

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION [2023-2024]
ENGLISH
CLASS-VII

Time: 3 Hrs.

Maximum Marks:80

General Instructions:

- The Question Paper contains Four (4) sections :-
Section – A – Reading
Section – B – Writing
Section – C – Grammar
Section – D - Literature
- Attempt questions based on specific instructions for each part .

SECTION – A- READING

Q1.

Read the passage given below :-

There once lived a poor priest called Vishnu in a village in Kerala. He took care of the local temple and lived with his wife in a small hut on top of a hill . Every day he invited a devotee home for a meal. He thought feeding guests was the best way to reach heaven quickly .

But his wife was unhappy . She had to borrow rice , curd , coconut oil , vegetables and salt from the neighbours for these daily feasts. . But she only got leftovers and the little prasadam that the priest brought home. Soon , the neighbours stopped helping her . They thought she was lying about being poor because she cooked feast for her guests every day .

Based on your understanding of the passage , answer the following questions given below :-

i)	Where did the priest live ?	1
a)	Bihar	
b)	Kerala	
c)	Goa	
d)	Tamil Nadu	

ii) Where did he live with his wife ? 1

a) on top of a hill
 b) near a river
 c) in the city
 d) on an island

iii) What work did the priest do ? 1

a) farming
 b) selling flowers
 c) took care of the local temple
 d) cattle rearing

iv) Whom did the priest invite every day ? 1
 v) Why did he invite them ? 1
 vi) Why was his wife unhappy ? 1
 vii) What did the priest bring home for his wife to eat ? 1
 viii) Why did the neighbours stopped helping her ? 1
 ix) Find a word from the extract that means 'uneaten food'. 1
 x) Write the opposite of the word 'borrow'. 1

Q2.

Read the passage given below :-

The giraffe is the tallest of all living land animals. A male can go up to 18 feet and a female up to 15 feet. Such height enables them to escape the competition for ground level grass that exists among other leaf-eaters. It also gives him a long range of vision. He takes the warning of the approaching enemy early.

Giraffes eat a variety of leaves, but acacia leaves are their favourite diet. In spring, when many trees are not in leaf, they spend 80 percent of the day eating.

A giraffe's long neck is made up of seven vertebrae. The bones are attached to one another with the ball and socket joint. This makes the neck flexible.

Rising from a lying position is a problem for such a large animal. So it usually keeps standing even while it sleeps. To reach water with such a long neck and legs, a giraffe spreads its front legs wide apart. Then it lowers its neck to drink. This awkward position makes it easy for the lion to attack it.

On the basis of your understanding of the passage , answer the following questions:-

i) What is the height of the male giraffe ? 1
a. 18 feet
b. 15 feet
c. 10 feet
d. 8 feet

ii) In which season do they spend 80 percent of the day eating ? 1
a. Winter
b. Spring
c. Summer
d. Monsoon

iii) How many vertebrae does a giraffe 's neck have ? 1
a. ten
b. five
c. seven
d. two

iv) How does the height of the giraffe helps it ? 1
v) Why does the giraffe usually keeps standing ? 1
vi) What makes it easy for the lion to attack a giraffe ? 1
vii) ----- is the favourite diet of the giraffe . 1
viii) The ----- joint makes the giraffe's neck flexible. 1
ix) Find a word from the extract which means ' ability to see' . 1
x) Write the opposite of the word ' flexible' . 1

SECTION – B- WRITING SKILL

Q3. Write a descriptive paragraph within 80-100 words on the topic 1x4=4
' A Memorable Vacation '

Q4. Write an **application to the Principal of your school** within 120 – 150 words requesting leave for three days due to the wedding of your cousin that you have to attend . 1X7=7

SECTION- C- GRAMMAR

Q3.

In the following passage there is a word blank in each

1X3=3

line. Fill in the blanks with the help of the options that follow :-

- a) Television _____ (is / has / are / our) become very popular in our country .
- b) People spend a lot ----- (for / on / of / in) time watching a variety of programs.
- c) Some of the programs _____ (that / this / these / those) are telecast these days are of a very poor quality .

Q4

One word has been omitted in each line. Write the missing

1X3=3

word along with the word that comes before and after it:-

- a) Haridwar one such place where everyone
- b) likes to visit . It is situated the bank of river
- c) Ganga. On special occasions lakhs devout pilgrims gather here to offer prayers.

Q5.

Rearrange the following words to make meaningful sentences :-

1x3=3

- a) useful / camel / is / animal / desert / the / most / the / in / the
- b) without / live / it / water / food / many / days / can / and / for
- c) the / desert/ ship / the / of / camel / called / is / the

SECTION – D – LITERATURE

Q8

a) **Read the extract given below and answer the following questions :-**

1X5=5

There were black- eyed girls in scarlet shawls,
Old folks wrinkled with years,
Men with handkerchiefs round their throats,
And silver loops in their ears
Ragged and red like maple leaves
When frost comes in the fall,
In the morning gone were all -----

- i) Whom is the poet describing in the above lines ?
- ii) Who were wearing the scarlet shawls ?
- iii) What did the men have around their throat and ears ?
- iv) What does the last two lines in the extract describe about their lifestyle ?
- v) Which colour does the word ‘scarlet’ refers to ?

Q8

b) **Read the extract given below and answer the following questions :-**

1X5=5

“Everyone is very kind,” Miss Beam continued , “ and it is really something of a joke , although before the day is over , the reality of the disability becomes clear even to the least thoughtful. The blind day is , of course , really the worst . But some of the children tell me that the dumb day is the most frightening . There , of course , the children must use their will power simply because the mouth is not bandaged.... But go down into the garden and see for yourself how the children like it . ”

- i) Whom does Miss Beam refer to ‘everyone’ here ?
- ii) What does the children realise before the day is over ?
- iii) Which was the worst day according to Miss Beam ?
- iv) Which was the worst day according to some of the children ?
- v) Why do children need to have their will power on the dumb day ?

Q9

Answer any 5 (five) out of the 6 given questions within 40 -50 words :-

3X5=15

- i) Who is the 'self willed bumbler' under reference ?
- ii) What is the message that the poet wishes to convey to the readers in the poem 'Where Have The Girls Gone'?
- iii) What did Miss Beam teach in her school ?
- iv) How did Sindhu know the secret behind the three strands of hair on the young girl's head ?
- v) Where had the gypsies set up the camp ? What did the gypsies leave behind ?
- vi) How did the children entertain themselves before the advent of the television ?

Answer any 3 (three) out of the 4 given questions within 80 -100 words :-

5X3=15

- i) Why did the landlord decide to give his daughter away in marriage to Sindhu ? Was it the right thing to do ?
- ii) Why should children be kept away from the television ?
- iii) How is the situation of the boys different from that of the girls ?
- iv) Do you think the louse had done the right thing by being kind to the mosquito ?

NAME _____ SEC _____ ROLL NO. _____

CODE: A

**BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION : (2023-2024)
MATHEMATICS
CLASS: VII**

TIME: 3 HOURS

MAXIMUM MARKS: 80

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1) This question paper contains 38 questions. All questions are compulsory.
- 2) This question paper is divided into five Sections – A,B,C,D and E.
- 3) In Section A, Questions no. 1 to 20 are MCQs carrying 1 mark each.
- 4) In Section B, Questions no. 21 and 25 are Very Short Answer type (VSA) questions, carrying 2 marks each.
- 5) In Section C, Questions no. 26 to 31 are Short Answer type (SA) questions, carrying 3 marks each.
- 6) In Section D, Questions no. 32 to 35 are Long Answer type (LA) questions carrying 5 marks each.
- 7) In Section E, Questions no. 36 to 38 are Case Based Questions carrying 4 marks each with sub-parts of the values of 1,1 and 2 marks each respectively.
- 8) There is no overall choice. However, an internal choice in 2 questions of 5 marks, 2 questions of 3 marks and 2 questions of 2 marks has been provided. An internal choice has been provided in the 2 marks question of Section E.
- 9) Draw neat figures wherever required.

SECTION-A

1. The value of $(-1) \times (-1) \times (-1) \times (-1) \times \dots \dots \dots$ 1001 times is 1
(a) 1 (b) -1 (c) 1001 (d) -1001
2. The additive inverse of -7 is 1
(a) $\frac{-1}{7}$ (b) $\frac{1}{7}$ (c) 7 (d) 0
3. $7\frac{1}{25}$ is equal to 1
(a) 7.04 (b) 7.4 (c) 0.24 (d) 7.004

4. $0.12 \div 0.15$ is 1
(a) 0.8 (b) 0.008 (c) 0.08 (d) 8

5. 15% in ratio is 1
(a) 15:2 (b) 1:15 (c) 20:3 (d) 3:20

6. Find x, if x% of 75 = 12 1
(a) 8 (b) 12 (c) 10 (d) 16

7. In a bar graph, a bar of length 4cm is drawn. If 1cm = 1.5 litres, then 1
4cm will be (in litres)
(a) 3 (b) 6 (c) 5 (d) 9

8. In a bar graph, if a bar of 1cm length represents 15 students, then the 1
length of the bar for 90 students will be
(a) 4 cm (b) 6cm (c) 5cm (d) 9cm

9. The probability of getting 7 in a throw of a dice is 1
(a) 1 (b) 0 (c) 1/6 (d) 1/3

10. If $P(E) = 0.07$, then $P(\text{not } E)$ is 1
(a) 0.93 (b) 0.3 (c) 0.03 (d) 0.093

11. $x+y+z-5$ is an expression which is a 1
(a) trinomial (b) binomial (c) monomial (d) quadrinomial

12. $5x+7x-6x$ is 1
(a) $3x$ (b) $-6x$ (c) $6x$ (d) $-3x$

13. If $\frac{x}{2} - \frac{x}{3} = 5$, then x is 1
(a) 30 (b) 60 (c) 50 (d) 90

14. The value of the variable which makes the equation a true statement is 1
(a) root of the equation (b) transposition of the equation
(c) quantity of the equation (d) number of the equation

15. A solid bounded by six rectangular faces is called a 1
(a) cube (b) cuboid (c) kite (d) cone

DIRECTION: In the question number 19 and 20, a statement of assertion(A) is followed by a statement of Reason(R).

