

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Sec: \_\_\_\_\_ Roll No.: \_\_\_\_\_

CODE : A

**BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR**

**ANNUAL EXAMINATION: [2024-2025]**

**ENGLISH**

**CLASS: VI**

**Time: 3 Hrs.**

**Maximum Marks : 80**

**General Instructions:**

- 1. This Question Paper contains FOUR sections- READING, WRITING, GRAMMAR and LITERATURE.***
- 2. Attempt questions based on specific instructions for each part/question.***

**SECTION A- READING SKILLS**

- 1. Read the passage carefully and answer the questions that follow:**

**$1 \times 12 = 12$**

The full name of Dr. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam was Dr. Avul Pakir Jainulabdeen Abdul Kalam. He was born on 15<sup>th</sup> October, 1931, in Rameswaram, a small town in Tamil Nadu. As a child, he went to the Rameswaram Panchayat Primary School. He not only was a great scientist but also served the country as the 11<sup>th</sup> President from 2002 to 2007. He also worked at the

Indian Space Research Organisation (ISRO) and the Defence Research and Development Organisation (DRDO).

Dr. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam wrote several books, some of which are ‘Wings of Fire’, ‘Ignited Minds’ and ‘Target 3 Billion’. He was awarded the Padma Bhushan in 1981, Padma Vibhushan in 1990 and Bharat Ratna in 1997 for his great achievements. He was a great person who had dedicated his life to public service. Fondly remembered as the Missile Man of India and People’s President, Dr. Kalam’s personality, achievements and humble nature shall always continue to inspire us.

- i** Dr. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam served as the \_\_\_\_\_ President of India.
  - a) 1<sup>st</sup>
  - b) 15<sup>th</sup>
  - c) 11<sup>th</sup>
  - d) 9<sup>th</sup>
- ii** In which year was he awarded the Bharat Ratna?
  - a) In 1990
  - b) In 1997
  - c) In 2004
  - d) In 1985
- iii** Rameswaram is a small town in \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a) West Bengal
  - b) Madhya Pradesh
  - c) Assam
  - d) Tamil Nadu
- iv** We remember Dr. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam for his \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a) Selfish
  - b) humble
  - c) Arrogant
  - d) Evil

- v What is the full form of DRDO?
  - a) Democratic Research and Development Organisation
  - b) Delhi River Development Org
  - c) Doordarshan Radio Development Organization
  - d) Defence Research and Development Organisation
- vi When was Dr. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam born?
- vii To which school did he go?
- viii Name any two books written by him.
- ix Dr. Kalam had dedicated his life to \_\_\_\_\_.
- x What is he fondly remembered as?
- xi Find a word in the passage which means “working hard and giving your time to something you believe to be important.”
- xii Find the opposite word of ‘big’ in the passage.

**2. Read the passage carefully and answer the questions that follow:**

**1×12=12**

One day, a rich merchant went to Birbal and complained to him that his house was robbed. He also told him that he suspects one of his servants to have robbed the house. Birbal went to the merchant’s house, called all the servants and asked them who had robbed the house. Nobody came forward to tell the truth.

Birbal then came up with an idea to find the robber.

He gave a stick to each servant and told them that the robber’s stick would grow 2 inches longer by next

morning. This would help him identify the robber. The next morning, Birbal asked the servants for the sticks. One of the servants had reduced the length of his stick by 2 inches, fearing the stick would grow longer like Birbal had said. Birbal realized that he was the robber and got him arrested. The merchant thanked Birbal for his help and praised him for his intelligence.

- i** Whom did the merchant suspect as the robber?
  - a) Birbal
  - b) One of the soldiers
  - c) His friend
  - d) One of his servants
- ii** Birbal's unique idea to find the robber tells us that-
  - a) He did not want to help the merchant
  - b) He was very smart and intelligent
  - c) He was not at all smart
  - d) He knew who the robber was
- iii** By when would the stick grow longer?
  - a) By next week
  - b) By that evening
  - c) By next morning
  - d) By next year
- iv** What did Birbal give to each servant?
  - a) a chocolate
  - b) match sticks
  - c) apples
  - d) sticks
- v** The merchant \_\_\_\_\_ Birbal for helping him.
  - a) thanked
  - b) blamed
  - c) punished
  - d) refused

vi Provide a suitable title for the story.

vii Who complained that his house was robbed?

viii According to Birbal, the robber's stick would grow \_\_\_\_\_ inches longer by next morning.

ix Why did the servant reduce the length of his stick?

x The merchant praised Birbal for his \_\_\_\_\_.

xi Find a word in the passage which means "to doubt that someone has committed a crime".

xii Find a word in the passage which means 'to say good things about somebody and admire them.'

### **SECTION B- WRITING SKILLS**

3. Write a notice informing the students of your school about an awareness camp on climate change to be held in your school on 16<sup>th</sup> January, 2025, inviting everyone to attend it in about 50 words. You are Rishikesh Das / Ranita Dubey, the School Captain. 4

4. Write an application to the principal of your school requesting him/her to grant you leave of 5 days as you have to attend your uncle's wedding at Delhi in about 120 words. 8

5. Prepare a speech to be delivered during the morning school assembly on why it is important to have good friends in life in about 150 words. 8

## **SECTION C-GRAMMAR**

**6.** **There is an error in each of the following lines.**  
**Choose and write the errors and their corrections**  
**from the options given below:**  **$1 \times 3 = 3$**

i) He has went to the shop.  
a) went-gone b) has-have c) to-on d) the-an

ii) He is have his dinner.  
a) is- had b) is-are c) have-having d) have-has

iii) You must work hard and you will never succeed.  
a) must-will b)and-or c) hard-harder d)work-worked

**7.** **Fill in the blanks with suitable words:**  **$1 \times 4 = 4$**

i) Tomorrow \_\_\_\_\_ a holiday.  
ii) I \_\_\_\_\_ finished my homework.  
iii) The children are \_\_\_\_\_ fun.  
iv) She is getting ready \_\_\_\_\_ school.

**8.** **Change the following from Active Voice to Passive Voice:**  **$1 \times 3 = 3$**

i) A mechanic repairs machines.  
ii) The gardener is planting trees.  
iii) The boy broke the chair.

## **SECTION D- LITERATURE**

**9.** **Read the following extracts and answer the questions that follow:**

**(Both A and B are compulsory)**

**(A)** *“The wagons quickened on the streets,  
The thunder hurried slow;  
The lightning showed a yellow beak,  
And then a livid claw.”*

i. Which natural phenomenon do the lines of the poem describe?  
 a) An Earthquake      b) A Flood  
 c) A Thunderstorm      d) A Forest Fire      1

ii. Identify and write the adjective used in the line, “*The lightning showed a yellow beak*”.      1

iii. What did the ‘wagons’ do as the thunderstorm began?  
 Name the poet of this poem.      2

(B) “When I was alive and had a human heart,’ answered the statue, ‘I did not know what tears were, for I lived in the Palace of Sanssouci, where sorrow is not allowed to enter. In the daytime, I played with my companions in the garden, and in the evening, I led the dance in the Great Hall...”

i. Who speaks the above given lines?  
 a) The Swallow      b) The Happy Prince  
 c) The seamstress      d) The Town Councillor      1.

ii. What did the speaker not know when he was alive?      1.

iii. Where did the speaker live when he was alive? What did he do in daytime?      2

10      **Answer ANY SIX of the following questions in about 30-40 words each.**       $2 \times 6 = 12$

i. Why does the poet compare Phil’s chair with a rocking horse?  
 ii. Why did Peter not wait to hear the end of the old man’s story?

- iii. Where do the stars shine?
- iv. How are the birds and cattle affected by the thunderstorm?
- v. Give any one reason for which the Swallow did not agree to help the statue at once.
- vi. Who was Mrs. Hall? Why did she not question the stranger's appearance?
- vii. What was the 'new house' where Totaram saw the other boys and girls of his village go?

**11**      **Answer ANY ONE of the following questions in about 120 words each.**

**$6 \times 1 = 6$**

- i. What made Totaram's father decide that his children must go to school?
- ii. What did Dr. Cuss tell Mrs. Hall about the man in Room 8? Describe the appearance of the stranger in the story 'The Invisible Man'.

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Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Sec: \_\_\_\_\_ Roll No.: \_\_\_\_\_

**BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR**

**ANNUAL EXAMINATION: (2024-2025)**

**MATHEMATICS**

**CLASS- VI**

**CODE : A**

**Time: 3 Hours.**

**Maximum Marks: 80**

**GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:-**

- i) All questions are compulsory.
- ii) This question paper consists of 38 questions divided into five sections A, B, C, D and E.
- iii) Section A contains 20 questions of one mark each.
- iv) Section B contains 05 questions of two marks each.
- v) Section C contains 06 questions of three marks each.
- vi) Section D contains 04 questions of five marks each.
- vii) Section E contains 03 questions of four marks of case study based questions.

