতেই দিয়ো দয়াল ফিরে আমার ঠাঁই”। - কোন কবিতার অংশ? কবি
কে? তিনি এরূপ কথা বলেছেন কেন?
13. কোন ব্যাপারে ময়না পাখিটার উদ্যোগ আছে বলে মনে হয় না? টিয়াটার দিকে 5X1=5
তাকিয়ে ময়না কী বলেছিল? এই ধরনের কথা বলার কারণ কী?
14. নীচের যেকোন একটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও। 5X1=5
- ক) ‘প্রতিদ্বন্দ্বী’ কার লেখা? ময়না পাখির কোন ভাষাটা কিছুতেই রপ্ত হচ্ছিল না?
বাবলু কী আপত্তি করেছিল? ময়না পাখিটার ভাষা রপ্ত না হওয়ার ফলে বাড়ির
লোক তার সঙ্গে কী করবে বলে ভেবেছিল?
- খ) শান্তিবাবু সকালে কোথায় যাচ্ছিলেন? বগলে তার কীসের খাতা ছিল? ছেলেটির
খাতায় শান্তিবাবু কিছুই কাটেননি কেন?

Section –D : Creative Writing

15. নীচের যেকোন একটি পত্র লেখো। (অনধিক ১২০টি শব্দে) 5X1=5
- ক) তোমার বন্ধুকে তোমার জন্মদিনের আমন্ত্রণ জানিয়ে একটি পত্র লেখো।
- খ) পূজার ছুটি তুমি কেমন ভাবে কাটাবে সেই বিষয় নিয়ে হোস্টেলে বসবাসকারী
তোমার দাদাকে একটি পত্র লেখো।

16. নীচের যেকোন একটি অনুচ্ছেদ লেখো।(অনধিক ১২০টি শব্দে)

5X1=5

- ক) বিদ্যালয়ের প্রথম দিন
- খ) জলের অপরিহার্যতা

Name: _____ Sec: _____ Roll No.: _____

CODE: A

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION: [2023-2024]
THIRD LANGUAGE (SANSKRIT)
CLASS: VI

Time: 2 Hrs.

Maximum Marks: 80

सर्वेषां प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि संस्कृते लिखत ।

प्रश्नपत्रे चत्वारः खण्डाः सन्ति ।

खण्ड (क) अपठित-अवबोधनम् - 10 अंकाः

खण्ड (ख) रचनात्मकम् - कार्यम् 15 अंकाः

खण्ड (ग) अनुप्रयुक्त - व्याकरणम् - 30 अंकाः

खण्ड (घ) पठित - अवबोधनम् - 25 अंकाः

खण्ड 'क' अपठित - अवबोधनम् (10)अंकाः

1. अधोलिखितम् गद्यांशम् पठित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत । (Read the passage and write the answers.)

वनस्य राजा सिंहः अस्ति । सिंहः वीरतायाः प्रतीकः अस्ति । अस्य अपरः नाम वनराजः अस्ति । एषः वनस्य शक्तिशाली पशुः अस्ति । एषः वनेषु स्वच्छन्देन विचरति । सिंहः मांसाहारं करोति । एषः तीव्रधावकः अपि अस्ति ।

(I) एकपदेन उत्तरत - 1X2=2

(क) सिंहः कस्य प्रतीकः अस्ति ?

(ख) वनस्य राजा कः अस्ति?

(II) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत - 2X2=4

(क) सिंहस्य अपरः नाम किम् अस्ति?

(ख) सिंहः वनेषु कथं विचरति?

(III) भाषिक कार्यम् - 1X2=2

(क) गद्यांशे 'अस्य' सर्वनामपदं कस्मै प्रयुक्तम् ?

(ख) 'एषः तीव्रधावकः' अस्मिन् पदे विशेष्यपदं किम्?

(IV) अस्य गद्यांशस्य उचित शीर्षकं लिखत।

2

खण्ड (ख) रचनात्मकम् - कार्यम् 15 अंकाः

2. मित्रं प्रति लिखिते पत्रे स्वविद्यालयस्य वर्णनम् । (Letter to friend telling him about your school.)

$\frac{1}{2} \times 10 = 5$

परीक्षाभवनात्

दिनांकः -----

(i) ----- आकाश !