Choose the correct option from the codes (a), (b), (c) and (d) as given below:

- (a) Both Assertion and Reason are correct and Reason is correct explanation for Assertion.
- (b) Both Assertion and Reason are correct and Reason is not correct explanation for Assertion.
- (c) Assertion is true but Reason is false.
- (d) Both Assertion and Reason are false.

19. A (Assertion): The complementary angle of 36^0 is 44^0 .
R (Reason): Two angles are said to be complementary if their sum is 180^0 . 1

20. A (Assertion): If $\angle A = 50^0$ then $\angle B = 130^0$, where $\angle A$ and $\angle B$ are linear pair of angles.
R (Reason): Sum of all angles around a point is 360^0 . 1

SECTION-B

21. How much less than -2 is -8? 2

OR

The sum of two integers is -6. If one of them is 2, find the other.

22. Subtract 0.4678 from 5.05 2

23. If a dice is thrown in the air, find the probability of getting an even number. 2

OR

A dice is tossed 70 times and the number 3 is obtained 14 times. Now a dice is tossed at random. Find the probability of getting the number 3.

24. Add $(2x + 5x^2 + 7)$ and $(-3x^2 + 6x - 9)$ 2

25. Write the number of vertices and edges of a cone. 2

SECTION-C

26. Add the product of (-16) and (-9) to the quotient of (-132) by 6 . 3

27. Divide: 148 by 0.074 . 3

OR

A tin of oil weighs 16.8kg . What is the weight of 45 such tins?

28. Various modes of transport used by 1850 students of a school are given below: 3

School Bus	Private Bus	Bicycle	Rickshaw	By foot
640	360	490	210	150

Draw a bar graph to represent the above data.

29. Simplify: $(5x-3)(4x+6) + (3x+2)(-5x + 4)$ 3

OR

Simplify: $2x^2 + 3x(1 - 2x^3) + x(x+ 1)$

30. Arrange the following rational numbers in ascending order: 3

$\frac{-13}{6}, \frac{8}{-3}, -3, \frac{-1}{-3}$.

31. Prove that if two lines intersect then vertically opposite angles are equal. 3

SECTION-D

32. A man sold an article for Rs. 495 and gained 10% on it. Find the cost price of the article. 5

OR

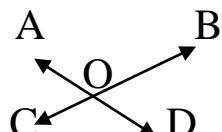
Rinu's father is thrice as old as Rinu. After 12 years he will be just twice his daughter. Find their present ages.

33. A car runs 16 km using 1 litre of petrol. How much distance will it cover in $2\frac{3}{4}$ litres of petrol? 5

34. Simplify: $(\frac{13}{8} X \frac{12}{13}) + (\frac{-4}{9} X \frac{3}{-2})$ 5

35. In the given figure, $\angle AOB = 30^\circ$, $\angle BOD = z^\circ$
 $\angle DOC = y^\circ$ and $\angle COA = x^\circ$. 5

Find the values of x, y, z .



OR

Find the angle which is double of its supplement.

SECTION-E

36. Tuesday morning I went to my colony park I saw there are many people all are busy in their routine, I found there are 150 people. I saw 18 people were jogging, 24 people were doing yoga, 36 people were doing laughing therapy and rest of people preferred to walk. 4

- (a) What percent of people were doing Yoga?
- (b) What percent of people were doing laughing therapy?
- (c) What percent of people preferred to walk?

OR

What percent of people were jogging?

37. An alloy is a combination of a metal with at least one other metal or nonmetal. Ravi had 50kg of an alloy of lead and tin, where lead is of 60%. 4

- (a) Find the quantity of lead in 50 kg of alloy.
- (b) If x kg of lead is melted into the alloy, write the weight of the new alloy.
- (c) Write the equation to find the quantity of lead melted into the alloy to make the alloy with 80% of lead?

OR

How much lead must be melted into the alloy to make the alloy with 75% of lead?

38. In a week, on Monday Preeti bought $8\frac{1}{2}$ kg of sugar for Rs. $242\frac{1}{4}$. On Thursday she bought 2kg of same quality of sugar which lasted for the week. 4

- (a) What is the total consumption of sugar by Preeti for the week?
- (b) What is the price of sugar per kg?
- (c) Find the price of 2kg of sugar.

OR

Find the price of 4kg of sugar.

**BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION [2023-2024]
SCIENCE
CLASS-VII**

Time: 3 Hrs.

Maximum Marks: 80

General Instructions:

Read the following instructions very carefully and strictly follow them:

- (i) *This question paper consists of 39 questions in 5 sections.*
- (ii) *All questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice is provided in some questions. A student is expected to attempt only one of these questions.*
- (iii) *Section A consists of 20 objective type questions carrying 1 mark each.*
- (iv) *Section B consists of 6 Very Short Answer type questions carrying 02 marks each. Answers to these questions should be in the range of 30 to 50 words.*
- (v) *Section C consists of 7 Short Answer type questions carrying 03 marks each. Answers to these questions should be in the range of 50 to 80 words.*
- (vi) *Section D consists of 3 Long Answer type questions carrying 05 marks each. Answer to these questions should be in the range of 80 to 120 words.*
- (vii) *Section E consists of 3 source-based/case-based units of assessment of 04 marks each with sub-parts.*

SECTION-A

Select and write the most appropriate option out of the four options given for each of the questions 1-20. There is no negative mark for incorrect response.

1	Which one of these is a chemical change?	1
	a)Melting of ice	
	b)Burning of magnesium ribbon	
	c)Melting of wax	
	d)Boiling of wax	
2	The chemical name of lime water is-	1
	a)Sodium hydroxide	
	b)Calcium oxide	
	c)Calcium hydroxide	
	d)Litmus	
3	When an ant bites, it injects-	1
	a)Sodium chloride	
	b)Calamine	
	c)Milk of magnesia	
	d)Formic acid	
4	Copper sulphate solution changes its colour from blue to --- due to reaction with iron.	1
	a)Green	
	b)Blue	
	c)Red	
	d)White	

5 Which one of these substances is acidic in nature? 1

- a) Soap
- b) Window cleaner
- c) Vinegar
- d) Common salt

6 Special type of substances which are used to test whether a substance is acidic or basic are known as- 1

- a) Salts
- b) Amla
- c) Water
- d) indicators

7 When carbon dioxide is passed through lime water, which substance is formed? 1

- a) Calcium carbonate
- b) Magnesium carbonate
- c) Sodium carbonate
- d) Hydrogen sulphide

8 Carbon dioxide +water-----A,B-----→ carbohydrate +oxygen 1

Complete the reaction by choosing A and B:-

- a) A=glucose, B=iodine
- b) A=sunlight, B=water
- c) A=sunlight, B=chlorophyll
- d) A=chlorophyll, B= starch

9 Which of the following organisms symbiotically combine to form lichens? 1

- a)Alga and bacteria
- b)Bacteria and fungus
- c)Cuscuta and host
- d)Alga and fungus

10 What is the other name of the human food pipe? 1

- a)Oesophagus
- b)Pancreas
- c)Salivary glands
- d)rectum

11 Which of these is the largest gland in the human body? 1

- a)Salivary glands
- b)Stomach
- c)Liver
- d)pancreas

12 A large muscular sheet which forms the floor of the chest cavity is called- 1

- a)Lungs
- b)Pharynx
- c)Ribs
- d)Diaphragm

13 Which one of these natural phenomena is caused due to convection? 1

- a)Day and night
- b)Eclipse
- c)Land and sea breeze
- d)Dusk and dawn

14 The distance moved by a vehicle is recorded by- 1

- a)Speedometer
- b)Odometer
- c)Both (a) and (b)
- d)sundial

15 Choose the correct breathing pathway for a cockroach- 1

- a)Lungs→nasal passage→trachea→gills
- b)Spiracles→trachea→body tissue→cell
- c)Gills→stomata→cells
- d)Moist skin →gill→lungs

16 During exhalation, the ribs- 1

- a)Move outwards
- b)Move downwards
- c)Move upwards
- d)Do not move at all

Question No. 17 to 20 consist of two statements - Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Answer these questions selecting the appropriate option given below:-

- a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A
- b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A
- c) A is true but R is false
- d) A is false but R is true

17 Assertion: Magnesium hydroxide turns red litmus blue. 1

Reason: Magnesium hydroxide is a base.