**Section A**

1	A quadrilateral whose each angle is a right angle is a	1
	A) Trapezium B) parallelogram C) Rhombus D) Rectangle	
2	If $\frac{m}{4}$ is a proper fraction, which option shows the possible values of m?	1
	A) 1, 2 and 3 B) 1, 2, 3 and 4 C) 5, 6 and 7 D) 4, 5, 6 and 7	
3	Which of the following decimal numbers is the smallest?	1
	A) 25.81 B) 25.18 C) 25.87 D) 25.78	

4 Tally marks of the number 5 is denoted by 1  
A) V B) IIIII C) IIII D) 6-1

5 The ratio of 20 minutes to 1 hour is 1  
A) 20 : 1 B) 1: 3 C) 1: 4 D) 2: 5

6 The presentation of an information (data) by picture is called 1  
A) bar graph B) histogram C) pictograph D) tally mark

7 The fraction which is not equal to  $\frac{4}{5}$  is 1  
A)  $\frac{40}{50}$  B)  $\frac{9}{15}$  C)  $\frac{12}{15}$  D)  $\frac{32}{40}$

8 If the perimeter of the square is 50m, then its side is 1  
A) 200m B) 150m C) 25m D) 12.5m

9 If a student divided the number 616 by 10, which of the following options represent the answer? 1  
A) 616.0 B) 61.6 C) 6.16 D) 0.616

10 A ratio equivalent to 5 : 7 is 1  
A) 10 : 21 B) 15 : 14 C) 20 : 28 D) 25 : 49

11 The number of times a particular observation occurs is called 1  
A) frequency B) raw data C) tally mark D) range

12 Which is the correct way to represent the amount “ 8 rupees 1 and 3 paise” ?  
A) Rs. 3.08 B) Rs. 3.80 C) Rs. 8.03 D) Rs. 8.30

13 Find the area of rectangle whose length and breadth are 12cm 1 and 4cm respectively.  
A)  $64 \text{ cm}^2$  B)  $48\text{cm}^2$  C)  $84\text{cm}^2$  D)  $124\text{cm}^2$

14 Every month a person earns Rs. a, saves Rs. b and spends the 1 rest.  
A) Rs. (a -b) B) Rs. ( b- a) C) - Rs. (ab) D) - Rs. a/

15 Number of lines which can be drawn from one point. 1  
A) 1 B) 2 C) 3 D) infinite

16 If  $a, b, c$  and  $d$  are in proportion , then 1  
 A)  $ab = cd$  B)  $ad = bc$  C)  $ac = bd$  D)  $a = b$

17 Anjali thinks a number  $z$ . She multiplies the number by  $-9$  1 and subtracts it from 14. Which of these algebraic expressions she could have formed?  
 A)  $14 - 9z$  B)  $-9z - 14$  C)  $14 + 9z$  D)  $-9z + 14$

18 The length of rectangular hall is 5metres less than 4 times the breadth of the hall. Find the length, if the breadth is 5 metres. 1  
 A) 15m B) 25 m C ) 5m D) 20m

Each question consists of two statements, namely Assertion (A) and Reason (R) for selecting the correct answer, use the following code:

- I) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is a correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- II) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true but Reason (R) is not a correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- III) Assertion (A) is true and Reason (R) is false.
- IV) Assertion (A) is false and Reason (R) is true.

19 Assertion (A): In raw data, each numerical figure is called 1 observation.  
 Reason (R): The number of times a particular observation occurs is called frequency.  
 a) I b) II c) III d) IV

20 Assertion (A): The length of the hall is 40m and its width is half of its length. Therefore, the perimeter of the hall is three times of its length. 1  
 Reason (R): Area is measured in square units.  
 A) I b) II c) III d) IV

### Section - B

21 The perimeter of the rectangle is 58m. If its length is 17m, 2 find its breadth.

OR

Find the perimeter of an equilateral triangle of side 11 cm.

22 Add:- 41.8, 39.25, 5.01 and 62 2

23 If the lengths of two sides of an isosceles triangle are 3cm and 7cm. Draw the diagram and find the length of the third side. 2

24 The ratio of income to saving of a family is 11:2. Find the expenditure if the saving is Rs. 1520. 2

25 A die is thrown 25 times and the numbers appearing are as given below :  
2,1,4,6,2,3,1,5,6,3,4,5,2,1,6,6,6,3,2,2,2,4,3,2,2  
Construct data array. 2

OR

Construct the data array of the marks obtained (out of 10) by 32 students of class VI of a school in a monthly test are:  
3,0,1,9,5,7,9,7,10,5,9,10,3,7,9,7,5,3,10,5,7,9,10,9,7,7,5,9,9,1,5,7.

### Section - C

26 Akash bought vegetables weighing 10kg. Out of this, 3kg 500g is onion, 2kg 75g is tomatoes and rest is potatoes. What is the weight of potatoes? 3

27 Simplify: $-2\frac{3}{5} + 1\frac{7}{10} - 3\frac{2}{15}$ . 3

OR

The sum of two fractions is  $3\frac{5}{12}$ . If one of them is  $1\frac{3}{10}$ , find the other fraction.

28 Given below are the number of cricket bats produced in the first five consecutive months in a factory. 3

Months	March	April	May	June	July
No. Of bats	20	12	24	8	16

Draw a pictograph.

OR

The weights of 20 marbles (in grams) are given below:-  
32, 34, 31, 28, 32, 27, 29, 31, 28, 32, 25, 27, 28, 32, 34, 28, 29, 31, 28 and 25 . Prepare a table using tally marks.

29 A bullock cart travels 24 km in 3 hours and the train travels 3  
120 km in 2 hours. Find the ratio of their speeds.

30 The floor of a room is 4m long and 3m 25 cm broad. How 3  
many square metres of carpet will be needed to cover the  
entire floor?

31 Harsha's score in Mathematics is 15 more than three- fourth 3  
of her score in Science. If she scores  $x$  marks in Science. Find  
her score in Mathematics.

**Section – D**

32 The ratio of the sale of eggs on Sunday to that of the whole 5  
week of a grocery shop was 2: 9. If the total sale of eggs in  
the same week was Rs. 330, find the sale of eggs on Sunday.

OR

Mother wants to divide Rs. 36 between her daughters Shreya  
and Bhoomika in the ratio of their ages. If age of Shreya is 15  
years and the age of Bhoomika is 12 years, find how much  
Shreya and Bhoomika will get?

33 In one day a men earned Rs. $137\frac{1}{2}$ . Out of this money, he 5  
spent Rs. $56\frac{3}{4}$  on food. How much money is left with him?

34 A wire is in the shape of a square of side 10cm. If the wire is 5  
rebent into a rectangle of length 12cm, find its breadth.  
Which encloses more area, the square or the rectangle and by  
how much?

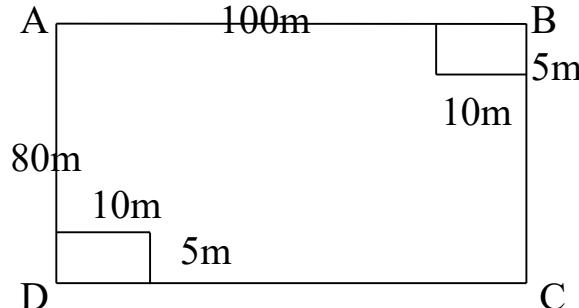
OR

A wire of length 86cm is bent in the form of a rectangle such  
that its length is 7cm more than its breath. Find the length  
and the breadth of the rectangle so formed.

35 Harsh purchased a notebook for Rs. 19.75, a pencil for Rs. 5  
3.85 and a pen for Rs. 8.35 from a bookshop. He gave a Rs.  
50 to the shopkeeper. What amount did he get back?

### Section – E

36 A rectangular shaped park ABCD of side 100mX80m has two equal rectangular flower beds each of size 10m X 5m (given in figure).



a) Find the area of the flower beds. 1  
 b) Find the length of the boundary of the remaining park.

OR

Find the area of the remaining park.

c) Find the perimeter of the flower beds. 1

37 Sameer is four times as old as his daughter Mayna and three times as old as his son Ayush. After 6 years, Sameer will be three times as old as Mayna. Now Mayna is  $x$  years old.

a) Find the present age of Sameer. 1  
 b) Find the present age of Ayush.

OR

What is Sameer's age after six years?

c) What is Ayush's age after six years? 1

38 In a school, 15 students of class VI were asked about the number of their family members. Their answers were recorded as follows: -

5, 6, 4, 3, 7, 4, 5, 4, 3, 2, 5, 6, 8, 5, 3

a) Arrange the above data in ascending order. 1  
 b) Construct frequency distribution table.

OR

Draw a pictograph from the above information.

c) Find the number of family having 5 members. 1

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Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Sec: \_\_\_\_\_ Roll No.: \_\_\_\_\_

**CODE-A**

**BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR**  
**ANNUAL EXAMINATION: (2024 – 2025)**

**SCIENCE**

**CLASS: VI**

**Time: 3 Hours**

**Maximum marks:80**

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**General Instructions:**

- (i) This question paper consists of 39 questions in 05 sections.*
- (ii) All questions are compulsory.*
- (iii) Section A consists of 20 objective type questions carrying 1 mark each.*
- (iv) Section B consists of 06 very short questions carrying 2 marks each.*
- (v) Section C consists of 07 short answer type questions carrying 3 marks each.*
- (vi) Section D consists of 03 long answer type questions carrying 5 marks each.*
- (vii) Section E consists of 03 source based / case- based units of assessment of 4 marks each.*

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## SECTION – A

**Select and write the most appropriate option out of the four options given for each of the questions 1-20.**

1	Which gas is the major part of air but does not support burning? 1
	(a) oxygen
	(b) water vapour
	(c) carbon dioxide
	(d) nitrogen
2	Which one of these observations tell us that soil has air in it? 1
	i) Plants grow in soil
	ii) When water is poured on a lump of soil, bubbles are seen
	iii) Transparent glass window appears hazy
	iv) Traffic police wears a mask
	(a) Options (ii) and (iii)
	(b) Options (iii) and (iv)
	(c) Options (i) and (ii)
	(d) Options (ii) and (iv)
3	The layer of air around the earth is known as--- 1
	(a) atmosphere
	(b) hydrosphere
	(c) lithosphere
	(d) core

4 Which of these animals use dissolved air in water for respiration? 1

(a) Man  
(b) Cow  
(c) Cat  
(d) fish

5 Which of these statements is incorrect? 1

(a) A piece of wood floats on water  
(b) Sugar does not dissolve in water  
(c) Oil does not mix with in water  
(d) Sand settles down in water

