

Name: _____ Sec: _____ Roll No.: _____

CODE- A

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR

PRE-BOARD EXAMINATION : [2025-2026]

COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH [101]

CLASS – X

Time :3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

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GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

Read the following instructions carefully and follow them:

(i) This question paper has 12 questions. All questions are compulsory.

(ii) The question paper is divided into **four** sections:

Section A- Reading Skills

Section B- Writing Skills

Section C- Grammar

Section D- Literature

(iii) Attempt all questions based on specific instructions for each part. Write the correct question number and part thereof in your answer sheet.

(iv) Separate instructions are given with each question/part, wherever necessary.

(v) Adhere to the prescribed word limit while answering the questions.

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1

SECTION A: READING SKILLS (22 marks)

Read the following passage carefully:

12

1. “Click!” That’s the sound of safety. That’s the sound of survival. That’s the sound of a seat belt locking in place. Seat belts save lives, and that’s a fact. That’s why I don’t drive anywhere until mine is on tight. Choosing to wear your seat belt is as simple as choosing between life and death. Which one do you choose?

2. Think about it. When you're driving in a car, you may be traveling at 60 MPH or faster. Your car is zipping down the road. Then, suddenly, someone ahead of you slams on their brakes. Your driver doesn't have time to stop. The car you are in crashes. It was going 60 miles per hour, and now it has suddenly stopped. Your body, however, is still moving at 60 MPH. What's going to stop your body? Will it be the windshield or your seat belt? Every time you get into a car, you make that choice. I choose the seat belt.

3. Some people think that seat belts are uncool. They believe seat belts cramp their style or find them uncomfortable. To them, I ask: what's more uncomfortable? Wearing a seat belt or flying through a car windshield? What's more uncool? Being safely secured in a car, or skidding across the road in your jeans? Wearing a seat belt is both cooler and more comfortable than the alternatives.

4. Let's take a closer look at your choices. If you are not wearing a seat belt, you can move freely around the car and slide in and out of your seat easily. That might sound like fun, but you are also more likely to die or suffer serious injuries in an accident. If you are wearing a seat belt, you have to stay in your seat. It may not seem fun, but you are much more likely to walk away unharmed from a car accident. A small inconvenience for significant safety. That's a choice worth considering. I prefer to avoid the serious pain.

5. How about giving money away? Do you like to do that? Probably not. But when you don't wear your seat belt, you are effectively choosing to give your money away. That's because children are required to wear seat belts in every state in several countries. If you're riding in a car without a seat belt, the police can issue a challan ticket to you or your driver. Then you'll have to pay a fine for the offense.

6. Wearing a seat belt does not make you invincible. You can still get hurt or killed while wearing your seat belt. However, wearing them has proven to be safer than not wearing them. You are much less likely to be killed or seriously injured in a car crash if you are wearing a seat belt. So why not choose the safer option? Why not

go the way that has been proven to result in fewer deaths and injuries? After all, you do want to live, don't you?

Answer the following questions, based on the passage above. 1

I The passage includes some words that have similar meanings. From the sets (a)-(d) below, identify the set that contains synonyms:

1. Unharmed and Safe
 2. Choice and Option
 3. Probably and invincible
 4. uncool and effective
- (a) Option 1 and 2
 - (b) Option 3 and 4
 - (c) Option 2 and 3
 - (d) Option 1 and 4

II Which of the following titles would be the most appropriate for the passage? 1

- a) The Unseen Dangers of Driving
- b) The Importance of Wearing Seat Belts
- c) Road Safety and Legal Implications
- d) The Evolution of Car Safety Features

III What does the passage suggest about the perception of seat belts among some people? 1

- a) Universally accepted as necessary.
- b) Seen as an optional accessory.
- c) Considered uncool or uncomfortable by some.
- d) Viewed as a recent technological advancement.

IV The passage implies that the decision to wear a seat belt can also affect: 1

- a) The vehicle's overall performance.
- b) Legal and financial consequences.
- c) The time it takes to reach a destination.
- d) The car's fuel efficiency.

V Complete the sentence: According to the passage, choosing not to wear a seat belt while driving can lead to _____.

1

VI State whether the statement is True or False. The passage suggests that wearing a seat belt can completely eliminate the risk of injury or death in car accidents.

1

VII What assumption can be made about the author's attitude towards seat belt usage?

2

VIII According to the passage, what is a consequence of not wearing a seat belt?

2

IX Based on the passage, why do you think wearing a seat belt is important despite some people considering it uncool or uncomfortable?

2

2 **Read the following.**

10

Pollution Levels in Riverdale: A Growing Concern

For decades, the River Dalen had been the pride of Riverdale. Clean, sparkling water flowed through the town, supporting fishermen, farmers, and small businesses. But over the last fifteen years, the town began to expand rapidly. The establishment of the Ravenwood Textile Factory marked the beginning of both economic growth and environmental challenges.

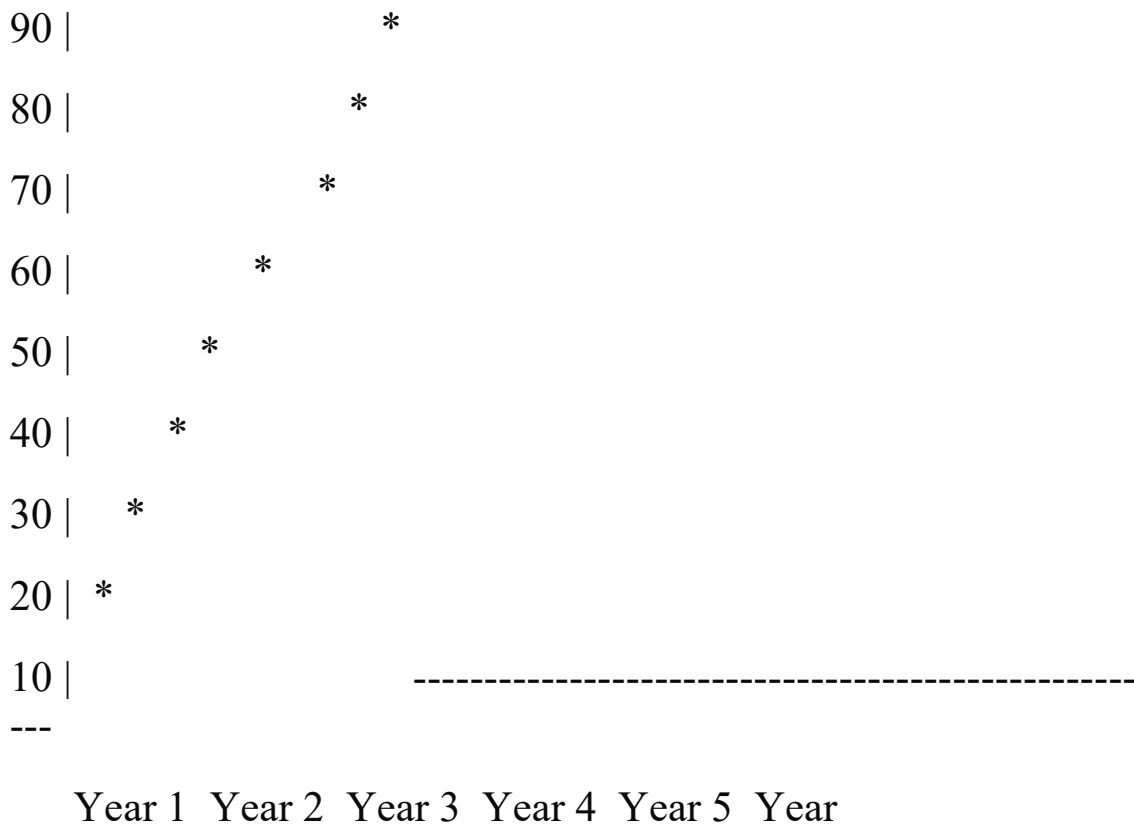
Initially, the factory brought prosperity. Hundreds of people got jobs, new markets opened, and the town's infrastructure improved. However, within five years of its establishment, residents began noticing changes in the river. The water grew darker, a strong odor developed, and fish populations declined sharply.

Students from Riverdale Senior School took up a project to monitor the pollution in River Dalen. Under the guidance of their teacher Mrs. Kapoor, they recorded Chemical Pollution Levels (CPL) at different points in time (measured in parts per million—ppm).

Below is the graph they prepared:

Graph: Chemical Pollution Levels (CPL) in River Dalen Over 6 Years

CPL (ppm)



Observation: Chemical pollution levels rose steadily from 20 ppm in Year 1 to nearly 85 ppm in Year 6.

Shocked by their findings, the students presented the data to the town council. The rising pollution clearly correlated with the expansion of the textile factory. Wastewater was being released directly into the river without proper treatment. River fishermen reported low fish catches, affecting their livelihoods. Residents who once used river water for household purposes now switched to expensive packaged water.

A public meeting was held where environmental activists, local residents, and factory officials discussed the issue. Factory authorities argued that installing a modern wastewater treatment plant would be expensive and might affect production. However, environmental experts warned that without immediate action, the river might become “biologically dead” within ten years.

Under pressure from the community and based on expert recommendations, the district administration stepped in. They mandated that the factory install an efficient treatment plant and submit pollution reports every three months. They also launched a river-cleaning campaign in partnership with local schools.

Within a year, initial improvements began to show. Water clarity increased slightly, fish sightings became more frequent, and unpleasant odors reduced. This motivated the town to continue its efforts.

Riverdale eventually became an example of how data, public participation, and timely action can save natural resources. The students who created the graph felt proud that their work contributed to meaningful change. Their project demonstrated how scientific measurement—such as tracking pollution levels over time—can help communities understand and solve real-world problems.

Answer the following questions, based on your reading of the above information.

I. What does the graph mainly show? 1

- a) Fish population over six years
- b) Chemical Pollution Levels over six years
- c) Rainfall patterns in Riverdale
- d) River depth changes

II. What was the main reason behind the rising pollution levels in the river? 1

- a) Increased rainfall
- b) Waste from the textile factory
- c) Deforestation
- d) Overfishing

III. What was the pollution level in Year 1 according to the graph? 1

- a) 85 ppm
- b) 70 ppm
- c) 20 ppm
- d) 40 ppm

- IV. What action did the district administration take? 1
- a) Shut down the factory
 - b) Mandated a wastewater treatment plant and regular reports
 - c) Built a new river
 - d) Moved residents away
- V. How did the students contribute to addressing the pollution issue? 2
- VI. Why was the wastewater treatment plant necessary for the river's recovery? 2
- VII. What trend does the graph show from Year 1 to Year 6? 1
- VIII. What positive changes were observed after the treatment plant was installed? 1

SECTION B - WRITING SKILL (22 marks)

All the names and addresses used in the questions are fictitious. Resemblance, if any, is purely coincidental.

- 3 You are Mohon/Mohini of M.K.S school, Siliguri. Write an application to the Principal of your school to take your retest as you were absent for your PT2 exam. (50 words) 1x3=3
- 4 Describe the funfair at your school in 100 words. 1x4=4
- 5 Attempt **any one** of the two,(A) or (B), in 120 words. 1x7=7
- A The dwindling forest cover not only threatens the habitat of millions of species but also endangers water reserves. Write a letter to the editor of a national daily expressing your concern about the threat to the bio reserves.

Use your own ideas along with those from MCB Unit 4: Environment, to write this letter.

OR

- B You are Kanika/ Karun of 214, sector 19, Chandigarh. Write a letter to the editor of a national daily, expressing your appreciation towards government initiatives and provisions made for girl child education and the importance of the same.

Use your own ideas along with those from MCB Unit 2: Education, to write this letter.

6 Attempt **any one** of the two,(A) or (B), in 150 words.

1x8=8

- A “From Kashmir to Kanyakumari, India is One” is a popular slogan for a promotion of National Integration. Write an article based on the slogan in 150 words. You are Karuna/ Karan of J.B Public school, Ranchi.

You may use your own ideas along with the given cues and your reading of MCB Unit 6: National Integration.

unity in diversity-geographical stretch-cultural harmony -
historical roots of unity-linguistic diversity-religious harmony -
economic and social threads-unity through festivals and sports

OR

- B Write an article on the topic——‘Inclusive Education is not an alternative, but an inevitability’, for publication in your school magazine. You are Seema/Shivam of St. Thomas school, Pune. You may use your own ideas along with the given cues and your reading of MCB Unit 2: Education.

meaning-need for inclusive education-legal and policy
framework-benefits of inclusive education-challenges in
implementing inclusion-strategies for effective inclusion-real life
examples

SECTION C – GRAMMAR (10marks)

- 7 **Fill in the blanks (i) - (iii) with the appropriate option from those in the brackets.** 3x1=3
- Before alighting, the Wild Pigeon, like the Carolina Parrot and a few other species of birds, breaks the force of its flight by repeated flapping, (i)_____ (so/although/even/as if) apprehensive of receiving injury from coming too suddenly (ii)_____ (with/in/inside/at) contact, either with the branch, (iii)_____ (or/and/neither/nor) the spot of ground on which it intends to settle.
- 8 **In the following passage, one word has been omitted in each line. Write the missing word along with the word that comes before and after it.** 4x1=4
- i. Buddha taught people many
ii. different ways. He taught the children telling
iii. stories. He gave detailed explanations the
iv. path to the wise. To others, taught without speaking, any word at all.
- 9 **Do as directed.** 1+2=3
- I **Rearrange the following jumbled words/phrases, to create a meaningful sentence.** 1
- inside/grandeur/the palace hall/it was/all
- II **Report the conversation given below by filling in the blanks to complete the following paragraph.** 2
- Neha: I'm really looking forward to the class picnic tomorrow.
Namita: Yes, after a long time we will be meeting our friends and teachers.
- Neha told Namita (i) _____ looking forward to the class picnic the next day. Namita agreed that after a long time (ii) _____ friends and teachers.

SECTION D: LITERATURE TEXTBOOK (26 marks)

10 **Read the given extract and answer the questions briefly, for any two extracts, of the three, given.** 2x4=8

A “I waited outside until the boys rejoined me, then drove them back to the city. They sat beside me, not speaking.

(Two Gentlemen of Verona)

I Who does 'I' refer to? 1

II Why did the boys not speak? 1

III To whom did they go to meet? 1

IV What do you mean by ‘rejoined’? 1

B “Water, water, everywhere,
And all the boards did shrink:
Water, water, everywhere,
Nor any drop to drink.”

(The Rime of the Ancient Mariner)

I Explain the phrase: “Water, water, everywhere, And all the boards did shrink. ” 1

II What sufferings did the sailors undergo? 1

III What do you mean by shrink? 1

IV Why was there no drop to drink? 1

C “Now, Amelia, you mustn’t give way. We’ve all got to die some time or other. It might have been worse.”

(The Dear Departed)

I Explain the phrase, ‘give way.’ 1

II What prompts the speaker to say these words? 1

III What does he mean when he says ‘It might have been worse’? 1

IV What does it reveal about the speaker’s character? 1

- 11 **Answer any five of the following six questions in about 30-40 words each.** 5x2=10
- I The poet has a dual attitude towards the snake. Why does he experience conflicting emotions on seeing the snake? 2
- II How did Miss Mebbin manage to get her week-end cottage? Why did she plant so many tiger lilies in her garden? 2
- III What happened when Hallock sat down at his desk, and waited for ideas for his story? 2
- IV What made Patol Babu remember Mr. Pakrashi? 2
- V What was the aim of the game, 'Dragonquest'? 2
- VI Why is the frog's joy both sweet and bitter? 2

- 12 **Answer any one of the following two questions in about 150 words.** 1x8=8
- I Explain the postmaster change of heart in the chapter "The Letter" and why it took place?

OR

- II 'Not that I loved Caesar less, but I loved Romans more.' Brutus says this as he justifies to the Romans why Caesar was assassinated by them. Do you agree with Brutus? Justify your answer by giving examples from the play. What values does Brutus display as he says this line to the Romans?

Name: _____ Sec: _____ Roll No.: _____

CODE-B

**BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
PRE-BOARD EXAMINATION : [2025-2026]
ENGLISH COMMUNICATIVE**

Class – X

Time Allowed : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 80

General Instructions:

Read the following instructions very carefully and follow them:

- i. This question paper has 12 questions. All questions are compulsory.
- ii. This question paper contains four sections:

Section A – Reading Skills
Section B – Writing Skills
Section C – Grammar
Section D – Literature
- iii. Attempt all questions based on specific instructions for each part. Write the correct question number or part thereof in your answer sheet.
- iv. Separate instructions are given with each question / part, wherever necessary.
- v. Adhere to the prescribed word limit while answering the questions.

SECTION A: READING SKILLS

22

1. Read the passage given below:

12

1. Remote, icy and mostly pristine, Greenland plays an outsized role in the daily weather experienced by billions of people and in the climate changes taking shape all over the planet. Think of Greenland as an open refrigerator door or thermostat for a warming world, and it's in a region that is warming four times faster than the rest of the globe, said New York University climate scientist David Holland.

2. Locked inside are valuable rare earth minerals needed for telecommunications, as well as uranium, billions of untapped barrels of oil and a vast supply of natural gas that used to be inaccessible but is becoming less so. Many of the same minerals are currently being supplied mostly by an Asian country, so other countries are interested. But more than the oil, gas or minerals, there's ice — a “ridiculous” amount, said climate scientist Eric Rignot. If that ice melts, it would reshape coastlines across the globe and potentially shift weather patterns in a dramatic manner. Greenland holds enough ice that if it all melts, the world's seas would rise by 24 feet.
3. Since 1992, Greenland has lost about 182 billion tons of ice each year, with losses hitting 489 billion tons a year in 2019. Greenland will be ‘a key focus point’ through the 21st century because of the effect its melting ice sheet will have on sea levels, said Mark Serreze, director of the National Snow and Ice Data Center. “It will likely become a bigger contributor in the future.” That impact is perhaps unstoppable. Greenland is also changing colour as it melts from the white of ice, which reflects sunlight, heat and energy away from the planet, to the blue and green of the ocean and land, which absorb much more energy.
4. Greenland also serves as the engine and on/off switch for a key ocean current that influences Earth's climate in many ways, including hurricane and winter storm activity. It's called the Atlantic Meridional Overturning Circulation, or AMOC, and it's slowing down because more fresh water is being dumped into the ocean by melting ice in Greenland. A shutdown of the AMOC conveyor belt is a much-feared climate tipping point that could plunge Europe and parts of North America into prolonged freezes. “If this global current system were to slow substantially or even collapse altogether — as we know it has done in the past — normal temperature and precipitation patterns around the globe would change drastically,” said climate scientist Jennifer Francis of the Woodwell Climate Research Center. “Agriculture would be derailed, ecosystems would crash, and ‘normal’ weather would be a thing of the past.”
5. None of that takes into consideration the unique look of the ice-covered island that has some of the Earth's oldest rocks. “I see it as insanely beautiful. It's eye-watering to be there,” said Holland, who

has conducted research on the ice more than 30 times since 2007. “Pieces of ice the size of the Empire State Building are just crumbling off cliffs and crashing into the ocean. And also, the beautiful wildlife, all the seals and the killer whales. It’s just breathtaking.”

On the basis of your understanding of the above passage, answer the following questions.

- I. Why is Greenland referred to as ‘an open refrigerator door or thermostat for a warming world’? (Paragraph 1) 1
- a. It controls global temperatures directly like a thermostat.
 - b. It is warming at the same rate as the rest of the globe.
 - c. It plays a critical role in influencing global weather and climate patterns.
 - d. It experiences warming but has limited influence on global weather patterns.
- II. What does Eric Rignot mean by ‘ridiculous’ in the phrase ‘a ridiculous amount’? (Paragraph 2) 1

Select the correct option to complete the answer.

It means that the ice is

- a. unnecessary and excessive
- b. vast and overwhelming in quantity
- c. beyond what scientists can measure
- d. challenging to fully comprehend

- III. Complete the following with the appropriate option. 1

The phrase 'Locked inside' brings up the imagery of a _____.
(Paragraph 2)

- a. vault, emphasising security and value
- b. box, symbolising concealment and mystery
- c. room, highlighting stored abundance

d. warehouse, showcasing accessibility and volume

- IV. What would be the most suitable title for paragraph 3? 1
- a. Greenland's Changing Climate and Ecosystem
 - b. The Rising Sea Levels and Climate Impact of Greenland
 - c. Greenland's Ice Melt: A Threat to Global Energy Balance
 - d. Greenland's Melting Ice: A Growing Concern for the 21st Century

- V. Complete the following with the correct option from those given in the brackets. 1

In the line 'Greenland plays an outsized role...', the word 'outsized' indicates _____ (an unusually large impact or importance / a role that exceeds expectations or norms / a disproportionate influence compared to its size). (Paragraph 1)

- VI. Fill in the blank by choosing the appropriate option from those given in the brackets. 1

Paragraph 4 includes a _____ (viewpoint / warning / speculation) by Jennifer Francis.

- VII. How Greenland plays a critical role in controlling the AMOC? 2
(Paragraph 4)

- VIII. Give two reasons why 'other countries' might be interested in Greenland's rare earth minerals and resources. Answer in 30-40 words. 2
(Paragraph 2)

- IX. Why does Holland describe Greenland as 'eye-watering'? Answer in 30-40 words. 2
(Paragraph 5)

2. Read the passage given below. 10

1. In today's digital world, the internet is a vital part of everyday life. People use it for various reasons, from communication and entertainment to education and shopping. A 2024 national digital habits survey shows that internet usage can be broadly divided into

five major categories.

2. The largest portion of internet usage, about 38%, is for entertainment purposes. This includes streaming videos, watching movies, listening to music and playing online games. Platforms like YouTube, Netflix and gaming apps are especially popular among teenagers and young adults.
3. The second most common use, 27%, is for communication. Social media platforms like WhatsApp, Instagram and email services help people stay connected with friends, family and colleagues worldwide.
4. Online education makes up 18% of internet usage. Students use it for attending online classes, accessing study materials watching educational videos and taking mock tests on apps like BYJU'S or Khan Academy.
5. Online shopping accounts for 12% of usage. Many people buy clothes groceries, electronics and other goods from apps like Amazon, Flipkart and BigBasket. Discounts and home delivery services attract more customers every day.
6. The remaining 5% includes miscellaneous activities like reading news, booking travel tickets or using banking apps. With digital awareness growing rapidly, this segment is expected to increase in the coming years.

On the basis of your understanding of the above passage, answer the following questions.

- I. Complete the following with the correct option. 1

According to the 2024 survey, _____ of internet usage is for communication.

- a. 18%
- b. 27%
- c. 38%
- d. 12%

- II. What might be the most likely reason for entertainment having the highest internet usage share? 1

- a. It is required by schools and offices.
- b. It helps in conducting exams and tests.

- c. It provides relaxation, fun and has wide platform availability.
- d. It is cheaper than shopping and studying.

III. If entertainment and communication are the top internet uses what does the 18% share of online education suggest? 1

- a. Education is no longer important.
- b. Many users rely on digital platforms for learning.
- c. People prefer shopping over studying.
- d. Gaming has educational benefits.

IV. State which of the following is True. 1

- a. Online shopping has the highest share of internet use.
- b. Entertainment usage includes only movies and music.
- c. Communication includes messaging, emails and social platforms.
- d. Online education makes more than half of internet use.

V. What does the writer wish to convey by stating ‘the internet is a vital part of everyday life’? 1

VI. Fill in the blank by choosing the correct option from those given in brackets. 1

Students commonly use the internet for (shopping for books / online classes and educational content).

VII. Why is the tag ‘A Multifunctional Tool’ more suitable for the passage than ‘A Gaming Platform’? 2

VIII. What might be the most likely reason experts expect the 5% miscellaneous usage to rise in the future? 2

SECTION B: WRITING SKILLS 22

*All the names and addresses used in the questions are fictitious.
Resemblance, if any, is purely coincidental.*

3. Write an application in not more than 50 words to the Principal requesting permission to install a ‘Suggestion Box’ for students. You 3

are Arpita / Arjun Mehta, Class X, School Cabinet Member.

4. Describe something that you have but you no longer use, in not more than 100 words. 4

5. Attempt **ANY ONE** of the two, A or B, in 120 words.

A. You are Yashita / Yash, a student of Class X, New Delhi. According to a survey, students are required to cope with a lot of pressure in today's competitive environment. Write a letter to the Editor of a national daily highlighting the increasing stress faced by students and suggest ways to combat the same. Use ideas that you may have gathered from MCB Unit 2: Education. 7

OR

B. 'Atithi Devo Bhava' has been India's stand since time immemorial. However, you feel, to attract tourists, only tourism promotional drives do not suffice. It is important to sensitise those in the tourism industry to conduct themselves with priority as hosts and they must treat the tourists with respect, ensure their safety and support them during their visit. As Kriti / Kunal Sharma, write a letter to the Tourism Department expressing your concerns. Use your own ideas along with the ideas from the unit: Travel and Tourism, to write the letter in not more than 120 words. 7

6. Attempt **ANY ONE** of the two, A or B, in 150 words.

A. 'Laugh out loud and feel happy and fit inside out' for laughter is the best medicine. With stress mushrooming all around and among all ages, Laughter Yoga seems a great alternative way to mental and physical health. Use cues given below along with your own ideas and those you may have gathered from the unit: Health and Medicine, to write article for your school magazine in about 150 words describing benefits of Laughter Yoga. 8

Clues

- Boosts immune system → production of antibodies → activation of immune cells
- Improves Cardiovascular health

- Reduces stress
- No special equipment required
- Cost effective

OR

B. ‘Grow more trees to reduce pollution.’ Write an article on the given topic for your school magazine in about 150 words. Use the following clues, along with the ideas you may have gathered from MCB Unit 4: Environment. 8

Clues:

- Supports life
- Purifiers
- Various roles of trees

SECTION C: GRAMMAR

10

7. Read the passage given below. Fill in the blanks by choosing the most appropriate words from the given options. 3

The mere mention of the Nobel Prize (i) (creates / create / created) visions (ii) (for / of / from) world famous scientists and economists. It is (iii) (a / an / the) most coveted individual award in the world.