18 Assertion: Smoking damages lungs. 1

Reason: Lungs are the part of our digestive system.

19 Assertion: Woollen clothes keep us warm in winter. 1

Reason: Woollen clothes are available in a variety of colours.

20 Assertion: Pitcher plant is a saprotroph. 1

Reason: Saprotrophs derive nutrition from dead and decaying matter.

SECTION-B

Question No. 21 to 26 are very short answer questions

21 What will be the colour changes in lemon juice and soda water, when taken individually, using china rose indicator? 2

22 Draw a stoma and label on it:- 2

- a) Guard cells
- b) Stomatal opening

23 Write the products of anaerobic respiration of glucose in yeast organism. 2

OR

Why do we often sneeze when we inhale a lot of dust-laden air?

24 In places of hot climate, it is advised that the outer walls of houses, be painted white. Why? Explain. 2

25 A simple pendulum takes 32 s to complete 20 oscillations. 2
What is the time period of the pendulum?

OR,

The distance between two stations is 240 km. A train takes 4 hours to cover this distance. Calculate the speed of the train.

26 Write the functions of :- 2

- a) Salivary gland
- b) Liver
- c) Teeth
- d) Small intestine

SECTION- C

Question No. 27 to 33 are short answer questions

27 Write the observations for the following types of chemical reactions:- 3

- a) A thin strip or ribbon of magnesium is burnt.
- b) A teaspoonful of vinegar is taken in a test tube and a pinch of baking soda is added to it.
- c) A piece of iron is left in the open.

28 How is soil treated if it is :- 3

a) Too acidic

b) Too basic

29 Why is Cuscuta called a parasite? Why does it not perform photosynthesis like other plants? Explain how it derives its nutrition. 3

30 Enlist the major parts which together form the human alimentary canal or digestive tract. 3

31 Describe a clinical thermometer. 3

32 A car moves with a speed of 40 km/hour for 15 minutes and then with a speed of 60 km/hour for the next 15 minutes. What is the total distance covered by the car? 3

33 Why does a metallic pan used for cooking have a plastic or wooden handle? 3

SECTION-D

Question No. 34 to 36 are long answer questions.

34 a) Why are factory wastes not allowed to flow into the water bodies directly? How are they treated? 5

b) Why is an antacid tablet taken when one suffers from acidity?

OR,

a) State three differences between acids and bases.

b) Name the source from which litmus solution is obtained. What is the use of this solution?

35 a) How many sets of teeth does a human have in one life time? What are they? 5

b) What are the different types of teeth? How are they fixed in our jaw?

OR

What are villi? What is their location and function? How do they perform that function?

36 a) Write any three precautions to be observed while using a clinical thermometer. 5

b) What are the two scales usually seen on the clinical thermometer?

OR

Explain the phenomenon of land and sea breeze.

SECTION-E

Question No. 37 to 39 are case-based / data- based questions with 2 to 3 short sub-parts. Internal choice is provided in one of these sub-parts.

37 Anaerobic bacteria digest animal waste and produce biogas 4 (Change-A). The biogas is then burnt as fuel (Change-B).

a) Which of the above changes A and B is a physical or a chemical change?

b) Explain with reasons why do you think so?

OR,

b) Give two other examples of either physical or chemical change.

38 Anil takes a potted plant with broad leaves. He takes two strips of black paper and cuts out small squares in the centres. He then covers two leaves with these black strips of paper and secures them with paper clips. He placed the potted plant in sunlight for 2 to 5 days. He performs iodine test on these leaves. Answer the following questions based on the above data. 4

- a) Do you think the portion of the leaf covered with black paper could perform photosynthesis?
- b) Why did he cut out small squares in the centres?
- c) What do you think was the observation of the iodine test? Why?

OR,

- c) If he performs iodine test with any other uncovered leaf of the same potted plant, will he get the same or different result? Why?

39 Ashok was going on a picnic with his friends in his car. The 4 first 80km distance he covered in 2 hours. He then covered the rest of the distance with a speed of 60 km/ hour and reached his destination in another 30 minutes. Answer the following questions based on the above data.

- a) Calculate the initial speed of Ashok's car.
- b) What was the remaining part of his distance which he covered in 60km/hour speed?
- c) What was the total distance of the picnic spot?

OR,

- c) What was his average speed?

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION [2023-2024]
SOCIAL SCIENCE
CLASS-VII

Time: 3 Hrs.

Maximum Marks:80

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1) THIS QUESTION PAPER HAS 32 QUESTIONS IN ALL.
- 2) ALL QUESTIONS ARE COMPULSORY.
- 3) MARKS ARE INDICATED AGAINST EACH QUESTION.
- 4) Q NO.16 IS MAP BASED QUESTION.
- 5) MAP IS TO BE ATTACHED WITH THE ANSWER SCRIPTS.

SECTION – A

Q1. Pallichchanda referred to land granted to a ----- . 1

- a) Brahmans
- b) Hindu Schools
- c) Jain Institutions
- d) Hindu Temples

Q2. Correct the incorrect statement :- 1
‘In India election to the Central and State Legislature are held at least once every year .’

- a) In India, elections are held every five years.
- b) India does not have elections at all.
- c) India has elections every three years.
- d) India follows dictatorship form of government.

Q3.

Match the Columns :-

1

<u>Column- A</u>	<u>Column- B</u>
A) Bihar	i) makes laws
B) Vidhan Sabha	ii) bicameral legislature
C) Legislature	iii) Legislative Council
D) Vidhan Parishad	iv) MLA

a) A – iii B – i C – iv D - ii
b) A – ii B – iv C - i D - iii
c) A – I B - iii C –ii D - iv
d) A – iv B – ii C – iii D – i

Q4.

Complete the table :-

1

Names of Rulers	Dynasties
A) Raziyya	i) -----
B) Khizr Khan	ii) -----

a A – Lodhi B - Tughlaq
b A - Tughlaq B - Khalji
c A - Mongol B - Slave
d A - Slave B - Sayyid

Q5.

Identify the monument given below :-

1



- a) Red Fort
- b) Taj Mahal
- c) Akbar's Tomb
- d) Jama Masjid

Q6

Social inequalities are not unique to India . Give one example to justify this statement .

2

Q7.

Mention one advantage that Ala- ud – din Khalji got by conquering Gujarat ?

2

Q8.

What was Din Ilahi ?

2

Q9.

What steps did Ala ud- din Khalji take to strengthen his army ?

3

Q10.

What are the main functions of the Chief Minister ?

3

Q11.

What are the key elements of democracy ?

3

Q12.

Why did Muhammad –bin –Tughlaq's economic measures failed ?

3

Q13.

Who is the presiding officer of the Legislative Assembly? What are the functions of the presiding officer ?

4

Q14

Write briefly about the Governor's powers .

4

Q15

Read the passage and answer the questions that follow :-

Akbar treated all religious groups equally. He abolished the pilgrim tax and the jaziya , which were taxes payable by non-Muslims. Akbar greatly respected the Sufi saint Salim Chishti and the Sikh leader Guru Ramdas. He granted Guru Ramdas a plot of land in Amritsar , on which the Sikh shrine Harmander Sahib was later built. In the new city that Akbar built at Fatehpur Sikri near Agra , there was a hall called Ibadat Khana where scholars of all religion met for religious discussions .

Answer the following questions :-

- i) Akbar abolished which taxes ? 1
- ii) What was the Ibadat Khana ? 1
- iii) What did Akbar grant Guru Ramdas and what was built there later on ? 2

Q16. On the political map of India identify the dynasties and write the names of the places on the map itself. Attach the map with the answer sheet. 1x5=5

(i) Gujrati-Pratihara (ii) Pala (iii) Chola
(iv) Chera (v) Rashtrakuta

SECTION - B

Q17 Choose the correct option. 1

Limestone is to marble what ----- is to slate.

a) Sandstone
b) Shale
c) Gravel
d) Basalt

Q18 **Correct and rewrite the statement.** 1

The higher the altitude, the higher is its temperature.

Q19 Match the following and choose the correct option. 1

COLUMN -A	COLUMN-B
i) Moraine	A) A large, flat area on the river bank formed by the alluvium deposits brought by the rivers.
ii) Loess	B) Organic matter derived from partly decomposed animal and plant remains in the soil.
iii) Flood Plain	C) Pile of rocks deposited by glacier.
iv) Humus	D) Thick layer of soil deposits carried by the winds.

a) (i)-A, (ii)-C, (iii)-B, (iv)-D
b) (i)-D, (ii)-C, (iii)-B, (iv)-A
c) (i)-C, (ii)-D, (iii)-A, (iv)-B
d) (i)-B, (ii)-A, (iii)-D, (iv)-C

Q20. Complete the table and choose the correct option. 1

Type of wind	Example
a. Permanent wind	(i) _____ ?
b. Local winds	(ii) Land and Sea breeze

- a) Loo
- b) Monsoon
- c) Sea breeze
- d) Westerlies

Q21. Choose the correct option. 1

A wind vane shows

- a) Wind speed
- b) Wind direction
- c) Air pressure
- d) All of these

Q22. What are tectonic processes? 2

Q23. What is weathering? 2

Q24. How does temperature affect pressure? 2

Q25. Describe the formation of delta. 3

Q26. Explain the green house effect. 3

Q27. Describe the layer of atmosphere nearest to the earth's surface. 3

Q28. Give reasons why the action of wind is more prominent in dry regions? 3

Q29. Write briefly about the Super Cyclone. 4

Q30. Why is soil conservation necessary? 4
Mention a few ways to protect soil from erosion?