6 Identify the translucent object: 1

(a) Air  
(b) Water  
(c) Oiled paper  
(d) wood

7 Select the material which has lustre: 1

(a) Wood  
(b) Copper  
(c) Chalk  
(d) cotton

8 Where in your body do you have fixed joint? 1

(a) Knee  
(b) Elbow  
(c) Neck  
(d) skull

9	The body of fish is ----	1
	(a) square	
	(b) streamlined	
	(c) cube	
	(d) coastline	
10	A cockroach has ----	1
	(a) Three pairs of legs and two pairs of wings	
	(b) Two pairs of legs and three pairs of wings	
	(c) Six pairs of legs and four pairs of wings	
	(d) Four pairs of legs and six pairs of legs	
11	Changes in our surroundings that make us respond to them, are called---	1
	(a) Stimuli	
	(b) Growth	
	(c) Habitat	
	(d) Excretion	
12	The process of getting rid of wastes by organisms is known as ---	1
	(a) Respiration	
	(b) Excretion	
	(c) Reproduction	
	(d) Predators	

13 Materials that do not allow electric current to pass through them are called --- 1

(a) Insulators  
(b) Bulb  
(c) Conductors  
(d) switch

14. Identify the incorrect statement: 1

(a) Similar poles of a magnet repel each other  
(b) A magnet has two poles  
(c) Rubber is a magnetic material  
(d) Bar magnets always point towards North-South direction

15. Which images show the shapes of the bones in our bodies? 1

(a) X-rays  
(b) Y-rays  
(c) W-rays  
(d) UV-rays

16. The place where organisms live is called 1

(a) Desert  
(b) Mountains  
(c) Water  
(d) habitat

**Question No.17 to 20 consist of two statements- Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Answer these questions selecting the appropriate option given below:**

- (a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
- (b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- (c) A is true but R is false
- (d) A is false but R is true

17. A: Factories have long chimneys. 1  
R: This takes the harmful smoke and gases away from our noses.

18. A: A snail has an outer skeleton called the shell. 1  
R: It is made of bones.

19. A: An electric bulb has a filament that is connected to its terminals. 1  
R: Electric cell is a source of electricity.

20. A: Animals reproduce their own kind. 1  
R: Plants also reproduce.

## **SECTION -B**

**Question No.21 to 26 are very short answer questions.**

21. What happens when air comes in contact with a cool surface? 2

22. How does the 305 bones of human skeleton at birth decrease to 206 bones by adulthood? 2

23. How are snow leopards adapted to walk on snow? 2

**OR**

How can mountain goats run on rocky slopes of mountains?

24. Why does an electric bulb not glow even if it is connected 2 to the cell?

25. How do magnets become weak or lose their properties? 2

**OR**

Write any two properties of a magnet.

26. What is a ball and socket joint? 2

**SECTION-C**

**Question No. 27 to 33 are short answer questions.**

27. Explain with the help of an activity how you will observe 3 the presence of dust particles in air.

28. On what basis do we group materials together and why 3 do we need to group things?

**OR**

Explain with one example of each, how a hard material is different from a soft one.

29. (a) Where is pivotal joint present in our body? 3  
(b) What type of movement does it allow?  
(c) How are these movements different from that of ball and socket joint?

30. Write about any three adaptations of a camel to survive in 3 desert conditions.

31. Why should an electrician use rubber gloves while 3 repairing an electric switch at your home? Explain.

32.	How were magnets discovered?	3
33.	Draw and label four different shapes of magnets.	3

## **SECTION -D**

**Question No. 34 to 36 are long answer questions.**

**Attempt either A or B along with their sub-parts:**

34. A.	5
(a)	Show, with the help of an activity, how some substances can be soluble while others can be insoluble in water.
(b)	Name two objects made of wood.

**OR**

B.	
(a)	What do you understand by transparent materials?
(b)	Why do shopkeepers prefer to keep eatables in transparent containers?
(c)	Write two examples of transparent materials?

35. A.	5
(a)	How is adaptation different from acclimatization?
(b)	What are biotic and abiotic components of a habitat?

**OR**

B.	
(a)	How do some sea animals like whales and dolphins, that do not have gills, breathe?
(b)	How do desert plants reduce the loss of water through transpiration?

- (a) How can you keep/store a bar magnet and a horse-shoe magnet safely?
- (b) Support the above answer with the help of two diagrams.

**OR**

B.

- (a) A bar magnet has no markings to indicate its poles. How would you find out near which end is its north pole located?
- (b) Why do we call certain materials as magnetic or non-magnetic?

**SECTION -E**

**Question No. 37 to 39 are case based / data-based questions with 2 to 3 short sub-parts. Internal choice is provided in one of these sub – parts.**

37. Until the eighteenth century, people thought that air was just one substance. Experiments have proved that it is really not so. Air is a mixture of many gases.

- (a) What is the composition of air? 1
- (b) Write the property or use of any one of the components.
- (c) Why do mountaineers carry oxygen cylinders with them? 1

**OR**

- (c) Why is one advised to wrap a woollen blanket over a burning object, during an incident of fire? 2

38

Our bodies are capable of many movements. Healthy bones, muscles, joints and cartilages are needed by the body for all these movements.

(a) Suggest one ancient Indian traditional method to keep our bones healthy. 1

(b) When has the United Nations declared a special day for it? 1

(c) What is a cartilage and where is it present? 2

**OR**

(c) Describe briefly the structure of our backbone. 2

39

We use electricity for many purposes to make our tasks easier. Electricity makes it possible to light our homes, roads, offices, markets and factories even after sunset. Imagine there were no electric supply for a day. Imagine how it would affect our day-to-day activities and others in our family. In such situations, a torch is sometimes used for providing light.

(a) Where does the torch get electricity from? 1

(b) What is an electric switch? 1

(c) Draw the inside view of a torch and label any two parts. 2

**OR**

(c) What do you understand by an electric circuit? 2

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Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Sec: \_\_\_\_\_ Roll No.: \_\_\_\_\_

CODE-A

**BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR**  
**ANNUAL EXAMINATION: [2024-2025]**  
**SOCIAL SCIENCE**  
**CLASS – VI**

**Time:3 Hours**

**Maximum Marks: 80**

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**General Instructions:**

(i) *This question paper consists of two sections - A and B. Section-A is from History and Civics. Section-B is from Geography.*

(ii) *Both the sections are compulsory. Attempt all questions according to the instructions given.*

(iii) *Questions 16, 17, 34 and 35 have internal choices, Attempt either a.(i )and a.(ii) OR b.(i) and b.(ii) for these questions.*

(iv) *Question number 18 and 36 are map based questions. The maps are provided with the question paper. Complete the maps and attach the same to your answer sheet.*

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**SECTION - A**

1. **Fill in the blanks:** 1

Ashoka attacked and conquered \_\_\_\_\_

i)Kargil  
ii)Kalinga  
iii)Kalimpong  
iv)Kathmandu

2. **Match the following:** 1

i)Iron pillar	a) Banabhatta
ii) Harshacharita	b) Fa Hsien
iii) avatar	c) at Mehrauli, Delhi
iv) Chinese Buddhist pilgrim	d) incarnation

**options:**

I) i-b, ii-d, iii-a, iv-c  
II) i-d, ii-c, iii-a, iv-b  
III) i-b, ii-d, iii-c, iv-a  
IV) i-c, ii-a, iii-d, iv-b

3. **Choose the correct statement:** 1

- i) In a democratic country the government is elected for an unlimited period of time.
- ii) Once elected the government can stay in power forever.
- iii) If the people are satisfied with the government they may re-elect it.
- iv) Elections are held after every seven years.

4. **Complete the sentence from the options given:** 1

The Indian government is allowed to give special benefits to .....  
i) richer sections of the population.  
ii) the prosperous sections of the population.  
iii) the affluent sections of the population.  
iv) the weaker sections of the population.

5. **Choose the correct option:** 1

In India elections are held after ever

- i) 3 years
- ii) 4 years
- iii) 5 years
- iv) 7 years

6. **Fill in the blanks:** 1

In some cities \_\_\_\_\_ tax is collected on certain roads and bridges.

- i) toll
- ii) custom
- iii) octroi
- iv) excise duty

7. **State whether the statements are true or false:** 1

**Statement I:** India is a secular country.

**Statement II:** This means that all religions are equal before the government and the law of the land.

- i) Both Statement I and Statement II are true.
- ii) Statement I is true but Statement II is false.
- iii) Statement I is false but Statement II is true.
- iv) Both Statement I and Statement II are false.

8.

**Complete the table:**

1

Word	Meaning
Prejudice	?

- i) Separation by means of racial discrimination.
- ii) Presence of a wide range of qualities or features.
- iii) An opinion formed without any proof either in favour of something or against it.
- iv) Difference in social or economic status.

9

**Choose the correct option:**

1

The South African leader who fought against apartheid.

- i) Nelson Ryan
- ii) Nelson Mandela
- iii) Nelson Sean
- iv) Nelson Armstrong

10.

What did the Buddha mean by middle path?

2

11.

Identify the person in the image below and what did he fight against.

2



12.

What measures did Ashoka adopt for the welfare of his subjects?

3

13.

There can be justice only when there is equality. Justify this statement.

3

14.

Write three functions that a Municipal Corporation performs.

3

15.

**Read the following source and answer the questions that follow:**

Chandragupta I was succeeded by his son Samudragupta, often regarded as the greatest ruler of the Gupta dynasty. Samudragupta was a warrior, scholar, musician, poet and above all, a good ruler. He was a Hindu but was tolerant towards Buddhists and Jains.

We get information about

Samudragupta's reign mainly from coins and inscriptions. The Allahabad pillar inscription is a prashasti (literary work in praise of a ruler) on Samudragupta's military achievements. It was composed in Sanskrit by the court poet Harishena.

## **option:**

- I) i-b, ii-a, iii-d, iv-c
- II) i-d, ii-a, iii-b, iv-c
- III) i-c, ii-d, iii-a, iv-b
- IV) i-b, ii-c, iii-d, iv-a

21.