नमोनमः ।

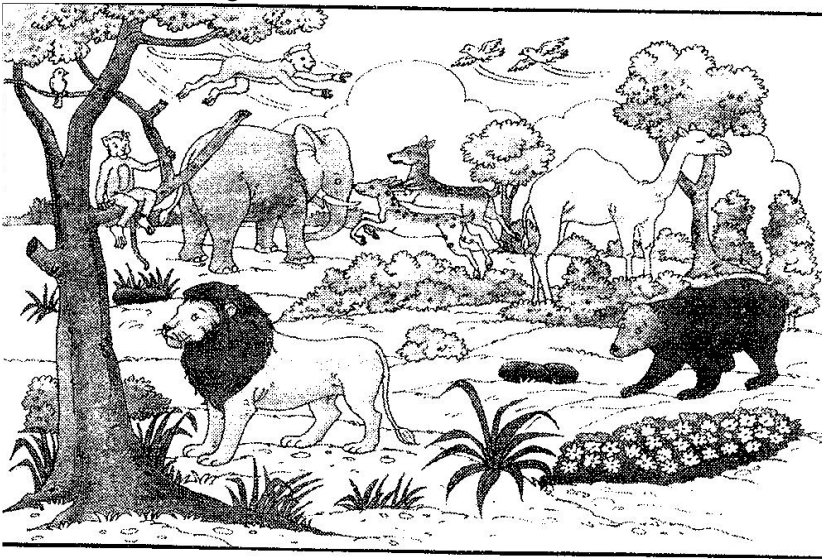
अत्र (ii) ----- तत्रास्तु । अहम् अधुना स्वविद्यालयस्य (iii) -----
कर्तुम् इच्छामि । नेतरहाट विद्यालयः (iv) ----- प्रदेशस्य (v) -----
विद्यालयः अस्ति । पठारक्षेत्रे विस्तीर्णं एतस्मिन् विद्यालये (vi) -----
शिक्षकाः (vii) ----- च सन्ति । अस्य (viii) ----- अत्युत्तमः भवति ।
सर्वेभ्यः (ix) ----- ।

भवदीयं (x) -----

रमेशः

मंजूषा - (मित्रम्, परीक्षापरिणामः, कुशलम्, वर्णनम्, अस्माकम्, छात्राः,
बहुमान्यः, नमः, प्रिय मित्र, योग्याः।)

3. चित्रम् दृष्ट्वा संस्कृते पञ्च वाक्यानि लिखत - $2 \times 5 = 10$



मञ्जूषा

वने, धावति, वानराः, वृक्षाः, कूर्दन्ति, सिंहः, पुष्पाणि,
गजः, भल्लूकाः, मृगौ, उष्ट्रः, वृक्षेषु, इतस्ततः

खण्डः 'ग' अनुप्रयुक्त-व्याकरणम्- 30 अंकाः

4. वर्णान् योजयित्वा लिखत । (Join the letters and write the words .) 1X4=4

(क) न् + अ + ग् + अ + र् + अ +म् = -----

(ख) ब् + आ + ल् + इ + क् + आ = -----

(ग) प् + इ + त् + आ + म् + अ + ह् +अः = -----

(घ) क् + ऋ + ष् + ण् + अः = -----

5. पदानां वर्णविच्छेदं कुरुत । (Disjoin the letters.)

1X3=3

(क) भिक्षुकः = ---- + ---- + ---- + ---- + ---- + ---- + ----

(ख) हिमालयः = --- + --- + --- + --- + --- + --- + --- + ---

(ग) मण्डूकः = --- + --- + --- + --- + --- + --- + ---

6. उचितपदेन रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत । (Fill in the blanks with appropriate words.) 1X4=4

(क) ----- फलानि पतन्ति।

(वृक्षात्/ वृक्षेण)

(ख) छात्राः ----- क्रीडन्ति ।

(कन्दुकेन/ कन्दुकात्)

(ग) गणेशः ----- गच्छति ।

(भोजनात्/ भोजनाय)

(घ) एषः ----- कूपः अस्ति ।

(ग्रामाय/ ग्रामस्य)

7. उचित सर्वनाम -पदेन रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत। (Fill in the blanks with appropriate pronoun.) 1X4=4

(क) ----- शोभना वाटिका अस्ति ।

(ख) ----- पुस्तकानि सन्ति ।

(ग) ----- बालिकाः अपि अत्र खेलिष्यन्ति ।

(घ) ----- छात्राः गच्छन्ति ।

(एतानि, सा, ते, एताः)

8. बहुवचने लिखत। (Write in plural number.)