8. In the following passage, one word has been omitted in each line. Write the missing word along with word that comes before and the word after. 4

- Reading books is a great source knowledge.
- It helps develop language skills.
- Good books guide inspire readers.
- People should choose books care.

9. Do as directed. 3

I. Rearrange the following jumbled words/phrases in the given 1

information to create a meaningful sentence.

Healthcare is a big challenge in rural India. Mortality rate in rural India is very high.

healthcare / experience / villagers / many difficulties / services / accessing / in

II. Report the dialogues to complete the paragraph that follows. 2

Mother: Rita, finish your food.

Rita: I don't want to have this food. You never give me a pizza or burger.

Mother told Rita (a) Rita replied that (b) and told her mother that she never gave her a pizza or burger.

SECTION D: LITERATURE TEXTBOOK 26

10. Read the following extracts and answer the questions briefly, for ANY TWO extracts, of the given three, A, B, C. 8

A. "I thought you picked fruit for a living," I said.
"We do many things, sir," Nicola answered seriously. He glanced at us hopefully. "Often we show visitors through the town ... to Juliet's tomb ... and other places of interest."
Alright, "I smiled. "You take us along."
As we made the rounds, my interest was again provoked by their remarkable demeanour. They were childish enough, and in many ways quite artless. Jacopo was as lively as a squirrel. Nicola's smile was steady and engaging. Yet in both these boyish faces there was a seriousness which was far beyond their years.

(Two Gentlemen of Verona)

I. What might have been the most likely tone of the statement in 'I thought you picked fruit for a living'?' 1

- II. Why did Nicola glance hopefully at the narrator? 1
- III. What does the boys' willingness to engage in multiple tasks reveal about their attitude toward life? 1
- IV. What does the narrator's growing interest in the boys suggest about his perception of them? 1

B. In mist or cloud, on mast or shroud,
 It perched for vespers nine;
 Whiles all the night, through fog-smoke white
 Glimmered the white moonshine.

(The Rime of the Ancient Mariner)

- I. What does the phrase 'vespers nine' mean? 1
- II. Select a line from the extract that describes the atmosphere in this stanza. 1
- III. Who is the 'It' referred to in these lines? 1
- IV. Who is the speaker of these lines? 1

C. Mrs. Slater: That was a near thing. Open the door, Victoria. Now Henry, get your coat on. (she helps him)

Henry : Did we knock much plaster off the wall?

Mrs. Slater: Never mind the plaster. Do I look alright? (straightening her hair in the glass). Just watch Elizabeth's face when she sees we're all in half-mourning.

(The Dear Departed)

- I. In the extract what does 'a near thing' mean? 1
- II. Why was Henry asked to wear his coat? 1
- III. Victoria was asked to open the door for whom? Why had the visitors come? 1

IV. What had been happening just before the speaker said the words given in the extract? 1

11. Answer **ANY FIVE** questions, out of the six given below, in about 30–40 words each. 10

I. What comment did Miss Mebbin make after Mrs. Packletide had fired the shot? Why did Miss Mebbin make this comment? How did Mrs. Packletide react to this comment? 2

(Mrs. Packletide's Tiger)

II. 'I have something to expiate' – Explain. 2

(Snake)

III. Explain why was the narrator not in a position to contradict Jenkins? 2

(The Shady Plot)

IV. How had Sebastian Shultz entered the games? 2

(Virtually True)

V. Describe the first meeting between the frog and the nightingale. 2

(The Frog and the Nightingale)

VI. What idea did Patol Babu have while rehearsing? Did the director approve of the idea? 2

(Patol Babu, Film Star)

12. Answer **ANY ONE** question, out of the two given below, in about 150 words. 8

I. In both 'The Letter' and 'The Rime of the Ancient Mariner', the main characters go through great emotional suffering. Compare the pain experienced by Coachman Ali and the Ancient Mariner. What do these stories teach us about patience, guilt and the power of forgiveness?

(The Letter)

OR

II. Compare and contrast Brutus and Antony's funeral oration.

(Julius Caesar)

NAME:

SEC:

ROLL NO:

SET:

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR

PRE BOARD EXAMINATION:(2025-2026)

BENGALI

CLASS X

TIME: 3 HOURS

Maximum Marks:80

General instruction:

1. The question paper contains 16 questions.

2. The question paper is divided into two parts.

PART -A: Objective type paper (MCQ): 25 Marks

PART - B: Descriptive paper: 55 Marks

3. PART -A has three portion: (MCQ)

Reading(Unseen Comprehension): 12 Marks

Grammar: 3 Marks

Main Course Book and Supplementary Reader: 10 marks

PART - B has three portion: (subjective)

Grammar: 10 Marks

Main Course Book and Supplementary Reader : 33 Marks

Creative Writing: 12 marks

PART -A (MCQ TYPE)

SECTION -A (Reading: Unseen Comprehension)

1. নীচের অনুচ্ছেদগুলি পড়ে প্রদত্ত প্রশ্নগুলির সঠিক উত্তর নির্বাচন করে
লেখ।(1X4)X3=12

A. বিদেশি বণিক ও রাজপুরুষে দেশের টাকা লইয়া যাইতেছে বলিয়া যে দেশে টাকা থাকিতেছে না, এই প্রসঙ্গের মধ্যে প্রথমে বিদেশীয় বণিকদিগের বিষয়ে আলোচনা করা যাউক।

যাহারা এ কথা বলেন, তাহাদের সচরাচর তাৎপর্য বোধ হয়, এই যে, বণিকেরা এই দেশে আসিয়া অর্থ উপার্জন করিতেছে, সুতরাং এই দেশের টাকা লইতেছেন বই কি? যে টাকাটা তাহাদের লাভ, সে টাকা, এদেশের টাকা। বোধ হয়, ইহাই তাহাদের বলিবার উদ্দেশ্য।

বিদেশীয় বণিকেরা যে লাভ করেন, তাহা দুই প্রকারে; এক আমদানিতে আর এক রপ্তানিতে। এদেশের দ্রব্য লইয়া গিয়া দেশান্তরে বিক্রয় করেন, তাহাতে তাহাদের কিছু মুনাফা থাকে। দেশান্তরের দ্রব্য আনিয়া এদেশে বিক্রয় করেন, তাহাতেও তাহাদের কিছু মুনাফা থাকে, তদভিন্ন অন্য কোন প্রকার লাভ নাই। এদেশের সামগ্রী লইয়া গিয়া বিদেশে বিক্রয় করিয়া যে মুনাফা করেন, সহজেই দেখা যাইতেছে যে, সে মুনাফা এদেশের লোকের নিকট হইতে লয়েন না। যে দেশে তাহা বিক্রয় হয়, সেই দেশের টাকা হইতে তাহার মুনাফা পান। এখানে তিন টাকা মন চাউল কিনিয়া, বিলাতে পাঁচ টাকা মন বিক্রয় করিলেন, যে দুই টাকা মুনাফা করিলেন, তাহা এ দেশের লোককে দিতে হইল না, বিলাতের লোকে দিল। বরং এ দেশের লোকে আড়াই টাকা পড়তার চাউল তাহাদের কাছে তিন টাকায় বিক্রয় করিয়া কিছু মুনাফা করিল। অতএব বিদেশীয় বণিকেরা এদেশীয় সামগ্রী বিদেশে বিক্রয় করিয়া এদেশের টাকা ঘরে লইয়া যাইতে পারিলেন না। বরং কিছু দিয়া গেলেন।

ক) আলোচ্য অংশটি পড়ে আমরা যে ধারণা লাভ করছি তা হল -

- i) বিদেশি বণিকরা আমাদের সব সম্পত্তি লুট করে নিয়ে যাচ্ছে
- ii) দেশের লোক বিদেশি বণিকদের কাছ থেকে কিছু পেল না
- iii) যে টাকা বিদেশি বণিকরা লাভ করল তা দেশের লোকের টাকা
- iv) সামগ্রিকভাবে আমরা ক্ষতিগ্রস্ত না হয়ে লাভবান হচ্ছি

খ) মন্তব্য (ক): এদেশীয় লোকের বিশ্বাস যে বিদেশি বণিকগণ আমাদের দেশের ধন বিদেশে নিয়ে চলে যাচ্ছে।

মন্তব্য (খ): আমাদের দেশ থেকে বিদেশিগণ দ্রব্য নিয়ে গেলেও তার পরিবর্তে আমরা অর্থ লাভ করি।

i) মন্তব্য (ক) সঠিক কিন্তু মন্তব্য (খ) ভুল

ii) মন্তব্য (ক) ভুল হলেও মন্তব্য (খ) সঠিক

iii) মন্তব্য (ক) এবং মন্তব্য (খ) দুটি সঠিক

iv) মন্তব্য (ক) এবং মন্তব্য (খ) দুটি ভুল

গ) বিদেশীদের কত প্রকার লাভের কথা বলা হয়েছে?

i) ৮ ii) ৬ iii) ৪ iv) ২

ঘ) প্রদত্ত অনুচ্ছেদ থেকে এমন একটি শব্দ খুঁজে বের করো যার বিপরীত শব্দ কদাচিত্।

i) আমদানি ii) রপ্তানি iii) সচরাচর iv) মুনাফা

B. ঢাকা জেলার অন্তর্গত বকজুড়ি গ্রামে ১৮৬৬ সালে ওরা নভেম্বর মাতুলালয়ে দীনেশচন্দ্র জন্মগ্রহণ করেন। তাঁর বাবা ছিলেন ঢাকার সুয়াপুর গ্রামের সম্ভ্রান্ত বৈদ্য বংশের সন্তান। তাঁর মা ছিলেন রূপলতা দেবী। মানিকগঞ্জ স্কুল থেকে ছাত্র বৃত্তি পরীক্ষায় পাশ করে দীনেশচন্দ্র উচ্চশিক্ষার জন্য ঢাকা যান এবং অল্প বয়সে সাহিত্যানুরাগী হয়ে ওঠেন। পাঠ্যপুস্তকে তাঁর মন বসত না সারাক্ষণ তিনি সাহিত্য আলোচনা আর কবিতা নিয়ে মেতে থাকতেন।

ছাত্র জীবন শেষ হওয়ার আগে তাঁর জীবনে এক বিপর্যয় নেমে আসে। বিএ পড়বার সময় তাঁর বাবা মারা যান ও সংসারের সব দায়িত্ব তাঁর ওপর এসে পড়ে। শ্রীহট্ট জেলার হবিগঞ্জে চল্লিশ টাকা বেতনে তিনি স্কুল শিক্ষকের চাকরিতে যোগ দেন। পরবর্তীকালে তিনি কুমিল্লার একটি স্কুলে প্রধান শিক্ষকের পদে যোগ দেন। ঢাকা প্রকাশ, অনুসন্ধান, জন্মভূমি প্রভৃতি পত্রিকায় তার প্রবন্ধ প্রকাশ পেতে থাকে। বাংলাদেশের গ্রাম থেকে গ্রামান্তরে পায়ে হেঁটে তিনি

প্রাচীন বাংলা পুঁথি সংগ্রহ করেন। এমনভাবে তাঁর প্রবল পরিশ্রমে 'বঙ্গভাষা ও সাহিত্য' প্রকাশ পায়, যা সাহিত্যমহলে তাকে পরিচিত করে তোলে। তিনি কলকাতা বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়ের রিডার হন, তারপর রামতনু লাহিড়ী অধ্যাপক-এর পদে আসীন হন। বাংলা সাহিত্যে তাঁর অবদান অনস্বীকার্য।

ক) দীনেশচন্দ্র সেনের জন্ম হয় কবে?

i) ১৮৬৬ খ্রিস্টাব্দের ৩ নভেম্বর মাতুলালয়ে ii) ১৮৬৬ খ্রিস্টাব্দের ৩ নভেম্বর পিত্রালয় iii) ১৮৬৭ খ্রিস্টাব্দের ২ নভেম্বর হাসপাতালে iv) ১৮৮০ খ্রিস্টাব্দের ২ নভেম্বর মাসির বাড়িতে

খ) দীনেশ চন্দ্র উচ্চশিক্ষার জন্য কোথায় যান?

i) বিদেশি ii) ঢাকায় iii) কলকাতায় iv) চট্টগ্রামে

গ) বাংলাদেশের বিভিন্ন গ্রাম থেকে দীনেশচন্দ্র কি সংগ্রহ করেন?

i) প্রাচীন মুদ্রা ii) প্রাচীন অলংকার iii) প্রাচীন মূর্তি iv) প্রাচীন বাংলা পুঁথি

ঘ) সাহিত্যানুরাগী শব্দটির সন্ধি বিচ্ছেদ করলে কী হবে?

i) সাহিত্যানু + রাগী ii) সাহিত্য + অনুরাগী iii) সাহিত্য+ নুরাগি iv) সহিত+ অনুরাগী

C. সোভিয়েত রাশিয়ায় দেখছি সর্বসাধারণের জন্য দেশ ভ্রমণের ব্যবস্থা ফলাও করে তুলছে। বৃহৎ এদের দেশ, বিচিত্র জাতীয় মানুষ তার অধিবাসী। যার শাসনের সময়ে এদের পরস্পর দেখা-সাক্ষাৎ জানাশোনা মেলামেশার সুযোগ ছিল না বললেই হয়। বলা বাহুল্য, তখন দেশভ্রমণ ছিল শখের জিনিস, ধনী লোকের পক্ষেই ছিল সম্ভব। সোভিয়েত আমলে সর্বসাধারণের জন্য তার উদ্যোগ। শ্রমক্লান্ত এবং রুগ্ন কর্মীদের শ্রান্তি এবং রোগ থেকে দূর করার জন্য প্রথম থেকেই সোভিয়েতরা দূরে নিকটে নানা স্থানে স্বাস্থ্যনিবাস স্থাপনের চেষ্টা করছে। আগেকার কালের বড় বড় প্রাসাদ তারা এই কাজে লাগিয়েছে। সেসব জায়গায় গিয়ে বিশ্রাম এবং আরোগ্য লাভ যেমন একটা লক্ষ্য তেমনি শিক্ষালাভ আর একটা। লোকহিতের প্রতি যাদের অনুরাগ আছে, এই ভ্রমণ

উপলক্ষে তারা নানা স্থানে নানা লোকের আনুকূল্য লাভ করবার অবকাশ পায়। জনসাধারণকে দেশভ্রমণে উৎসাহ দেওয়া এবং তার সুবিধা করে দেওয়ার জন্য পথের মাঝে মাঝে বিশেষ শিক্ষা বিতরণের উপযোগী প্রতিষ্ঠান খোলা হয়েছে, সেখানে পথিকদের আহার নিদ্রার ব্যবস্থা আছে, তাছাড়া সকল রকম দরকারি বিষয়ে তারা পরামর্শ দিতে পারে। ককেশীয় প্রদেশ ভূতত্ত্ব আলোচনায় উপযুক্ত স্থান। সেখানে এইরকম পান্থ শিক্ষালয় থেকে ভূতত্ত্ব সম্বন্ধে বিশেষ উপদেশ পাবার আয়োজন আছে। যেসব প্রদেশ বিশেষভাবে নৃতত্ত্ব আলোচনার উপযোগী সেসব জায়গায় পথিকদের জন্য নৃতত্ত্ববিদ উপদেশক তৈরি করে নেওয়া হয়েছে।

ক) ধনী লোকের পক্ষে কী সম্ভব ছিল?

i) রোগ দূর করা ii) দেশ ভ্রমণ iii) ভালো খাওয়া দাওয়া iv) ভালো নৃতত্ত্ববিদ হওয়া

খ) মন্তব্য (ক): শ্রম ক্লান্ত কর্মীদের শান্তির জন্য স্বাস্থ্য নিবাস স্থাপনের চেষ্টা করা হয়েছে।

মন্তব্য (খ): রুগ্ন কর্মীদের ভালো খাবার দেওয়ার জন্য স্বাস্থ্য নিবাস স্থাপনের চেষ্টা করা হয়েছে।

i) মন্তব্য (ক) এবং মন্তব্য (খ) দুটি ঠিক

ii) মন্তব্য (ক) এবং মন্তব্য (খ) দুটি ভুল

iii) মন্তব্য (ক) ভুল কিন্তু মন্তব্য (খ) ঠিক

iv) মন্তব্য (ক) ঠিক কিন্তু মন্তব্য (খ) ভুল

গ) নৃতত্ত্ববিদ উপদেশক তৈরি করা হয়েছিল কেন?

i) পথিকদের জন্য ii) রাজাদের জন্য iii) জনসাধারণের জন্য iv) ধনী ও দরিদ্র লোকদের জন্য

ঘ) শান্তি শব্দের অর্থ কী?

i) ক্লান্তি ii) আরাম iii) দেশভ্রমণ iv) জনসাধারণ

Section B: Grammar (MCQ)

2. নির্দেশ অনুসারে নীচের যেকোনো তিনটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও। 1X3=3
- ক) খাওয়া শেষ করে আপনারা তখন একটু বিশ্রাম করতে পারেন - বাক্যটিকে সাধু ভাষায় রূপান্তরিত করো।
- i) ভোজন শেষ করিয়া আপনারা তখন একটু বিশ্রাম করিতে পারেন।
ii) আহার শেষ করিয়া আপনারা তখন একটু বিশ্রাম নিতে পারেন।
iii) আহার সমাপ্ত করিয়া আপনারা তখন কিঞ্চিৎ বিশ্রাম নিতে পারিবেন।
iv) খাওয়া শেষ করে আপনারা তখন কিঞ্চিৎ বিশ্রাম নেবেন।
- খ) রাজার হাত ধরিয়া সে মন্দির সংলগ্ন বাগানে বেড়াইতেছিল। - বাক্যটিকে চলিত ভাষায় রূপান্তরিত করো।
- i) রাজার হস্ত ধরে সে মন্দির সংলগ্ন বাগানে বেড়াচ্ছিল।
ii) রাজার হাত ধরিয়া সে মন্দির সংলগ্ন বাগানে বেড়াচ্ছিল।
iii) রাজার হস্ত ধরিয়া সে মন্দির সংলগ্ন বাগানে বেড়াতে যাচ্ছিল।
iv) রাজার হাত ধরে সে মন্দির সংলগ্ন বাগানে বেড়াচ্ছিল।
- গ) বৈকালের রোদরাঙ্গা হইয়া আসিয়াছে মহালিখারূপ পাহাড়ের মাথায়- বাক্যটির চলিত ভাষায় রূপান্তরিত করো।
- i) বৈকালের রোদরাঙা হইয়া এসেছে মহালিখারূপ পাহাড়ের মাথায়।
ii) বিকালের রোদরাঙ্গা হয়ে এসেছে মহালিখারূপ পাহাড়ের মাথায়
iii) বিকালের রোদরাঙ্গা হয়ে এসেছিল মহালিখারূপ পাহাড়ের মাথায়।
iv) বিকালের রোদরাঙ্গা হয়ে আসিয়াছে মহালিখারূপ পাহাড়ের মাথায়।
- ঘ) মন্তব্য: পাথরের উপর হুকা হাতে বসিয়া বৃদ্ধ রাজা নিজের মনেই তাহার অতীত গৌরবের কথা ভাবিতে ছিলেন। বাক্যটি সাধু ভাষায় রূপান্তরের উদাহরণ।
- কারণ (ক): এই বাক্যে সর্বনাম ও ক্রীড়া পদের পূর্ণাঙ্গ রূপ ব্যবহৃত হয়েছে।
কারণ (খ): এই বাক্যে সর্বনাম ও ক্রিয়া পদের সংক্ষিপ্ত রূপ ব্যবহারিত হয়েছে।

- i) কারণ (ক) সঠিক হলেও কারণ(খ) সঠিক নয়
- ii) কারণ (খ) সঠিক হলেও কারণ (ক) সঠিক নয়
- iii) কারণ (ক) ও (খ) কোনোটিই সঠিক নয়
- iv) কারণ (ক) ও (খ) উভয়ই সঠিক

Section C: Main Course Book and Supplementary Reader

(MCQ)

3. গদ্য থেকে নীচের যেকোনো ছয়টি প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও। 1X6=6
- ক) মন্তব্য: সন্ন্যাসী হাসলেন আর চলে গেলেন।
 কারণ (ক) : জগদীশ বাবু একজোড়া কাঠের গরমে সোনার বোল লাগিয়ে সন্ন্যাসীর পায়ের কাছে ধরলেন।
 কারণ (খ): বিদায় দেবার সময় জগদীশবাবু যখন ১০০ টাকার একটা নোট জোর করে সন্ন্যাসীর ঝুলার ভেতরে ফেলে দিয়েছিলেন।
- i) কারণ (ক) সঠিক কারণ (খ) ভুল
 - ii) কারণ (ক)ও কারণ (খ) দুটি সঠিক
 - iii) কারণ (ক) ভুল কারণ (খ) সঠিক
 - iv) কারণ (ক) ও কারণ (খ) দুটি ভুল
- খ) "এমন সময় সে খুব কাছে কাউকে কাশতে শুনল" কখন?
 i) ইসাব যখন কুস্তি লড়তে একেবারেই রাজি ছিল না
 ii) হোলির দিনে খেলার সময় যখন ধস্তাধস্তি করছিল
 iii) অমৃতের মা ইসাবের বাবাকে হাসান ভাই বলে যখন ডাকছিল
 iv) অমৃত ও ইসাব নিজেদের মধ্যে জামা অদলবদল করতে গিয়ে ইসাব যখন ইতস্তত করছিল।
- গ) আহত পাখিটিকে পুষবেন কিনা জানতে চাইলে আলোবাবু লেখককে কী জানিয়েছিলেন?
 i) সামর্থ্য ও ইচ্ছে দুটি একটু একটু আছে ii) সামর্থ্য সামান্য আছে কিন্তু ইচ্ছে

একটুও নেই iii) ইচ্ছে বা সামর্থ্য কোনটাই নেই iv) ইচ্ছে আছে অনেক কিন্তু সামর্থ্য নাই একটুও

ঘ) মন্তব্য: মাসখানেক পরেই আলোবাবুকে অবিনাশ বাবুর বাড়ি থেকে বিদায় নিতে হয়।

কারণ: আলোবাবু ইচ্ছে করেই অন্যায় কাজ করেছিলেন।

- i) মন্তব্যটি সঠিক কারণটি ভুল
- ii) মন্তব্য কারণ দুটি সঠিক
- iii) মন্তব্যটি ভুল কারণটি সঠিক
- iv) মন্তব্য কারণ দুটি ভুল

ঙ) মন্তব্য: তপন আর পড়তে পারে না বোবার মত বসে থাকে।

কারণ (ক): নিজের গল্প ছাপা হওয়ার আনন্দে তপন বাকরুদ্ধ হয়ে যায়।

কারণ (খ): নিজে লেখা গল্প ছাপার অক্ষরে দেখে তপন অতিমাত্রায় আবেগ বিহ্বল হয়ে পড়ে।

- i) কারণ (ক) ঠিক কিন্তু কারণ (খ) ভুল
- ii) কারণ (ক) ভুল কিন্তু কারণ (খ) ঠিক
- iii) কারণ (ক) ও কারণ (খ) দুটিই ঠিক
- iv) কারণ (ক) ও কারণ (খ) দুটি ভুল

চ) "সে ওদের আনন্দ মাটি করার জন্য বলল", 'আনন্দ মাটি করা' কথাটি কি অর্থে প্রযুক্ত হয়েছে?

- i) আর বেশি আনন্দ না করার অর্থে
- ii) আর বেশি আনন্দ করার অর্থে
- iii) আনন্দ সকলের সঙ্গে ভাগ করার জন্য
- iv) আনন্দ পুরোপুরি নিরানন্দ করে দেওয়ার অর্থে।

ছ) "খাঁটি মানুষ তো নয়" 'খাঁটি মানুষ' বলতে কী বোঝায়?