### Choose the correct statement:

1

- i) The northern plains are a large stretch of uneven and infertile land.
- ii) These plains have been formed by the alluvial deposits of the Indus, Ganga, Brahmaputra and their tributaries.
- iii) The northern plains are among the smallest plains in the world.
- iv) These plains comprise of four distinct parts.

22

Complete the sentence from the option given below:

1

During the season of retreating monsoon, the pressure in

.....

- i) north- eastern India starts increasing.
- ii) south- western India starts increasing.
- iii) north- western India starts increasing.
- iv) north- western India starts decreasing.

23

### Choose the correct option:

1

Choose the correct option:

- i)mountain forest
- ii)thorn forest
- iii)monsoon forest
- iv)tidal forest

24

#### IV) tidal forest

1

**Fill in the blanks.**  
In India, the first week of \_\_\_\_\_ is observed as Wildlife Week every year.

- i) October
- ii) December
- iii) May
- iv) July

25

State whether the following sentences are true or false:

1

**Statement I:** All planets revolve around the sun in the anticlockwise direction.

**Statement II:** Each planet revolves in its own slightly elliptical path called orbit.

i) Both statement I and II are true.

ii) Statement I is true but statement II is false.  
iii) Statement I is false but statement II is true.  
iv) Both statement I and II are false.

26. **Complete the table:**

1

The star nearest to the sun	?
-----------------------------	---

i) Epsilon Eridani  
ii) Procyon  
iii) Sirius A  
iv) Proxima Centauri

27. **Choose the correct option:**

1

The largest planet in the solar system is

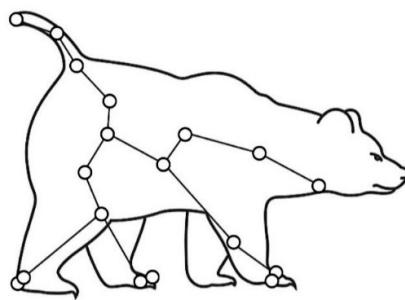
i) Mars  
ii) Earth  
iii) Jupiter  
iv) Mercury

28. Name the three Himalayan ranges.

2

29. Identify the image given below. What is a constellation?

2



30. How does India's eastern coastal plain differ from the western coastal plain? 3

31. Why are forests important for the air and soil? 3

32. State the similarities and differences between a planet and a dwarf planet. 3

33. **Read the following source and answer the questions that follow:**

The state of the atmosphere at a place at any time is called weather. When we say it is hot or cold or sunny, cloudy, rainy, windy, and so on, we actually refer to the weather. Climate is the average weather, or regular pattern of weather conditions of a

particular place over a period of time. The climate of a country plays a major role in shaping the lives of its people. It determines, for example, the crops they grow, the clothes they wear, and even many of their festivals.

i) Define weather.	1
ii) What is climate?	1
iii) How does climate shape the lives of people?	2
34. a.(i) Describe the Deccan Plateau. Mention its location, the hills bounding it and the rivers flowing through it.	3
a.(ii) Which two island groups are a part of India? Mention in short their location and nature	2
OR	
b.(i) What is a peninsula? Which water bodies surround the Indian peninsula?	3
b.(ii) What are deltas?	2
35. a.(i) How are wildlife sanctuaries helpful?	3
a.(ii) The temperature is generally quite high throughout India. Why?	2
OR	
b.(i) Mention some of the products obtained from the forests of India.	3
b.(ii) Name two national parks of India.	2
36. On the political map of India mark and label the following states. Gujarat                   Tamil Nadu                   West Bengal                   Uttar Pradesh	1x4

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**BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR**  
**ANNUAL EXAMINATION [2024-2025]**  
**INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY**  
**CLASS-VI**

**Time: 1Hrs. Maximum Marks:50**

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**General Instructions:**

- All questions are compulsory.

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**SECTION A**

**Competency Focused MCQ Questions**

1.
  - i. Avantika wants to send some document file to her friend through email. What option she should choose to do so?  
a. Forward b. Delete c. Reply d. Attach Files
  - ii. Aman wants to make the text italics in his webpage. What tag he should use?  
a. <B> b. <P> c. <I> d. <U>
  - iii. Diya wants to give the maximum size in the font tag. What size will she give to make her text big?  
a. 1 b. 2 c. 3 d. 7
  - iv. Tina wants to translate high level language program to machine language line by line .  
a. Compiler b. Interpreter  
c. assembler d. none
  - v. Python is free to use and distribute. Which feature matches with the statement?  
a. Open-source b. Shareware  
c. Productive d. Speedy
2.
  - i. Aditi wants to add her name, company logo, contact number and address at the end of her every email messages. Which option she should choose to do so.  
a. Reply b. forward  
c. Email Signature d. none

ii. Sima wants to display text smaller than default size . Which tag she should use? 1  
 a.<SUB>                    b.<SUP>  
 c.<SMALL>                d.<BIG>

iii. Sony wants to set a colour as background in her webpage. What attribute she will use in Body tag. 1  
 a.background    b.Bgcolor    c.Text                d.none

iv. Gia wants to explain about event driven programming language in class. Choose the correct example for her. 1  
 a.Java            b.COBOL            c.Visual Basic    d.C++

v. Walter wants to explain the merits of Python . Choose the correct option the help him to do so. 1  
 a.Improved Productivity  
 b.Dynamically Typed  
 c.Free and Open-source  
 d.All of these

**[Select Response Type MCQ Question]**

3. i. \_\_\_\_\_ option is used to send the messages to any other recipients. 1  
 a.Delete                    b.compose  
 c.Forward                d.Attach

ii. To display the text center aligned which tag is used? 1  
 a.<CENTER>            b.<TT>            c.<BIG>    d.<SUB>

iii. \_\_\_\_\_ is the valueless attribute of <HR>tag. 1  
 a.width                    b.align  
 c.noshade                d.size

iv. Full form of OOP is \_\_\_\_\_. 1  
 a.Object Ornament Programming  
 b.Object Oriented Programming  
 c.Object Option Programming  
 d.Option Oriented Programming

v. The creator of the Python programming language liked a TV show called \_\_\_\_\_. 1  
 a.Monty Python's Sky Ring  
 b.Monty Python's Fly Ring  
 c.Monty Python's Flying Circus  
 d.Monty Python's Running Circus

4. i. Exchange of email messages and replies among the people is called a \_\_\_\_\_. 1  
 a.chat      b.blog  
 c.Reply      d.none of these

ii. \_\_\_\_ tag is used to display text in subscript. 1  
 a.<SUB>    b.<SUP>    c.<Strike>    d.<BIG>

iii. The entity for © symbol is \_\_\_\_\_. 1  
 a.&Hat;      b.&copy;  
 c.&cent;      d.&pound;

iv. \_\_\_\_\_ operator results true if both of its operands are true, false otherwise. 1  
 a.AND    b.OR    c.NOT    d.\*

v. Python was developed in the year \_\_\_\_\_. 1  
 a.1990    b.1995    c.1991    d.1997

5. i. \_\_\_\_\_ field must be used to mention recipients' address when you do not want other recipients in the copy to know which other recipient are there. 1  
 a.Cc      b.Bcc  
 c.Copy      d.Subject

ii. \_\_\_\_\_ displays the text as striken off. 1  
 a.<BIG>      b.<SUB>  
 c.<STRIKE>    d.<SUP>

iii. The colour code of white in HTML is \_\_\_\_\_. 1  
 a.#08000    b.#ffffff  
 c.#ff00ff    d.#FFFFF0

iv. A \_\_\_\_\_ can contain numbers, alphabets and symbols. 1  
 a.numeric    b.character    c.string    d.none

v. \_\_\_\_\_ is the shortcut key to exit Python Shell. 1  
 a.Ctrl+N    b.Ctrl+X    c.Ctrl+Z    d.Ctrl+C

6. i. \_\_\_\_\_ option is used to send reply message to the sender in an email. 1  
 a.Forward    b.Delete    c.Reply    d.Attach

ii. Press \_\_\_\_\_ to refresh the webpage after you make the changes in your html file and save it. 1  
 a.F4    b.F5    c.F6    d.F8

iii. \_\_\_\_\_ attribute is used to change text colour in Body tag. 1  
 a.Bgcolor    b.background    c.Text    d.none



**Answer the following questions**

9.	What is E-mail?	2
10.	What is the difference between Container tag and Empty Tag?	2
11.	What is the use of <HR> tag? Name any two attributes of <HR> tag.	2
12.	Name the four categories of computer languages.	2
13.	Write down 2 modes of IDLE.	2

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Name: .....

Sec: .....

Roll No.: .....

CODE-

**BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR**

**ANNUAL EXAMINATION [2024-2025]**

**L2 - HINDI**

**CLASS- VI**

**Time: 3 HRS**

**Maximum Marks:-80**

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**General Instructions:**

**सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए-**

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**प्रश्न 1. कदंब का पेड़ कविता की दस पंक्तियाँ कवि / कवयित्री के नाम के साथ लिखिए।**  $5 \times 1 = 5$

**प्रश्न 2. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों का एक वाक्य में उत्तर लिखिए :-**  $1 \times 4 = 4$

क. युधिष्ठिर ने राज्य किसे सौंपा ?

ख. सेवक किससे मदद माँगने गया ?

ग. शेंगान कौन था ?

घ. शक्ति सिंह कौन था ?

**प्रश्न 2. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों का उत्तर लिखिए :-**  $2 \times 6 = 12$

क. सेवक ने बादशाह को क्यों नहीं बताया कि तोता मर गया है ?

ख. श्रृंगी ने परीक्षित को शाप क्यों दिया था ?

ग. भानुदत्त के राज्य में क्या - क्या परिवर्तन होते जा रहे थे ?