1x4=4

यथा - अहं पिकः अस्मि।

वयं पिकाः स्मः ।

(क) आवां कपोतौ स्वः।

(ख) अहं नृत्यामि।

(ग) त्वं खगः असि।

(घ) युवां खगौ स्थः ।

9. द्वितीयाविभक्तिं प्रयुज्य रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत। (fill in the blanks with 'द्वितीया' vibhakti .) 1X4=4

(क) अहं ----- नमामि। (माता)

(ख) अहं सर्वदा ----- वादामि। (प्रिय)

(ग) राकेशः सादरं ----- नमति। (गुरु)

(घ) श्वेता प्रतिदिनं ---- भजति । (ईश्वर)

10. कर्तृपदं लिखत । (Write the form of subject.) 1x4=4

(क) ----- कूर्दतः । (वानर)

(ख) ----- पतन्ति । (फल)

(ग) ----- उदेति । (सूर्य)

(घ) ----- गायतः । (पिक)

11. समुचित-पदेन रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत। (Fill in the blanks with appropriate words.) 1X3=3

यथा - त्वं मांसभक्षकः असि। (अस्ति/असि)

(क) युवां गजक्रीडां -----। (पश्य/पश्यथः)

(ख) यूयं मिलित्वा -----। (वसथः/वसथ)

(ग) युवां पिकौ -----। (असि/स्थः)

खण्ड (घ) पठित - अवबोधनम् - 25 अंकाः

12. एकपदेन उत्तरत । (Answer in one word.) 1X3=3

(क) युवाम् कथं गायथः ? (ख) गजाः किम् कुर्वन्ति ?

(ग) के नृत्यन्ति ?

13. पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत । (Answer in complete sentence.) 1X4=4

(क) ताः काः बैडमिंटन-खेलं खेलिष्यन्ति? (ख) एषः कः विशालः अस्ति?

(ग) सः अध्यापकः किं करोति? (घ) तानि कानि सन्ति?

14. उचित मेलनं कुरुत । (Match the following.)

1X4=4

- | | |
|------------|---------------|
| (क) शुनकौ | (i) भ्रमन्ति |
| (ख) जनाः | (ii) हसन्ति |
| (ग) समीरः | (iii) बुक्कतः |
| (घ) तारकाः | (iv) प्रवहति |

15. द्वितीयायुक्तं पदं चित्वा लिखत। (choose 'द्वितीयायुक्त पद' and write.)

1X4=4

- | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| (क) गुरुं नमामि सादरम्। | (ख) सृजामि कीर्तिमालिकाम्। |
| (ग) प्रियं वदामि सर्वदा। | (घ) नमामि देशरक्षकान्। |

16. सर्वेषाम् कारकानाम् नामानि चिह्नानि च लिखत । (Write the names and symbols of all the cases.)

4

17. 'चल्' वा 'लिख्' धातुरूपस्य लट् लकारस्य रूपम् लिखत ।

2

18. 'लता' वा 'अस्मद्' शब्द रूपम् लिखत ।

4

Name _____ Sec _____ Roll No. _____

CODE: A

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION [2023-2024]
COMPUTER SCIENCE
CLASS-VI

Time: 1 Hrs.

Maximum Marks: 50

=====

General Instructions:

- All questions are compulsory.

=====

Multiple Choice Questions

- | | | |
|----|---|---|
| 1. | Microcomputers are also known as _____. | 1 |
| | a) Personal Computer b) Desktop | |
| | c) Laptop d) Super Computer. | |
| 2. | _____ helps in recording the blood glucose level at home. | 1 |
| | a) Glucometer b) CPU c) Mouse d) Kindle | |
| 3. | _____ is used for reading books, magazines and newspaper. | 1 |
| | a) Glucometer b) CPU c) Mouse d) Kindle | |
| 4. | _____ is a pocket sized device that helps in getting the details of the location where you are. | 1 |
| | a) GPS Receiver b) CPU c) Mouse d) Kindle | |
| 5. | _____ converts a program written in assembly language into a machine language, i.e., assembly code into machine code. | 1 |
| | a) Assembler b) Compiler c) Interpreter d) CPU | |
| 6. | _____ translates the whole program in a single operation. | 1 |
| | a) Assembler b) Compiler c) Interpreter d) CPU | |
| 7. | _____ translates a program in a step-by-step process. | 1 |
| | a) Assembler b) Compiler c) Interpreter d) CPU | |
| 8. | Which one of the following is a high level language? | 1 |
| | a) C++ b) Mnemonics c) IBM d) CPU | |