Q31.

Read the passage and answer the following questions.

4

The stratosphere lies above the Troposphere and extends to about 50 km above the earth's surface. A part of the stratosphere is known as the ozonosphere as it has the maximum concentration of ozone in the atmosphere. Ozone protects us by absorbing the harmful ultraviolet rays of the sun. The ozonosphere becomes quite warm by absorbing these rays.

- a) Mention the height to which stratosphere extends. 1
- b) Why is ozonosphere quite warm? 1
- c) Why is ozonosphere important? 2

Q32.

Draw the diagram of a volcano and label it.

5

SECTION – A – Q NO. 16

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR

HALF-YEARLY EXAMS-2023-24

SET-A

CLASS-VII

TIME-3 HRS.

SUBJECT-HINDI

F.M-80

सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए –

प्रश्न 1- " एक बूँद " कविता की प्रथम बारह पंक्तियों को शुद्ध-शुद्ध और
सुंदर ढंग से लिखिए । 5

प्रश्न 2-संक्षिप्त उत्तर लिखिए – $7 \times 2 = 14$

क – सुलतान में क्या विशेषताएँ थीं ?

ख –बाबा भारती ने खड़क सिंह से क्या प्रार्थना की ?

ग –महात्मा बोधिसत्त्व ने मीठे फलों के रहस्य के बारे में क्या बताया ?

घ –गणेश जी और स्कंद में बड़ा कौन रहा और कैसे ?

ड –बादलों की गोद से निकलकर बूँद क्या सोचने लगी ?

च –पेड़,पशु,मनुष्य पाठ से लेखक को किन सूत्रों का पता चला ?

छ –बूढ़े पीपल ने क्या गुहार की ?

प्रश्न 3- शब्दार्थ लिखिए – $1 \times 5 = 5$

नियति , बैरी , अपवाद , कुख्यात , अटारी

प्रश्न 4- एक वाक्य में उत्तर लिखिए – $1 \times 10 = 10$

क –दूसरी बार राजा को फल कैसे लगे ?

ख – ब्रह्मदत्त भेष बदलकर किस प्रदेश में पहुँचे ?

ग – धूल में कौन मिल जाएगी ?

घ – पंचायत कहाँ हुई ?

ङ – बाबा भारती ने घोड़े पर किसे सवार किया ?

च-वीरों की पूजा कविता के कवि कौन हैं ?

छ – ताल किसमें पानी भरकर लाया ?

ज – लखनऊ के युवक का ट्रेन से कौन –सा अंग कट गया ?

झ – शास्त्र और विज्ञान वृक्ष को क्या मानते हैं ?

ट – विपत्ति में हम किसे दोषी ठहराते हैं ?

प्रश्न 5- किसने-किससे कहा ? 2

मैं आपका दास हूँ, केवल यह घोड़ा न ढूँगा ।

प्रश्न 6- क – अज्ञातवास के समय पाँचों पांडव और द्रौपदी किस –किस नाम से रहने लगे और क्या कार्य करते थे ? 4X2=8

ख – यक्ष प्रश्न क्या है ? जिसके उत्तर युधिष्ठिर ने कैसे दिए ?

प्रश्न 7-विशेषण किसे कहते हैं ? विशेषण के कितने भेद हैं ? प्रत्येक का नाम

उदाहरण सहित लिखिए । 5

प्रश्न 8-निम्न शब्दों के पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखिए – 4

कौआ, कोयल, आँख, तलवार

प्रश्न 9-मूल शब्द तथा प्रत्यय अलग करके लिखिए – 4

लुटेरा , घबराहट , रेती , चालाक

प्रश्न 10- लिंग बदलिए – 4

नायक , यशस्वी , सम्राट , ठाकुर

प्रश्न 11- विलोम शब्द लिखिए – 4

आगत , मान , गोचर , आयात

प्रश्न 12- क – भाववाचक संज्ञा बनाइए – 2

बच्चा , पशु , वकील , सेवक

ख – देवनागरी लिपि में लिखी जाने वाली दो भाषाओं के नाम लिखो । 2

प्रश्न 13- माताजी के स्वास्थ्य संबंधी जानकारी देते हुए अपने पिता जी

को एक पत्र लिखिए । 5

अथवा

अपने स्कूल के प्राचार्य को शिक्षा-शुल्क क्षमा करवाने के लिए एक

आवेदन –पत्र लिखो ।

प्रश्न 14- किसी एक विषय पर अनुच्छेद लिखिए – 6

क – सत्संगति

ख – आदर्श विद्यार्थी

ग – सुनिए सबकी , करिए मन की

Name _____ Sec _____ Roll No. _____

CODE – A

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR

HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION [2023-2024]

BENGALI

CLASS – VII

TIME : 3 Hrs.

Maximum Marks : 80

General Instructions :

1. The Question paper contains 12 printed pages.
2. The Question paper contains 16 questions.
3. The Question paper is divided into two parts.

Part – A : Objectives type questions (MCQ) : 25 Marks

Part – B : Descriptive Paper : 55 Marks

4. Part – A has three sections : (MCQ)

Section – A : Reading (Unseen Comprehension) : 12 Marks

Section – B : Grammar : 03 Marks

Section – C : Main Course Book & Supplementary Reader/

Non detailed Text : 10 Marks

Part – B has three sections : (Subjective)

Section – B : Grammar : 15 Marks

Section – C : Main Course Book & Supplementary Reader /

Non detailed Text : 30 Marks

Section – D : Creative Writing : 10 Marks

PART – A : Objective Type Questions (MCQ) : 25 Marks

SECTION – A (Reading, Unseen Comprehension)

১) অনুচ্ছেদগুলি পাঠ করে প্রদত্ত প্রশ্নগুলির সঠিক উত্তরটি নির্বাচন করে লেখো :

$(1 \times 4) \times 3 = 12$

A) ইবন বতুতা আসলে একজন পর্যটক। অনেকে মনে করেন তিনি বুর্কি আরব দেশের মানুষ, কিন্তু তা নয়, তিনি আফ্রিকার মানুষ। তানজিনিয়া নগরের লোক। পুরো নাম, আবু আবদুল্লাহ মহম্মদ ইবন বতুতা। আরও দুটো ডাক নাম ছিল তাঁর। সামসুদ্দিন আর মৌলানা বদরুল্লাহ। দেশ ছেড়ে বেরিয়ে পড়েছিলেন পৃথিবী দেখতে, বয়স তখন মাত্র একুশ। সময়টা ছিল ১৩২৫ খ্রিস্টাব্দ। পৃথিবীর এদেশ-সেদেশ ঘুরতে ঘুরতে একদিন পৌঁছে গেলেন দিল্লি। দিল্লির সিংহাসনে তখন তুঘলঘ বংশের তুর্কি সুলতান মহম্মদ বিন তুঘলঘ। সুলতান হাত বাড়িয়ে অভ্যর্থনা জানালেন বিদেশিকে। বসবাসের জন্য করে দিলেন আরামের অবস্থা। আর কিছুদিন পরেই দিল্লির দরবারে পেয়ে গেলেন কাজি বা বিচারপতির পদ। প্রায় আট বছর ছিলেন এই সম্মানের পদে। তারপর ১৩৫২-এ সুলতান একদিন ডেকে বললেন – আপনাকে যেতে হবে চিন দেশে।

- কেন ?

- আমার দূত হয়ে। আমি ওই দেশের সঙ্গে মৈত্রীর সম্বন্ধ গড়তে চাই। চিনের পথে পা বাড়াবার সময়ই ভারতবর্ষের বহু জায়গা দেখা হয়ে গেল তাঁর।

(ক) ইবন বতুতা কোথাকার মানুষ ?

(অ) আফ্রিকার
(ই) আরব দেশের

(আ) আমেরিকার
(ঈ) ইউরোপের

(খ) ইবন বতুতা কত বছর বয়সে দেশ ছেড়ে পৃথিবী পর্যটনে বের হয় ?

(অ) বারো বছর
(ই) একুশ বছর

(আ) কুড়ি বছর
(ঈ) পনেরো পছর

(গ) ইবন বতুতা দিল্লি দরবারে কোন পদে অধিষ্ঠিত হন ?