- i) লোভী মানুষ ii) পরশ্রীকাতর মানুষ iii) ঈর্ষাপরায়ণ মানুষ iv) প্রকৃত সং

মানুষ

4. সহায়ক পাঠ থেকে যেকোনো চারটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও।

1X4=4

ক) বড় গিনির বলে যাওয়া কথাগুলো কেমন?

i) যেমন মধুময় তেমন হৃদয়গ্রাহী

ii) যেমন ধার তেমন বিষ

iii) যেমন ক্ষুরধার তেমন বুদ্ধিদীপ্ত

iv) যেমন সুমিষ্ট তেমন ভালোবাসায়ুক্ত

খ) মন্তব্য: রাখামুকুন্দ নিজেই সদর খাজনা লুট করিয়ে শশীভূষণের সম্পত্তি নিলাম করেছিল।

কারণ: সেই সম্পত্তির উপর রাখা মুকুন্দের লোভ ছিল।

i) মন্তব্যটি সঠিক কারণটি ভুল

ii) মন্তব্য ও কারণ দুটি সঠিক

iii) মন্তব্যটি ভুল কারণটি সঠিক

iv) মন্তব্য কারণ দুটিই ভুল

গ) রহমত কলকাতার এক গলির ভিতর বসে কোথাকার মরু পর্বতের দৃশ্য দেখতে লাগলো?

i) রাজস্থানের ii) কাজাখিস্তানের iii) বেলুচিস্তানের iv) আফগানিস্তানের

ঘ) মন্তব্য: পোস্টমাস্টার তার কাজে জবাব দিয়ে বাড়ি যাচ্ছেন।

কারণ: তার দরখাস্ত মঞ্জুর হয়েছে।

i) মন্তব্যটি সঠিক কারণটি ভুল

ii) মন্তব্য ও কারণ দুটি সঠিক

iii) মন্তব্যটি ভুল কারণটি সঠিক

iv) মন্তব্য কারণ দুটিই ভুল

ঙ) মন্তব্য: রতন তাকে কবিতা লেখার অনুরোধ করেন।

কারণ: তার হাতে বেশি কাজ নেই।

- i) মন্তব্যটি সঠিক কারণটি ভুল
- ii) মন্তব্য ও কারণ দুটি সঠিক
- iii) মন্তব্যটি ভুল কারণটি সঠিক
- iv) মন্তব্য কারণ দুটিই ভুল

PART - B (DESCRIPTIVE TYPE)

Section B: Grammar (Subjective)

5. নিম্নলিখিত শব্দগুলির সন্ধি বিচ্ছেদ অথবা সন্ধিবদ্ধ করো
- A. সন্ধি বিচ্ছেদ কর। (যেকোনো দুটি) 1X2=2
- ক) ষড়যন্ত্র খ) নির্বাক গ) পরস্পর ঘ) অন্তর্হিত
- B. সন্ধিবদ্ধ রূপটি লেখো। (যেকোনো দুটি) 1X2=2
- ক) আ + পদ খ) উৎ + লাস গ) মৃৎ + অঙ্গ ঘ) আ + ছন্ন
6. রেখাঙ্কিত পদটির ব্যাসবাক্য নির্ণয় করে কোন ধরনের সমাজ তা লেখ। 1X3=3
- (যেকোনো তিনটি)
- ক) যথাসাধ্য চেষ্টা করেও ছেলেটিকে বাঁচানো গেল না।
- খ) পুণ্যতিথিতে আমাদের গৃহপ্রবেশের পূজো হলো।
- গ) বিমাতা ছেলেটিকে অত্যন্ত স্নেহ করতেন।
- ঘ) বিজয় সিংহ বিজয়শঙ্খ বাজিয়ে যুদ্ধ জয় ঘোষণা করেছিলেন
7. নির্দেশ অনুযায়ী প্রদত্ত বাক্য গুলির রূপান্তর কর। (যে কোন তিনটি) 1X3=3
- ক) চোর দোষী বটে কৃপণ ধনী তদপেক্ষা শত গুনে দোষী। (সরল বাক্য)
- খ) এই বিচ্ছেদটা নানা কারণে আন্তরিক হয়ে দাঁড়িয়েছে। (জটিল বাক্য)
- গ) বসাতে গিয়ে মাটির হাঁড়িটা যে ভাঙ্গে না তাই আশ্চর্য। (যৌগিক বাক্য)
- ঘ) যদি বলি আত্মীয়তা সেটা তো অবিশ্বাস্য। (সরল বাক্য)

Section- C: Main Course Book and Supplementary Reader

8. "তবে কিছু উপদেশ শুনিয়ে যান বিরাগীজি"- বিরাগীজি কাকে কী উপদেশ 2X1=2
শুনিয়েছিলেন?

9. নীচের প্রশ্নগুলির উত্তর দাও। 3X2=6
- ক) অমৃত ও ইসাবের পরিবারের মধ্যে কোন কোন বিষয়ে মিল ও অমিল ছিল তা লেখ।
- খ) "টপটপ করে তাঁর চোখ দিয়ে জল গড়িয়ে পড়ল কয়েক ফোঁটা।" কার কথা বলা হয়েছে? কেন তাঁর চোখ দিয়ে টপটপ করে জল গড়িয়ে পড়েছিল?
10. গদ্য থেকে যেকোনো একটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর লেখ। 5X1=5
- ক) "সত্যিই তপনের জীবনে সবচেয়ে সুখের দিনটি এলো আজ।" - 'সবচেয়ে সুখের দিনটি' বলতে কোন দিনের কথা বলা হয়েছে? সেই 'সুখের দিনটি' কীভাবে সবচেয়ে 'দুঃখের দিন' হয়ে উঠেছিল তা নিজের ভাষায় ব্যাখ্যা কর।
- খ) "হরিদার জীবনের ভাতের হাঁড়ি মাঝে মাঝে শুধু জল ফুটেই সারা হবে"- হরিদা কে? কেন তার জীবনের ভাতের হাঁড়ি মাঝে মাঝে শুধু জল ফুটেই সারা হবে?
11. পদ্য থেকে যেকোনো একটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর লেখ। 5X1=5
- ক) "কিছুই কোথাও যদি নেই
তবু তো কজন আছে বাকি"- প্রসঙ্গ সহ ব্যাখ্যা কর।
- খ) "গান দাঁড়ালো ঋষিবালক
মাথায় গোঁজা ময়ূরপালক"- প্রসঙ্গ সহ ব্যাখ্যা কর।
12. পদ্য থেকে যেকোনো একটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর লেখ। 5X1=5
- ক) "একাসনে একাকারে প্রার্থনা করছেন"- কবি কে? কবি কাদের প্রার্থনার কথা বলেছেন? কেন, কীসের জন্য তারা প্রার্থনা করছেন - নিজের ভাষায় আলোচনা কর।
- খ) "তিন পাহাড়ের নকশিকাঁথায় শিশুর কলরব"। বক্তা কে? এবং 'নকশিকাঁথা' বলতে তুমি কী বোঝো? 'তিন পাহাড়ের নকশিকাঁথায় শিশুর কলরব' বলতে কী বোঝানো হয়েছে?
13. "এবং এস্থলে প্রবাসীর মনের অভিলাষ ব্যর্থ হইল না"- 'প্রবাসী' কে? তার 5X1=5

মনের অভিলাষ কী ? কেন সেই মনের অভিলাষ ব্যর্থ হয়নি?

14. সহায়ক পাঠ থেকে যেকোনো একটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর লেখ। 5X1=5

- ক) "আমি যে মহাপাতকের কাজ করিয়াছি, তাহা তোমাকে বলি, আর তো সময় নাই।"- বক্তা কাকে, কখন কথাগুলো বলেছিলেন? মহাপাতকের কাজটি কী তা নিজের ভাষায় আলোচনা কর।
- খ) "সে হঠাৎ স্পষ্ট বুঝিতে পারিলো"- কে হঠাৎ কী স্পষ্ট বুঝতে পেরেছিল? যে ঘটনার পরিপ্রেক্ষিতে সে এটা বুঝতে পেরেছিল সেটি লেখো।

Section- D: Creative Writing

15. নীচের যেকোনো একটি পত্র রচনা কর। (অনধিক ১৫০ টি শব্দে) 6X1=6

- ক) আধুনিক প্রজন্ম এখন পুরোপুরি গ্রন্থাগারবিমুখ এই সমস্যাটি তুলে ধরে সমাধানের পথ অবগত করে দৈনিক সংবাদপত্রের সম্পাদকের কাছে একটি পত্র লেখো।
- খ) দ্রুত জলস্তর নেমে যাওয়ার কারণে জলের ব্যবহারে সংযম ও জলের অপচয় রোধ করা বিশেষ প্রয়োজন এ বিষয়ে তোমার মতামত জানিয়ে সংবাদপত্রের সম্পাদকের কাছে একটি পত্র লেখো।
16. নীচের যেকোনো একটি অনুচ্ছেদ লেখো।(অনধিক ১৫০ টি শব্দে) 6X1=6
- ক) শতবর্ষে ঋত্বিক ঘটক
- খ) মানবজীবনে অবকাশের প্রয়োজনীয়তা

CODE -

Name _____ Sec _____ Roll No. _____

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR

PRE-BOARD EXAMINATION [2025-2026]

SUBJECT : BENGALI

CLASS – X

সময় : ৩ ঘন্টা

সর্বমোট অঙ্ক – ৮০

TIME : 3 Hrs.

Maximum Marks : 80

General Instructions :

- 1. The question paper contains 16 printed pages.**
- 2. The question paper contains 16 questions.**
- 3. The Question Paper is divided into two parts.**

PART – A : Objectives type questions (MCQ) : 25 Marks

PART – B : Descriptive Paper : 55 Marks

- 4. PART – A has three sections : (MCQ)**

Section – A : Reading (Unseen Comprehension) : 12 Marks

Section – B : Grammar : 03 Marks

Section – C : Main Course Book & Supplementary Reader/

Non detailed Text : 10 Marks

PART – B has three sections : (Subjective)

Section – B : Grammar : 10 Marks

Section – C : Main Course Book & Supplementary Reader /

Non detailed Text : 33 Marks

Section – D : Creative Writing : 12 Marks

PART – A : Objective type Questions (MCQ) : 25 Marks

SECTION – A

(Reading : Unseen Comprehension)

1. অনুচ্ছেদগুলি পাঠ করে প্রদত্ত প্রশ্নগুলির সঠিক উত্তরটি নির্বাচন করে লেখো :

(1×4) × 3=12

A) বেশ কয়েকটা ফাইল ও কাগজের প্যাকেট হাতে নিয়ে অন্দরমহল থেকে এসে পড়েছেন পাইরন সাহেব। তাঁর চলনে বলনে চাউনিতে আজ বিজাতীয় বিভঙ্গ, এ সাহেবকে তো আগে দেখেননি কৃষ্ণদেব। চব্বিশ পরগণার নীলর চাষ দেখাশোনার দায়িত্ব তাঁকে অর্পণ করেছে ইস্ট ইণ্ডিয়া কোম্পানি। তিনি এখানকার রেসিডেন্ট এজেন্ট। গোয়েন্দাদের প্রেরিত রিপোর্টগুলি পাঠ করে তাঁর মনে হয়েছে বাণিজ্যের চরম বিপদ আসন্ন, সেকথা তিনি জানালেন সুরাপানে মত্ত সকলকেই। তালভঙ্গ হল আসরের, বেসুরো ধ্বনি ঘরময় বেজে উঠল বিষাদনিিনাদে, এতক্ষণের উল্লাস চাপা পড়ে গেল অজানা আশঙ্কায়। কৃষ্ণদেব ভাবতে লাগলেন, এমন কী বিপদ ঘনিয়ে আসছে যা আমাদের অস্তিত্বের সঙ্কট ডেকে আনবে ? বিপদ এগিয়ে আসছে দ্রুত পদবিক্ষেপে অথচ তিনি অনুভব করতে পারছেন না। কৃষ্ণদেবের চিন্তিত মুখমণ্ডলে দুশ্চিন্তার বলিরেখা ফুটে উঠলেও তিনি হাবেভাবে কিছুতেই স্বীকার করেন না। পাইরন বললেন, আপনারা বুঝেও বুঝছেন না জেনেও জানতে চাইছেন না – আমি দেখতে পেয়েছি একটা হিংস্র মুখ বেশ কয়েকবছর আগে নারকেলবেড়িয়ার মাটিতে। সে মুখ প্রতিজ্ঞায় দার্য, প্রতিকারে উন্মুখ, তার চোখের পাতায় পালাবদলের স্পন্দিত ছায়াপাত। তার নাম কী আপনারা কেউ জানেন ? তিনি কৃষ্ণদেবের একজন প্রজা, তবে শুধু প্রজামাত্র ভাবলেই ভুল হবে। তার নাম মীর নিসার আলি, লোকে তাকে তিতুমীর বলে ডাকে।

- (i) পাইরন সাহেব কোথা থেকে এসে পড়েছেন ?
- (a) অন্দরমহল থেকে
 (b) দক্ষিণ ২৪ পরগনা থেকে
 (c) ইংল্যাণ্ড থেকে
 (d) ইস্ট ইণ্ডিয়া থেকে
- (ii) পাইরন সাহেবকে কোন্ দায়িত্ব অর্পণ করা হয়েছে ?
- (a) কোম্পানির ব্যবসা (b) নীল চাষ
 (c) জলসম্পদ (d) রাজ্যবিস্তার
- (iii) ‘তার নাম কি আপনারা কেউ জানেন ?’ – এখানে কার কথা বলা হয়েছে ?
- (a) মীর নিসার আলি (b) তিতুমীর
 (c) কৃষ্ণদেব (d) (a) এবং (b) উভয়ই
- (iv) সন্ধি নির্ণয় করো : দুশ্চিন্তার ।
- (a) দুঃ + চিন্তা + এর (b) দুশ + চিন্তা + এর
 (c) দুশ + চিন্তার (d) দুঃ + চিন্তার

B) এ সুয়েজ খালও অতি প্রাচীন জিনিস। প্রাচীন মিশরের ফেরো বাদশাহের সময় কতকগুলি লবণানু জলা খাতের দ্বারা সংযুক্ত ক’রে উভয়সমুদ্রস্পর্শী এক খাত তৈয়ার হয়। মিশরে রোমরাজ্যের শাসনকালেও মধ্যে মধ্যে ওই খাত মুক্ত রাখবার চেষ্টা হয়। পরে মুসলমান সেনাপতি অমরু মিশর বিজয় ক’রে ঐ খাতের বালুকা-উদ্ধার ও অঙ্গপ্রত্যঙ্গ বদলে এক প্রকার নুতন ক’রে তোলেন।

তারপর বড় কেউ কিছু করেননি। তুবস্ক সুলতানের প্রতিনিধি, মিশর-খেদিব ইম্মায়েল ফরাসীদের পরামর্শে অধিকাংশ ফরাসী অর্থে এই খাত খনন করান। এ খালের মুশকিল হচ্ছে যে, মরুভূমির মধ্য দিয়ে যাবার

দরুন পুনঃ পুনঃ বালিতে ভরে যায়। এই খাতের মধ্যে বড় বাণিজ্য-জাহাজ একখানি একবারে যেতে পারে। শুনেছি যে, অতি বৃহৎ রণতরী বা বাণিজ্য-জাহাজ একেবারেই যেতে পারে না। এখন একখানি জাহাজ যাচ্ছে আর এখানি আসছে, এ দুয়ের মধ্যে সংঘাত উপস্থিত হ'তে পারে – এই জন্য সমস্ত খালটি কতকগুলি ভাগে বিভক্ত করা হয়েছে এবং প্রত্যেক ভাগের দুই মুখে কতকটা স্থান এমনভাবে প্রশস্ত ক'রে দেওয়া আছে, যাতে দুই তিনখানি জাহাজ একত্র থাকতে পারে। ভূমধ্যসাগরমুখে প্রধান আফিস, আর প্রত্যেক বিভাগেই রেল স্টেশনের মতো স্টেশন। সেই প্রধান আফিসে জাহাজটি খালে প্রবেশ করা মাত্রই ক্রমাগত তারে খবর যেতে থাকে। কখানি আসছে, কখানি যাচ্ছে এবং প্রতি মুহূর্তে তারা কে কোথায় – তা খবর যাচ্ছে এবং একটি বড় নকশার উপর চিহ্নিত হচ্ছে। একখানির সামনে যদি আর একখানি আসে, এজন্য আসে, এজন্য এক স্টেশনের হুকুম না পেলে আর এক স্টেশন পর্যন্ত জাহাজ যেতে পারে না।

- (i) কার সময়ে উভয়সমুদ্রস্পর্শী এক খাত তৈরি হয় ?
- (a) ফেরো বাদশাহের (b) নয়্যা বাদশাহের
(c) গোরো বাদশাহের (d) তিনু বাদশাহের
- (ii) কে মিশর জয় করে খালগুলোকে নতুন করে তোলেন ?
- (a) কামাল (b) অমরু
(c) ত্রিগুণা (d) মোসাফির
- (iii) জাহাজগুলির যাতায়াতের পথ সুগম করার জন্য কী ব্যবস্থা করা হয়েছিল ?
- (a) সংকীর্ণ (b) প্রশস্ত
(c) উঁচু (d) গহ্বরযুক্ত

(iv) ব্যাসবাক্যসহ সমাস নির্ণয় করো : অঙ্গপ্রত্যঙ্গ।

(a) অঙ্গের প্রত্যঙ্গ = সম্পদ তৎপুরুষ

(b) অঙ্গ রূপ প্রত্যঙ্গ = রূপক কর্মধারা

(c) অঙ্গ ও প্রত্যঙ্গ = দ্বন্দ্ব সমাস

(d) যা অঙ্গ তাই = প্রত্যঙ্গ কর্মধারা সমাস

C) ঘাটের পৈঠায় বসে একটা নিম ডাল চিবিয়ে দাঁতন করছে রবি। উষালয় পার হয়নি, অতি নরম আলো ছড়িয়ে পড়েছে দিগ্বলয়ে, এখনও প্রকাশিত হননি সূর্যদেব। কয়েকদিন অবিশ্রাম বৃষ্টিধারার পর প্রাচীনা গঙ্গা নদীকে আজ মনে হচ্ছে পূর্ণযৌবনা। ছলচ্ছল স্রোতের শব্দের মধ্যে রয়েছে একটা চাপা সঙ্গীত। রবি কান পেতে সেই সুরটা ধরার চেষ্টা করছে। রবি পরে আসে বিলেত থেকে আনা গাঢ় নীল রঙের সুইমিং ট্রাঙ্ক, খালি গা, দু'চোখে সদ্য ঘুম ভাঙার সামান্য রেশ। তার একুশ বছরের শরীরে এখন পূর্ণ যৌবন, প্রশস্ত বুক, নির্মেদ কোমর, দীর্ঘ বাহু, গৌর বর্ণ, যদিও জ্যোতি দাদার তুলনায় অনেকেই তাকে কালো বলে। বাড়িতে আর কেউ জাগেনি, এমনিতেই সবাই রাত করে ঘুমোয়, কাল ফেরা হয়েছে অনেক রাতে, গুণেন্দ্রনাথের বাগানবাড়িতে নেমন্তন্ন ছিল। কিন্তু যত রাতেই ঘুমোতে যাক, রবি প্রতিদিনই ভোর হবার আগেই জেগে ওঠে। আকাশে সূর্য উঠে গেলে বিছানায় শুয়ে থাকতে পারে না রবি। গুণোদাদার বাড়িতে পার্টি মানেই বিশাল হইচই। আমুদে ও মজলিশি গুণেন্দ্রনাথ ছোট আকারের কিছু ভাবতে পারেন না। এই সব পার্টি তেমন পছন্দ করে না রবি। প্রথম দিকটায় বেশ ভালো, রবি, নিজেও উৎসাহের সঙ্গে যোগ দেয়, গান-বাজনা হয়, হাসি-ঠাট্টার ফোয়ারা বয়ে যায়, কিন্তু মদ্যপান শুরু হলে আর থামতেই চায় না, তখন লোকে চাঁচিয়ে কথা বলে, অকারণে তর্ক তোলে, একই কথা বারবার বলে। সেই সময় রবির হাই উঠতে থাকে। রবি নিজে মদ স্পর্শ করে না, ছেলেবেলা থেকে সে মাতলামি অনেক দেখেছে, রাজনারায়ণ বসুর মুখে ইয়ং বেঙ্গল দলের

মদ্যপানের বাড়াবাড়ির প্রচুর গল্প শুনেছে। এ দেশে আগে যে সুরা বা সোমরস ছিল না, তা নয়। কিন্তু ইরেজরা আসার পর মদ্য পান করা যেন সভ্যতার পরাকাষ্ঠা হয়ে উঠেছে, বাবামশাইয়ের মতন মহর্ষিতুল্য মানুষও এক সময় নৈশভোজের আগে সুরা পান করতেন। আশ্চর্যের ব্যাপার, রবি ইংল্যান্ডে গিয়ে দেখেছে, অনেক ইংরেজ কিন্তু মদ্যপান করে না। কোনও নেশার প্রতিই আসক্তি নেই রবির, তার প্রয়োজন হয় না। যুব সমাজের অনেকেই হুকোয় তামাক খায়, যেখানে সেখানে থুতু ফেলে, তা দেখে রবির শরীর ঘৃণায় কুকড়ে ওঠে। হুকো-তামাক দূরে থাক, সিগারেট টানতেও প্রবৃত্তি হয় না তার।

নিমের ডালটা ফেলে দিয়ে রবি গঙ্গার জলেই মুখ ধুয়ে নিল। ওপারের গাছপালায় একটু একটু অন্ধকার লেগে ছিল, কোথা থেকে যেন তরল আলো এসে মুছে দিচ্ছে সেই কালিমা। কিংবা এমনও মনে হতে পারে, যামিনী যেন আঁচল গুটিয়ে সরে যাচ্ছে অন্তরালে। রবির একটা কথা মনে পড়ল।

(i) রবি কান পেতে কোন্ সুর ধরার চেষ্টা করছে ?

- | | |
|---------------|--------------|
| (a) বাতাসের | (b) গানের |
| (c) জলস্রোতের | (d) প্রকৃতির |

(ii) কে ছোটো আকারের কিছু ভাবতে পারেন না ?

- | | |
|------------------|-----------------|
| (a) গুণেন্দ্রনাথ | (b) রবীন্দ্রনাথ |
| (c) শমীন্দ্রনাথ | (d) মণীন্দ্রনাথ |

(iii) রবি কোন্ জলে মুখ ধোয় ?

- | | |
|-----------------|--------------|
| (a) পুকুরের জলে | (b) কলের জলে |
| (c) গঙ্গার জলে | (d) নদীর জলে |

(iv) ‘পূর্ণযৌবনা’ শব্দের ব্যাসবাক্য হল –

- (a) পূর্ণ ও যৌবন (b) পূর্ণরূপে যৌবনা
(c) পূর্ণ যৌবন (d) পূর্ণতা নিয়ে যৌবন

SECTION – B :

GRAMMAR : Objective Type Questions (MCQ)

2. ব্যাকরণ থেকে প্রদত্ত প্রশ্নগুলির সঠিক বিকল্প উত্তরটি বেছে লেখো (যে কোনো তিনটি) : 1×3=3

(i) ”মহাপাত্র মাথা নাড়িয়া অস্বীকার করিল।” – বাক্যটিকে চলিত ভাষায় রূপান্তরিত করলে কী হবে ?

- (a) মহাপাত্র মাথা নেড়ে অস্বীকার করল।
(b) মহাপাত্র মাথা নাড়িয়া অস্বীকার করল।
(c) মহাপাত্র মাথা নেড়ে অস্বীকার করিল।
(d) মহাপাত্র মাথা নাড়িল ও অস্বীকার করিল।

(ii) “জেলেদের দিক থেকে ভেসে আসে উল্লাস ধ্বনি” – বাক্যটিকে সাধুভাষায় পরিবর্তন করলে এর রূপ হবে –

- (a) জেলেদের দিক হইতে ভেসে আসে উল্লাস ধ্বনি।
(b) জেলেদের দিক হইতে ভাসিয়া আসে উল্লাসধ্বনি।
(c) জেলেদের দিক থেকে ভাসিয়া আসে উল্লাসধ্বনি।
(d) জেলেদের দিকে ভাসিয়া আসে উল্লাসধ্বনি।

(iii) সাধু ভাষায় অনুসর্গের কোন্ রূপ দেখা যায় ?

- (a) প্রচলিত রূপ (b) সংক্ষিপ্ত রূপ
(c) বিভাজ্য রূপ (d) অবিভাজ্য রূপ

(iv) ‘এই সময় সবাই বেরোয়।’ – এখানে ‘বেরোয়’ ক্রিয়াপদটির সাধু রূপ কী হবে ?

(a) বাইরায়

(b) বাহিরায়

(c) বের হয়

(d) বাহির হয়

(v) তিনজনে ধরাধরি করিয়া বহিয়া লইয়া চলিল চাঁদ সদাগরকে – বাক্যটিকে চলিত ভাষায় রূপান্তরিত করলে কী হবে ?