9. FORTRAN was developed in _____ 1
a)1950 b)1956 c)1947 d)1989
10. A high level language is translated into a machine 1
level language by a _____.
a)Translator b)Compiler c)Interpreter d)CPU
11. The _____ features is used to enter a predefined 1
series of data.
a)Auto Fill b)Auto Full c)Flash Fill d)Fill
12. The _____ feature in Ms-Excel provides the 1
facility to enter data in particular pattern
automatically.
a)Auto Fill b)Auto Full c)Flash Fill d)Fill
13. Which one of the following is the shortcut key to copy 1
a cell counter?
a)Ctrl+C b)Ctrl+V c)Ctrl+X d)Ctrl+O
14. Press _____ to select the entire worksheet. 1
a)Ctrl+C b)Ctrl+V c)Ctrl+A d)Ctrl+O
15. To enter a number as a text, you have to start the entry 1
with an _____ mark.
a)question b)apostrophe c)exclamation d)none
16. The _____ option is used to insert a cell, row and 1
column in a worksheet.
a)Insert b)File c)Edit d)Copy
17. The _____ option is used to delete cell(s), 1
row(s) and column(s) in a worksheet.
a)Delete b)File c)Edit d)Copy
18. Press Ctrl+X to _____ the content. 1
a)Copy b)Cut c)Paste d)Save
19. Press Ctrl+V to _____ the content. 1
a)Copy b)Cut c)Paste d)Save
20. In Ms-Excel, to format numbers, select the cell and 1
use the option in the Number group under the _____
Tab.
a)Home b)File c)Save d)Edit
21. _____ are user defined instructions and perform 1
calculations.
a)Formulas b)Function c)File d)Copy

22. _____ are the pre-defined commands that act on a cell or a range of cells and performs some particular operations quickly. 1
a)Formulas b)Function c)File d)Copy
23. In Ms-Excel _____ function calculate the total of a given set of values. 1
a)SUM() b)AVERAGE() c)MAX() d)MIN()
24. In Ms-Excel _____ function calculate the average of a given set of values. 1
a)SUM() b)AVERAGE() c)MAX() d)MIN()
25. In Ms-Excel _____ function displays the maximum value from a given set of values. 1
a)SUM() b)AVERAGE() c)MAX() d)MIN()
26. In Ms-Excel _____ function displays the minimum value from a given set of values. 1
a)SUM() b)AVERAGE() c)MAX() d)MIN()
27. In Ms-Excel _____ function returns the least common multiple of the numbers in a given range of cells. 1
a)LCM() b)INT() c)LEN() d)MIN()
28. In Ms-Excel _____ function returns the remainder when a number is divided by another number. 1
a)LCM() b)INT() c)LEN() d)MOD()
29. In Ms-Excel _____ function returns the result raised to the power of a number. 1
a)LCM() b)INT() c)LEN() d)POWER()
30. In Ms-Excel _____ function returns the square root of a number. 1
a)LCM() b)INT() c)LEN() d)SQRT()
31. A _____ is used to create or compose HTML documents. 1
a)Text Editor b)Browser c)Program d)List
32. _____ is a worldwide network of computers with millions of computers attached to it. 1
a)Internet b)Html c)CSS d)Java
33. _____ are files in servers, that can be accessed by users from anywhere in the world. 1
a)Website b)Html c)CSS d)Java

34. _____ is a markup language that is used to create web pages. 1
a)Python b)Html c)CSS d)Java
35. _____ is used to improve the presentation style of a web page. 1
a)Python b)Html c)CSS d)Java
36. An HTML document is saved with the extension _____. 1
a).html b).txt c).java d).cpp
37. In CSS a _____ is the HTML element that we want to style. 1
a)Selector b)Value c)Rule d)Style
38.
 and <HR> are _____ tags. 1
a)Empty b)Container c)Head d)Title
39. The _____ tag holds the entire content of the web page. 1
a)BODY b)HEAD c)BREAK d)TITLE
40. The first page of any website is called _____. 1
a)Home Page b)First Page c)Title Page d)None
41. _____ are beliefs and rules. 1
a)Ethics b)Rights c)Piracy d)None
42. _____ is the illegal reproduction and distribution of software application. 1
a)Software Piracy b)Rights c)Piracy d)None
43. _____ are used to transmit data and information. 1
a)Computer networks b)Rights
c)Piracy d)None
44. © symbol refers to _____. 1
a)copyright b)password c)User-Id d)None
45. Unauthorised copies download over the internet falls under _____. 1
a)Internet Piracy b)Computer networks
c)Rights d)Piracy
46. _____ refer to the security of a system during the developing stages. 1
a)Development controls b)Computer networks
c)Rights d)Piracy

47. _____ are procedures that ensure the security and quality of applications in an organisation. 1
a)Application Controls b)Computer networks
c)Rights d)Piracy
48. _____ is a key or secret word which is used to protect the information from unauthorised access. 1
a)Password b)ID c)Title d)File
49. _____ include computer viruses, password cracking, various sniffer programs and malicious code. 1
a)Hardware breaches b)Software breaches
c)Virus d)Networks
50. _____ can be both intentional and accidental. 1
a)Hardware breaches b)Software breaches
c)Virus d)Networks
-

NAME_____SEC_____ROLLNO_____

CODE-A

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION: [2023-2024]
MORAL VALUE
CLASS: VI

Time: 40 Mins.