(অ) মন্ত্রীর পদ
(ই) সেনার পদ

(আ) বিচারপতির পদ
(ঈ) আচার্যের পদ

(ঘ) সমার্থক শব্দ - পৃথিবী

(অ) শশধর
(ই) যামিনী

(আ) শতদল
(ঈ) ধরনি

B) প্রখ্যাত ধনকুবের জন রকফেলার একদিন হঠাত উপস্থিত হলেন স্বামীজির (বিবেকানন্দের) কাছে। তাঁর বন্ধুদের কাছে বহুবার স্বামীজির সম্বন্ধে শুনেছেন। স্বামীজির সঙ্গে দেখা করবার জন্য অনেকেই তাঁকে অনুরোধ করেছেন। কিন্তু প্রতিবারই কোনো-না-কোনো অঙ্গীয়ান তিনি এড়িয়ে গেছেন। রকফেলার অত্যন্ত দৃঢ় চিত্তের লোক, অন্য কেউ তাঁকে সহজে প্রভাবিত করতে পারে না। সেই তিনিই একদিন গিয়ে হাজির হলেন স্বামীজি যে বাড়িতে আছেন সেখানে। সোজা চলে গেলেন স্বামীজির পড়ার ঘরে। স্বামীজি লেখবার টেবিলের ওপাশে বসেছিলেন - কে এল দেখবার জন্য চোখও তুললেন না। চোখ না তুলেই স্বামীজি রকফেলারের জীবনের

এমন অনেক ঘটনা বলে গেলেন যা তিনি ছাড়া আর কেউ জানেন না।
রকফেলার বিস্মিত হলেন, কিন্তু তলে পড়লেন না। স্বামীজি রকফেলারকে
আরও বললেন - তাঁর সংগ্রহ অর্থ তাঁর জন্য নয় - তিনি শুধু অর্থের
সম্বুদ্ধারের একটা মাধ্যম মাত্র। তাঁর কর্তব্য কেবল জগতের মঙ্গল করা।

(ক) জন রকফেলার কে ?

(অ) একজন সাহিত্যিক (আ) একজন নাট্যকার

(ই) একজন খেলোয়াড় (ঈ) প্রখ্যাত ধনকুবের

(খ) রকফেলার কেমন চরিত্রের মানুষ ছিলেন ?

(অ) একজন অসৎ মানুষ (আ) একজন নরম হৃদয়ের মানুষ

(ই) অত্যন্ত দৃঢ় চিত্তের লোক (ঈ) সবগুলিই

(গ) জন রকফেলার কার কাছে গিয়েছিলেন ?

(অ) রামকৃষ্ণদেবের কাছে (আ) তাঁর বন্ধুর কাছে

(ই) স্বামী বিবেকানন্দের কাছে (ঈ) তাঁর ভক্তের কাছে

(ঘ) বিপরীত শব্দ - উপস্থিতি।

(অ) অনুপস্থিতি (আ) আগমন

(ই) বিচ্ছেদ (ঈ) আংশিক

C) যে ওস্তাদ গাইয়ে পাখি আমাদের সবচেয়ে কাছের, বাড়ির পেছনের বাগানে,
পার্কে, লেকের ধারে ভাঙা বাড়ির ছাদে, সব জায়গায় দেখতে
পাওয়া যায়, সেই ঘরোয়া ওস্তাদ পাখিটির নাম দোয়েল। তোমরা দেখেছ
হয়তো, আট ইঞ্চি মাপের পাখিটা - কুচকুচে কালো। তলপেট সাদা।
ডানার দু পাশে সাদা পালকের রেখা। লেজের দু পাশটা সাদা, মধ্যখানে

কালো। রানির ভঙ্গিতে লেজটা খাড়া পিঠের উপর তোলে, আবার নাড়ায়। গাইবার সময় সবচেয়ে উঁচু জায়গা বেছে নেয় - গাছের মগডালে, বাড়ির তেতুলার ছাদের চূড়ায় বা টেলিপ্রাফের থান্ডার উপর, এবং সেখান থেকে তার সুরের ঝর্ণা নিরবচ্ছিন্ন ধারায় ঝরাতে থাকে। গাইবার সময় তার পাশের দুই ডানা অল্প একটু মেলে দেয়। ডানাদুটো সুরের আবেগে অল্প অল্প কাঁপতে থাকে। লেজও মেলে ধরে নীচের দিকে। শরীরের অনুপাতে লেজটি বড়ো হওয়ায় গাইবার ভঙ্গিটি অপরূপ হয়। পাশ্চাত্য পক্ষিতাত্ত্বিকেরা একে ভারতের অন্যতম শ্রেষ্ঠ ওস্তাদ গাইয়ে-পাখি বলে থাকেন। অর্থাৎ, পাখিদের রাজ্যে ওস্তাদ বড়ে গোলাম আলি খাঁ আর কী।

(ক) যে ওন্তাদ গাইয়ে পাখিটির কথা এখানে বলা হয়েছে, তার নাম কী ?

(অ) ফিল্ড

(আ) কাক

(ই) দোয়েল

(୮) ମଯନା

(খ) পাখিটির আয়তন -

(অ) সাত ইঞ্জি মাপের

(আ) আট ইঞ্জি মাপের

(ই) নয় ইঞ্জি মাপের

(ই) দশ ইঞ্জিনিয়ার

(গ) পাখিটির লেজটি শরীরের অনুপাতে -

(অ) সমান

(আ) বড়ো

(ই) ছোটো

(୭୫)

(ঘ) লিঙ্গ পরিবর্তন - রানি

(অ) রাজরানি

(আ) রাজা

(৮) প্রজা

(ই) মৈনিক

SECTION – B : GRAMMAR : (MCQ)

২) ব্যাকরণ থেকে প্রদত্ত প্রশ্নগুলির সঠিক বিকল্প উত্তরটি বেছে লেখো (যে কোনো তিনটি) : **1×3=3**

(ক) উৎ + শ্বাস = ?

(অ) উৎশ্বাস

(আ) উচ্ছাস

(ই) উচ্ছাস

(ঈ) উচ্বাস

(খ) উপকারীর উপকার স্বীকার করে যে - এক কথায় প্রকাশ হল -

(অ) কৃতজ্ঞ

(আ) অন্যতম

(ই) উত্তরণ

(ঈ) বিকল্প

(গ) সারা জীবন হয়ে বসে বসেই কাটালে, জগৎকাকে চিনলে না। (সঠিক বাগধারা বেছে নাও)

(অ) গলগ্রহ

(আ) জড়ভরত

(ই) কৃপমণ্ডুক

(ঈ) রাঘব বোয়াল

(ঘ) কোনটি সমষ্টিবাচক বিশেষ ?

(অ) বাহ্নী

(আ) হিমালয়

(ই) আরব সাগর

(ঈ) চুল

(ঙ) ক্ষুদ্রতম - বিপরীত শব্দ হল -

† (অ) গৌণ

(আ) নিশ্চ

(ই) কৃপণ

(ঈ) বৃহত্তম

(ছ) ঠেলাগাড়িটি কার ?

(অ) নরুর
(ই) নিতাই দার

(আ) পটুর
(ঙ্গ) টুনিদার

(জ) অশ্বারোহী মিশ্র ঠাকুরের কাছে গিয়েছিলেন -

(অ) পদ্মরাজে
(ই) হাতির পিঠে চড়ে

(আ) অশ্বে আরোহণ করে
(ঙ্গ) একা গাড়িতে

৪. সহায়ক পাঠ থেকে প্রদত্ত প্রশ্নগুলির সঠিক বিকল্প উত্তরটি নির্বাচন করে লেখো

(যে কোনো চারটি) :

$1 \times 4 = 4$

(ক) স্মৃতিধর বাবু কোথায় একটু জিরিয়ে নিচ্ছিলেন ?

(অ) বিছানায়
(ই) গাড়িতে

(আ) স্টাফরুমের চেয়ারে
(ঙ্গ) ট্রেনে

(খ) কাদম্বিনীর স্বামীর নাম কী ?

(অ) বিপীন মুখুজ্যে
(ই) নবীন মুখুজ্যে

(আ) কেস্ট
(ঙ্গ) পাঁচ গোপাল

(গ) স্কুলের পিয়নের নাম কী ?

(অ) দিবাকর
(ই) রমেন

(আ) প্রকাশ
(ঙ্গ) কোনোটিই নয়

(ঘ) কেষ্ট কাদম্বিনীর কে হয় ?

(অ) পুত্র
(ই) জ্যেষ্ঠ ভাতা

(আ) বৈমাত্র ভাই
(ঙ্গ) পিতা

(৫) স্মৃতিধর বাবু কোথায় বাড়ি করেছেন ?

(অ) পূর্বপাড়ায়

(আ) পশ্চিম পাড়ায়

(ই) দক্ষিণপাড়ায়

(ঙ্গ) মধ্যপাড়ায়

(চ) স্মৃতিধরবাবুর প্রতিবেশীর নাম কী ?