घ. बहुरूपिए ने सेठ को क्या उपदेश दिया ?

ड. लड़का माँ और बहन के जाने के बाद उदास क्यों था ?

च. शक्ति सिंह अपना बदला किससे और क्यों लेना चाहता था ?

**प्रश्न 4. नीचे लिखे शब्दों के अर्थ लिखिए :-**

$1 \times 5 = 5$

संगत    प्रतिशोध    भेंट    व्यंजन    पश्चात

**प्रश्न 5. बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्न-**

$1 \times 10 = 10$

क. माँ ने सोने की कौन सी वस्तु बेटे को दी ?

i. कंगन      ii. सिक्का      iii. अँगूठी      iv. मुहर

ख. शक्ति सिंह की पत्नी का नाम था -

i. मोहिनी      ii. रोहिणी      iii. सोहनी      iv. रागिनी

ग. नीरू और नीमा थे ----

i. किसान      ii. जुलाहा      iii. मोची      iv. साधु

घ. बालक कहाँ छिप जाता है ?

i. घर में      ii. पत्तों में      iii. छत पर      iv. बाग में

ड. कौन बीमार हो गयी थी ?

i. सेठ की पत्नी      ii. सेठ की बहन      iii. महारानी      iv. माँ

च. फ़क़ीर ने बादशाह अकबर को क्या भेंट दिया ?

i. कबूतर      ii. मुकुट      iii. तोता      iv. मोर

छ. मछुआरे ने इनाम में कितने कोड़े माँगे ?

i. तीस      ii. चालीस      iii. पचास      iv. सौ

ज. परीक्षित ने किससे जल माँगा ?

i. ऋषि से      ii. श्रृंगी से      iii. अर्जुन से      iv. पत्नी से

झ. राजा भानुदत्त कैसे राजा थे ?

i. पापी      ii. दयालु      iii. दुष्ट      iv. क्रूर

ज. अमीर बाप के बेटे ने क्या उठाया ?

i. पेटी      ii. डिब्बा      iii. सिंगारदान      iv. मुहर

**प्रश्न 6.** नीचे लिखे प्रश्नों का उत्तर लिखिए। (कोई एक)  $4 \times 1 = 4$

क. राम और रावण के युद्ध का संक्षिप्त वर्णन करे।

**अथवा**

ख. राम के राज्याभिषेक की क्या तैयारियाँ की गयी थी ?

**प्रश्न 7.** क्रिया किसे कहते हैं ? क्रिया के कितने भेद हैं नाम

लिखिए।  $4 \times 1 = 4$

**प्रश्न 8.** इनमे से किसी एक विषय पर अनुच्छेद लिखिए।  $6 \times 1 = 6$

क. अनुशासन

ख. व्यायाम के लाभ

ग. मेरा विद्यालय

**प्रश्न 9.** प्रधानाचार्य को क्षमा याचना करते हुए पत्र लिखिए।  $5 \times 1 = 5$

**अथवा**

पुरस्कार मिलने पर मित्र/ सखी को पत्र लिखिये।

### प्रश्न 10. नीचे लिखे मुहावरे को उनके सही अर्थ से मिलान करे। $1/2 \times 4 = 2$

क. चकमा देना	i. कल्पनाओं में डूबे रहना
ख. हवाई किले बनाना	ii. भूख लगना
ग. उल्लू बनाना	iii. धोखा देना
घ. पेट में चूहे दौड़ना	iv. मूर्ख बनाना

### प्रश्न 11. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों का निर्देशानुसार उत्तर लिखिए :-

क. उक्त शब्दों के दो-दो अनेकार्थक शब्द लिखिए।  $1 \times 4 = 4$

i. मधु      ii. खल      iii. ज़माना      iv. मंगल

ख. लिंग बदले –  $1 \times 4 = 4$

i. मालिक      ii. प्रिय      iii. बलवान      iv. पंडित

ग. वचन बदले –  $1 \times 4 = 4$

i. सेनाएँ      ii. बगीचा      iii. बिंदिया      iv. पहाड़ियाँ

घ. i. 'प्रबल' और 'स्वदेश' शब्दों से उपसर्ग अलग करे।  $1 \times 2 = 2$

ii. 'रंगीला' और 'जादूगर' शब्दों से प्रत्यय अलग करे।  $1 \times 2 = 2$

### प्रश्न 12. नीचे लिखे गद्यांश को पढ़ कर प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए।

खेलने से शरीर स्वस्थ रहता है। शरीर के अंगों का व्यायाम हो जाता है। खेलने से मिलकर काम करने की भावना आती है। सांस्कृतिक गतिविधियों में भाग लेने से कलात्मक विकास होता है। कविता लिखना, गाना, नृत्य, चित्र आदि विभिन्न प्रतियोगिताओं में भाग लेने से विद्यार्थियों की कलात्मक रूचि विकसित होती है। वाद-विवाद में भाग लेने से तर्क शक्ति बढ़ती है। विद्यालयों में इनकी सुविधा होती है।

**प्रश्न-**

**$1 \times 3 = 3$**

क. खेलने से शरीर कैसा बनता है ?

i. अस्वस्थ      ii. स्वस्थ      iii. कमज़ोर      iv. सुंदर

ख. मिलकर काम करने की भावना आती है-----

i. दौड़ने से      ii. पढ़ने से      iii. व्यायाम से      iv. खेलने से

ग. सांस्कृतिक गतिविधियों में भाग लेने से विकास होता है-----

i. कलात्मक      ii. संगीतात्मक      iii. गद्यात्मक      iv. रचनात्मक

घ. विद्यार्थियों की कलात्मक रूचि कैसे विकसित होती है?      2

ङ. विद्यार्थियों की तर्क शक्ति कैसे बढ़ती है ?      2

=====



Code :

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Sec \_\_\_\_\_ Roll No. \_\_\_\_\_

**BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR**  
**ANNUAL EXAMINATION [2024-2025]**  
**BENGALI (L2)**  
**CLASS – VI**

**TIME : 3 Hours** **Maximum Marks : 80**

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**General Instructions :**

1. The Question paper contains 14 printed pages.
2. The Question paper contains 16 questions.
3. The Question paper is divided into two parts.

**PART – A : Objectives type questions (MCQ) : 25 Marks**

**PART – B : Descriptive Paper : 55 Marks**

4. **PART – A has three sections : (MCQ)**

**Section – A : Reading (Unseen Comprehension) : 12 Marks**

**Section – B : Grammar : 3 Marks**

**Section – C : Main Course Book & Supplementary Reader**

**Non detailed Text : 10 Marks**

**PART - B has three sections : (Subjective)**

**Section – B : Grammar : 10 Marks**

**Section – C : Main Course Book & Supplementary Reader**

**Non detailed Text : 33 Marks**

**Section – D : Creative Writing : 12 Marks**

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## **PART – A : Objective type Questions (MCQ) : 25 Marks**

### **SECTION – A**

#### **(Reading : Unseen Comprehension)**

1) অনুচ্ছেদগুলি পাঠ করে প্রদত্ত প্রশ্নগুলির সঠিক উত্তরটি নির্বাচন করে লেখো –

**$(1 \times 4) \times 3 = 12$**

A) আমাদের দলের পাণ্ডা ছিলেন রবিকাকা। আমরা সব একদিন জুতোর দোকান খুলে বসলুম। বাড়ির বুড়ো সরকার খুঁতখুঁত করতে লাগল। বললে – ‘বাবুরা, ওটা বাদ দিয়ে স্বদেশি করুন না – জুতোর দোকান খোলা, এসব কেন আবার।’ মন্ত্র সাইনবোর্ড টাঙ্গানো হল দোকানের সামনে – ‘স্বদেশি ভাণ্ডার’। ঠিক হল স্বদেশি জিনিস ছাড়া আর কিছু থাকবে না দোকানে। শুধু কী দোকান – জায়গায় জায়গায় পল্লি সমিতি গঠন হচ্ছে। প্লেগ এল, সেবা সমিতি হল, তাতে সিস্টার নিবেদিতা এসে যোগ দিলেন। চারদিক থেকে ‘সেলফ স্যাক্রিফাইসের’ ও একটা আত্মীয়তার ভাব এসেছিল সবার মনে।

(i) জুতোর দোকানের নাম কী দেওয়া হয়েছিল ?

(a) দেশি জুতোর দোকান      (b) স্বদেশি ভাণ্ডার  
(c) জুতোর ভাণ্ডার      (d) সু হাউস

(ii) সেবা সমিতিতে কে এসে যোগ দিয়েছিলেন ?

(a) মাদার টেরিজা      (b) গান্ধীজি  
(c) সিস্টার নিবেদিতা      (d) স্বামী বিবেকানন্দ

(iii) দোকানটিতে কোন্ জিনিস বিক্রি করা হবে বলে স্থির হল ?

(a) শুধুমাত্র জামাকাপড়	(b) বিদেশি জিনিস
(c) নানা রকম শিল্পকর্ম	(d) স্বদেশি জিনিস

(iv) ‘রবি’ – শব্দটির সমার্থক শব্দ হল –

(a) পাবক	(b) শশধর
(c) অবনী	(d) ভানু

**B)** কিছুদিন পূর্বেও মানুষের ধারণা ছিল এই পৃথিবী অসীম এবং তার সম্পদও অফুরন্ত। জীবশ্রেষ্ঠ মানুষ যত খুশি এবং যেভাবে খুশি এই সম্পদ ব্যবহার করতে পারে, সকল সম্পদই তার ভোগের জন্য। মানুষ তাই নিজেদের জীবনধারণের জন্য যেটুকু সম্পদ দরকার, উন্নয়নের নামে তার চেয়ে অনেক বেশি সম্পদকে যথেচ্ছ ও অপরিকল্পিতভাবে ব্যবহার করতে শুরু করে। ফলে প্রাকৃতিক ভারসাম্য ক্রমশ বিনষ্ট হতে থাকে। প্রকৃতিতে অবস্থিত খাদ্যশৃঙ্খল, বিভিন্ন জৈবরাসায়নিক চক্র ক্ষতিগ্রস্ত হয়। মজুত হতে থাকে পৌর ও শিল্পজাত আবর্জনা, যার দ্বারা সৃষ্টি হয় পরিবেশ দূষণের। পৃথিবীর সর্বত্র পরিবেশগত সংকট সৃষ্টি হয়েছে। আজ বিংশ শতাব্দীর শেষ প্রান্তে আমরা আমাদের এই সুন্দর পৃথিবী নামক গ্রহটিকে এমন একটা অবস্থার মধ্যে এনে দাঁড় করিয়েছি যার ফলে আমাদের অস্তিত্ব বিপন্ন হতে চলেছে।

(i) কিছুদিন পূর্বেও মানুষের কী ধারণা ছিল ?