(a) তিনজনে ধরাধরি করিয়া বহে নিয়া চলল চাঁদ সদাগরকে।

(b) তিনজন ধরাধরি করে বয়ে নিয়ে চলল চাঁদ সদাগরকে।

(c) তিনজন ধরাধরি করে বহিয়া লইয়া চলল চাঁদ সদাগরকে।

(d) তিনজন ধইয়া নিয়া বহিয়া লইয়া চলল চাঁদ সদাগরকে।

SECTION – C

MAIN COURSE BOOK & SUPPLEMENTARY READER/NON-

DETAILED TEXT : (MCQ)

3. পাঠ্য গদ্য থেকে প্রদত্ত প্রশ্নগুলির সঠিক বিকল্প উত্তরটি নির্বাচন করে লেখো (যে কোনো ছ’টি) : 1×6=6

(i) মন্তব্য : পাড়া – পড়শি মায়ের দল পাঠানের গল্প শোনার জন্য ঘিরে দাঁড়াল।

কারণ (ক) : অমৃত ও ইসাবের জামা অদল-বদল তাদের গর্বিত করেছিল।

কারণ (খ) : কালিয়ার কীর্তি জানার জন্য তারা উদ্গ্রীব ছিল।

ঠিক-ভুল কোন্ বিষয়ে মন্তব্যটি সঠিক ?

(a) কারণ (ক) ভুল কিন্তু (খ) ঠিক।

(b) কারণ (ক) ঠিক কিন্তু (খ) ভুল।

- (c) কারণ (ক) ও (খ) – দুটোই ঠিক।
- (d) কারণ (ক) ও (খ) – দুটোই ভুল
- (ii) “ওসব হলো সুন্দর সুন্দর এক-একটি বঞ্চনা।” – কথাটাকে অন্য কোন্ভাবে বলা যায় ?
- (a) ওসব হলো সুন্দর সুন্দর এক-একটি প্রলোভন।
- (b) ওসব হলো সুন্দর সুন্দর এক-একটি হতাশা।
- (c) ওসব হলো সুন্দর সুন্দর এক-একটি প্রবঞ্চনা।
- (d) ওসব হলো সুন্দর সুন্দর এক-একটি ব্যর্থতা।
- (iii) তপনের লেখক হতে বাধা ছিল কারণ সে ভাবত, লেখকরা সাধারণ মানুষ নয় তারা অনন্য সাধারণ মানুষ।
- (a) মন্তব্যটি ভুল, কারণটি সঠিক।
- (b) মন্তব্য ও কারণ দুটোই সঠিক।
- (c) মন্তব্য ও কারণ দুটোই ভুল।
- (d) মন্তব্যটি সঠিক কারণটি ভুল।
- (iv) মন্তব্য : সন্ন্যাসী হাসলেন আর চলে গেলেন।
- কারণ (ক) : জগদীশবাবু একশো টাকার নোটটা সন্ন্যাসীর ঝোলার ভিতর ফেলে দিয়েছিলেন।
- কারণ (খ) : টাকাটা পাওয়ার জন্য সন্ন্যাসী মনে মনে খুশি হয়েছিলেন।
- (a) কারণ (ক) ভুল কিন্তু (খ) ঠিক।
- (b) কারণ (ক) ঠিক কিন্তু (খ) ভুল।
- (c) কারণ (ক) ও (খ) – দুটোই ঠিক।
- (d) কারণ (ক) ও (খ) – দুটোই ভুল।

- (v) “তপনের মনে হয় আজ সবথেকে দুঃখের দিন।” – এমন মনে হওয়ার কারণ হল –
- (a) তপনের লেখা নামী পত্রিকা ‘সন্ধ্যাতারার বদলে ধ্রুবতারাতে’ প্রকাশ পেয়েছিল।
- (b) তপনের লেখার অর্ধেক অংশ পত্রিকাতে প্রকাশ পেয়েছিল।
- (c) তপনের লেখার অনেকটা অংশ সম্পাদক কর্তৃক পরিবর্তিত হওয়ায় তপনের লেখক সত্তা আহত হয়েছিল।
- (d) তপনের লেখা তার ছোটোমেসো আগাগোড়াই বদলে দিয়ে তাকে অপমান করেছিলেন।
- (vi) মাসখানেক পরেই আলোবাবুকে অবিনাশবাবুর বাড়ি থেকে বিদায় নিতে হয় কারণ আলোবাবু ইচ্ছে করেই অন্যায় কাজ করেছিলেন।
- (a) মন্তব্যটি ভুল, কারণ সঠিক।
- (b) মন্তব্য ও কারণ – দুটোই সঠিক।
- (c) মন্তব্য ও কারণ দুটোই ভুল।
- (d) মন্তব্য সঠিক, কারণটি ভুল।
- (vii) “সে ওদের আনন্দ মাটি করার জন্য বলল” – “আনন্দ মাটি করা’ কথাটি কী অর্থে প্রযুক্ত হয়েছে ?
- (a) আর বেশি আনন্দ না করার অর্থে
- (b) আরো বেশি আনন্দ করার অর্থে
- (c) আনন্দ সকলের সঙ্গে ভাগ করার জন্য
- (d) আনন্দ পুরোপুরি নিরানন্দ করে দেওয়ার অর্থে।
- (viii) আলোবাবুকে প্রথমবার তাঁর বৈঠকখানায় এসে সাহায্য চাইতে শুনে লেখক কী ভেবেছিলেন ?

- (a) আলোবাবু নিশ্চয়ই টাকা-পয়সা চাইতে এসেছেন।
- (b) আলোবাবু নিশ্চয়ই কারুর চিকিৎসা করতে এসেছেন।
- (c) আলোবাবু নিশ্চয়ই তার বাড়িতে আশ্রয় চাইতে এসেছেন।
- (d) আলোবাবু নিশ্চয়ই তাঁর কাছে ড্রেসারের কাজ চাইতে এসেছেন।

4. গল্পগুচ্ছ থেকে প্রদত্ত প্রশ্নগুলির সঠিক উত্তরটি বেছে লেখো – 1×4=4

- (i) নতুন পোস্টমাস্টারকে সমস্ত চার্জ বোঝাতে না পেরে পুরাতন পোস্টমাস্টার গমোনোমুখ হলেন কারণ তিনি কাজে জবাব দিয়েছিলেন।
 - (a) মন্তব্যটি সঠিক কারণটি ভুল।
 - (b) মন্তব্যটি ভুল কারণটি সঠিক।
 - (c) মন্তব্য ও কারণ দুটোই সঠিক।
 - (d) মন্তব্য ও কারণ দুটোই ভুল।
- (ii) “অন্তঃপুরে ইহাতে অনেক আপত্তি উঠিয়াছিল।” – কী কারণে অন্তঃপুরে আপত্তি উঠেছিল ?
 - (a) কাবুলিওয়ালাকে টাকা দেওয়ার জন্য।
 - (b) আলোর ব্যবস্থা কম করার জন্য।
 - (c) কাবুলিওয়ালাকে মিনির বাবা অন্তঃপুরে ডেকে পাঠানোর জন্য।
 - (d) কাবুলিওয়ালার একজনকে ছুরি মেরেছিল বলে।
- (iii) রতনের ক্ষুদ্র হৃদয়পটে কাদের কাল্পনিক মূর্তি সে চিত্রিত করে নিয়েছিল ?
 - (a) গোমস্তার বাড়ির লোকদের।
 - (b) ভূতপূর্ব পোস্টমাস্টারের বাড়ির লোকদের।
 - (c) শিশুকালে বইয়ের পাতায় পড়া রাজা – রাজরাদের।
 - (d) পোস্টমাস্টারের বাড়ির লোকদের।

(iv) রাধামুকুন্দ এক থলে টাকা দাদার সামনে ফেলে তাঁর স্ত্রীর গহনা বন্ধক দিতে বাধা দিলেন। কারণ :

কারণ (ক) : রাধামুকুন্দ অনেক টাকা গচ্ছিত রেখেছিলেন।

কারণ (খ) : রাধামুকুন্দ আগেই নিজের স্ত্রীর গহনা বন্ধক রেখে যথোপযুক্ত টাকা সংগ্রহ করেছিলেন।

ঠিক-ভুল কোন্ বিষয়ে মন্তব্যটি সঠিক ?

(a) কারণ (ক) সঠিক (খ) ভুল।

(b) কারণ (ক) ও (খ) দুটোই সঠিক।

(c) কারণ (ক) ভুল (খ) সঠিক।

(d) কারণ (ক) ও (খ) দুটোই ভুল।

(v) কাবুলিওয়ালা ক্ষুদ্র লুক্র হৃদয়টুকু অনেকটা অধিকার করেছিল কারণ সে এসে প্রতিদিন মিনির সঙ্গে গল্প করত।

(a) মন্তব্য ও কারণ দুটোই সঠিক। (b) মন্তব্যটি সঠিক কারণটি ভুল।

(c) মন্তব্যটি ভুল কারণটি সঠিক। (d) মন্তব্য ও কারণ দুটোই ভুল।

(vi) “এককালে আমার ছিল, এখন আমার নহে।” – কে, কাকে বলেছিল?

(a) শশিভূষণ রাধামুকুন্দকে। (b) রাধামুকুন্দ শশিভূষণ কে।

(c) ব্রজসুন্দরী রাসমণিকে। (d) রাসমণি ব্রজসুন্দরীকে।

PART – B : (DESCRIPTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS) : 55 MARKS

SECTION – B : GRAMMAR

5. (A) সন্ধিবদ্ধ করো (যে কোন দুটি) – 1×2=2

(i) সম্ + কৃত =

(ii) মৃৎ + ময় =

(iii) রবি + ছবি =

(iv) চতুঃ + পদ =

(B) সন্ধি বিচ্ছেদ করো (যে কোন দুটি) – 1×2=2

(i) একচ্ছত্র = (ii) বাগাড়ম্বর =

(iii) শরদিন্দু = (iv) এয়োদশ =

6. ব্যাসবাক্যসহ নিম্নরেখ পদগুলির সমাস নির্ণয় করো (যে কোন তিনটি) – 1×3=3

(i) দেবতাকে পলান্ন নিবেদন করো।

(ii) উপদ্বীপে কিন্তু আদিবাসী থাকে।

(iii) বিয়েবাড়িতে দেনাপাওনা নিয়ে বিবাদ হল।

(iv) উঠতিজোয়ান ছেলেরা একটু উদ্ধত হয়, সেটা স্বাভাবিক।

(v) আমি এর বিন্দুবিসর্গ জানি না।

7. নির্দেশানুসারে প্রদত্ত বাক্যগুলির গঠনগত রূপান্তর করো (যে কোনো তিনটি) –

1×3=3

(i) যদিও পাপকে ঘৃণা করো তবুও পাপীকে নয়। (যৌগিক)

(ii) মন দিয়ে পড়াশোনা করো এবং পরীক্ষায় সফল হও। (সরল)

(iii) তাহার অর্থ থাকিলেও সামর্থ্য নাই। (যৌগিক)

(iv) এখানে মন্দিরটি ছিল এবং তা অত্যন্ত সুন্দর। (জটিল)

(v) মিথ্যাবাদী মানুষকে সকলেই ঘৃণা করে। (জটিল)

SECTION – C :

MAIN COURSE BOOK & SUPPLEMENTARY READER/NON- DETAILED TEXT (SUBJECTIVE)

8. “চমকে উঠলেন জগদীশবাবু” – জগদীশবাবু কেন চমকে উঠেছিলেন? 2

9. (a) “মাসখানেক পরেই কিন্তু চাকরিটি গেল তাঁর।” কার চাকরি, কেন মাসখানেক পরে চলে গিয়েছিল? 3
- (b) “হঠাৎ অমৃতের মাথায় একটা বুদ্ধি খেলে গেল।” অমৃতের মাথায় কখন, কী বুদ্ধি খেলে গিয়েছিল? 3
10. “সত্যি তপনের জীবনের সবচেয়ে সুখের দিনটি এল আজ” –
- (a) ‘সবচেয়ে সুখের দিনটি’ বলতে কোন্ দিনের কথা বলা হয়েছে ?
- (b) সেই সুখের দিনটি কীভাবে সবচেয়ে ‘দুখের দিন’ হয়ে উঠেছিল তা নিজের ভাষায় ব্যাখ্যা করো। 2+3

অথবা

“যাঁকে পেলে এই সৃষ্টির সব এশ্বর্য পাওয়া হয়ে যায়।” –

- (a) বক্তা কোন্ প্রসঙ্গে আলোচ্য কথাগুলি বলেছিলেন ?
- (b) আলোচ্য উক্তিটির মধ্যে দিয়ে প্রকৃতপক্ষে তিনি কী বোঝাতে চেয়েছেন ?
- 3+2

11. সপ্রসঙ্গ ব্যাখ্যা লেখো : 5×1=5

“অস্ত্র ফ্যালো, অস্ত্র রাখো গানের দুটি পায়ে...”

অথবা

“আমাদের শিশুদের শব
ছড়ানো রয়েছে কাছে দূরে।”

12. “অন্ধকারে তিনপাহাড়ে ট্রেনের থেকে নেমে
হাওয়াবিলাসী তিনজোড়া চোখ আটকে গেল ফ্রেমে।”

- (a) ‘হাওয়াবিলাসী তিনজোড়া চোখ’ বলতে কী বোঝানো হয়েছে ?

(b) কেন হাওয়াবিলাসী তিনজোড়া চোখ ফ্রেমে আটকে গেল ? 2+3

অথবা

“সকালে প্রভাতফেরির সঙ্গে ভোরের আজান” –

(a) কবি কোন্ প্রসঙ্গে উদ্ধৃতাংশটির অবতারণা করেছেন ?

(b) সকালের ‘প্রভাতফেরি’ আর ভোরের আজান কী ভূমিকা নিয়েছে ? 2+3

13. “এই সময় কাছে একটি কেহ নিতান্ত আপনার লোক থাকিত – হৃদয়ের সহিত একান্ত সংলগ্ন একটি স্নেহপুত্রলি মানবমূর্তি।”

(a) ‘এই সময়’ বলতে কী বোঝানো হয়েছে ?

(b) ‘আপনার লোক’ বলতে কী বোঝানো হয়েছে ও আপনার লোক না থাকায় কী অসুবিধা হয়েছিল ? 2+3

14. “একটা গভীর দীর্ঘনিশ্বাস ফেলিয়া রহমত মাটিতে বসিয়া পড়িল।”

(a) কখন রহমত দীর্ঘনিশ্বাস ফেলে মাটিতে বসে পড়েছিল ?

(b) তার এই আচরণের কারণ ব্যাখ্যা করো। 2+3

অথবা

“কিন্তু এমন সময়ে একটি গুরুতর ঘটনা ঘটিল।”

(a) কোন সময়ে গুরুতর ঘটনাটি ঘটেছিল ?

(b) গুরুতর ঘটনাটি লেখো। 2+3

SECTION – D :

CREATIVE WRITING

15. নিম্নলিখিত যে কোনো একটি বিষয় অবলম্বনে অনুচ্ছেদ রচনা করো : 6
- (a) নারীজাতির উন্নয়ন চিন্তা
- (b) পেট্রোপন্যের মূল্যবৃদ্ধি সমস্যা
- (c) কর্ম-সংস্কৃতি ও জাতীয় উন্নয়ন
16. হাসপাতালগুলিতে চরম অব্যবস্থার প্রতিকার জানিয়ে সংবাদপত্রের সম্পাদকের কাছে একটি চিঠি লেখো। 6

অথবা

কারো কারো মতে বাংলা ভাষা মহিমা হারাচ্ছে। এ বিষয়ে সংবাদপত্রের সম্পাদকের কাছে একটি পত্র লেখো।



Name _____ Sec: _____ Roll No _____

CODE: A

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR

PRE-BOARD EXAMINATION: [2025-26]

HINDI (A)

CLASS-X

Time-3Hrs

Maximum Marks: 80

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सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर देना अनिवार्य है। इस प्रश्न पत्र में कुल चार खंड हैं।
यथा संभव सभी खंडों के उत्तर क्रमशः लिखिए।

खंड-क

1. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर उस पर आधारित दिए गए प्रश्नों के उपयुक्त उत्तर लिखिए :

1x3, 2x2=7

पर्यावरण

नैतिकता से अभिप्राय वे विषय, सिद्धांत और दिशा –निर्देश, जो मनुष्य और पर्यावरण के बीच की क्रियाओं और प्रति क्रियाओं को दर्शाते हैं। मानव – केंद्रित विचारधारा के अनुसार, मनुष्य प्रकृति का स्वामी है और वह इसे मनचाहे रूप में प्रयोग कर सकता है। इसके विपरीत, पृथ्वी और प्रकृति केंद्रित विचार धारा के अनुसार, पृथ्वी हमारी जननी है। अतः हमें पृथ्वी का आदर करना चाहिए। पहले मत के अनुसार, पृथ्वी केवल एक ग्रह है इसलिए हमें वैज्ञानिक तकनीक द्वारा प्रौद्योगिकी का निरंतर विकास करना होगा और पर्यावरण के अपघटन को रोकना होगा ताकि एक स्वच्छ एवं स्वस्थ पर्यावरण और बेहतर भविष्य की नींव रखी जा सके।

साम्राज्यवाद, उपनिवेशवाद आधिपत्य के लिए संघर्ष, विश्व युद्ध आदि ने

अपने-अपने ढंग से पर्यावरण को संकट में डाला है। आज फिर आधुनिक प्रौद्योगिकी की सहायता से बड़े पैमाने पर औद्योगिक उत्पादन के लिए प्रकृति के शोषण ने संपूर्ण विश्व में पर्यावरणीय संकट पैदा कर दिया है, जो घातक सिद्ध हो सकता है। यह विवादास्पद है कि विकास आधारित प्रौद्योगिकी वरदान है या विनाश कारण।

1. मानव केंद्रित विचार धारा में निहित है -

कथन पढ़कर सही विकल्प का चयन कीजिए

1. पृथ्वी पर वैज्ञानिक तकनीक द्वारा प्रौद्योगिकी का निरंतर विकास करना।
2. पृथ्वी के अपघटन को रोकना।
3. बड़े पैमाने पर औद्योगिक उत्पादन करना।
4. मनुष्य द्वारा पृथ्वी का मनचाहे रूप से प्रयोग करना।

कूट

क) केवल 1 सही है, ख) 1 और 2 सही है, ग) 2 और 3 सही है, घ) 3 और 4 सही है। II. पर्यावरण नैतिकता से क्या अभिप्राय है ?

क) वे विषय, सिद्धांत और दिशा –निर्देश, जो मनुष्य और पर्यावरण के बीच की केवल क्रियाओं को दर्शाते हैं।

ख) वे विषय, सिद्धांत और दिशा –निर्देश, जो मनुष्य और पर्यावरण के बीच केवल प्रतिक्रियाओं को दर्शाते हैं।

ग) वे विषय सिद्धांत और दिशा –निर्देश, जो मनुष्य और पर्यावरण के बीच की क्रियाओं और प्रतिक्रियाओं को दर्शाते हैं।

घ) वे विषय, सिद्धांत और दिशा –निर्देश, जो मनुष्य और पर्यावरण के बीच तुलना को दर्शाते हैं।

III. 'पृथ्वी हमारी जननी है।' यह विचारधारा है।

क) मानव –केंद्रित, ख) पृथ्वी और प्रकृति केंद्रित, ग) प्रौद्योगिकी केंद्रित,
घ) मानव और प्रौद्योगिकी केंद्रित ।

IV. मानव केंद्रित विचारधारा के अनुसार प्रकृति का स्वामी कौन है ?

V. आधुनिक प्रौद्योगिकी ने प्रकृति पर कैसे संकट पैदा कर दिया है ?

2. निम्नलिखित काव्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर उस पर आधारित दिए गए प्रश्नों के उपयुक्त उत्तर लिखिए :

1x3, 2x2=7

‘हमीं ने दिया शांति संदेश, सुखी होते देकर आनंद ।

विजय लोहे की नहीं, धर्म की रही धरा पर धूम ।

यवन को दिया दया का दान, चीन को मिली धर्म की दृष्टि

मिला था स्वर्ण भूमि को रत्न, शील को सिंहल को भी सृष्टि ।

किसी का हमने छीना नहीं, प्रकृति का रहा पालना यहीं ।

हमारी जन्मभूमि थी यही, कहीं से हम आए थे नहीं ।

जातियों का उत्थान, पतन, आँधियाँ, झड़ी, प्रचंड समीर ।

खड़े देखा, झेला हँसते, प्रलय में पले हुए हम वीर ।

चरित के पूत भुजा में शक्ति, नम्रता रही सदा संपन्न ।

हमारे संचय में था दान, अतिथि थे सदा हमारे देव ।

वचन में सत्य, हृदय में तेज, प्रतिज्ञा में रहती थी टेव ।’

I. ‘आँधियाँ, झड़ी, प्रचंड समीर’ पंक्ति में ‘आँधियाँ और प्रचंड समीर’

प्रतीकार्थ हैं क) देश में समय-समय पर आई प्राकृतिक आपदाओं का ।

ख) देश में समय-समय पर भारतीयों द्वारा प्रदर्शित वीरता का ।

ग) देश में समय-समय पर भारतीयों में आए पतन का ।

घ) देश में समय-समय पर आए भीषण संकटों का ।

II. ‘विजय केवल लोहे की नहीं, धर्म की रही धरा पर धूम’ का आशय है

- क) धरती पर अस्त्र –शस्त्रों से विजय प्राप्त की जाती है ,धर्म से नहीं ।
 ख) धर्म के मार्ग पर चलकर ही लोगों को जीता जा सकता है ।
 ग) धर्म के मार्ग पर चलकर ही लोगों को जीता जा सकता है , अस्त्र –शस्त्रों से नहीं ।
 घ) धरती पर धर्म की ध्वजा फहरानी चाहिए अस्त्र –शस्त्रों की नहीं ।
- III. कथन और कारण पर विचार करते हुए सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए
कथन भारत सदा से एक शांतिप्रिय देश रहा है ।
कारण भारत ने कभी विदेशी आक्रमणों का डटकर सामना नहीं किया ।
- क) कथन सही है ,किन्तु कारण गलत है ।
 ख) कथन गलत है ,किन्तु कारण सही है ।
 ग) कथन और कारण दोनों सही है और कारण,कथन की सही व्याख्या करता है । घ) कथन और कारण दोनों सही है किंतु कारण,कथन की सही व्याख्या नहीं है
- IV. कविता के अनुसार , 'हमने 'शब्द किसके लिए प्रयुक्त हुआ है ?
 V. प्रस्तुत कविता के अनुसार , भारतीय शक्तिशाली होते हुए भी कैसे है ?

खंड-ख

3. निर्देशानुसार 'रचना के आधार पर वाक्य भेद पर आधारित पांच प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं चार प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए -
- 4 क) बालक रोते-रोते चुप हो गया । (संयुक्त वाक्य में बदलिए)
 ख) वह जूते खरीदने के लिए बाजार गया । (मिश्र वाक्य में बदलिए)
 ग) अध्यापक बाहर गए और बच्चे शोर मचाने लगे । (सरल वाक्य में बदलिए) घ) तुम सच बोलते हो ,इसलिए महान हो । (मिश्र वाक्य में बदलिए)
 ङ) यह वही छात्र है ,जिसने प्रथम स्थान प्राप्त किया

था। (सरल वाक्य में बदलिए)

4. निर्देशानुसार 'वाच्य' के आधार पर वाच्य भेद पर आधारित पांच प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं चार प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए -

4 क) सीता खाना खाती है। (कर्म वाच्य में बदलिए)

ख) युवराज पढ़ रहा है। (भाव वाच्य में बदलिए)

ग) जवानों ने आतंकवादियों को मारा। (वाच्य भेद का नाम बताए)

घ) तुम्हारे द्वारा फूल तोड़ा जाएगा। (कर्तृ वाच्य में बदलिए)

ङ) इस बार उन्होंने गले नहीं लगाया।। (भाव वाच्य में बदलिए)

5. निर्देशानुसार 'पद-परिचय' पर आधारित रेखांकित पांच पदों में से किन्हीं चार के उत्तर लिखिए -

4 क) गौरव हास्य की एक पुस्तक पढ़ता है।

ख) मैं तुमसे कुछ पूछूंगा।

ग) मेरे बगीचे में दो नीले फूल हैं।

घ) जब वह स्टेशन पहुंचा, तब गाड़ी चल रही थी।

ङ) जब खाओ, कम बोलो।

6. निर्देशानुसार 'अलंकार' पर आधारित पांच प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं चार प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए -

4 क) 'मेघ आए बन ठन के संवर के 'में कौन-सा अलंकार है ?

ख) 'झुक कर मैंने पूछ लिया

खा गया मानो झटका ।' में कौन-सा अलंकार है ?

ग) 'उपमा' अलंकार का एक उदाहरण लिखिए।

घ) 'अतिशयोक्ति' अलंकार का एक उदाहरण लिखिए।

ङ) 'आए महंत वसंत' में कौन-सा अलंकार है ?