(অ) সত্যরূপ বাবু

(আ) যতীনবাবু

(ই) কার্তিক বাবু

(ঙ্গ) ভোলানাথ

PART – B : (DESCRIPTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS) : 55 MARKS

SECTION – B : GRAMMAR : (SUBJECTIVE)

৫. (ক) সঞ্চি বিচ্ছেদ করো (যে কোন তিনটি) - $1 \times 3 = 3$

(অ) চলচ্চিত্র =

(আ) বি + ছিন =

(ই) সৎ + আশয় =

(ঙ্গ) উৎ + হার =

(খ) এক কথায় প্রকাশ লেখো (যে কোন দুটি) - $1 \times 2 = 2$

(অ) কুৎসিত আকার যার =

(আ) এক মাতার ঘরে জন্ম যার =

(ই) অন্য উপায় নেই যার =

(ঙ্গ) খণ্ড দান করে যে =

৬. (ক) বিপরীত শব্দ লেখো (যে কোনো তিনটি) - $1 \times 3 = 3$

(অ) অবিচার = (আ) কুখ্যাত =

(ই) বিজন = (ঙ্গ) কৃশ =

(খ) বাগধারা লেখো (যে কোনো দুটি) - $1 \times 2 = 2$

(অ) কই মাছের প্রাণ =

(আ) রাঘব বোয়াল	=	
(ই) একাই একশো	=	
(ঈ) অমাবস্যার চাঁদ	=	
৭. নিম্নলিখিত প্রশ্নগুলি উত্তর দাও (যে কোনো পাঁচটি) -		$1 \times 5 = 5$
(ক) বস্তু বাচক বিশেষ্য কাকে বলে ?		
(খ) একটি ব্যক্তিবাচক উত্তম পুরুষের সর্বনামের উদাহরণ দাও।		
(গ) <u>সাঁতার</u> উৎকৃষ্ট দৈহিক ব্যায়াম। (কোনু শ্রেণির বিশেষ্য)		
(ঘ) বিশেষণ পদকে কয় ভাগে করা যায় ?		
(ঙ) আজ <u>পয়লা</u> বৈশাখ। (কোন ধরনের বিশেষণ)		
(চ) নিজ প্রচেষ্টায় সে সাফল্য পেল। (কোনু শ্রেণির সর্বনাম)		
(ছ) বিশেষণ পদ কাকে বলে ?		

SECTION – C : MAIN COURSE BOOK & SUPPLEMENTARY READER/NON-DETAILED TEXT

৮. ‘মহারাজ! এই দণ্ড মঞ্চুর করুন।’ – বক্তা কে ? সে কোন দণ্ড মঞ্চুর করার কথা বলেছিল ?	2
৯. (ক) ‘‘আপনি সেই পরীক্ষায় উত্তীর্ণ হইয়াছেন।’’ – বক্তা কে ? কোন পরীক্ষায় উত্তীর্ণ হয়েছেন ? মহাপ্রস্থানের পথে কে কে গিয়েছিলেন ?	3

অর্থবা

(খ) ‘‘সকলের মুখ চাওয়া-চাওয়ি শুরু করল।’’ – কোন ঘটনার পরিপ্রেক্ষিতে সকলের এরূপ প্রতিক্রিয়া হয়েছিল ?
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১০. (ক) ‘‘তার চোখের সে ব্যাথা-ভরা বিস্ময়ের অপ্রত্যাশিত না বুঝাতে পারা দৃষ্টি চোখের, আমার বুকে তীরের মতো বিঁধল।’’ - এ অংশটুকু কোন্
কাহিনীর অন্তর্গত ? লেখকের নাম কী ? উদ্ভৃতাংশের মাধ্যমে গল্প-কথক
কী বোঝাতে চেয়েছেন ?

5

অথবা

(খ) ‘‘আর কেন, আমাদেরও যাইবার সময় উপস্থিত হইয়াছে।’’ - একথা কে
ভাবলেন ? এরূপ ভাবার কারণ কী ? তাঁরা কোথায় যাত্রা করলেন ?
যাত্রাপথে কী কী ঘটল ?

১১. সপ্রসঙ্গ ব্যাখ্যা লেখো -

5

(ক) ‘‘আপনায় স্থাপিয়াছ, জগতের দেবতারে নহে।’’

অথবা

(খ) যত দূরেই চাই, শোভার সীমা নাই -

পল্লিবধূ কলসি করে জল লয়ে যায় কাঁধে

১২. (ক) ‘‘সে মন্দিরে দেব নাই’’ - আলোচ্য অংশের বক্তা কে ? কোন মন্দিরের
কথা বলা হয়েছে ? বক্তা একথা বলেছেন কেন ?

5

অথবা

(খ) ‘‘জীবনস্বরূপা সে স্বামীর শিরোমনি’’ - সে কে ? তাকে ‘জীবন স্বরূপা’
বলা হয়েছে কেন ? তাকে ‘স্বামীর শিরোমনি’ বলার কারণ কী ?

১৩. ‘‘মাপকরো মেজোবউ, বাড়ি চলো।’’ - কে, কাকে এ, কথা বলেছেন ? কখন
বলেছেন ? মায়ের মৃত্যুর পর কেষ্ট কোথায়, কেন গেল ?

5

১৪. (ক) “সাধে কি লোকে তোমায় বিস্মৃতিবাবু বলে।” - কে, কাকে, কেন এ কথা বলেছে ? “হেঁয়ালি এতক্ষণে স্পষ্ট হল।” হেঁয়ালি কীভাবে স্পষ্ট হল ? 5

অর্থবা

(খ) “এ দেশে এমন করিয়া যে কেহ কথা বলিতে পারে, ইহা যেন তাহার মাথায় তুকিল না।” - এখানে কার কথা বলা হয়েছে ? তাঁর কোন্ত কথায় কেষ্টের এমন মনে হয়েছিল ? কার কথায়, কীভাবে কেষ্ট আশ্রয় পেল ?

SECTION – D : CREATIVE WRITING

১৫. (ক) শরীর খারাপ থাকার জন্য তুমি একটি বিষয়ের পরীক্ষা দিতে পারনি। এই ব্যাপারে বিবেচনার জন্য প্রধান শিক্ষক মহাশয়ের কাছে আবেদন পত্র লেখো। 5

অর্থবা

(খ) তোমার বিদ্যালয়ের একজন শিক্ষক জাতীয় পুরস্কার পেয়েছেন। তাঁর সম্মানে ছুটির আবেদন জানিয়ে প্রধান শিক্ষক মহাশয়কে চিঠি লেখো।

১৬. অনুচ্ছেদ লেখো – 5

(ক) ছাত্রজীবনে নিয়ম শৃঙ্খলা

অর্থবা

(খ) সংবাদপত্র পাঠের গুরুত্ব

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Name: _____ Sec: _____ Roll No.: _____

CODE: A

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION : [2023-2024]
THIRD LANGUAGE (SANSKRIT)
CLASS : VII

Time: 2 Hrs.

Maximum Marks: 80

सर्वेषां प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि संस्कृते लिखते ।

प्रश्नपत्रे चत्वारः खण्डाः सन्ति ।

खण्ड (क) अपठित-अवबोधनम् - 10 अंकाः

खण्ड (ख) रचनात्मकम् - कार्यम् - 15 अंकाः

खण्ड (ग) अनुप्रयुक्त - व्याकरणम् - 30 अंकाः

खण्ड (घ) पठित - अवबोधनम् - 25 अंकाः

खण्ड 'क' अपठित - अवबोधनम् (10) अंकाः

1. निम्नलिखितम् गद्यान्शम् पठित्वा प्रश्नान उत्तरत - (Read the passage and write the answer)

भारतवर्षे षट् ऋतवः सन्ति । तेषु वसन्तः ऋतुराजः कथ्यते । चैत्रे वैशाखे च मासे वसन्तस्य ऋतुः भवति । वसन्ते द्वौ प्रमुखौ उत्सवौ भवतः वसन्तोत्सवः होलिकोत्सवः च । वसन्तोत्सवे सर्वत्र प्रमादो भवति । नराः नार्यः च सर्वत्र गायन्ति नृत्यन्ति वा । होलिकोत्सवः फाल्गुनमासस्य पूर्णिमायां भवति । हर्षातिरेकेण नराः, नार्यः युवानः, वृद्धाः बालकाः च प्रसन्नाः जायन्ते । जनाः परस्परं रक्तवर्णं रक्तचूर्णं च प्रक्षिपन्ति । द्वेषं विस्मृत्यं सर्वे परस्परं मिलन्ति ।

(I) एकपदेन उत्तरत 1X2=2

(क) भरते कति रितवः भवन्ति ? (ख) वसन्तस्य ऋतुः कदा भवति ?

(II) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत 2X2=4

(क) होलिकोत्सवे जनाः परस्परं किं प्रक्षिपन्ति ?

(ख) वसन्ते के के प्रसन्नाः जायन्ते ?

(III) भाषिक कार्यम्

1X2=2

(क) 'पूर्णिमायां' इति पदे का विभक्तिः प्रयुक्ता ?

(A) तृतीया (B) प्रथमा (C) सप्तमी

(ख) 'विस्मृत्य' इत्यत्र कः प्रत्ययः ?