(a) পৃথিবী ধৰ্মস হয়ে যাবে

(b) পৃথিবী অসীম এবং তার সম্পদ ও অফুরন্ত

(c) পৃথিবীতে কোনোও সম্পদ নেই

(d) পৃথিবী সীমাবদ্ধ

(ii) কীভাবে পরিবেশ দূষিত হয় ?

(a) শহরে পৌর ও শিল্পজাত আবর্জনা পরিবেশ দূষিত করে

(b) পৃথিবীর সম্পদ ফুরিয়ে গেলে

(c) প্রাকৃতিক ভারসাম্য বিনষ্ট হলে

(d) কোনোটিই সঠিক নয়

(iii) জীবশ্রেষ্ঠ বলতে কাকে বোঝানো হয়েছে ?

(a) মানুষকে	(b) প্রকৃতিকে
(c) বন্যপ্রাণীকে	(d) অরণ্যকে

(iv) পদান্তর করো - পৃথিবী।

(a) প্রকৃতি	(b) প্রার্থী
(c) প্রাণী	(d) পার্থিব

C) মিন্টুর দাদা রঞ্জন ছবি আঁকে। কী সুন্দর! পদ্ম, হাঁস, মানুষ, রাজা-রানি, আরও কত কী।

মিন্টুও একদিন দাদার ছবি আঁকবার সাদা কাগজ, কালি আর কলম নিয়ে একখানা ছবি আঁকল। ছবির বিষয় হল, মা তার ছোটো বোন মিনুকে ঝিনুক দিয়ে দুধ খাওয়াচ্ছে, আর সামনে চুপ করে বসে আছে পুষি।

ছবিখানি কী সুন্দর হল। মিন্টু ছুটে গেল মাকে দেখাতে। মা তখন ও বাড়ির বুড়ি মাসির সঙ্গে বারান্দায় বসে গল্লি করছেন আর চুল শুকোচ্ছেন। মা ছবি দেখেই বললেন, ‘এ কাগজ তুই কোথায় পেলি, অ্যাঁ ? রঞ্জনের বুবি ?’

মিন্টু বলল, ‘ছবিখানা সুন্দর হয়নি ? বল না।’

রঞ্জনের দরকারি কাগজপত্র নষ্ট করছ ?

‘নষ্ট করলাম বুবি ? ছবি এঁকেছি তো ! সুন্দর হয়নি ?’

‘ছাই হয়েছে! ভুত আঁকা হয়েছে। সে এসে তোমার কী করে দেখো। শিগগির রেখে এসো তার কলম। আর কখ্খনো ওতে হাত দিয়েছ কী মজা দেখবে।’

বুড়ি মাসি বললেন, ‘আহা, কেন বকছ ? বাছা, ও কী বোঝে ? দেখো তো, মুখখানা কেমন হয়ে গেল।’

(i) মিন্টুর দাদার নাম কী ?

(a) অঞ্জন	(b) রঞ্জন
(c) দেবরঞ্জন	(d) কাঞ্জন

(ii) মিন্টু তার আঁকা ছবিটি কাকে প্রথম দেখাতে নিয়ে গেল ?

(a) তার বাবাকে	(আ) তার মা কে
(c) তার দাদাকে	(d) তার দিদিকে

(iii) মিন্টুর দাদা কী করত ?

(a) সুন্দর ছবিগুলি নষ্ট করত

(b) শুধুমাত্র খেলাধুলা করত  
 (c) পড়াশোনা করত  
 (d) নানা জিনিসের সুন্দর ছবি আঁকত  
 (iv) লিঙ্গ পরিবর্তন করো - রানি।

(a) প্রজা (b) রাজ্য  
 (c) রাজা (d) মহিলা

## **PART – B**

### **GRAMMAR : (MCQ)**

2) ব্যাকরণ থেকে প্রদত্ত প্রশ্নগুলির সঠিক বিকল্প উত্তরটি বেছে লেখো (যে কোনো তিনটি) – **1×3=3**

(i) উত্তম পুরুষ সর্বদাই –  
 (a) বিশেষ (b) বিশেষণ  
 (c) সর্বনাম (d) ক্রিয়াপদ

(ii) সূর্য + উদয় – সম্মিলিত করলে হবে –  
 (a) সুর্যোদয় (b) সূর্যোদয়  
 (c) সূর্যউদয় (d) সুয়দয়

(iii) ‘মোদের’ শব্দটি –  
 (a) প্রথম পুরুষ (b) মধ্যম পুরুষ  
 (c) উত্তম পুরুষ (d) কোনোটিই সঠিক নয়

(iv) 'দেৰষি' শব্দটি সঞ্চি বিচ্ছেদ কৰলে হবে -

(a) দেৰ + রিষি	(b) দেৰ + রিষি
(c) দেৰ + খাযি	(d) দেৰ + রীশি

(v) 'আগুন' শব্দটির সমার্থক শব্দ হল -

(a) কানন	(b) জগৎ
(c) অনল	(d) মিহিৰ

### **SECTION – C**

#### **MAIN COURSE BOOK & SUPPLEMENTARY READER / NON DETAILED TEXT : (MCQ)**

3) পাঠ্য গদ্য থেকে প্রদত্ত প্রশ্নগুলির সঠিক বিকল্প উত্তরটি নির্বাচন কৰে লেখো (যে কোনো ছটি) - **1×6=6**

(i) শ্যামলালের স্ত্রী'র নাম -

(a) আত্রেয়ী	(b) নারায়নী
(c) শশিমুখী	(d) শকুন্তলা

(ii) 'তম্ভুৱা' শব্দের অর্থ হল -

(a) তনপুৱা	(b) সেতার
(c) বীণা	(d) বেহালা

(iii) 'সিদ্ধার্থ সেই ঘোড়ায় চড়ে গেলেন' - কোথায় গেলেন ?

(a) গঙ্গা নদীৰ পাড়ে	(b) অনামা নদীৰ পাড়ে
(c) যমুনা নদীৰ পাড়ে	(d) তিঙ্গা নদীৰ পাড়ে

(iv) নীলমনি ডাক্তার নিক্তি হাতে যা করছিলেন -

(a) ঔষধ ওজন (b) সবজি ওজন

(c) ময়দা ওজন (d) বই ওজন

(v) বিন্ধ্যাচল পাহাড়ের মাঝখানে কী ?

(a) রাজগেহ নগর (b) কপিলাবস্তু

(c) হস্তিনাপুর (d) বৈশালী নগর

(vi) নিখিল বসবাস করে ও পড়াশোনা করে -

(a) মেসে থেকে (b) বন্ধুর বাড়ি থেকে

(c) আত্মীয়ের বাড়ি থেকে (d) স্যারের বাড়ি থেকে

(vii) ঋষিদের আশ্রমে সিদ্ধার্থ কতদিন ছিলেন ?

(a) পাঁচদিন (b) তিনদিন

(c) সাতদিন, সাতরাত্রি (d) দুদিন

(viii) দুটি টাকা মাত্র সাহায্য চাইতে গিয়ে নিখিল যার কাছে পাইনি, তিনি হলেন -

(a) ব্রতীনবাবু (b) অশোকবাবু

(c) মলয়বাবু (d) সতীশবাবু

4) সহায়ক পাঠ থেকে প্রদত্ত প্রশ্নগুলির সঠিক বিকল্প উত্তরটি নির্বাচন করে লেখো  
(যে কোনো চারটি) -  $1 \times 4 = 4$

(i) তখনকার দিনে কীসের নামে মানুষ হতঙ্গান হত ?