खंड-ग

7. निम्नलिखित पठित गद्यांश पर आधारित बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्नों के सर्वाधिक उपयुक्त उत्तर वाले विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए -

1X5=5 ' अकसर कहते हैं- 'क्या करें मियाँ,ई काशी छोड़कर कहाँ जाएं, गंगा मइया यहाँ, बाबा विश्वनाथ यहाँ,बालाजी का मंदिर यहाँ ,यहाँ हमारे खानदान के कई पुशतों ने शहनाई बजाई है ,हमारे नाना तो वहीं बालाजी मंदिर में बड़े प्रतिष्ठित शहनाईवाज रह चुके हैं । अब हम क्या करें मरते दम तक न यह शहनाई छूटेगी न काशी । जिस जमीन ने हमें तालीम दी ,जहाँ से अदब पाई,वो कहाँ और मिलेगी ? शहनाई और काशी से बढ़कर कोई जन्नत नहीं इस धरती पर हमारे लिए । "

क) ' ई काशी छोड़कर कहाँ जाएं ।'

इस कथन में बिस्मिल्ला खां की काशी के प्रति कौन-सी भावना व्यक्त हो रही है । i) असमंजस , ii) विवशता , iii) समर्पण, iv) त्याग ।

ख) बिस्मिल्ला खां काशी छोड़कर नहीं जाना चाहते थे ,क्योंकि.....

i) काशी उनकी जन्मभूमि थी

ii) वे काशी को आरामदेह शहर मानते थे

iii) काशी में उनके परिवार की धरोहर थी

iv) वे काशी की संस्कृति से घुले-मिले हुए थे ?

ग) बिस्मिल्ला खां ने काशी को स्वर्ग क्यों कहा है ?

i) काशी की भाषा और स्वच्छता के कारण

ii) ज्ञानदान ,कला और परंपराओं के कारण

iii) काशी की वैदिक परंपरा और सुंदरता के कारण

iv) पुश्तैनी मकान और मंदिरों के पवित्रता के कारण

घ) बिस्मिल्ला खां काशी की धरती के प्रति क्या व्यक्त कर रहे हैं ?

i) कृतधृता, ii) कृतज्ञता, iii) सहिष्णुता, iv) व्याकुलता ।

ड) काशी और शहनाई के बारे में सोचकर बिस्मिल्ला खां।

i) फूले नहीं समाते थे, ii) हवाई किले बनाते थे, iii) पानी-पानी हो जाते थे,

iv) राई का पहाड़ बना देते थे ।

8. निर्धारित गद्य पाठों के आधार पर निम्नलिखित चार प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं तीन प्रश्नों के उत्तर लगभग 25-30 शब्दों में लिखिए ।

2x3=6 क) सुई-धागे का आविष्कार किस आवश्यकता की पूर्ति के

लिए हुआ होगा ? ख) मन्नू भंडारी और उनके पिता के बीच मतभेद के दो कारण लिखिए ।

ग) डिब्बा अनुमान के प्रतिकूल निर्जन क्यों

नहीं था ?

घ) बालगोबिन भगत की

दिनचर्या लोगों के अचरज का कारण क्यों थी ?

9. निम्नलिखित

पठित काव्यांश पर आधारित बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्नों के सर्वाधिक उपयुक्त उत्तर वाले विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए -

1X5=5 ' तुम्हारी

यह दंतुरित मुस्कान

मृतक में भी डाल देगी जान

धूलि-धूसर तुम्हारे ये गात ...

छोड़कर तालाब मेरी झोपडी में खिल रहे जलजात

परस पाकर तुम्हारा ही प्राण ,

पिघलकर जल बन गया होगा कठिन पाषाण

छु गया तुमसे कि झरने लग पड़े शेफालिका के फूल

बाँस था कि बबूल ? '

क) काव्यांश के आधार पर बताइए कि बच्चे की मुस्कान किसे पिघलाने में

समर्थ है? i) कठोर पत्थर को, ii) पहाड़ को, iii) कठोर व्यक्ति के मन

को,

iv) संपूर्ण वातावरण को ।

ख) झोंपड़ी में कमल खिलने का क्या तात्पर्य है ?

- i) झोंपड़ी का सुगंधित वातावरण ,
- ii) गरीबी में भी आनंद की अनुभूति
- iii) आर्थिक सम्पन्नता

iv) झोंपड़ी में कमल के फूलों की सजावट

ग) छोटे बच्चे की दंतुरित मुस्कान में जान डाल देती है ।

i) रोगी , ii) पक्षी , iii) कमजोर , iv) मृतक ।

घ) काव्यांश के अनुसार ,शिशु का शरीर कैसा है ?

i) आभूषण से युक्त , ii)कमल के फूलों से युक्त , iii) सूर्य के समान आभायुक्त , iv)धुल से सना हुआ ।

ङ) बच्चे के स्पर्श मात्र से क्या परिवर्तन हुआ ?

- i) कमल के फूल खिलने लगे
- ii) मृत व्यक्ति में प्राणों का संचार होने लगा
- iii) शेफालिका के फूल झड़ने लगे
- iv) बबूल के पत्ते गिरने लगे ।

10. निर्धारित पद्य पाठों के आधार पर निम्नलिखित चार प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं तीन प्रश्नों के उत्तर लगभग 25-30 शब्दों में लिखिए । 2x3=6

क) मुख्य गायक के साथ संगतकार का होना क्यों आवश्यक है ?

ख) कवि जय शंकर प्रसाद आत्मकथा लिखने से क्यों बचना चाहता है ?

ग) लक्ष्मण ने वीर योद्धा की क्या -क्या विशेषताएँ बताई ?

घ) गोपियाँ उद्धव की बातें सुनकर निराश क्यों हो गई ?

11. निर्धारित पूरक पाठों के आधार पर निम्नलिखित तीन प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं दो प्रश्नों के उत्तर लगभग 50-60 शब्दों में लिखिए । 4x2=8

क) 'माता का अंचल' पाठ के आधार यह कहा जा सकता है कि बच्चे का

अपने पिता से अधिक जुड़ाव था ,फिर भी विपदा के समय वह पिता के पास न जाकर माँ की शरण लेता है । आपकी समझ से इसकी क्या वजह हो सकती है ?
ख)आज की पीढी द्वारा प्रकृति के साथ किस तरह का खिलवाड़ किया जा रहा है ? इसे रोकने में आपकी क्या भूमिका होनी चाहिए ?
ग) लेखक ने अपने आपको हिरोशिमा के विस्फोट का भोक्ता कब और किस तरह महसूस किया ?

खंड-घ

12. निम्नलिखित तीन विषयों में से किसी एक विषय पर संकेत बिंदुओं के आधार पर लगभग 120 शब्दों में एक अनुच्छेद लिखिए ।

6 i) कंप्यूटर: आज की जरूरत

संकेत बिंदु-

कंप्यूटर का परिचय

कंप्यूटर की उपयोगिता

कंप्यूटर से होने वाली हानियाँ

ii) पेड़ बचाएँ या घर बनाएँ

संकेत बिंदु-

पेड़ों का महत्त्व

जनसंख्या वृद्धि और एकल परिवारों के कारण निवास की समस्या

घर बनाते समय पेड़ों को सुरक्षित करने के उपाय

iii) आलस्य : मनुष्य का सबसे बड़ा शत्रु

संकेत बिंदु-

आलस्य और मनुष्य जीवन

आलस्य के नुकसान

सफलता पाने के लिए आलस्य को त्यागना आवश्यक

13. अपने प्रधानाचार्य महोदय को पत्र लिखकर विद्यालय के बाहर खड़े रेहड़ी-पटरी (खोमचे) वालों की शिकायत कीजिए ,ताकि उन्हें हटवाया जा सके ।

अथवा 5 बड़े भाई की ओर से छोटे भाई को कुसंगति की हानियाँ बताते हुए पत्र लिखिए । **14.**के.पी कंपनी में मार्केटिंग मैनेजर के रिक्त पद हेतु एक स्ववृत्त तैयार कीजिए । अथवा

5 आपके क्षेत्र में नए पार्क बनाने की योजना को हरी झंडी दिखाने के शुभ कार्य के लिए अपने शहर के जिलाधिकारी को ई-मेल लिखिए । **15.** टेस्टी केक एंड बेकर्स की ओर से अपने उत्पादों के लिए एक विज्ञापन तैयार कीजिए । अथवा

4 अपने चचेरे भाई के विवाह के उपलक्ष्य में उसे बधाई देते हुए लगभग 30 -40 शब्दों में शुभ कामना संदेश लिखिए ।

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL , BURNPUR

PRE-BOARD EXAMINATION – 2025-26

SET- A

CLASS- X

TIME -3 HRS.

SUBJECT-HINDI

F.M-80

सामान्य निर्देश – सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं ।

इस प्रश्न-पत्र में कुल चार खंड हैं ।

यथासंभव सभी खंडों के उत्तर क्रमानुसार लिखिए ।

खण्ड –क (अपठित बोध)

प्रश्न 1-निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर उस पर आधारित दिए गए

प्रश्नों के सर्वाधिक उपयुक्त उत्तर लिखिए : 7

महर्षि वेदव्यास का जन्म यमुना नदी के किनारे एक छोटे से द्वीप में हुआ था । इनके पिता का नाम पराशर तथा माता का नाम सत्यवती था । व्यास के शरीर के रंग को देखते हुए इंका नाम कृष्ण रखा गया और द्वीप में पैदा होने के कारण इन्हें द्वैपायन कहा गया । आरंभ में वेद एक ही था । व्यास ने इसका अध्ययन किया । मंत्रों के आधार पर उन्होंने वेदों को चार भागों में वर्गीकृत किया । इस प्रकार ऋग्वेद , यजुर्वेद , सामवेद और अथर्ववेद चार वेद हो गए । व्यास जी वेदों को नया स्वरूप दिया इसलिए वे वेदव्यास कहलाए ।

महर्षि वेदव्यास विद्वान और तपस्वी थे । इनका सबसे महत्वपूर्ण ग्रंथ

महाभारत है । महाभारत में 18 पर्व हैं । महाभारत को पाँचवाँ वेद भी

कहा जाता है । महाभारत की रचना उन्होंने लोक कल्याण की भावना

से की थी । कहा जाता है –महाभारत को लिखने के लिए गणेश जी से कहा गया । गणेश जी ने कहा –‘ मेरी एक शर्त है ,मेरे लिखते समय मेरी लेखनी (कलम) रुकने न पाए , यदि यह रुक गई तो मैं लिखना बंद कर दूँगा ’ व्यास जी ने कहा, ठीक है । उन्होंने इस तरह के श्लोक बोले कि जितनी देर में गणेश जी श्लोक को समझ करके लिख पाते उतनी देर में व्यास जी अगला श्लोक सोच लेते ।

1-वेदों को नया स्वरूप किसने दिया ? 1

क-व्यास जी ख-वाल्मीकि ने ग-वशिष्ठ जी ने घ – नारद ने

2-महाभारत में कितने पर्व हैं ? 1

क-दस ख –बीस ग- अठारह घ –चालीस

3-निम्नलिखित कथन तथा कारण को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर उचित विकल्प का चयन कीजिए – 1

कथन – गणेश जी महाभारत लेखन के लिए वेदव्यास जी से शर्त रखी थी कि उनकी लेखनी नहीं रुकनी चाहिए ।

कारण –गणेश जी को लिखने में रुचि नहीं थी , इसलिए वेदव्यास जी की परीक्षा लेना चाहते थे ।

क-कथन और कारण दोनों सही हैं तथा कारण , कथन की सही व्याख्या करता है ।

ख- कथन और कारण दोनों सही हैं , लेकिन कारण , कथन की सही व्याख्या नहीं करता है ।

ग-कथन सही है , लेकिन कारण गलत है ।

घ –कथन गलत है ,लेकिन कारण गलत है ।

4-महर्षि वेदव्यास के जीवन के बारे में बताइए । 2

5-महाभारत की रचना कैसे हुई ? 2

प्रश्न 2- निम्नलिखित काव्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर उस पर आधारित दिए

गए प्रश्नों के सर्वाधिक उपयुक्त उत्तर लिखिए : 7

जीवन के आठवें साल में ,प्रवेश करने पर ,

बच्चे को गोद में बिठाया माँ ने ,

और कहा – मेरे लाल ! तुझे देने के लिए

मेरे पास कुछ भी नहीं रहा ।

परंतु आज तुझे मैं वही दे रही हूँ ।

जो दिया ,लव –कुश को माँ सीता ने

और पार्थ को गीता ने

जिसे कहते हैं – ' जीवन मूल्य '

वह उपहार होगा , तेरे लिए

अमृत तुल्य सुन ! कभी किसी पर मत करना अत्याचार ।

बरसाना सभी पर करुणा और करना सद्-व्यवहार ।

दुनिया में अमूल्य हैं – सुभाशीष ,सुभकामना और प्यार ।

इसलिए , किसी निर्दोष –कर्मनिष्ठ के रास्ते में मत बनना दीवार ।

ताउम्र निभाना रिश्ते ,समाज ,देश और जगत के प्रति कर्तव्य ॥

1 –सीता ने लव-कुश को तथा गीता ने पार्थ को क्या दिया ? 1

क- धन और ऐश्वर्य ख-युद्ध और शिक्षा

घ- यदि अबकी बार बारिश नहीं हुई तो फसल अच्छी नहीं होगी । (रचना के अनुसार वाक्य का भेद पहचानकर लिखिए)

ङ-बालगोबिन जानते हैं कि अब बुढ़ापा आ गया । (रेखांकित उपवाक्य का उपभेद बताइए)

प्रश्न 4-निर्देशानुसार वाच्य पर आधारित पाँच प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं चार प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए : $4 \times 1 = 4$

क-विनय जोर –जोर से हँस रहा है । (वाच्य का भेद बताइए)

ख-एडिसन ने बल्ब का आविष्कार किया । (कर्मवाच्य में बदलिए)

ग-सीता द्वारा बुढ़िया को सड़क पार कराई गई । (कर्तृवाच्य में बदलिए)

घ –वे पार्क में प्रतिदिन दौड़ते हैं । (भाववाच्य में बदलिए)

ङ –भाववाच्य में क्रिया सदैव किस प्रकार की होती है ?

प्रश्न 5-निर्देशानुसार पद –परिचय पर आधारित निम्नलिखित पाँच प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं चार प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए : $4 \times 1 = 4$

क-हमने भिखारी को पैसे दिए ।

ख-यदि हम आज नहीं गए , तो अनर्थ हो जाएगा ।

ग-हैरिस यहाँ पिछले वर्ष आया था ।

घ –उस गमले में चार फूल लगे हैं ।

ङ-वह कौन है , जो छत पर खड़ा है

प्रश्न 6-निर्देशानुसार अलंकार पर आधारित निम्नलिखित पाँच प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं

चार प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए : $4 \times 1 = 4$

क-निम्नलिखित पंक्तियों में प्रयुक्त अलंकार का उल्लेख कीजिए –

है बिखेर देती वसुंधरा मोती सबके सोने पर ,
रवि बटोर लेता है उनको सदा सवेरा होने पर ।

ख-पुलक प्रकट करती है धरती , हरित तृणों की नोकों से ,
मानो झूम रहे हैं तरु भी ,मंद पवन के झोकों से ।

-इन पंक्तियों में किस अलंकार का प्रयोग हुआ है ?

ग-निम्नलिखित काव्य पंक्तियों में प्रयुक्त अलंकार का पहचानकर लिखिए –
मैं रोया परदेश में ,भीगा माँ का प्यार ।

दुख ने दुख से बात की , बिन चिट्ठी बिन तार ॥

घ-रूपक अलंकार का एक उदाहरण काव्य –पंक्तियों के माध्यम से
दीजिए ।

ङ –निम्न काव्य –पंक्तियों में कौन –सा अलंकार प्रयुक्त हुआ है ?

पड़ी थी बिजली –सी विकराल ।

लपटे थे घन जैसे बाल ।

खंड –ग (पाठ्य –पुस्तक एवं पूरक पाठ्य –पुस्तक पर आधारित)

प्रश्न 7- निम्नलिखित पठित गद्यांश पर आधारित बहुविकल्पी प्रश्नों के सर्वाधिक

उपयुक्त उत्तर वाले विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए : 5x1=5

मूर्ति संगमरमर की थी । टोपी की नोक से कोट के दूसरे बटन तक कोई दो

फुट ऊँची। जिसे कहते हैं बस्ट और सुंदर थी । नेताजी सुंदर लग रहे थे ।

कुछ –कुछ मासूम और कमसिन । फौजी वर्दी में मूर्ति को देखते ही “दिल्ली चलो ”

और 'तुम मुझे खून दो' ... वैगरहयाद आने लगते थे । इस दृष्टि से यह सफल और सराहनीय प्रयास था । केवल एक चीज की कसर थी , जो देखते ही खटकती थी । नेताजी की आँखों पर चश्मा नहीं था । यानी चश्मा तो था ,लेकिन संगमरमर का नहीं था । एक सामान्य और सचमुच के चश्मे का काला फ्रेम मूर्ति को पहना दिया था ।

1-नेताजी की मूर्ति किस पदार्थ की बनी थी ?

क-कांसे की ख-संगमरमर की

ग-लोहे की घ-लकड़ी की

2-मूर्ति में नेताजी को किस वर्दी में दर्शाया गया था ?

क-फौजी वर्दी ख-राजनीतिक पोशाक

ग-स्कूल वर्दी घ-धोती कुर्ता

3-मूर्ति की सबसे बड़ी कमी क्या थी ?

क-उसमें हाथ नहीं थे ख- टोपी गायब थी

ग-चश्मा संगमरमर का नहीं था

घ-नेताजी के चेहरे पर हँसी नहीं थी ।

4-नेताजी की मूर्ति देखकर कौन से नारे याद आते थे ?

निम्नलिखित कथन पढ़िए और उचित विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए –

i-जय जवान जय किसान

ii – दिल्ली चलो

iii-तुम मुझे खून दो

iv-इंकलाब जिंदाबाद

क-i

ख-ii और iii

ग –iii और iv

घ –केवल iv

5-कथन (A) और कारण (R)को पढ़कर उपयुक्त विकल्प चुनिए –

कथन (A) – मूर्ति पर संगमरमर का सुंदर चश्मा लगाया गया था ।

कारण (R)- मूर्ति में नेताजी की आँखों पर एक असली काले फ्रेम वाला चश्मा पहनाया गया था ।

क- कथन (A) और कारण (R) दोनों सही हैं तथा कारण (R), कथन(A) की सही व्याख्या करता है ।

ख- कथन (A) और कारण (R) दोनों सही हैं , लेकिन कारण (R),कथन (A) की सही व्याख्या नहीं करता ।

ग-कथन (A) सही है लेकिन कारण (R) गलत है ।

घ –कारण (R) सही है लेकिन कथन (A) गलत है ।

प्रश्न 8-निर्धारित गद्य पाठों के आधार पर निम्नलिखित चार प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं

तीन प्रश्नों के उत्तर लगभग 25-30 शब्दों में लिखिए – $3 \times 2 = 6$

क-आग की खोज एक बहुत बड़ी खोज क्यों मनी जाती है ?इस खोज के पीछे रही प्रेरणा के मुख्य स्रोत क्या रहे होंगे ?

ख-बिस्मिल्ला खाँ के जीवन से जुड़ी उन घटनाओं और व्यक्तियों का उल्लेख करें जिन्होंने उनकी संगीत साधना को समृद्ध किया ?

ग-वह कौन –सी घटना थी जिसके बारे में सुनने पर लेखिका को न अपनी आँखों पर विश्वास हो पाया और न अपने कानों पर ?

घ-पाठ के आधार पर बालगोबिन भगत के मधुर गायन की विशेषताएँ लिखिए ।

प्रश्न 9- निम्नलिखित पठित कवयांश पर आधारित बहुविकल्पी प्रश्नों के सर्वाधिक

उपयुक्त उत्तर वाले विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए : $5 \times 1 = 5$

अट नहीं रही है
आभा फागुन की तन
सट नहीं रही है ।
कहीं सांस लेते हो ,
घर –घर भर देते हो ,
उड़ने को नभ में तुम
पर –पर कर देते हो ,
आँख हटाता हूँ तो
हट नहीं रही है ।
पत्तों से लदी डाल
कहीं हरी , कहीं लाल ,
कहीं पड़ी है उर में
मंद –गंध –पुष्प –माल ,
पाट-पाट शोभा –श्री
पट नहीं रही है ।

1-यह पंक्तियाँ किस ऋतु से संबंधित है ?

क-वर्षा ख-शरद ग-ग्रीष्म घ-फागुन (बसंत)

2-पत्तों से लदी डाल कहीं हरी कहीं लाल – इन पंक्तियों में किसका
सौंदर्य चित्रित है ?

क-पतझड़ का

ख- फलों का

ग-वृक्षों का

घ-फूलों की माला का

3-अट नहीं रही है आभा फागुन की – इन पंक्तियों में क्या बताया गया है ?

क-ऋतु की रंग हीनता ख-सौंदर्य का अतिरेक

ग-चंद्रमा का प्रकाश घ-वायु की गति

4-घर –घर भर देते हैं , पर –पर कर देते हो – इन पंक्तियों में क्या व्यक्त होता है ?

निम्नलिखित कथन पढ़िए और उचित विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए –

i-उत्सव का वातावरण ii-परिश्रम का चित्रण

iii-ऋतु का प्रभाव सर्वत्र है iv-एकांत

क-i और iii ख- i और ii

ग – i और iv घ –ii और iv

5-कथन (A) और कारण (R) को पढ़कर उपयुक्त विकल्प चुनिए –

कथन –(A)-पट नहीं रही है ' –इस पंक्ति में कवि की आँख बंद हो रही हैं ।

कारण- (R)-वह दृश्य बहुत तेज और असहनीय है ।

क- कथन (A) और कारण (R) दोनों सही हैं तथा कारण(R), कथन (A) की सही व्याख्या करता है ।

ख-कथन (A) और कारण (R) दोनों सही हैं ,लेकिन कारण (R) ,कथन (A) की सही व्याख्या नहीं करता ।

ग-कथन (A) सही है लेकिन कारण (R)गलत है ।

घ-कारण (R) सही है लेकिन कथन (A) गलत है ।

प्रश्न 10-निर्धारित कविताओं के आधार पर निम्नलिखित चार प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं

तीन प्रश्नों के उत्तर लगभग 25-30 शब्दों में लिखिए : 3x2=6

क-सफलता के चरम शिखर पर पहुँचने के दौरान यदि व्यक्ति लड़खड़ाता है

तब उसे सहयोगी किस तरह संभालते हैं ?

ख- फसल को 'हाथों के स्पर्श की गरिमा ' और ' माहिमा 'कहकर कवि क्या

व्यक्त करना चाहता है ?

ग-गोपियों ने उद्धव से योग की शिक्षा कैसे लोगों को देने की बात कही है ?

घ-परशुराम के क्रोध करने पर लक्ष्मण ने धनुष के टूट जाने के लिए कौन –

कौन से तर्क दिए ?

प्रश्न 11-पूरक पाठ्य –पुस्तक के निर्धारित पाठों पर आधारित निम्नलिखित

तीन प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं दो प्रश्नों के उत्तर लगभग 50-60 शब्दों में

लिखिए : $2 \times 4 = 8$

क-मैं क्यों लिखता हूँ ? पाठ के आधार पर बताइए कि लेखक को कौन –सी

बातें लिखने के लिए प्रेरित करती हैं ?

ख-सैलानियों को प्रकृति कि अलौकिक छटा का अनुभव करवाने में किन –

किन लोगों का योगदान होता है , उल्लेख करें ।

ग-भोलानाथ और उसके साथी खेल –खेल में फसल कैसे उगाया करते थे ?

भोलानाथ की माँ उसे कैसे कन्हैया बना देती थी ?

खंड-घ (रचनात्मक लेखन)

प्रश्न 12-निम्नलिखित तीन विषयों में से किसी एक विषय पर दिये गए संकेत –

बिन्दुओं के आधार पर लगभग 120 शब्दों में एक अनुच्छेद लिखिए : 6

क-मेरे जीवन का लक्ष्य : लक्ष्य की आवश्यकता , आपका लक्ष्य क्या है ?,

क्या करेंगे ?

ख-मन के हारे हार है ,मन के जीते जीत । - निराशा एक अभिशाप , दृष्टिकोण में परिवर्तन , सकारात्मकता ।

ग- युवा वर्ग का विदेशों के प्रति बढ़ता मोह : विदेशों के प्रति बढ़ता आकर्षण , आर्थिक संपन्नता , बेहतर जीवन शैली ।

प्रश्न13- क- चाचा जी द्वारा आपके जन्मदिन पर उपहार भेजने पर उन्हें धन्यवाद देने के लिए एक पत्र लिखिए । 5

अथवा

ख- बाजार से घर आते समय आपके पिताजी का एंटी०एम० कार्ड खो गया है । इसकी सूचना देते हुए संबंधित बैंक के प्रबन्धक को प्रार्थना -पत्र लिखिए , जिसमें नया एंटी ० एम ० कार्ड प्रदत्त करने का अनुरोध हो ।

प्रश्न 14-क- दवाइयों की एक नामी कंपनी हेतु औषध बिक्री प्रतिनिधि पद के लिए अपनी योग्यताओं का विवरण देते हुए स्ववृत्त तैयार कीजिए । 5

अथवा

ख-विद्यालय में पीने के पानी की समुचित व्यवस्था करने के लिए प्राचार्य को लगभग 80 शब्दों में एक ई -मेल लिखिए ।

प्रश्न 15-क- "हिमालय " डिटरजेण्ट पाउडर बनाने वाली कंपनी के लिए एक विज्ञापन तैयार कीजिए । 4

अथवा

ख-आप लक्ष्मी कश्यप / आलोक कुमार हैं । आपके भैया -भाभी की

पहली वर्षगांठ (एनिवर्सरी) है । इस अवसर पर उनके लिए एक लगभग
40 शब्दों में शुभकामना एवं बधाई संदेश लिखिए ।

XXXXX

Name: _____ Sec: _____ Roll No.: _____

CODE:

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
PRE-BOARD EXAMINATION: [2025-2026]
SECOND LANGUAGE (SANSKRIT)
CLASS : X

Time: 3 Hrs.