(A) तव्यत् (B) ल्यप् (C) शानच्

(IV) अस्य गद्यांशस्य कृते समुचितं शीर्षकं लिखत । 2

खण्ड (ख) रचनात्मकम् - कार्यम् 15 अंकाः

2. पितरं प्रति वृक्षरोपणसमारोहस्य वर्णनपत्रम् लिखत - $\frac{1}{2} \times 10 = 5$

परीक्षाभवनम्

दिनांकः -----

(i) ----- पितृमहोदय!

चरणवन्दना ।

अत्र सर्वं कुशलं (ii) -----। अस्माकं विद्यालये आगामिमासे (iii) -----

आयोजनं भविष्यति। विद्यालयस्य (iv) ----- श्रीमान् रमेशमहोदयः प्रथमं

(v) ----- करिष्यति। ततः सर्वे छात्राः (vi) ----- अग्रसराः भविष्यन्ति। अहम्

अपि एतत् (vii) ----- करिष्यामि। मम (viii) ----- दृष्ट्वा भवान् अपि

प्रसन्नः भविष्यति। मातरं प्रति मम (ix) -----। सर्वभ्यः (x) -----

भवतः प्रियः सुतः

अद्यात्मः

मंजूषा- (प्रबंधकः, वृक्षरोपणम्, तत्रास्तु, वृक्षरोपणार्थं, वृक्षरोपणसमारोहस्य,

पूजनीय, चरणवन्दना, नमः, शुभकार्य, वृक्षम्)

3. अधोदत्तं चित्रं दृष्ट्वा संस्कृतेन पञ्च वाक्यानि लिखत । (Write five

sentences in Sanskrit based on the picture. Take help of the box.) 2X5=10



मंजूषा-(विद्यालयः, चत्वारः, बलकाः, कन्दुकेन, क्रीडन्ति, तिसः, बलिकाः, सुंदरम्, क्रीडाक्षेत्रम्)

खण्ड 'ग' अनुप्रयुक्त व्याकरणम् - (30) अंकाः

4. अधोलिखितानां धातुनां लकारं पुरुषं वचनञ्च लिखत । $1 \times 4 = 4$

धातुः	लकारः	पुरुषः	वचनम्
यथा - आसीत्	अस्	लङ्	प्रथमपुरुषः
(क) कुर्वन्ति	-----	-----	-----
(ख) अकरोत्	-----	-----	-----
(ग) गमिष्यति	-----	-----	-----
(घ) आगच्छत्	-----	-----	-----

5. समयवाचकान् अङ्कान् पदेषु लिखत - $1 \times 4 = 4$

यथा- 10.30 सार्धदशवादनम्

(क) 8.00 -----	(ख) 3.30 -----
(ग) 4.30 -----	(घ) 12.30 -----

6. समानार्थकपदानि चित्वा लिखत - $1 \times 4 = 4$

(क) कुशलाः = -----	(ख) देहस्य = -----
(ग) हर्षस्य = -----	(घ) प्राप्य = -----

{प्रसन्नतायाः, दक्षाः, लब्ध्वा, शरीरस्य}

7. उदाहरणानुसारं पदरचनां कुरुत - $1 \times 4 = 4$

यथा- अलिखत् = लिखति स्म।

(क) ----- = कथयति स्म। (ख) ----- = नयति स्म।

(ग) ----- = पठति स्म। (घ) ----- = धावति स्म।

8. अधोलिखितपदेषु धातवः के सन्ति ? 1 X 4 = 4

पदम् धातुः

(क) करोति -----

(ख) पश्य -----

(ग) तिष्ठति -----

(घ) भवेत् -----

9. अव्ययपदानि चित्वा वाक्यानि पूरयत - 1 x 4 = 4

(क) वृक्षस्य ----- खगाः वसन्ति ।

(ख) मञ्चस्य ----- श्रोतारः उपविष्टाः सन्ति ।

(ग) वर्षाकाले गृहात् ----- मा गच्छ ।

(घ) छात्राः विद्यालयस्य ----- प्रविशन्ति ।

{बहिः ,अन्तः ,उपरि ,अधः}

10. अधोलिखितानां पदानां निर्देशानुसारं पदपरिचयं लिखत - 1 x 3 = 3

पदानि	मूलशब्दः	लिङ्गम्	विभक्तिः	वचनम्
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यथा - वेदानाम्	वेद	पुंलिंगम्	षष्ठी	बहुवचनम्
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(क) शिक्षायै ----- ----- ----- -----

(ख) मनोरमया ----- ----- ----- -----

(ग) कन्याः ----- ----- ----- -----

11. 'कृ' वा 'दश' धातोः लट् लृट्लकारस्य रूपं लिखत। 3

खण्ड (घ) पठित - अवबोधनम् - 25 अंकाः

12. एकपदेन उत्तरत - 1 X 4 = 4

(क) तपः प्रभावात् के सखायः जाताः ?

(ख) कः श्मशाने वसति ?

(ग) पार्वती तपस्यार्थं कुत्र अगच्छत् ?

(घ) वटूरूपेण तपोवनं कः प्राविशत् ?

13. पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत - 1 X 4 = 4

(क) लम्बमानं कूर्मं दृष्ट्वा पौरा: किम् अवदन् ?

(ख) कच्छपः कुत्र गन्तुम् इच्छति ?

(ग) कूर्मः मित्रयोः वचनं विस्मृत्य किम् अवदत् ?

(घ) कच्छपः कम् उपायं वदति ?

14. प्रश्ननिर्माणं कुरुत - 1X4=4

(क) विद्याया: संग्रहेषु त्यक्तलज्जः सुखी भवेत् ।

(ख) सदभिः एव सहासीत ।

(ग) वसुन्धरा बहुरत्ना भवति ।

(घ) सत्येन वाति वायुः ।

15. मंजूषातः पदानि चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत । 1x4=4

(क) ----- ऋतवः भवन्ति ।

(ख) मम शरीरे ----- हस्तौ स्तः ।

(ग) मासाः ----- भवन्ति ।

(घ) फरवरी - मासे सामान्यतः ----- दिनानि भवन्ति ।

{द्वौ, अष्टाविंशतिः, षड्, द्वादश}

16. समुचितमेलनं कृत्वा लिखत - 1X3=3

(क) केशरवर्णः (i) प्रगतेः न्यायस्य च प्रवर्तकम्।

(ख) हरितर्वर्णः (ii) शौर्यस्य त्यागस्य च सूचकः।

(ग) अशोकचक्रम् (iii) सुषमायाः उर्वरतायाः च सूचकः।

17. शुद्धकथनस्य समक्षम् 'आम्' अशुद्धकथनस्य समक्षम् न इति लिखत।

1X2=2

(क) मित्रेण कलहं कृत्वा जनः सुखी भवति । -----

(ख) मनसा श्रेष्ठजनं सेवेत । -----

18. 'किम्' वा 'नदी' शब्दरूपम् लिखत । 4

**BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION [2023-2024]
COMPUTER SCIENCE
CLASS-VII**

Time: 1 Hrs.

Maximum Marks:50

General Instructions:

- All questions are compulsory.

Multiple Choice Questions

7. Pen drive is also known as _____ drive. 1
a.USB flash b.Hard
c.Compact d.Digital

8. _____ technique is used for adding any new device to your computer. 1
a.Read and Record b.Plug-n-Play
c.Record-n-Play d.Forward-n-Play

9. The first light pen was invented in the year _____. 1
a.1970 b.1959 c.1969 d.1975

10. There are ____ function keys present on a keyboard. 1
a.10 b.12 c.14 d.15

11. The full form of ASCII is _____ Standard Code for Information Interchange. 1
a.Australian b.American
c.Asian d.Alaskan

12. In ASCII we use _____ bits to form one character or symbol. 1
a.six b.eight c.seven d.ten

13. The octal system has base _____. 1
a.7 b.8 c.2 d.10

14. The ASCII code of ‘A’ is _____. 1
a.75 b.65 c.25 d.55

15. The unit of the computer’s memory is a group of eight bits, which is called a _____. 1
a.Bite b.Byte c.Biit d.Beat

16. The ASCII code of ‘a’ is _____. 1
a.90 b.65 c.97 d.122

17. _____ are the technique to represent numbers in the computer system architecture. 1
a.Input Systems b.Storage Systems
c.Number Systems d.Output Systems

18. The binary system has base _____. 1
a.1 b.3 c.2 d.4

19. The hexadecimal number system 11 is represented as _____. 1
a.A b.C c.B d.D

20. In Octal number system the numbers starts from __ to ___. 1
a.0,10 b.0,16
c.0,7 d.0,1

21. The cell address that appears on the left side of the formula bar in a box that is known as _____. 1
a.Name Box b.Address Box
c.Formula Box d.Status Box

22. The _____ appears just above the status bar. 1
a.Sheet Tab b.Formula Bar
c.Name Box d.Ribbon

23. _____ is the shortcut key to move to the next sheet. 1
a.Ctrl+Home b.Ctrl+Page Down
c.Ctrl+Page Up d.Ctrl+Insert

24. Intersection of row and column is known as a _____. 1
a.WorkBook b.Cell c.Formula d.Ribbon

25. The mouse pointer is placed in the current cell, which is known as _____ cell. 1
a.Passive b.Active c.New d.Worksheet

26. A _____ is a collection of one or more worksheets. 1
a.Cell Address b.WorkBook
c.Worksheet d.NameBox

27. A worksheet contains _____ rows. 1
a.16384 b.1048576
c.150000 d.75000

28. A worksheet contains _____ number of columns. 1
a.16384 b.1048576
c.150000 d.75000

29. The _____ feature is a useful feature that we can use to fill in a series of cells based on the content in other cells. 1
a.AutoFill b.Formula
c.FillHandle d.none

30. _____ will be the cell address of 3rd column and 6th row. 1
a.D6 b.F6 c.C6 d.H6

31. A list of items where items are arranged in any order using bullet symbol is an _____ list. 1
a.ordered b.serial
c.unordered d.definition

32. The HTML _____ tag is used for making some part of text or image scroll/move either horizontally across or vertically down the webpage. 1
a.<P> b. c.<marquee> d.