(a) মড়া পোড়ানোর ভয়ে (b) চিকিৎসার ভয়ে  
(c) ওলাউঠার ভয়ে (d) বাঘের ভয়ে

(ii) জটি পিসিমার বাড়িতে তালনবমীর নিমন্ত্রণ ছিল -  
(a) সোমবার (b) মঙ্গলবার  
(c) রবিবার (d) বুধবার

(iii) বিষ্টু পাণ্ডিতের গৃহিণীর দেহ কখন শুশানঘাটে পৌঁছাল ?  
(a) রাত একটার সময় (b) রাত দুটোর সময়  
(c) রাত তিনটোর সময় (d) সকাল সাতটার সময়

(iv) অবস্থাপন বাড়ির ছেলে -  
(a) গোপাল (b) কুড়োরাম  
(c) চুনি (d) নেপাল

(v) মড়ার লেপকাঁথার ভিতর লুকিয়ে ছিল -  
(a) নুর (b) মনি  
(c) লালু (d) গোপাল খুড়ো

(vi) স্বপ্নে লাবণ্যদি থালা উপুর করে গোপালের পাতে কী দিয়েছিল ?  
(a) তালপিটুলি (b) তালের বড়  
(c) তিলপিটুলি (d) পুলি পিঠে

## **PART – B**

### **(DESCRIPTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS) : 55 MARKS**

#### **SECTION – B**

##### **GRAMMAR : (SUBJECTIVE)**

**5) A) সঞ্চি বিচ্ছেদ করো (যে কোনো দুটি) –  $1 \times 2 = 2$**

- i) উত্তমণ –
- ii) হিতোপদেশ –
- iii) জনৈক –
- iv) দেবেন্দ্র –
- v) অনুদিত –

**B) সঞ্চিবদ্ধ পদটি লেখো (যে কোনো দুটি) –  $1 \times 2 = 2$**

- i) মহী + ইন্দ্র –
- ii) সপ্ত + ঋষি –
- iii) তারক + ঈশ্বর –
- iv) তথা + এবচ –
- v) ধর্ম + অধর্ম –

**6) নিচে দেওয়া প্রতিটি শব্দের দুটি করে প্রতিশব্দ লেখো –  $1 \times 3 = 3$**

- i) বায়ু –
- ii) পদ্ম –
- iii) মেঘ –
- iv) বাড়ি –

v) রাত্রি -

7) নিম্নলিখিত প্রশ্নগুলির উত্তর দাও (যে কোনো তিনটি) -  $1 \times 3 = 3$

- i) কোন্ কোন্ পুরুষের কোনো লিঙ্গভেদ নেই ?
- ii) বক্তা নিজেকে বোঝাতে যে সর্বনাম শব্দ ব্যবহার করে, তাকে .....  
পুরুষ বলে।
- iii) ক্রিয়ার আশ্রয়কে কী বলা হয় ?
- iv) ‘দীন’, ‘অধর্ম’ প্রভৃতি শব্দ দ্বারা কোন্ পুরুষ বোঝানো হয় ?
- v) বিশেষ পদগুলির কোন্ পুরুষ হয় ?

### **SECTION – C**

#### **MAIN COURSE BOOK & SUPPLEMENTARY READER /** **NON DETAILED TEXT (SUBJECTIVE)**

8) ‘নিখিলের জীবনে মন্ত সমস্যা দেখা দিয়েছে’ - কীভাবে তার জীবনে সমস্যা দেখা দিয়েছিল ? (2)

9) a) ‘সে লঘু অপরাধে গুরুত্ব করিত না।’  
কার কথা বলা হয়েছে ? তার প্রকৃতি কেমন ছিল ? সে রামলালের কে ছিল ? (3)

b) ‘‘হন্দক, আমার ঘোড়া নিয়ে এসো।’’ -  
কে বলেছিলেন ? তারপর ঘোড়া নিয়ে তিনি কোথায় চললেন ? (3)

10) a) ‘আমার দশটা-চারটার আন্দামানে’ -  
রবীন্দ্রনাথ কাকে উদ্দেশ্য করে একথা বলেছেন ? কেন তাঁর এরূপ মনে হত ? ‘সীতানাথ দত্ত’ রবীন্দ্রনাথকে কীসের খবর দিতেন ? (5)

অথবা

b) “ছোটো নদী দেখতে এতটুকু।” -

কোন রচনার অংশ ? ছোটো নদীটির কী কী নাম ? সিদ্ধার্থ সেখানে কাকে দেখতে পেলেন এবং কী করলেন ? (5)

11) a) জীবনের নদী কবিতাটি কার লেখা ? এখানে কার জীবনের কাহিনী বলা হয়েছে ? তার জীবনের কাহিনিটি নিজের ভাষায় লেখো। (5)

অথবা

b) ‘খুকু ও খোকা’ কবিতাটি কার লেখা ? কবি কাদের উদ্দেশ্য করে কবিতাটি রচনা করেছেন ? কবিতাটির মূল বক্তব্য কী ? (5)

12) a) ‘আ মরি বাংলা ভাষা’ -

কে এই কথাটি বলেছেন ? একথা বলার কারণ কী ? বাংলা ভাষার আশ্রয়ে কবি কী লাভ করেন ? (5)

অথবা

b) “স্বপ্ন কুড়িয়ে কাটে।” - কোন কবিতার পঙ্ক্তি এটি ? কার সারাদিন স্বপ্ন কুড়িয়ে কেটে যায় ? তার জীবনের না-পাওয়ার দিকগুলো আলোচনা করো। (5)

13) “আজ রাত্রিটা একটু সতর্ক থাকিস।” - কে, কাদের কেন সতর্ক থাকতে বলেছিলেন ? গল্লে কোন্তুর কথা আছে ? (5)

14) a) “তাহলে আমাদের নেমন্ত্রণ করবে, দেখিস এখন” - কে, কাকে কথাটি বলেছে ? তার কেন মনে হয়েছিল যে নেমন্ত্রণ করবে ? (5)

অথবা

b) “এর চেয়ে পুণ্যকর্ম সংসারে নেই।” - কে, কোন কর্মকে পুণ্যকর্ম বলেছেন ? শ্মশানের পরিবেশটি কেমন ছিল ? (5)

## SECTION – D

### CREATIVE WRITING

15) নিম্নলিখিত যেকোনও একটি বিষয় অবলম্বনে অনুচ্ছেদ রচনা করো - (6)

a) নিয়মিত ব্যায়ামের প্রয়োজনীয়তা

b) বিজ্ঞানের অবদান

16) a) নীচের সংকেত - সূত্রগুলি অনুসরণে নিজের ভাষায় একটি গল্প রচনা করো - (6)

সংকেত-সূত্র : দুই বন্ধু বনের মধ্যে দিয়ে যাচ্ছিল -- হঠাৎ সামনে পড়ল একটি ভালুক -- এক বন্ধু তাড়াতাড়ি গাছে উঠে পড়ল -- অন্য জন গাছে উঠতে জানত না, সে তাড়াতাড়ি মরার মতো শুয়ে পড়ল -- ভালুক তাকে শুঁকে মৃত মনে করে চলে গেল -- প্রথম জন এবার গাছ থেকে নেমে জিঞ্জেস করল, ভালুক তার কানে কানে কী বলে গেল -- দ্বিতীয় জন বলল, ভালুক বলে গেল, বিপদের সময় যে তোমাকে ছেড়ে চলে যায়, সে তোমার বন্ধু নয়।

অর্থবা

b) সংকেত-সূত্র : এক গরিব কাঠুরিয়া বনে কাঠ কাটতে গিয়েছিল -- হঠাৎ তার হাত ফসকে কুঠারাটি নদীর জলে পড়ে গেল -- গরিব কাঠুরিয়া কাঁদতে লাগল -- তার কানায় জলদেবতা জল থেকে উঠে একটি সোনার কুঠার দেখিয়ে বললেন, এটি তার কিনা - কাঠুরিয়া ‘না’ বলতে তাকে

একটি রূপার কুঠার দেখালেন -- কাঠুরিয়া সেটিও তার নয় বলতে এবার  
লোহার কুঠারটি দেখালেন -- কাঠুরিয়া বলল, এটি তার কুঠার --  
জলদেবতা কাঠুরিয়ার সততায় মুঞ্চ হয়ে তাকে তিনটি কুঠারই দিলেন।

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Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Sec: \_\_\_\_\_ Roll No: \_\_\_\_\_

**BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR  
ANNUAL EXAMINATION: (2024-2025)  
MORAL VALUES  
CLASS-VI**

Time: 40 Minutes

Maximum Marks:30

**Choose the correct option to answer the following questions:**

1 Who is the creator, the Almighty and all powerful?  
a) Animal      b) God  
c) Birds      d) Evil

2 Union is \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) Strength      b) Weakness  
c) Obstacle      d) Loneliness

3 \_\_\_\_\_ delivered the Hebrews from the slavery of the Egyptians.  
a) Moses      b) Vivekananda  
c) Gandhiji      d) Buddha

4 Voice of a group is stronger than an \_\_\_\_\_ voice.  
a) Individual      b) Group  
c) Team      d) Unified

5 God made Moses his instrument to \_\_\_\_\_ the people.  
a) slave      b) trouble  
c) blame      d) free

6 Man by nature is a \_\_\_\_\_ animal.  
a) Unsocial      b) Economical  
c) Social      d) Financial

7 Due to Amit's \_\_\_\_\_ accident, his life became cheerless.  
a) Mother      b) Father  
c) Brother      d) Uncle

8 The Goddess won the competition but was \_\_\_\_\_ with Arachne's arrogance.  
a) Angry      b) Happy  
c) Impressed      d) Great full

9 Amit saw \_\_\_\_\_ children praying in front of a painting of God. 1  
a) 4 b) 2  
c) 10 d) 3

10 \_\_\_\_\_ must not overshadow our talents. 1  
a) Courage b) Strength  
c) Confidence d) Pride

11 God can be approached anytime and \_\_\_\_\_. 1  
a) anywhere b) nowhere  
c) special place d) under tree

12 We must find out our \_\_\_\_\_ talents. 1  
a) hidden b) uncovered  
c) shown d) disclosed

13 Moses led the Israelites out of \_\_\_\_\_ to the foothills of Mount Sinai. 1  
a) Paris b) London  
c) Egypt d) Germany

14 A generous person is dear to \_\_\_\_\_. 1  
a) None b) All  
c) Only one d) none of these

15 God never \_\_\_\_\_ those who have faith in him. 1  
a) love b) deserts  
c) help d) mercy

16 “Let not even your \_\_\_\_\_ hand know, what your left hand is doing.” 1  
a) left b) up  
c) right d) down

17 The people who had faith in God and followed his \_\_\_\_\_ commandments went to Promised Land. 1  
a) 6 b) 15  
c) 12 d) 10

18 The miser beggar is a character from \_\_\_\_\_ poem. 1  
a) Tulsidas’s b) Tagore’s  
c) Sarojini’s d) Ramakrishna’s



29 \_\_\_\_\_ children should be helped. 1

- a) Rich
- b) Unfortunate
- c) Happy
- d) Greedy

30 The first children's village in Faridabad was set up in 1

\_\_\_\_\_.