Maximum Marks: 80

निर्देशाः -(i) प्रश्न -पत्रे चत्वारः खंडाः सन्ति ।

- खंड (क) अपठित - अवबोधनम् - 10 अंका
खंड (ख) रचनात्मक -कार्यम् - 15 अंका :
खंड (ग) अनुप्रयुक्त - व्याकरणम् - 25 अंकाः
खंड (घ) पठित - अवबोधनम् - 30 अंकाः
(ii) सर्वे प्रश्नाः अनिवार्याः सन्ति ।
(iii) प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि खंडानुसारम् क्रमेणैव लेखनीयानि ।
(iv) प्रश्नसंख्या अवश्यं लेखनीया ।
(v) उत्तराणि संस्कृतेन एव लेखनीयानि ।

खंड "क" अपठित - अवबोधनम् (10 अंकाः)

1. निम्नलिखितं गद्यांशं पठित्वा तदाधारितान् प्रश्नान् उत्तरत -

पुरा अस्माकं देशे बहवः प्रसिद्धाः राजानः अभवन्। तेषु दुष्यन्तः नाम एकः नृपः आसीत्। तस्य भार्या शकुंतला आश्रमे पुत्रं अजयत्। तस्य नाम भरतः आसीत्। भरतः शैशवावस्थायां अपि आश्रमे सिंहशावकैः सह क्रीडति स्म। एकदा सः एकस्य सिंहशावकस्य मुखम् उदघाटयत् अवदत् च- 'जृम्भस्व सिंह! दंतान् ते गणयिष्यामि। सिंहशावकः अपि जानाति स्म यत् भरतः अपि मया सदृशः शिशुः अस्ति, मया सह क्रीडति अतः सः भरताय नाक्रुध्यत न च आक्रम्यत्। तत्र तापसीभ्यां निषिद्धः अपि भरतः कथयति स्म- नाहं सिंहात् बिभेमि। इत्थम् आसीत् सः निर्भयः वीरः भरतः। भरतस्य अभिधानेन एव अस्माकं देशस्य आर्यावर्तस्य नाम 'भारतम्' अभवत्।

(I) एकपदेन उत्तरत - (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्)

1x2=2

(क) निर्भयः वीरः च कः आसीत् ?

(ख) भरतः कैः सह क्रीडति स्म ?

(ग) भरतस्य मातुः नाम किम् आसीत् ?

(II) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत - (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) 2x2= 4

(क) भरतः सिंहशावकं किम् अवदत् ?

(ख) सिंहशावकः भरताय किमर्थं नाक्रुध्यत् न च आक्राम्यत् ?

(ग) भरतः तापसीभ्यां किं कथयति स्म ?

(III) अस्य अनुच्छेदस्य कृते समुचितं शीर्षकं लिखत । 1

(IV) भाषिक -कार्यम्- (केवलं प्रश्नत्रयम्) 1x3= 3

(क) 'इत्थम् आसीत् सः निर्भयः वीरः भरतः' अत्र किं क्रियापदम्?

(A) इत्थम् (B) आसीत् (C) निर्भयः (D) वीरः

(ख) 'सदृशः' इति विशेषणपदस्य विशेष्यपदं किम्?

(A) नृपः (B) वीरः (C) निर्भयः (D) शिशुः

(ग) 'नृपाः' इति पदस्य किं पर्यायपदं गद्यांशे प्रयुक्तम् ?

(A) सिंहशावकः (B) दंतान् (C) राजानः (D) प्रसिद्धाः

(घ) गणयिष्यामि इति क्रियापदस्य कर्तृपदं किं भवेत् ?

(A) अहम् (B) ते (C) सः (D) राजानः

खण्डः 'ख' रचनात्मक - कार्यम् 15 अंकाः

2. पितरं प्रति लिखितं अधः पत्रं मंजूषाप्रदत्तशब्दैः पूरयत । $\frac{1}{2} \times 10 = 5$

ब्रह्मपुत्र-छात्रावासः,

(i) ----- ।

तिथिः -----

पूज्याः (ii) ----- ।

सादरं प्रणामाः ।

अत्र कुशलं तत्रास्तु। इदं विज्ञाय भवान् अतिप्रसन्नः भविष्यति यद् गतदिवसे अंतर्विद्यालयीय भाषणप्रतिस्पर्धायां मया (iii) ----- स्थानं लब्धम्।

क्रीडादिवसे (iv) ----- अहमेव प्रथमः आसम्। अस्मिन् वर्षे वार्षिकोत्सवे अहं

नाट्याभिनयं (v) ----- । अयं वार्षिकोत्सवः आगामि-शुक्रवासरे (vi) ----- ।

विद्यालयस्य पक्षतः हयः एव (vii) ----- प्रेषितम्। अहमपि (viii) -----
सूचयामि यद् भवान् मात्रा सह अवश्यम् आगच्छतु। मम (ix) ----- भविष्यति।
मातृचरणयोः मम प्रणामाः।

भवतः पुत्रः

(X) -----।

मंजूषा-(निमंत्रणपत्रम्, धावनप्रतियोगितायाम्, नीरजः, उत्साहवर्धनम्, भवन्तम्,
नवदिल्लीतः, प्रथमम्, करिष्यामि, पितृमहोदयाः, आयोजयिष्यते।)

3. मंजूषायां प्रदत्तशब्दानाम् सहायतया चित्रम् दृष्ट्वा पंचवाक्यानि संस्कृतेन
लिखत ।

1X5=5



अद्य, छात्राः, छाया, वृक्षस्य, बालिकाः, अस्ति, पादपाः, पर्यावरणदिवसः शीतला,
सिञ्चन्ति, आरोपन्ति, तत्र

4. अधोलिखितं संवादं मञ्जूषायाः सहायतया पूरयत - 1X5=5

छात्रः - महोदय! नमो नमः

अध्यापकः - (i) -----

छात्रः - श्रीमन् अहं गृहं गन्तुं इच्छामि।

अध्यापकः - काचित् समस्या? (ii) ----- ।

छात्रः - अहं समये कार्यं कर्तुम् अशक्तः यतः अहं रुग्णः अस्मि।

अध्यापकः - रुग्णः असि? (iii) ----- ।

छात्रः - यदि अहं गृहं गच्छेयं तर्हि कार्यहानिः भवेत्।

अध्यापकः - अहं जानामि परं (iv) -----।

छात्रः - धन्यवादः। अहं श्वः कार्यं कृत्वा अवश्यं तस्य निरीक्षणं कारयिष्यामि।

अध्यापकः - शुभकामनाः (v) -----।

मञ्जूषा- [शीघ्रमेव स्वस्थो भव, शुभप्रभातम्। किं सर्वं कुशलम्?, यथाशीघ्रं गृहं गच्छ, तव कार्यमपि अपूर्णमस्ति, त्वं स्वास्थ्यस्य महत्त्वम् अपि अवबोधय।]

खण्ड - 'ग' अनुप्रयुक्त - व्याकरणम् (25अंकाः)

5. अधोलिखितवाक्येषु रेखांकितपदेषु सन्धिं विच्छेदं वा कुरुत-

(केवलं प्रश्नचतुष्टयम्)

1X4=4

(i) जननी जन्मभूमिश्च स्वर्गादपि गरीयसी।

(ii) दुर्जनः + अपि नरकमेव गच्छति ।

(iii) एकैकपक्षे ग्रथितं मणीनां तथापि काको न तु राजहंसः।

(iv) किं नमधेया युवयोर्जननी ?

(v) प्रजहि हि + एनं ज्ञानविज्ञाननाशनम्।

6. अधोलिखितेषु वाक्येषु रेखांकित पदानाम् समासं विग्रहम् वा प्रदत्त विकल्पेभ्यः

चित्वा लिखत - (केवलं प्रश्नचतुष्टयम्)

1x4=4

(i) वाक्पटुः मन्त्री न परिभूयते।

(क)वाक् पटुः (ख)वाके पटुः (ग)वाकस्य पटुः (घ)वाचि पटुः

(ii) न पूर्वः कोशः विद्यते तव भारति।

(क)अनपूर्वः (ख)अपूर्वः (ग)नपूर्वः (घ)पूर्वन्

(iii) अयं वानरः यथेच्छं फलानि खादति।

(क)इच्छया सहितम् (ख)इच्छाभिः अनतिक्रम्य

(ग)इच्छाम् अनतिक्रम्य (घ)इच्छा अतिक्रम्य

(iv) कैलाशे उमाशंकरौ तिष्ठतः।

(क)उमौ शंकरौ (ख)उमा च शंकरः च (ग)उमाः शंकर च (घ)शंकरे च

(v) सः मदान्धः अस्ति ।

(क)मदस्य अन्धः (ख)मदात् अन्धः (ग)मदान् अन्धः (घ)मदेन अन्धः

7. अधोलिखितवाक्येषु रेखांकितपदानां प्रकृतिप्रत्ययौ संयोज्य विभज्य वा उचितम् उत्तरं विकल्पेभ्यः चित्वा लिखत-(केवलं प्रश्नचतुष्टयम्) 1x4=4

(i) भवतः दिव्यां शक्तिं जानीमः ।

(क)दिव्य+तल् (ख)दिव्य+डीप् (ग)दिव्य +टाप् (घ)दिव्य+त्व

(ii) बुद्धि + मतुप् सा भयात् विमुक्ता।

(क)बुद्धिमान् (ख)बुद्धिवान् (ग)बुद्धिमानः (घ)बुद्धिमती

(iii) पञ्चशतानां बौद्धभिक्षूणां निवासयोग्या स्थल + डीप् इयम्।

(क)स्थला (ख)स्थली (ग)स्थलिन् (घ)स्थलिः

(iv) सम्पत्तौ विपत्तौ च महताम् एकरूपता ।

(क)एकरूप+त्व (ख)एकरूप+तल् (ग)एकरूपा+टाप् (घ) एकरूप+ता

(v) जनाः प्रातः दिन + ठक् समाचारं पठन्ति।

(क) दैनिकाः (ख) दैनिकः (ग) दैनिकी (घ) दैनिकम्

8. अधोलिखिते संवादे वाच्यानुसारं रिक्तस्थानपूर्तिं कुरुत- (केवलं प्रश्नत्रयम्)

1x3=3

दिव्या - (i) ----- किं खादसि ?

तारा - मया फलंम् एव (ii) ----- ।

दिव्या - शोभनम् किं त्वया दुग्धम् अपि पीयते?

तारा - आम्, अहं (iii) ----- अपि पिबामि।

दिव्या - मया तु रात्रौ भोजनं न क्रियते।

तारा - अहं अपि रात्रौ (iv) ----- न खादामि।

मञ्जूषा - { दुग्धम्, अन्नम्, त्वम्, खाद्यते }

9. कालबोधकशब्दैः अधोलिखित-विद्यालयदिनचर्या पूर्यत -(केवलं प्रश्नत्रयम्)

1x3=3

- (i) बालिका ----- 4:00 वादने गायति ।
(ii) तदा ----- 6:30 वादने सा नृत्यति ।
(iii) ----- 8:15 वादने सा भोजनं करोति ।
(iv) बालिका ----- 9:45 वादने शयनं करोति।

10. मञ्जूषायाः उचितम् अव्यय पदानि चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूर्यत -
(केवलं प्रश्नचतुष्टयम्)

1x4=4

- (i) प्राणत्राणाय अश्वाः ----- अधावन्।
(ii) यूयं सर्वे ----- मम प्रियाः।
(iii) अभ्यासेन तु कौन्तेय वैराग्येण ----- गृह्यते।
(iv) अर्जुन! त्वं ----- मुञ्च ब्रह्मास्त्रं एतत् निवारयितुम्।
(v) ----- विषादं त्यक्त्वा उद्यमः क्रियताम्।

मञ्जूषा- (इदानीम्, अपि, इतस्ततः, एव, च)

11. अधोलिखितवाक्येषु रेखांकित अशुद्धपदाय उचितपदं चित्वा वाक्यानि
पुनः लिखत- (केवलं प्रश्नत्रयम्)

1x3=3

- (i) जनाः ह्यः आपणम् गमिष्यन्ति ।
(क)गच्छति (ख)गमिष्यन् (ग)अगच्छन् (घ)गच्छानि
(ii) अहं नेत्रयोः पश्यामि ।
(क)नेत्रेभ्यः (ख)नेत्राभ्याम् (ग)नेत्रस्य (घ)नेत्रेशु
(iii) वयं गीतां पठिष्यामि ।
(क)पठिष्यामि (ख)पठिष्यावः (ग)पठिष्यति (घ)पठिष्यामः
(iv) राज्ञे दानशीलताम् आकर्ष्य जनाः आयान्ति स्म।
(क)राजा (ख)राज्ञः (ग)राजानम् (घ)राज्ञा

खण्ड - घ (पठित - अवबोधनम्) 30 अंकाः

12. अधोलिखित गद्यान्शम् पठित्वा प्रश्नान् उत्तरत - 5

कस्मिंश्चित् नगरे चन्द्रो नाम भूपतिः प्रतिवसतिस्म। तस्य पुत्राः वानरक्रीडारताः वानरयूथं नित्यमेव विविधैः भोज्यपदार्थैः पुष्टिं नयन्ति स्म। तस्मिन् राजगृहे बालवाहनयोग्यं मेषयूथम् आसीत्। तेषां मेषाणां मध्ये एको मेषः जिह्वालोलुपतया अहर्निशं महानसं प्रविश्य यत् पश्यति तत् भक्षयति। ते च सूपकाराः यत्किञ्चित् काष्ठं, मृण्मयं भाजनं, कांस्यताम्रपात्रं वा पश्यन्ति तेन तम् आशु ताडयन्ति स्म।

(I) एकपदेन उत्तरत - (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) $\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$

- (i) भूपतेः नाम किम् आसीत् ?
- (ii) राजगृहे कीदृशं मेषयूथम् आसीत् ?
- (iii) वानरयूथपतिः कीदृशः आसीत् ?

(II) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत - (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) $1 \times 2 = 2$

- (i) मेषः कुत्र प्रविश्य यत् पश्यति तद् भक्षयति ?
- (ii) सूपकाराः मेषं कथं ताडयन्ति स्म ?
- (iii) यूथपः रहसि किं अवदत् ?

(III) भाषिक - कार्यम् - (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) $1 \times 2 = 2$

- (i) 'प्रतिवसति स्म' इति क्रियापदस्य किं कर्तृपदम् ?
- (ii) 'शीघ्रम्' इत्यर्थे अत्र किं पदम् प्रयुक्तम् ?
- (iii) 'अहोरात्रम्' इति पदस्य स्थाने अत्र किं पदं प्रयुक्तम् ?

13. अधोलिखितम् पद्यांशं पठित्वा प्रश्नान् उत्तरत - 5

अपूर्वः कोऽपि कोशोऽयं विद्यते तव भारति ।
व्ययतो वृद्धिमायाति क्षयमायाति सञ्चयात् ॥
पापिनाञ्च सदा दुःखं सुखं वै पुण्यकर्मणाम् ।
एवं स्थिरतरं ज्ञात्वा साधुवृत्तिं समाचरेत् ॥

(I) एकपदेन उत्तरत - (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) $\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$

- (i) सरस्वत्याः कोशः कीदृशः मन्यते ?
- (ii) अयं कोशः कथं क्षयमायाति ?
- (iii) पुण्यकर्मणाम् फलं किम् ?

(II) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत - (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्)

1x2=2

(i) केषां सदा दुःखं भवति ?

(ii) भारत्याः कोशः कथं वर्धते ?

(iii) मनुष्यः कां समाचरेत् ?

(III) भाषिक - कार्यम् - (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्)

1x2=2

(i) 'अपूर्वः कोऽपि कोशोऽयं विद्यते तव भारति।' अत्र वाक्ये क्रियापदं किम्?

(ii) 'दुःखम्' इत्यस्य किं विपर्ययपदं प्रयुक्तम् ?

(iii) 'अपूर्वः' इत्यस्य विशेष्यपदं चित्वा लिखत ।

14. अधोलिखितं नाट्यांशं पठित्वा प्रश्नान् उत्तरत - 5

पर्यटनाधिकारी - सम्यक् अभिज्ञातम्! मनोहरे सुरम्ये 'तवाङ्ग' इति स्थले राजते अयं बौद्धमठः। पञ्चशतानां बौद्धभिक्षूणां निवासयोग्या स्थली इयम् लोहितजनपदे अपि अनेकबौद्धविहाराः सन्ति।

नीलिमा - मान्यवर! मया अस्य प्रदेशस्य 'परशुरामकुण्डं' इति दर्शनीयस्थलविषये अपि पठितम्! किम् इदम् ?

पर्यटनाधिकारी - आम्! एतत् कुण्डं तु लोहितनद्याः किञ्चिद् दूरे अस्ति। पूर्वम् इदं ब्रह्मकुण्डं आसीत्। इदं लोहितनद्याः उद्गमस्थलम् इति मन्यते। अत्र अनेकानि अन्यानि दर्शनीयानि स्थलानि अपि सन्ति। अस्माकं पर्यटनविभागेन प्रकाशितां केषाञ्चित् प्रसिद्धस्थलानां सूचीं पठित्वा ज्ञायताम् इमानि पर्यटन स्थलानि----- ।

(I) एकपदेन उत्तरत - (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्)

1/2x2=1

(i) कीदृशे स्थले राजते बौद्धमठः?

(ii) परशुरामकुण्डं पूर्वं किम् आसीत् ?

(iii) एतत् कुण्डं तु कस्याः किञ्चित् दूरे अस्ति ?

(II) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत - (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्)

1x2=2

(i) लोहित नद्याः उद्गमस्थलं किम् ?

(ii) मनोहरे सुरम्ये तवाङ्ग इति स्थले कः राजते ?

(iii) लोहित जनपदे किमस्ति ?

(III) भाषिक - कार्यम्- (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्)

1x2=2

(i) 'स्थली' अस्य विशेषण पदं किम् ?

(ii) 'आसीत्' इति क्रियापदस्य कर्तृपदं किम् ?

(iii) 'अस्य प्रदेशस्य' इति अनयोः पदयोः विशेषण पदं किम् ?

15. रेखाङ्कित पदानि अधिकृत्य प्रश्ननिर्माणम् कुरुत - (केवलं पञ्चप्रश्नाः)

1x5=5

(i) परशुरामकुण्डं लोहितनद्याः किञ्चिद् दूरम् अस्ति।

(ii) मम पिच्छानाम् अपूर्वं सौन्दर्यम्।

(iii) ज्वलन् मेषः अश्वशालां प्रविशति।

(iv) राजा शक्राय चक्षुः समर्पितवान्।

(v) मनसः निग्रहः वायोः इव कठिनः।

(vi) कामात् क्रोधः अभिजायते।

16. मंजूषातः समुचितपदानि चित्वा अधोलिखित-श्लोकस्य अन्वयं पूरयित्वा रिक्तस्थानपूर्तिम् कुरुत - $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$

पिता यच्छति पुत्राय बाल्ये विद्याधनं महत् ।

पिताऽस्य किं तपस्तेपे इत्युक्तिस्तत्कृतज्ञता ॥

अन्वयः - पिता पुत्राय (i) ----- महत् (ii) ----- यच्छति। अस्य पिता किं तपः

(iii) ----- इति (iv) ----- तत्कृतज्ञता "मन्यते" ।

(उक्तिः, विद्याधनम्, तेपे, बाल्ये)

17. अधोलिखितवाक्येषु रेखाङ्कितपदानां प्रसङ्गानुकूलम् उचितार्थं चित्वा लिखत - (केवलं प्रश्नचतुष्टयम्) $1 \times 4 = 4$

(i) मेषस्य क्षितौ प्रलुठतः तृणेषु वह्निज्वालाः समुत्थिता।

(क)राजगृहे (ख)भूमौ (ग)रक्षितौ (घ)अक्षतम्

(ii) सहस्रांशुः न भासते।

(क)सूर्यः (ख)अंशवः (ग)चंद्रमा (घ)सहस्रम्

(iii) आपदां तरणिः धैर्यम्।

(क)नौका (ख)तरणम् (ग)दयालुः (घ)श्रेष्ठः

(iv) सर्वव्यसनविनाशे को दक्षः।

(क)कुशलः (ख)यक्षः (ग)दयालुः (घ)भूमौ

(v) मम कलनस्य तु आधारः सूर्य एव।

(क)चिंतनस्य (ख)निर्माणस्य (ग)गणनायाः (घ)गमनस्य

18. अधलिखित- कथां रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयित्वा पुनः लिखत - $\frac{1}{2} \times 8 = 4$

एकदा भगवान् बोधिसत्त्वः (i) ----- राजा अभवत्। सः महानदानी, विनयशीलः, वृद्धोपसेवी च (ii) ----- तस्य दानशीलताम् श्रुत्वा (iii) ----- देशेभ्योऽपि जनाः तस्य देशम् आयान्ति स्म। एकदा शक्रः अपि तस्य (iv) ----- परीक्षितुम् आगच्छत्। सः नेत्रहीनयाचक-रूपेण आगत्य तं राजानम् एकं (v) ----- अयाचत्। राजा तस्मै चक्षुर्द्वयमेव प्रायच्छत्। प्रसन्नः (vi) ----- कतिपयेभ्यः दिनेभ्यः पश्चात् पुनः राजः पुरतः उपस्थितः अभवत्। सः राजः त्यागवृत्तिं प्रशंसन्नेत्रद्वयमपि प्रत्यस्थापयत्। अपि च शतयोजनपर्यन्तं (vii) ----- पारं द्रष्टुं समर्थः भव इति तस्मै वरम् अयच्छत्। उच्यते अपि- नास्ति त्याग समं (viii) -----।

मञ्जूषा- (आसीत्, शिवीनाम्, सुखम्, शैलानाम्, अन्येभ्यः, दानशीलताम्, शक्रः, नेत्रम्)

XXXXXXXXXX

SET -

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
PRE-BOARD EXAMINATION – (2025-26)
SECOND LANGUAGE (SANSKRIT)

TIME - 3 HOURS

CLASS - X

FM – 80

निर्देशाः -(i) प्रश्न -पत्रे चत्वारः खंडाः सन्ति ।

खंड (क) अपठित - अवबोधनम् -10 अंकाः

खंड (ख) रचनात्मक -कार्यम् - 15 अंकाः :

खंड (ग) अनुप्रयुक्त - व्याकरणम् - 25 अंकाः

खंड (घ) पठित -अवबोधनम् -30 अंकाः

(ii) सर्वे प्रश्नाः अनिवार्याः सन्ति ।

(iii) प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि खंडानुसारम् क्रमेणैव लेखनीयानि ।

(iv) प्रश्नसंख्या अवश्यं लेखनीया ।

(v) उत्तराणि संस्कृतेन एव लेखनीयानि ।

खंड “क” अपठित -अवबोधनम् (10 अंकाः)

1. अधोलिखितम् अनुच्छेदम् पठित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत -
एकदा एकः अहंकारी राजा राजसभायाम् स्वराज्यस्य सर्वान् पंडितान्
आहूय पृष्टवान् - “कः श्रेष्ठः ? अहम् ईश्वरः वा” ? किं कर्तव्यम् ?
“यदि सत्यं वादेम तर्हि प्राणहानिः तु निश्चिता अस्ति” इति परस्परम्
विचारयन्तः भयत्रस्ताः विद्वांशः निरुतराः अभवन् , राजानं च प्रार्थयन्
“देव ! दिनद्वयस्य अवधि दीयताम्” । “तथास्तु राजा अवदत्” ।
चिंताकुलेषु तेषु एकः ज्ञानवृद्धः विद्वान् अवदत् - ‘अलम् चिन्तया

!अहम् उत्तरम् दास्यामि' ।नियते दिने सर्वे पण्डिताः राजसभां प्राप्तवन्तः । अंजलिम् बद्ध्वा ,दंडवत् प्रणम्य सः ज्ञानवृद्धः राजानम् अवदत् - 'राजन् ! निस्संदेहम् भवान् एव श्रेष्ठः ,न तु ईश्वरः' ।'तत् कथम् ? मदोद्धतः राजा अपृच्छत् । "भवान् एव श्रेष्ठः यतः भवान् अस्मान् स्वराज्यात् बहिः निष्कासयितुम् समर्थः । ईश्वरः स्वनिर्मितात् जगतः अस्मान् बहिष्कृत्य कुत्र निवासम् दास्यति" ?पंडितः उदतरत् ।

I.एकपदेन उत्तरत- (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) $1 \times 2 = 2$

- (i) दिनद्वयस्य अवधि के अयाचन्त ?
- (ii) पंडितेषु कः नृपाय उत्तरम् अयच्छत् ?
- (iii)राजा कीदृशः आसीत् ?