Maximum Marks: 30

General Instructions:

1.All questions are compulsory.

2.There are 30 questions in total.

- | | | |
|-----|---|----|
| 1. | Whose blessing did Queen Suniti asked through what to seek?
A) Lord Vishnu B) Suniti C) Uttanpaad D) Uttam | 1. |
| 2. | What was the name of the son of Queen Suniti?
A) Dhruva B) Uttam C) Vishnu D) Uttanpaad | 1. |
| 3. | Who takes care of the people who are forsaken by others?
A) Human being B) A king C) Dhruva D) God | 1. |
| 4. | Who went to America to spread the message of oneness?
A) Peter Claver B) Cain C) Abel D) Swami Vivekananda | 1. |
| 5. | Which place was the centre of slave trade?
A) Cartagena B) Chicago C) London D) Africa | 1. |
| 6. | Where did the world religious conference take place?
A) Chicago B) London C) Africa D) India | 1. |
| 7. | Who was Don Bosco?
A) A holy man B) Poor child C) A beggar D) The old man | 1. |
| 8. | What is the word meaning of 'refuge'?
A) Place of darkness B) A place that is safe
C) Heaven D) Prayer room | 1. |
| 9. | How did Naren feel when Naren saw the plane flying off?
A) Happy B) Miserable C) Overwhelmed D) Excited | 1. |
| 10. | Name the hermit from the story 'My neighbour and I' –
A) Joseph B) Richard C) Telemachus D) Naren | 1. |

11. To which city did Telemachus go? 1.
A) Rome B) London C) America D) Iraq
12. How many people had gathered to see the gladiators fight? 1.
A) Eighty thousand B) one thousand
C) Seventy thousand D) Ninety thousand
13. Who helped his old father in his work as a carpenter? 1.
A) Shravan B) Dasharath
C) Jesus D) Mohammed
14. What was king Dasharath very skilled in? 1.
Archery B) Marksmanship C) Carpentry D) Writing
15. Before dying, Shravan asked king Dasharath to 1.
A) bring water for him B) carry water for his parents
C) bring food for him D) bring some clothes for his parents
16. What were schools called in ancient times in India? 1.
A) Vidyalaya B) Gurukul C) Shikshalaya D) University
17. What did teachers usually impart in ancient India? 1.
A) Language B) Mathematics
C) Astronomy D) Knowledge about God and various aspects of life
18. Who inspired Swami Vivekananda? 1.
A) Guru Ramdas B) Sri Ramakrishna Paramhansa
C) Aristotle D) Plato
19. Who took his swore and cut his mantle into two? 1.
A) Joseph Damien B) Martin C) Amulya D) Richard
20. "Martin, you gave this piece of the mantle to me"- who said this to Martin? 1.
A) Jesus B) The beggar C) Amulya D) Joseph
21. Name the disease that Joseph Damien contracted in the island. 1.
A) Diphtheria B) Leprosy C) Measles D) Diarrhea

22. Who disguised himself as a cart driver in 'Faith in the Dignity of Labour'? 1.
A) The retiring Prime minister B) A candidate
C) The counselor D) Chief Minister
23. What qualities did the old prime minister want in his successor? 1.
A) Courage B) Self-awareness
C) Humanity and compassion D) Creative
24. How many people were shortlisted in the first round for the post of prime minister? 1.
A) Forty B) Twenty C) Thirty-five D) Sixty
25. The word meaning of 'Punctuality' is – 1.
A) The practice of being in time B) To be honest always
C) Humanity D) Faithfulness
26. How can we lead a successful life? 1.
A) By achieving high degrees in education
B) By minimising the pressure of education
C) By following a set of rules for everything in life
D) By gathering in a meeting
27. What does discipline demand? 1.
A) Exploitation B) Self- control and punctuality
C) Dignity D) Respect
28. What has made man arrogant and envious? 1.
A) Possibilism B) Capitalism C) Humanism D) Consumerism
29. Who saw an anthill? 1.
A) The ant B) The elephant C) The leader D) The monkey
30. Where did Mahatma Gandhi live? 1.
A) Ahmedabad B) Jaipur C) Delhi D) Patna
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