- a) 1984
- b) 1986
- c) 1962
- d) 1964

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Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Sec: \_\_\_\_\_ Roll No.: \_\_\_\_\_

CODE: \_\_\_\_\_

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR

ANNUAL EXAMINATION: [2024-2025]

THIRD LANGUAGE (SANSKRIT)

CLASS: VI

Time: 2 Hrs.

Maximum Marks: 80

सर्वेषां प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि संस्कृते लिखत ।

प्रश्नपत्रे चत्वारः खण्डाः सन्ति ।

खण्ड (क) अपठित-अवबोधनम् - 10 अंकाः

खण्ड (ख) रचनात्मकम् - कार्यम् 15 अंकाः

खण्ड (ग) अनुप्रयुक्त - व्याकरणम् - 30 अंकाः

खण्ड (घ) पठित - अवबोधनम् - 25 अंकाः

खण्ड 'क' अपठित - अवबोधनम् (10) अंकाः

1. अधोलिखितं गद्यांशं पठित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत । 10

अस्माकं देशः भारतवर्षः। अस्य राष्ट्रियः ध्वजः त्रिवर्णः अस्ति। अस्मिन् ध्वजे सर्वतः उपरि केशरवर्णः, मध्ये श्वेतवर्णः, अधः हरितवर्णः च भवति। श्वेतभागे अशोकचक्रम् अस्ति। अशोकचक्रम् अस्माकं राष्ट्रिय-चिह्नम् अस्ति। कमलम् अस्माकम् राष्ट्रियपुष्पम् अस्ति। मयूरः अस्माकं राष्ट्रिय-पक्षी अस्ति।

(I) एकपदेन उत्तरत - (Answer in one word.)

1x2=2

(क) राष्ट्रध्वजस्य सर्वतः उपरि कः वर्णः अस्ति ?

(ख) अस्माकं राष्ट्रध्वजे कति वर्णाः सन्ति ?

(II) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत - (Answer in a complete sentence.)

2x2=4

(क) राष्ट्रध्वजस्य कस्मिन् भागे अशोकचक्रम् अस्ति ?

(ख) अस्माकं राष्ट्रिय-पक्षी कः अस्ति ?

(III) भाषिककार्यम् - (Work of language.)

1x2=2

(क) 'उपरि' अस्य किं विलोमपदम् अत्र प्रयुक्तम् ?

(i) उच्चैः (ii) अधः (iii) अस्य

(ख) 'ध्वजः' अस्य किं विशेषणपदं अत्र प्रयुक्तम् ?

(i) अत्र (ii) उपरि (iii) त्रिवर्णः  
(iv) अस्य अनुच्छेदस्य कृते उचित शीर्षकं लिखते । 2

खण्ड (ख) रचनात्मकम् - कार्यम् '15' अंकाः

2. स्वजन्मदिवसमुपलक्ष्य मित्रं प्रति निमन्त्रणपत्रं लिखत - (Complete the invitation letter written on the occasion of your birthday.)  $\frac{1}{2} \times 10 = 5$

(i) -----

दिल्लीनगरम् ।

प्रियमित्र मनोज,

मधुरस्मृतयः।

शुभसमाचारं यत् अस्मिन् वर्षे मम जन्मदिवसः अगामिरविवासरे (ii) ----- ।  
प्रतिवर्षमिव मम जनकेन लघु समारोहस्य (iii) ----- कृतम्। पूजायाः कार्यक्रमः  
(iv) ----- भविष्यति। तत्पश्चात् (v) ----- भविष्यति। सर्वाणि अपि मम  
(vi) ----- सपरिवारं (vii) ----- आगमिष्यन्ति। तुम्यम् अपि (viii) -----  
प्रेषयामि। सपरिवारं उचितसमये आगत्य समारोहस्य शोभाम् (ix) -----।

तव अभिन्न- मित्रम्

(x) -----

मंजूषा- {मित्राणि, महेशः, वर्धस्व, अत्र, भविष्यति, आयोजनम्, परीक्षाभवनात्,  
जलपानम्, निमंत्रणम्, सार्धचतुर्वादने।}

3. मंजूषायाम् प्रदत्तशब्दानाम् सहायतया चित्रम् दृष्ट्वा पञ्च वाक्यानि संस्कृतेन  
लिखते । 2x5=10



## मञ्जूषा

उपवनम्, बालिकाः, वृक्षाः, पादपाः, प्रसन्नाः, पञ्च,  
अस्ति, सन्ति, क्रीडन्ति, कन्दुकेन, शोभन्ते, पर्वताः,  
पक्षिणः, आकाशे, पश्यन्ति, भ्रमन्ति, परिवेशः, सुन्दरः

खण्ड (ग) अनुप्रयुक्त-व्याकरणम् -30 अंका:

4. उदाहरणम् अनुसृत्य रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत। (Fill in the blanks following the example.) 1X4=4

शब्दः	एकवचन	द्विवचन	बहुवचन
उदाहरणम्- छात्र	छात्रः	छात्रौ	छात्राः
(क) अजा	-----	अजे	-----
(ख) गृह	गृहम्	-----	-----
(ग) मित्र	-----	-----	मित्राणि
(घ) तत् (स्त्री०)	सा	-----	-----

5. वाक्यानि शुद्धानि कुरुत। (Correct the sentences.) 1X4=4

- (क) अहं नौकाया: गच्छामि।
- (ख) वयं नेत्रै: पश्यामः।
- (ग) बालका: कन्दुकाय खेलन्ति।
- (घ) बालकः मुखं वदति ।

6. सुमेलनं कुरुत। (Match the following.)	½X4=2
(क) कृते	(i) स्मरण योग्य
(ख) अस्य	(ii) आकर
(ग) स्मरणीयः	(iii) के लिए
(घ) आगम्य	(iv) इसका
7. संस्कृतेन अनुवादं कुरुत। (Translate into Sanskrit.)	1x4=4
(क) तुम घर आते हो।	(ख) सुधीर आम खाता है।
(ग) हम दोनों फूल लाते हैं।	(घ) मैं फूल सूँघता हूँ।
8. संख्यांकानाम् स्थाने संस्कृत-पदं लिखत। (Write Sanskrit word for numbers.)	1X4=4
(क) 26= -----	(ख) 12= -----
(ग) 17= -----	(घ) 29= -----
9. रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत। (Fill in the blanks.)	1X4=4
(क) विद्या ----- भवति।	(ज्ञानाय/लेखनाय)
(ख) जनाः ----- ईशं भजन्ति।	(पठनाय/सुखाय)
(ग) वृक्षाः ----- फलन्ति।	(परोपकाराय/फलाय)
(घ) इयं ----- मनोहरा अस्ति।	(धरा/प्रकृतिः)
10. मञ्जूषायाः क्रियापदं चित्वा लिखत। (Write the verb.)	1X4=4
(क) ताः छात्राः -----।	(ख) फलानि -----।
(ग) मयूराः -----।	(घ) आमे -----।
	(पतन्ति, फलतः, पठन्ति, नृत्यन्ति)
11. 'अस्मद्' वा 'किम्' शब्दरूपम् लिखत ।	4X1=4
	खण्ड (घ) पठित-अवबोधनम् - 25 अंकाः
12. एकपदेन उत्तरत। (Answers in one word.)	1X4=4
(क) ते केन पुष्पाणि पश्यन्ति ?	(ख) बालिकाः कैः खेलन्ति ?
(ग) कः पात्रेण जलम् आनयति?	(घ) अहं क्या तत्र गच्छामि?
13. पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत। (Answer in complete sentence.)	1X4=4

(क) कस्मात् बहिः कूपः अस्ति ?  
 (ख) जनकः बालिकां केऽभ्यः रक्षति ?  
 (ग) कस्मात् विना विद्या न भवति ?  
 (घ) वृक्षाभ्यां कानि पतन्ति ?

14. उदाहरणम् अनुसृत्य प्रश्ननिर्माणं कुरुत । (Frame question following the example.) 1X4=4

उदाहरणम्- वृक्षे वानरा: तिष्ठन्ति। प्रश्नः वृक्षे के तिष्ठन्ति?

(क) वृक्षयोः खगाः निवसन्ति।  
 (ख) सः षष्ठकक्षायां पठति ।  
 (ग) श्रेष्ठाः छात्राः पुस्तकालये पठन्ति।  
 (घ) कमलेषु भर्मराः गुञ्जन्ति ।

15. मंजूषातः कर्मपदं चित्वा लिखत। (Write object.) 1X4=4

(क) त्वं ----- लिखसि। (ख) बालकाः ----- पठन्ति।  
 (ग) आवां ----- गच्छावः। (घ) सः तु ----- प्रणमति।  
 (पुस्तकानि, पुष्पवाटिकां, गुरुजनान्, पत्रं)

16. शब्दार्थ लिखत। (Write word meaning.) 1X4=4

(क) चित्तम् = ----- (ख) सौन्दर्यम् = -----  
 (ग) नृत्यम् = ----- (घ) कृष्णः = -----

17. उचितं विकल्पं चित्वा लिखत। (Write correct option.) ½X4=2

(क) धनं कस्मै भवति?  
 (i)परोपकाराय (ii)जीवनाय (iii)ज्ञानाय  
 (ख) माता पुत्राभ्यां कानि यच्छति?  
 (i)अन्नानि (ii)द्रव्याणि (iii)मिष्टान्नानि  
 (ग) कस्मै नमः?  
 (i)गणेशाय (ii)अहम् (iii)प्रकाशाय  
 (घ) 'नमः' के योग में कौन-सी विभक्ति होती है?  
 (i)द्वितीया (ii)तृतीया (iii)चतुर्थी

18. 'कृ' वा 'दृश्' धातोः लट् लृट्लकारस्य रूपम् लिखत।

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