II.पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत-(केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) $2 \times 2 = 4$

- (i) राजा आत्मनः विषये किं मन्यते स्म ?
- (ii) नियते दिने ज्ञानवृद्धः राजानम् किम् अवदत् ?
- (iii) अनुच्छेदानुसारम् ईश्वरात् श्रेष्ठः कः ?

III.अस्य अनुच्छेदस्य कृते समुचितं शीर्षकं संस्कृतेन लिखत। 1

IV.यथानिर्देशम् उत्तरत - (केवलं प्रश्नत्रयम्) $1 \times 3 = 3$

- (i)'जगतः' इति पदस्य विशेषणपदम् किम्?
(क)स्वनिर्मितात् (ख)ईश्वरः (ग)अस्मान्
- (ii)'लाभः' इत्यस्य विलोमपदम् किं प्रयुक्तम् ?
(क)आहूय (ख)हानिः (ग)कर्तव्यम्
- (iii)'नत्वा' इति पदस्य पर्यायपदम् किमत्र प्रयुक्तम् ?
(क)प्रणम्य (ख)बद्ध्वा (ग)आहूय
- (iv)'दास्यामि' इति क्रियापदस्य कर्तृपदम् किम् अस्ति ?
(क) अलम् (ख)उत्तरम् (ग)अहम्

खण्ड -'ख'रचनात्कम् - कार्यम् (15 अंकाः)

2.भवतः अनुजः प्रभाकरः विद्यालयस्य अनुशासननियमान् उल्लंघयति। तं प्रति लिखिते पत्रे रिक्तस्थानानि मंजूषायाम् प्रदत्तपदैः पूरयित्वा पत्रम् पुनः लिखत।

½ X10=5

आनंदविहारः

(i) -----

तिथिः- -----

प्रिय दिवाकर !

(ii)-----,

अत्र कुशलम् तत्रास्तु । पित्रा (iii) ----- पत्रेण ज्ञातम् यत् भवता विद्यालयस्य (iv) ----- न अनुपालिताः । पित्रा लिखितम् यत् भवान् विद्यालये (v)----- नीत्वा गच्छति।विद्यालये अस्य यंत्रस्य किं महत्वम् ?विद्यालये भवान् (vi) ----- गच्छति ,पठनस्य समये किमर्थम् अस्य (vii)-----?एषः भवतः प्रथमोऽपराधः।अतः (viii) ----- -- । पुनः भवान् एवं न करिष्यति इति (ix)----- विश्वसिमि ।

भवतः (x)-----

उमेश कुमारः

मञ्जूषा- (अहम्,शुभाशीषः, नियमाः, दिल्लीतः, लिखितेन, भ्राता, पठितुम्, क्षम्यः, चलभाषयन्त्रम्, प्रयोगः ।)

3.मंजूषायां प्रदत्तशब्दानाम् सहायतया चित्रम् दृष्ट्वा पंचवाक्यानि संस्कृतेन लिखत ।

1x5=5



मंजूषा-

क्रीडाक्षेत्रम्, छात्राः, विद्यालयस्य, क्रीडन्ति, पादकन्दुकेन,
क्रीडाकालांशे, विकासः, भवति, क्रीडाशिक्षकः, अस्ति,
क्रीडनेन, अतिविशालम्, स्वस्थाः

4. अधोलिखितेषु वाक्येषु मंजूषा सहायतया संवादपूर्तिम् कुरुत - (केवलं वाक्यपंचकम्) 1X5=5

भावुकः - शौर्य ! ह्यः रात्रौ त्वं कुत्र गतवान् ?

शौर्यः - अहं तु मम मित्रस्य गृहम् (1) ----- ।

भावुकः - किमर्थम् ?

शौर्यः - यतोहि ह्यः तस्य जन्मदिवसः (2) -----।

भावुकः - तव मित्रस्य नाम किम् अस्ति ?

शौर्यः - तस्य नाम (3) ----- अस्ति ।

भावुकः - सः कुत्र वसति ?

शौर्यः - सः (4) ----- वसति ।

भावुकः - तस्य पिता किं करोति ?

शौर्यः - तस्य (5) ----- एकः व्यवसायी अस्ति ?

मंजूषा - (गतवान् ,पिता ,उत्तराखण्डे ,विभु : ,आसीत्)

खण्ड - "ग"अनुप्रयुक्त - व्याकरणम् (25अंकाः)

5.अधोलिखितवाक्येषु रेखांकितपदेषु सन्धिं विच्छेदं वा कुरुत-
(केवलंप्रश्नचतुष्टयम्) 1X4=4

(i)मम भवनम् दिल्लीनगरे अस्ति ।

(ii) धनुः + वेदः अस्माकम् पौराणिको ग्रन्थः ।

(iii) सर्वथा मतैक्यम् भवितव्यम् ।

(iv) सरस्वत्याः कोषः सम् + चयात् क्षयम् भवति ।

(v) कश्चित् सिंहः तत्रागच्छत् ।

6.अधोलिखितेषु वाक्येषु रेखांकित पदानाम् समासं विग्रहम् वा प्रदत्त
विकल्पेभ्यः चित्वा लिखत - (केवलंप्रश्नचतुष्टयम्) 1x4 =4

(i) बालः रथस्य पश्चात् धावति ।

(क)अनुरथम् (ख)अनुरथः (ग)रथपश्चात्

(ii) प्रकृतिः स्नेहेन सहितम् प्रविशति।

(क)सस्नेहम् (ख)सहितस्नेहं (ग)स्नेहसहितम्

(iii)अयं वानरः यथेच्छं फलानि खादति।

(क)इच्छया सहितम् (ख)इच्छाभिः अनतिक्रम्य (ग)इच्छाम् अनतिक्रम्य

(iv)कैलाशे उमाशंकरौ तिष्ठतः।

(क)उमौ शंकरौ (ख)उमा च शंकरः च (ग)उमाः शंकर च

(v) याचकः प्रतिगृहम् गच्छति ।

(क)गृहः गृहः प्रति (ख)गृहम् गृहम् प्रति (ग)गृहस्य गृहस्य प्रति

7. अधोलिखितवाक्येषु रेखांकितपदानां प्रकृतिप्रत्ययौ संयोज्य विभज्य वा उचितम् उत्तरं विकल्पेभ्यः चित्वा लिखत-(केवलं चतुष्टयम्) 1x4=4

(i) धीमताम् कालः काव्यशास्त्रविनोदेन गच्छति ।

(क) धा + इमत् (ख)धि + मतुप् (ग)धी + मतुप्

(ii) यथा चित्ते अवक्रता तथा वाचि भवेत् ।

(क)अवक्र + तल् (ख)अवक्र + त्व (ग)अवक्र + टाप्

(iii) प्रतापः शक्तिमान् नृपः आसीत्।

(क)शक्ति+मतुप् (ख)शक्त+मतुप् (ग)शक्ति+शानच्

(iv) सम्पतौ विपतौ च महताम् एकरूपता ।

(क)एकरूप+त्व (ख)एकरूप+तल् (ग)एकरूपा+टाप

(v) जनाः प्रातः दिन + ठक् समाचारं पठन्ति।

(क)दैनिकाः (ख)दैनिकः (ग) दैनिकम्

8. अधोलिखिते संवादे वाच्यानुसारं रिक्तस्थानपूर्तिं कुरुत-
(केवलंप्रश्नत्रयम्) 1x3 =3

(i) श्यामः - भवान् कुत्र (i) ----- ?

(क)गच्छति (ख)गम्यते (ग)गच्छसि

(ii) राकेशः (ii) ----- कुरुक्षेत्रम् गम्यते ।

(क)मयि (ख)मया (ग)महयम्

(iii) श्यामः- अधुना बहवः यात्रिणः तत्र (iii) ----- ।

(क)गम्यते (ख)गम्यन्ते (ग)गच्छन्ति

(iv) राकेशः - सत्यम् ,सूर्यग्रहणे बहुभिः यात्रिभिः तत्र (iv) -----।

(क)गम्यते (ख)गम्यन्ते (ग)गच्छन्ति

9. अधोलिखितेषु वाक्येषु अङ्कानाम् स्थाने समयसूचक संस्कृत पदानि लिखत - (केवलंप्रश्नचतुष्टयम्) 1x4=4

- (i) अहं प्रतिदिनंप्रातः ----- 4:00 वादने उत्तिष्ठामि ।
(ii)-----5:00वादने च भ्रमणाय गच्छामि ।
(iii)तत्पश्चात् ----- 6:45वादने विद्यालयम् गच्छामि ।
(iv)विद्यालयस्य अर्धावकाशः ----- 10:00 वादने भवति।
(v)सायं ----- 5:15वादने मित्रैः सह क्रीडामि ।

10.मंजूषायाः उचितम् अव्यय पदानि चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत -
(केवलंप्रश्नत्रयम्) 1x3=3

- (i)रामः -----वाराणसीम् गतवान् ।
(ii) ग्रामात्----- एका नदी प्रवहति ।
(iii) ----- परोपकारः क्रियते तावत् शरीरस्य उपयोगः ।
(iv)त्वं ----- कुत्र गमिष्यति ?

मंजूषा-(यावत्, श्वः , किमर्थम्, बहिः)

11.अधोलिखितवाक्येषु रेखांकित अशुद्धपदाय उचितपदं चित्वा वाक्यानि
पुनः लिखत- (केवलंप्रश्नत्रयम्) 1x3=3

- (i) रामः फलम् खादसि ।
(क)खाद् (ख)खादावः (ग)खादति
(ii)सः नेत्रयोः पश्यति ।
(क)नेत्रेभ्यः (ख)नेत्राभ्याम् (ग)नेत्रस्य
(iii) अहं पाठः पठामि ।
(क)पाठाः (ख)पाठम् (ग)पाठे
(iv)ताः बालकाः कुत्र गमिष्यन्ति।
(क)बालिकाः (ख)बालके (ग)बालकौ (घ)बाला

खण्ड -“घ”पठित - अवबोधनम्(30 अंकाः)

12.अधोलिखित गद्यांशं पठित्वा प्रश्नान् उत्तरत -

5

नायं चिरं परिक्लेशम् अनुभवितुम् अर्हति । अतः प्रयतिष्ये चक्षुषो अस्य
पुनः प्रत्यारोपणाय इति । कतिपयैः दिनैः व्रणविरोपने जाते एकदा राजा
सरोवरस्य समीपे विहरति स्म । तदा तस्य पुरतः देवराजः शक्रः
उपस्थितः भूत्वा तस्य त्यागवृत्तिम् प्रशंसन् अवदत् -
शक्रोऽहमस्मि देवेन्द्रस्त्वत्समीपमुपागतः ।
वरं वृणीष्व राजर्षे ! यदिच्छसि तदुच्यताम् ॥

प्रश्नाः -

(I) एकपदेन उत्तरत - (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) $\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$

(i) कस्य चक्षुषः प्रत्यारोपणाय शक्रः प्रयत्नम् करिष्यति ?

(ii) नेत्रहीन याचकः कः आसीत्?

(iii) शक्रः नृपाय किं दातुम् इच्छति ?

(II) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत - (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) $1 \times 2 = 2$

(i) शक्रः राजानम् उपगम्य किम् अवदत् ?

(ii) देवेन्द्रः किमर्थम् राज्ञः समक्षम् उपस्थितः ?

(iii) कः व्रणविरोपने जाते एकदा सरोवरस्य समीपे विहरति स्म ?

(III) भाषिक - कार्यम् - (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) $1 \times 2 = 2$

(i) 'इंद्रः' इत्यस्मिन् अर्थे किं पदम् अत्र प्रयुक्तम् ?

(ii) 'अर्हति' इति क्रियापदस्य किं कर्तृपदम् ?

(iii) 'दिनैः' इति पदस्य किं विशेषणपदम् ?

13. अधोलिखितम् पद्यांशं पठित्वा प्रश्नान् उत्तरत - 5

चंचलम् हि मनः कृष्ण ! प्रमाथि बलवद्दृढम् ।

तस्याहम् निग्रहम् मन्ये वायोरिव सुदुष्करम् ॥

(I) एकपदेन उत्तरत - (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) $\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$

(i) चंचलम् किम् अस्ति ?

(ii) कस्य निग्रहम् सुदुष्करम् अस्ति ?

(iii) प्रमाथि बलवद्दृढम् किम् ?

(II) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत -(केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) $1 \times 2 = 2$

(i) वायोरिव किम् सुदुष्करम् ?

(ii) मनः कीदृशम् अस्ति ?

(iii) कः मनसः निग्रहम् वायोरिव दुष्करम् मन्यते ?

(III) भाषिक -कार्यम् (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) $1 \times 2 = 2$

(i) 'तस्याहम् निग्रहम् दुष्करम् मन्ये' अत्र कर्तृपदम् किमस्ति ?

(ii) 'मथनशीलम्' इत्यर्थे अत्र किं पदम् प्रयुक्तम्?

(iii) 'वशीकरणम्' इत्यस्य पर्यायपदम् किम् अस्ति ?

14. अधोलिखितं नाट्यांशं पठित्वा प्रश्नान् उत्तरत - 5

(ततः प्रकृतिमाता प्रविशति)

प्रकृतिः - (सस्नेहम्) अलम् अलं मिथः कलहेन । अहं प्रकृतिः एव युष्माकम् जननी । यूयम् सर्वे एव मम प्रियाः । सर्वेषामेव महत्त्वम् वर्तते यथासमयम् । सर्वैः एव मे शोभा । न तावत् कलहेन समयम् वृथा यापयेत् । मिलित्वा एव मोदध्वम् जीवनम् च रसमयम् कुरुध्वम् । सर्वे मिलित्वा गायन्ति -

आयुषः क्षणमेकोऽपि , न लभ्यः स्वर्णकोटिकैः ।

स चेन्निरर्थकम् नीतः , का नु हानिस्ततोऽधिका ॥

अधुना रमणीया हि , सृष्टिरेषा जगत्पतेः ।

जीवाः सर्वे अत्र मोदन्ताम् , भावयन्तः परस्परम् ॥

(I) एकपदेन उत्तरत -(केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) $\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$

(i) 'कीदृशी सृष्टिः एषा ?

(ii) पक्षिणाम् का जननी ?

(iii) केन समयः वृथा न यापायितव्यः ?

(II) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत -(केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) 1x2=2

(i) आयुषः क्षणम् कैः न लभ्यते ?

(ii) जगत्पते सृष्टौ जीवाः कथं मोदन्ताम् ?

(iii) प्रकृतिः केषां जननी अस्ति ?

(III) भाषिक - कार्यम् (केवलं प्रश्नद्वयम्) 1x2=2

(i) न तावत् कलहेन समयम् वृथा यापयेत् । अत्र कर्तृपदम् किमस्ति ?

(ii) 'परस्परम्' इत्यर्थे अत्र किं पदम् प्रयुक्तम् ?

(iii) 'रमणीया हि सृष्टिः' अनयोः पदयोः किं विशेषणम् ?

15. रेखाङ्कित पदानि अधिकृत्य प्रश्ननिर्माणम् कुरुत -
(केवलं प्रश्नचतुष्टयम्) 1x4=4

(i) मनुष्यः कामेन प्रयुक्तः एव पापस्य आचरणम् करोति ।

(ii) कामः एव क्रोधम् जनयति ।

(iii) यः क्रोधस्य वेगम् जीवने सहते स सुखी नरः ।

(iv) काम् एव अस्माकम् शत्रुः ।

(v) मनसः निग्रहः वायोः इव कठिनः ।

16. मंजूषातः समुचितपदानि चित्वा अधोलिखित-श्लोकस्य अन्वयं

पूरयित्वा रिक्तस्थानपूर्तिम् कुरुत -1x4=4

क्रोधाद्भवति सम्मोहः सम्मोहात् स्मृति विभ्रमः ।

स्मृतिभ्रंशाद् बुद्धिनाशो बुद्धिनाशात्प्रणश्यति ॥

अन्वयः-क्रोधात् (i)----- भवति,सम्मोहात्(ii)----- (भवति) ,(iii) --

----- बुद्धिनाशः (भवति) ,बुद्धिनाशात् (iv) ----- ।

मंजूषा -(स्मृतिभ्रंशात् ,प्रणश्यति ,स्मृतिविभ्रमः ,सम्मोहः)

17. अधोलिखितवाक्येषु रेखांकितपदानां प्रसङ्गानुकूलम् उचितार्थं चित्वा लिखत - (केवलं प्रश्नचतुष्टयम्) 1x4=4

(i) चंचलम् हि मनः कृष्ण ! प्रमाथि बलवदृढम् । ।

(क) मथनशीलम् (ख) चिंतनशीलम् (ग) गुणवत्

(ii) ध्यायतः विषयान् पुंस संगस्तेषूपजायते ।

(क) सूर्यम् (ख) पुरुषस्य (ग) चंद्रम्

(iii) तस्मात् त्वम् आदौ इंद्रियाणी नियम्य पाप्मानम् प्रजहि ।

(क) सर्वप्रथमम् (ख) रात्रौ (ग) जलैः

(iv) अभ्यासेन तु कौंतेय वैराग्येन च गृह्यते ।

(क) भीमः (ख) अर्जुन (ग) नकुल

(v) क्रोधाद् भवति सम्मोहः ।

(क) उद्विग्नता (ख) निर्धनता (ग) व्याकुलता

18. मंजूषाप्रदत्तपदानाम् सहायतया रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयित्वा अधोलिखित - कथाम् उत्तरपुस्तिकायाम् लिखत - $1/2 \times 8 = 4$

मार्गं उददंड बालकस्य (i) ----- प्रतिहतः अन्तःकरणः प्रच्छन्नभाग्यः

अचिंतयत् - किम् इदं (ii) ----- माम् प्रति एव संकेतयति ? अहो

! कुमार्गम् आश्रितस्य (iii) ----- कीदृशी इयम् दुखपरंपरा अस्ति

? अनेन (iv) ----- मम नेत्रे समुन्मीलिते । अद्यतः इदं (v) -----

त्यजामि । ततः स मित्रम् (vi) ----- अवदत् - "मित्र ! यदि भवान्

माम् मित्रम् मन्यते तर्हि श्रेष्ठजनैः (vii) ----- इदं कार्यं भवान् अपि

त्यजतु । पापबुद्धिः तस्य वचनमवमन्य (viii) ----- अगच्छत् ।

मंजूषा - (वचनम्, वचनेन, मम, बालकवचनेन, पापपथम्, दुष्टबुद्धिम्,

निंदितम्, चौर्यार्थम्)

XXXXXXXXXX

Name: _____ Sec: _____ Roll No.: _____

CODE-A

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
PRE-BOARD EXAMINATION : [2025-2026]
MATHEMATICS
CLASS: X

TIME: 3 HOURS

MAXIMUM MARKS: 80

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1) This question paper contains 38 questions. All questions are compulsory.
- 2) This question paper is divided into five Sections – A, B, C, D and E.
- 3) In Section A, Questions no. 1 to 18 are MCQs and Questions no. 19 and 20 are Assertion-Reason based questions of 1 mark each.
- 4) In Section B, Questions no. 21 to 25 are Very Short Answer type (VSA) questions, carrying 2 marks each.
- 5) In Section C, Questions no. 26 to 31 are Short Answer type (SA) questions, carrying 3 marks each.
- 6) In Section D, Questions no. 32 to 35 are Long Answer type (LA) questions carrying 5 marks each.
- 7) In Section E, Questions no. 36 to 38 are Case Based Questions carrying 4 marks each with sub-parts of the values of 1, 1 and 2 marks each respectively.
- 8) There is no overall choice. However, an internal choice in 2 questions of 5 marks, 2 questions of 3 marks and 2 questions of 2 marks has been provided. An internal choice has been provided in the 2 marks question of Section E.
- 9) Draw neat figures wherever required. Take $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$ wherever required if not stated.
- 10) Use of calculators is not allowed.

Section-A

1. If $a = 2^2 \times 3^x$, $b = 2^2 \times 3 \times 5$, $c = 2^2 \times 3 \times 7$ and $\text{LCM}(a, b, c) = 3780$, then the value of x is
(a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 0
2. The graph of a polynomial $p(x)$ passes through the points $(7, 2)$, $(0, 7)$, $(6, 0)$ and $(-8, 0)$. The degree of $p(x)$ is
(a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 0

3. If LCM of a and 18 is 36 and HCF of a and 18 is 2, then a is: 1
 (a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 4
4. The pair of linear equations $ax + 2y = 9$ and $3x + by = 18$ represent 1
 parallel lines, where a, b are integers, if
 (a) $a = b$ (b) $3a = 2b$ (c) $2a = 3b$ (d) $ab = 6$
5. If two positive integers p and q are written as $p = x^3y^2$ and $q = xy^3$, 1
 where x and y are prime numbers, then the result obtained by dividing
 the product of p and q by the HCF(p,q) is
 (a) xy (b) x^3y^3 (c) xy^2 (d) x^2y^2
6. The values of k for which quadratic equation $9x^2 - 3kx + k = 0$ has 1
 equal roots are
 (a) 0,8 (b) 0,4 (c) 4,2 (d) 0,-1
7. If $A(\frac{m}{3}, 5)$ is the mid-point of the line segment joining the points 1
 Q (-6, 7) and R (-2, 3), then the value of m is:
 (a) -12 (b) -8 (c) 12 (d) 8
8. In $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle DEF$, $\frac{AB}{EF} = \frac{AC}{DE}$ and $\angle A = \angle E$, then symbolically 1
 (a) $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle EDF$ (b) $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle DEF$
 (c) $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DEF$ (d) $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle EFD$
9. In what ratio does y-axis divide the join of (-4,2) and (8,3)? 1
 (a) 1:2 (b) 1:3 (c) 9:16 (d) 3:2
10. The number of tangents drawn from an external point to a circle is 1
 (a) 3 (b) 2 (c) 4 (d) infinite
11. If a chord AB subtends an angle of 60° at the centre of a circle, then 1
 the angle between the tangents to the circle drawn from A and B is
 (a) 60° (b) 120° (c) 90° (d) 30°
12. $2 \cos^2 30^\circ - 1$ is equal to 1
 (a) $\sin 30^\circ$ (b) $\cos 90^\circ$ (c) $\sin 45^\circ$ (d) $\tan 60^\circ$
13. The difference between the circumference and radius of a circle is 1
 37cm , then the circumference of the circle is (in cm)
 (a) 44 (b) 22 (c) 37 (d) 45
14. If $\tan A = \frac{5}{12}$, then the value of $\frac{\sin A + \cos A}{\sin A - \cos A}$ is 1
 (a) $\frac{17}{7}$ (b) $\frac{17}{13}$ (c) $-\frac{17}{13}$ (d) $-\frac{17}{7}$
15. The area (in cm^2) of a sector of a circle of radius 21 cm cut off by an 1
 arc of length 22 cm is
 (a) 441 (b) 321 (c) 231 (d) 221
16. The mean of first n natural numbers is: 1
 (a) $\frac{n}{2}$ (b) $\frac{n+2}{2}$ (c) $\frac{n+1}{2}$ (d) $\frac{n-1}{2}$

- 17 If the probability of the letter chosen at random from the letters of the word "MATHEMATICS" to be a vowel is $\frac{2}{2x+1}$, then x is equal to 1
- (a) $\frac{4}{11}$ (b) $\frac{9}{4}$ (c) $\frac{11}{4}$ (d) $\frac{4}{9}$

- 18 Find the difference of upper limit of the median class and lower limit of the modal class, for the following distribution: 1

Class	65-85	85-105	105-125	125-145	145-165
Frequency	9	5	15	20	13

- (a) 20 (b) 0 (c) 19 (d) 13

DIRECTION: In the question number 19 and 20, a statement of assertion(A) is followed by a statement of Reason(R).

Choose the correct option from the codes (a), (b), (c) and (d) as given below:

- (a) Both Assertion and Reason are correct and Reason is correct explanation for Assertion.
- (b) Both Assertion and Reason are correct and Reason is not correct explanation for Assertion.
- (c) Assertion is true but Reason is false.
- (d) Assertion is false but Reason is true.
19. A (Assertion): If $x = 2 \sin^2 \theta$ and $y = 2 \cos^2 \theta + 1$, then $x + y = 3$ 1
- R (Reason): For any value of θ , $\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$
20. A (Assertion): A right circular cylinder and right circular cone are having the same base and same height then the volume of cylinder is three times the volume of cone. 1
- R (Reason): If the radius of right circular cylinder is doubled and height is halved then the volume will be doubled.

Section-B

21. (A) Find the 7th term from the end of AP 32, 37, 42, 47,....., 237. 2
- OR
- (B) Find three numbers in A.P. whose sum is 15 and whose product is 105.
22. If $\Delta ABC \sim \Delta DEF$ and $AB = (2x-1)$ cm, $BC = (2x+2)$ cm, $CA = 3x$ cm, $DE = 18$ cm, $DF = 6x$ cm and $EF = (3x+9)$ cm. Find x . 2
23. Two concentric circles are of radii 5cm and 3cm. Find the length of the chord of the larger circle which touches the smaller circle. 2
24. (A) In ΔABC , right angled at B, if $\tan A = 1/\sqrt{3}$, find the value of $\sin A \cos C + \cos A \sin C$. 2

OR

- (B) If $\sin A = \frac{a}{b}$ then prove that $\sec A + \tan A = \sqrt{\frac{b+a}{b-a}}$.