33. _____ tag is used to create hyperlinks. 1
a. b.<U> c.<I> d.<A>

34. _____ tag inside <form> tag is used to specify for multi-line text input field for user. 1
a.<INPUT> b.<LABEL>
c.<SELECT> d. <TEXTAREA>

35. The link that opens another web page or another hyperlink document is known as _____ linking. 1
a.internal b.inside
c.open d.external

36. A list of terms and its description or definition is known as _____ list. 1
a.ordered b.serial
c.unordered d.definition

37. <DT> stands for _____. 1
a.Data Talent b.Define Term
c.Derive Term d.Data Term

38. _____ tag is used for ordered list. 1
a. b.<DL> c.<DT> d.

39. _____ is not an attribute of <marquee>tag. 1
a.behavior b.direction
c.size d.loop

40. _____ is the extension of Scalable Vector Graphics. 1
a..png b..gif c..svg d..bmp

41. _____ is an act to harass, threaten and send provocative messages using social networking sites. 1
a.PLAGIARISM b.Cyber bullying
c.Hacking d.Phishing

42. _____ is unsolicited communications sent in bulk over the internet or through any electronic messaging system. 1
a.PLAGIARISM b.Spam
c.Hacking d.Phishing

43. A _____ is a trace of data that is created while using the Internet. 1
a.Intellectual Property Rights b.Digital Footprints
c.Spamming d.Software Piracy

44. _____ is a kind of malware that encrypts a victim's files. 1
a. Software Piracy b.Ransomware
c.Hacking d.Phishing

45. _____ is to display the work of another person as one's own or without proper acknowledgement. 1
a.PLAGIARISM b.Spam
c.Hacking d.Phishing

46. _____ is an unlawful way of entering into a computer or a network. 1
a.PLAGIARISM b.Spam
c.Hacking d.Phishing

47. _____ is defined as an unauthorized copying, distribution or use of original software for earning profit. 1
a. Software Piracy b.Ransomware
c.Hacking d.Phishing

48. A _____ is an exclusive right granted for an invention. 1
a.Patent b.Copyright c.Trademark d.none

49. A_____ is a kind of seal similar to the signature or special mask on the product, which earlier craftsmen used to put on their product. 1
a.Patent b.Copyright c.Trademark d.none

50. _____ in computing refers to a formal or informal code of morality that tells us what is and is not appropriate professional and social conduct in the computer industry . 1
a.Computer virus b.Piracy
c.Ethics d.hacking

Name _____ Sec _____ Roll No. _____

CODE:A

**BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION [2023-2024]
MORAL VALUES
CLASS-VII**

Time: 40 Mins.

Maximum Marks:30

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- All questions are compulsory.
- Choose the correct answers.

1. What was the name of the young girl who was symbol of strength? 1
a] Jullie Frank
b] Anne Frank
c] Fanny Blankers
d] None of the above
2. Who was the maestro of the ‘Indian Hockey’? 1
a] Jesse Owens
b] Abdul Hamid
c] Dhyan Chand
d] None of these

3. Suppose you have got very bad marks in class and the teacher has scolded you for a bad performance . Should you: 1

- a] start crying
- b] promise to yourself to try hard and bring good marks.
- c] tell your parents to change your school.
- d] decide to cheat next time.

4. Rahul does not want to face any hardship in life.So even for very small problems,he rushes to his parents for solution.His parents should: 1

- a] encourage Rahul to keep up this attitude.
- b] tell Rahul to try and rely on his own self to find solutions.
- c] completely ignore Rahul's problem.
- d] pamper and spoil Rahul by making him dependent.

5. What feelings did Anne wrote in her diary ? 1

- a] bad
- b] interesting
- c] innermost
- d] good

6. Who was the most powerful of the Greek god ? 1

- a] Zeus
- b] Jesus
- c] Mother Marry
- d] Athena

7. _____ became the first person to reach the North Pole in 1909. 1

- a] Robert Scott
- b] Codrus
- c] Robert Peary
- d] Edger Evans

8. Captain Oates sacrificed his life because he thought that he was becoming a burden for his team. What would have you done if you were in Captain Oates's place ? 1

- a] do the same as captain Oates did.
- b] ask your teammate to carry you.
- c] stay with the team and keep cursing your ill luck.
- d] give up hope and ask your teammate to give up their lives along with you.

9. The motto of the Olympics game is- 1

- a] weaker,slower,fearer
- b] citius,altius,forties
- c] fighter,winner,motivater
- d] none of the above

10. _____ of Ethiopia was a guard at the Imperial Palace. 1

- a] Coubertin
- b] Fanny Koen
- c] Jesse Owens
- d] Abebe Bikila

11. The Olympic Games aims at promoting- 1

- a] enemy,adversary,unequality
- b] peace, equality,friendship
- c] victory, fighting,dominating
- d] none of these

12. Ayush injured Vishal in a fight.Vishal was hospitalized because of it.Ayush felt ashamed of his behavior and went to ask Vishal's forgiveness.Vishal should; 1

- a] tell Ayush that they can be friends no more.
- b] decide to take revenge.
- c] forgive Ayush as he showing remorse.
- d] insult Ayush by not talking to him in the hospital.

13. Someone that you know very well tells you that you are short and also dark in complexion.He teases you that you are unattractive.You will- 1

- a] ignore him and walk away
- b] get depressed and stop going out
- c] tell the person that the comment was rude and that you didn't appreciate it and you feel hurt
- d] ask the person to just "shut up"

14. During examination, if you see that one of your class mate is cheating then what should you do ? 1

- a] Inform the teacher
- b] Ignore it
- c] Help him by showing your answers
- d] None of these

15. What is the meaning of ‘optimism’ ? 1

- a] loyalty
- b] the feeling that the future will be good and successful.
- c] very cruel treatment
- d] none of these

16. What should you tell someone that you disagree with? 1

- a] “I hate you”
- b] “I understand how you feel”
- c] “You make no sense”
- d] “You are not smart”

17. Self-esteem means having a good opinion of yourself and feeling good about yourself as a person. 1

- a] I agree.
- b] I disagree.
- c] I am not sure.
- d] Never seen this word before.

18. What makes you think that Olympics celebrate humanity? 1

- a] the challenges and the hurdles set for the participants run parallel to life.
- b] the diversity of the people who come to participate.
- c] the involvement of the participants and their ambition, dedication, moments of glory, cheering, pain of defeat,etc.
- d] all of the above and more.

19. It is importance to have a good _____ to be successful in your career. 1

- a] appearance
- b] attitude
- c] attendance
- d] respect

20. _____ skills such as writing, speaking, and body language are important work ethics so that you can be clear in your messages to others. 1

- a] communication
- b] cooperation
- c] honesty
- d] integrity

21. Some jobs cannot be done alone and some can be done much better and faster if you possess the quality of_____. 1

- a] teamwork
- b] respect
- c] responsibility
- d] none of the above

22. What is the meaning of 'brutal' ? 1

- a] respect
- b] honest
- c] violent
- d] afraid

23. If your class teacher makes you the team leader of a team working on a project, then what should your attitude towards your team members ? 1

- a] respect all the members of the team
- b] be fair and treat everyone equality
- c] do not include everyone's consent in decision making
- d] both [a] and [b]

24. The Olympic flame is lit in games by- 1

- a] matchbox
- b] magnifying the sun's rays with mirror
- c] fire torch
- d] none of these

25. _____ set up challenges and encourage others to break the records they have set.- 1

- a] Athlete
- b] Player
- c] Writer
- d] Champions

26. Who has been recognized as one of the finest armies in the world ? 1

- a] Indian Army
- b] Japanees Army
- c] Pakistani Army
- d] Chinese Army

27. What is menaing of ‘sacrifice’? 1

- a] to surrender or give up
- b] courage
- c] destiny
- d] none of these

28. What are the basic qualities of a good leader ? 1

- a] dishonest, clever, selfish
- b] weak, lazy, distracted
- c] honest, optimistic, courageous
- d] none of these

29. If you are participating in an inter-school football match,then you should- 1

- a] hurt opposite team members
- b] start crying on losing the match
- c] accept victory or defeat like a true sportsman
- d] use unfair means to win

30. Which of the following does not represent behavior of a good student? 1

- a] following school rules
- b] participating only in personal interests
- c] being punctual
- d] respecting other students