25. The area of a circular play ground is 22176 cm^2 . Find the cost of fencing this ground at the rate of Rs.50 per cm. 2

Section-C

26. (A) Three pieces of timber 42m, 49m and 63m long have to be divided into planks of the same length. What is the greatest possible length of each plank? How many planks are formed? 3

OR

(B) Find the least number of square tiles required to pave the ceiling of a room 15m17cm long and 9m2cm broad.

27. (A) If zeroes of the polynomial $6x^2 + 13x + 2a$ are β and $\frac{1}{\beta}$, then find the value of a and the zeroes of the polynomial. 3

OR

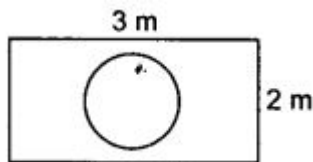
(B) Find the value of k such that the polynomial $x^2 - (k+6)x + 2(2k - 1)$ has sum of its zeroes equal to half of their product.

28. Solve the system of linear equations graphically: $3x + 2y - 4 = 0$ and $2x - 3y - 7 = 0$. 3

29. Prove that the parallelogram circumscribing a circle is a rhombus. 3

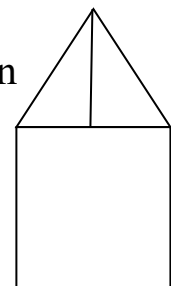
30. Prove that: $\{\tan\theta \div (1 - \cot\theta)\} + \{\cot\theta \div (1 - \tan\theta)\} = 1 + \sec\theta \operatorname{cosec}\theta$ 3

31. Suppose you drop a die at random on the rectangular region shown in figure. What is the probability that it will land inside the circle with diameter 1 m? 3



Section-D

32. (A) A rectangular park is to be designed whose breadth is 3m less than its length. Its area is to be 4 square metres more than the area of a park that has already been made in the shape of an isosceles triangle with its base as the breadth of the rectangular park and altitude 12m, as shown in figure. Find its length and breadth. 5



OR

(B) It takes 12 hours to fill a swimming pool using two pipes. If the pipe of larger diameter is used for 4 hours and the pipe of smaller diameter for 9 hours only, half of the pool can be filled. How long would it take for each pipe to fill the pool separately?

33. In the figure, XZ is parallel to BC . $AZ = 3\text{cm}$, $ZC = 2\text{cm}$, $BM = 3\text{cm}$ and $MC = 5\text{cm}$. Also AM intersect XZ at Y ,



find the length of XY.

B M C

34. (A) From a solid cylinder of height 2.8cm and diameter 4.2cm, a conical cavity of the same height and same diameter is hollowed out. Find the total surface area of the remaining solid. 5

OR

(B) A hemispherical tank, full of water, is emptied by a pipe at the rate of $\frac{25}{7}$ litres per second. How much time will it take to empty half the tank if diameter of the base of the tank is 3m?

35. A student noted the number of cars passing through a spot on a road for 100 periods each of 3 minutes. Find the mean and median for the following data: 5

Number of cars	Frequency(Periods)
0-10	7
10-20	14
20-30	13
30-40	12
40-50	20
50-60	11
60-70	15
70-80	08

Section-E

36. Aditya is celebrating his birthday. He invited his friends. He bought a packet of toffees/candies which contains 120 candies. He arranges the candies such that in the first row there are 3 candies, in second there are 5 candies, in third there are 7 candies and so on. 4

On the basis of the above information, answer any four of the following questions:

- (a) Write the AP.
(b) Find the total number of rows of candies.
(c) Find the number of candies placed in 7th row.

OR

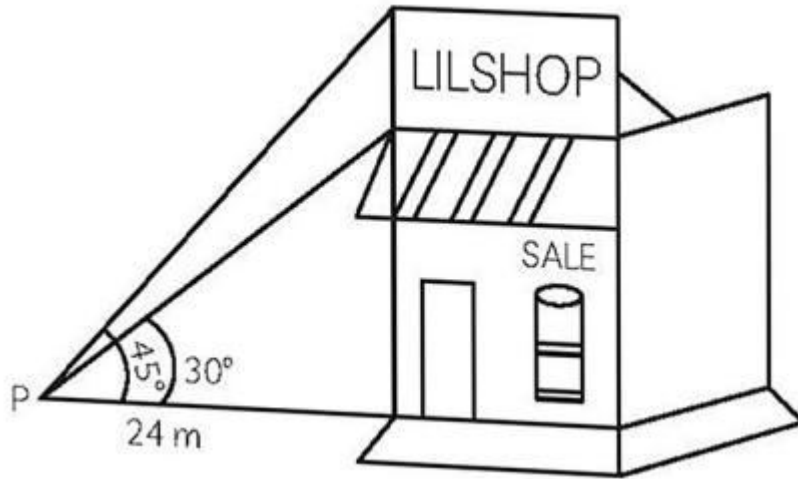
Find the number of candies placed in 9th row.

37. Ravi, a civil engineer, is planning the layout for a new residential colony. He has identified three key locations for a community center, a park, and a library, which he represents as points on a coordinate plane. The community center is at A (1,5), the park is at B (7,3), and the library is at C (3,-1). The local governing body has several questions about the layout and distances between these key locations. They want to ensure that the main walking paths connecting these points are of reasonable length and that the proposed layout covers a significant area. A water supply line needs to be laid from the community center to a point on the path between the park and the library, dividing it in the ratio 3:2. Ravi needs to calculate the precise coordinates of this junction point. Additionally, he must determine the area of the triangular plot formed by these three locations to estimate the cost of the landscaping and development. The project manager also asks him to find if the points are collinear, as this would change the entire layout plan. On the basis of the above information, answer any four of the following questions:
- (a) Find the distance between the community center A and the park B.
 - (b) Find the distance between the park at B and library at C.
 - (c) Find the coordinates of the point that divides the line segment BC in the ratio 3:2 internally.

OR

Find the coordinates of the point that divides the line segment AC in the ratio 2:3 internally.

38. Anita purchased a new building for her business. Being in the prime location, she decided to make some more money by putting up an advertisement sign for a rental ad income on the roof of the building. From a point P on the ground level, the angle of elevation of the roof of the building is 30° and the angle of elevation of the top of the sign board is 45° . The point P is at a distance of 24 m from the base of the building. [Take $\sqrt{3} = 1.73$ and $\sqrt{2} = 1.41$]



On the basis of the above information, answer the following questions:

- Find the height of the building (with the sign board)
- Find the height of the sign board.
- Find the distance of the point P from the top of the building.

OR

Find the distance of the point P from the top of the sign board.

Name: _____ Sec: _____ Roll No: _____

CODE: B

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR

PRE-BOARD EXAMINATION (2025 – 2026)

MATHEMATICS (041)

CLASS: X

TIME: 3 HOURS

MAX MARKS: 80

General Instructions:

Read the following instructions very carefully and strictly follow them:

- i) This question paper contains 20 questions and **all** the questions are compulsory.*
 - ii) This question paper is divided into 05 sections – **A, B, C, D** and **E**.*
 - iii) In Section A, Question No. 01 to 20 are MCQs and Question No. 19 and 20 are Assertion-Reason based questions of 01 mark each.*
 - iv) In section B, Question No. 21 to 25 are Very Short Answer (VSA) type questions carrying 02 marks each.*
 - v) In section C, Question No. 26 to 31 are Short Answer (SA) type question carrying 03 marks each.*
 - vi) In Section D, Question No. 32 to 35 is Long Answer (LA) type questions carrying 05 marks each.*
 - vii) In section E, Question No. 36 to 38 is Case based Questions (CBQ) carrying 04 marks with sub-parts of the values of 01, 01 and 02 marks each respectively with one internal choice for 02-mark question.*
 - viii) There is no overall choice. However, one internal choice is provided in 05 marks, 03 marks and 02 marks questions.*
 - ix) Draw a clear diagram for the questions wherever applicable.
Take $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$ wherever required, if not stated.*
 - x) Use of calculator is not allowed.*
-
-

SECTION - A

- Q1** The number 3.24636363 ... is (1)
- a) an integer
 - b) a rational number
 - c) an irrational number
 - d) none of these
- Q2** If α and β are two zeros of $x^2 + 5x + 8$ then the value $\alpha + \beta$ is (1)
- a) 5
 - b) -5
 - c) 8
 - d) -8
- Q3** What is the largest number that divides 70 and 125, leaving remainders 5 and 8 respectively? (1)
- a) 13
 - b) 9
 - c) 3
 - d) 585
- Q4** Equations of parallel lines denote (1)
- a) unique solution
 - b) infinite solution
 - c) no solution
 - d) none of these
- Q5** What is the least number that is divisible by all the natural numbers from 1 to 10 (both inclusive)? (1)
- a) 100
 - b) 1260
 - c) 2520
 - d) 5040

- Q6** For what values of k will the equation $kx^2 - 6x - 2 = 0$ has real roots? (1)
- a) $k \leq -\frac{9}{2}$
 - b) $k \geq -\frac{9}{2}$
 - c) $k \leq -2$
 - d) None of these
- Q7** The perimeter of the triangle with vertices $(0,4)$, $(0,0)$, $(3,0)$ (1)
- a) $7 + \sqrt{5}$
 - b) 5
 - c) 10
 - d) 12
- Q8** A man goes 24-meter due west and then 10-meter due north. How far is he from the starting point? (1)
- a) 34 meter
 - b) 17 meter
 - c) 26 meter
 - d) 28 meter
- Q9** The distance of the point $P(3,4)$ from the x-axis is? (1)
- a) 3 units
 - b) 4 units
 - c) 7 units
 - d) 5 units
- Q10** If two tangents are inclined at an angle of 60° are drawn to a circle of radius 3 cm, then the length of each tangent is: (1)
- a) 3 cm
 - b) $\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}$ cm
 - c) $3\sqrt{3}$ cm
 - d) 6 cm

- Q11** Which of the following pair of lines in a circle cannot be parallel? (1)
- a) Two chords
 - b) Two Tangents
 - c) A chord and a tangent
 - d) Two diameters
- Q12** If $\tan \theta + \cot \theta = 5$ then the value of $\tan^2 \theta + \cot^2 \theta$ is (1)
- a) 23
 - b) 24
 - c) 25
 - d) 27
- Q13** On decreasing the radius of the circle by 30%, its area is decreased (1)
by
- a) 30%
 - b) 60%
 - c) 45%
 - d) None of these
- Q14** If $\cos \theta + \sec \theta = \frac{5}{2}$ then the value of $\cos^2 \theta + \sec^2 \theta$ is (1)
- a) $\frac{21}{4}$
 - b) $\frac{17}{4}$
 - c) $\frac{29}{4}$
 - d) $\frac{33}{4}$
- Q15** On increasing the diameter of the circle by 40%, its area will be (1)
increased by?
- a) 40%
 - b) 80%
 - c) 96%
 - d) 82%

- Q16** The correct empirical formula is (1)
- a) Median – 2 Mean = Mode
 - b) 3 Median – Mean = Mode
 - c) 3 Median – 2 Mean = Mode
 - d) 2 Median – 3 Mean = Mode
- Q17** The probability of getting a black face card is (1)
- a) $\frac{6}{52}$
 - b) $\frac{4}{52}$
 - c) $\frac{12}{52}$
 - d) $\frac{3}{52}$
- Q18** The cumulative frequency is useful in calculating (1)
- a) Mean
 - b) Median
 - c) Mode
 - d) All of these
- Q19** **Assertion(A):** $\cot \theta = \frac{1}{\tan \theta}$ (1)
- Reason(R):** $\cot \theta$ and $\tan \theta$ are reciprocals.
- a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
 - b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.
 - c) A is true, but R is false.
 - d) A is false, but R is true.

Q20 Assertion(A): The volume of the cylinder is three times the volume of cone whose both radius and height are of equal dimensions. (1)

Reason(R): Volume of cylinder is $\pi r^2 h$ and Volume of the cylinder is $\frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$

- a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c) A is true, but R is false.
- d) A is false, but R is true.

SECTION - B

Q21 Is 51 a term of AP 5, 8, 11, 14, ... ? (2)

OR

Which term of the AP 5, 9, 13, 17, ... is 81 ? (2)

Q22 The perimeter of two similar triangles ABC and PQR are 32 cm and 24 cm respectively. If PQ = 12 cm, find AB. (2)

Q23 The incircle of an isosceles triangle ABC with AB = AC, touches the sides AB, BC, CA at D, E and F respectively. Prove that E bisects BC. (2)

Q24 If $7 \sin^2 \theta + 3 \cos^2 \theta = 4$, then show that $\tan \theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ (2)

OR

In triangle ABC, if $\angle B = 90^\circ$. $BC = 7$ cm and $AC - BC = 1$ cm, then find the value of $(\cos A - \sin A)$ (2)

Q25 Find the radius of the circle whose perimeter and area are numerically equal. (2)

SECTION - C

Q26 Find the greatest number that will divide 43, 91, and 183 so as to leave the same remainder in each case? (3)

OR

Find the greatest number of 4-digit that when divided by 4, 7 and 13 leaves a remainder of 3 in each case? (3)

Q27 Find the polynomial whose zeros are 1 and -3 respectively. Verify the relation between coefficients and zeros of the polynomial. (3)

OR

Find the Quadratic polynomial, the sum of whose zeros is $\sqrt{2}$ and their product is -12 (3)

Q28 Solve Graphically (Use graph paper) (3)

$$3x + 2y = 12 \text{ and } x - y + 1 = 0$$

Q29 Prove that a parallelogram circumscribing a circle is a rhombus. (3)

Q30 If $a \cos \theta - b \sin \theta = c$, prove that (3)

$$(a \sin \theta + b \cos \theta) = \pm \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 - c^2}$$

Q31 In family of 3 children, find the probability of having (3)

- (i) at least one boy
- (ii) at least two boys

SECTION - D

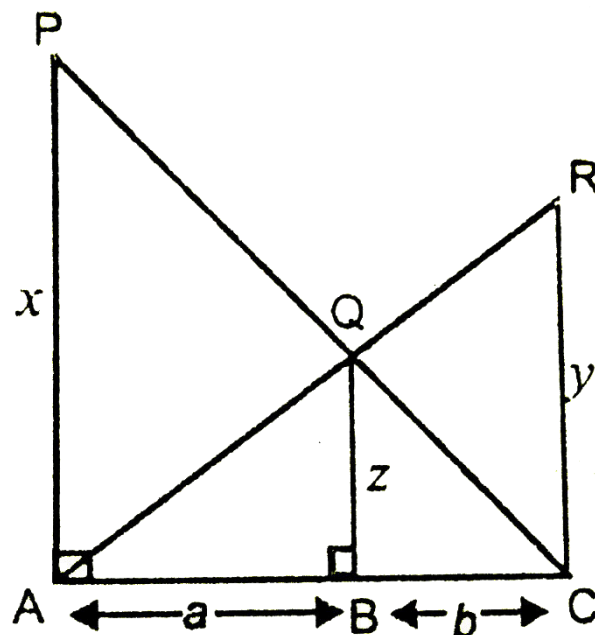
Q32 Solve the Quadratic Equation: $9x^2 - 6b^2x - (a^4 - b^4) = 0$ (5)

OR

The sum of the reciprocals of Arun's age (in years) three years ago and five years from now is $\frac{1}{3}$. Find the present age. (5)

Q33 In the given figure PA, QB, RC each is perpendicular to AC such that $PA = x, RC = y, QB = z, AB = a, BC = b$ (5)

Prove that $\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} = \frac{1}{z}$



Q34 Water in a canal 6 meter wide and 1.5 meter deep is flowing with the speed of 10 km/h. How much area will it irrigate in 30 minutes, if 8 cm standing water is required. (5)

OR

Water in a canal 5.4 meter wide and 1.8 meter deep is flowing with the speed of 25 km/h. How much area will it irrigate in 40 minutes, if 10 cm standing water is required. (5)

Q35 Find mean, median, mode: (5)

<i>CI</i>	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70
<i>f_i</i>	4	4	7	10	12	8	8

SECTION - E

Q36 An equation is given as follows:

$$1 + 5 + 9 + 13 + \dots + x = 1326$$

Based on this equation a student is asked several questions during his Multiple Assessment. The questions are as follows:

- (a) What is the name of the chapter and the concept that is used for solving this equation? (1)
- (b) Is this a Sequence or a Series? (1)
- (c) What is the difference between a Sequence, a Progression and Series? (2)

OR

Solve and find the value of x . (2)

Q37 A point $P(-5,7)$ is marked on the graph paper.

- (a) Find the distance of P from x-axis (1)
- (b) Find the distance of P from y-axis (1)
- (c) Find the distance of P from Origin (2)

OR

Find the distance of P from the Point $Q(7, -5)$ (2)

Q38 A man wants to estimate the height of a mountain which is 5 km far from him.

(a) What is the name of the chapter and the concept that is used for solving this real-life situation? (1)

(b) Which Trigonometric ratio is best suited to find the height of the mountain if the man knows his angle of elevation for viewing the tip of the mountain? (1)

(c) If the angle of elevation is 30° , find the height of the mountain. (2)

OR

If the angle of elevation is 60° , find the height of the mountain. (2)

Consider: $[\sqrt{3} = 1.73]$

Name: _____ Sec: _____ Roll No: _____

CODE-A

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
PRE-BOARD EXAMINATION [2025-2026]
SCIENCE
CLASS : X

Time: 3Hours

Maximum Marks : 80

General instructions:

1. This question paper consists of 39 questions in 3 sections. Section A is Biology, Section B is Chemistry and Section C is Physics.
2. All questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice is provided in some questions. A student is expected to attempt only one of these questions.

Section – A

1. Involuntary actions like salivation and vomiting are controlled by- 1
 - a. Medulla
 - b. Fore-brain
 - c. Pons
 - d. Mid-brain
2. If a normal cell of human body contains 46 chromosomes then the numbers of chromosomes in a sex cell of a human being is most likely to be- 1
 - a. 60
 - b. 23
 - c. 40
 - d. 22
3. The blood pressure of a normal human adult is- 1
 - a. 120/80
 - b. 100/60
 - c. 80/100
 - d. 60/160

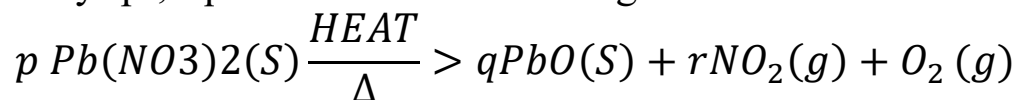
4. Nephron is the unit of- 1
- Nutrition
 - Excretion
 - Transportation
 - Respiration
5. Which of the following is an abiotic component of the ecosystem? 1
- Mango tree
 - Microorganisms
 - Temperature
 - Rabbit
6. Binary fission occurs in- 1
- Leishmania*
 - Spirogyra*
 - Hydra*
 - Planaria*
7. Which of the following is the most ideal contraceptive method? 1
- IUD
 - Condoms
 - Pills
 - Surgical methods
- The following two questions consist of two statements – Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Answer these questions by selecting the appropriate option given below:
- Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
 - Both A and R are true, and R is not the correct explanation of A.
 - A is true but R is false.
 - A is false but R is true.
8. Assertion (A): Tendrils grow around an object to cling to it as support. 1
- Reason (R): This growth is an example of hydrotropism.
9. Assertion (A): Ozone is both beneficial and damaging. 1
- Reason (R): Restricting the release of CFCs can prevent ozone layer depletion.
10. Name the part of the heart that- 2
- Receives deoxygenated blood from the body.

- b. The artery through which oxygenated blood is carried from heart to the body.
11. Students to attempt either option A or B. 2
- A. What is the role of decomposers in the ecosystem?
- OR**
- B. State two differences between food chain and food web.
12. Genetically who determines the sex of a child? Support your answer with an appropriate cross. 2
13. Name any three digestive enzymes that the food encounters on entering the alimentary canal. Also name the site of action and substrates on which they work. 3
14. A pea plant with round seeds was crossed with another pea plant with wrinkled seeds. All the progeny plants have round pea seeds. Justify with the help of a cross. 3
15. Hormones in animals are chemical messengers secreted by specialized endocrine glands directly into the bloodstream. They travel to target organs and tissues, where they regulate a wide range of physiological activities and behaviours. 4
- Attempt either subpart A or B.
- A. State two limitations of electrical impulses over hormonal control and coordination.
- OR**
- B. What are endocrine glands?
- C. Name the hormone that makes the heart beat fast in stress situations.
- D. Name the endocrine gland that secretes insulin.
16. Attempt either option A or B. 5
- A. Answer the following question:
- i. Name the largest cell in the human body.
 - ii. Name the male reproductive parts of a flower.
 - iii. Where does the egg develop?
 - iv. Fertilisation takes place in which region?
 - v. Where does the fertilised egg get implanted?
- OR**
- B. Draw the female system in plants and label the following, -
- i. Pollen lands after pollination
 - ii. Through which pollen tube travels

iii. Develops into fruit.

SECTION-B

17. Identify 'p', 'q' and 'r' in the following balanced reaction: 1

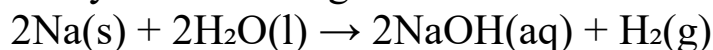


- (a) 2,2,4
- (b) 2,4,2
- (c) 2,4,4
- (d) 4,2,2

18. During purification of a metal by electrolysis, what happens at the negative electrode? 1

- (a) Metal ions lose electrons to become neutral atoms.
- (b) Neutral metal atoms gain electrons to become ions.
- (c) Neutral metal atoms lose electrons to become ions.
- (d) Metal ions gain electrons and become neutral metal atoms.

19. Study the following reaction: 1



The reducing agent in this reaction is –

- (a) Na
- (b) H₂O
- (c) NaOH
- (d) H₂

20. Mild non-corrosive basic salt is – 1

- (a) Ca(OH)₂
- (b) NaCl
- (c) NaOH
- (d) NaHCO₃

21. Which of the following statements is true for an amphoteric oxide? 1

- (a) It reacts only with acid and does not form water.
- (b) It reacts with acid as well as base to form salt and water.
- (c) It reacts with both acid as well as base to form salt and hydrogen gas.
- (d) It reacts only with base and does not form water.

22. Why is it important to balance a chemical equation? 1

- (a) To verify law of conservation of energy.
- (b) To verify law of constant proportions.
- (c) To verify law of conservation of mass.
- (d) To verify law of conservation of momentum.

23. Green coloured hydrated salt upon heating loses its water of crystallisation molecules and becomes anhydrous. Upon of further heating it gives a suffocating smell. The salt is – 1

- (a) Hydrated copper sulphate
- (b) Ferric sulphate
- (c) Hydrated ferrous sulphate
- (d) Cobalt nitrate

Question No. 24 consists of two statements – Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Answer the questions selecting the appropriate options given below:

- (A) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
- (B) Both A and R are true, and R is not the correct explanation of A.
- (C) A is true but R is false.
- (D) A is false but R is true.

24. **Assertion(A):** Both detergents and soaps have same chemical composition. 1

Reason(R): Detergents are better cleansing agents than soap.

25. Compound X and aluminium are used to join railway tracks. 2

- (a) Identify the Compound X and name the reaction.
- (b) Write down its reaction.

26. (A) **Explain the following:** 3
(a) Reactivity of Al decreases if it is dipped in HNO_3 .
(b) Carbon cannot reduce the oxides of Na or Mg.
(c) Iron articles are galvanised.

OR

(B) An element **A** burns with golden flame in air. It reacts with another element **B** of atomic no. 17 to give a product **C**. An aqueous solution of product **C** on electrolysis gives a Compound **D** and liberates hydrogen. Identify **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**. Also write down the equation for the reactions involved.

27. Balance the following chemical equations and identify the type of chemical reaction: 3
(a) $\text{Mg(s)} + \text{Cl}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow \text{MgCl}_2(\text{s})$
(b) $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2(\text{l}) \xrightarrow{\text{UV}} \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l}) + \text{O}_2(\text{g})$
(c) $\text{HgO}(\text{s}) \xrightarrow{\text{Heat}} \text{Hg}(\text{l}) + \text{O}_2(\text{g})$

28. Seawater contains many salts dissolved in it. Common salt is separated from these salts. Deposits of solid salt are also found in several parts of the world. These large crystals are often brown due to impurities. 4

Answer the following questions:

- (a) Write a balanced chemical equation to show the products formed during electrolysis of brine.
(b) Name two crystalline substances which do not contain water of crystallisation.

OR

How does the flow of acid rain water into a river makes the survival of aquatic life in the river difficult?

- (c) Write the reaction between Plaster of Paris and water.

29. Ethanol is heated with alkaline potassium permanganate to give a Compound **A**. Compound **A** is now reacted with ethanol in the presence of an acid catalyst to give a Compound **B**.

- (a) Identify Compounds **A** and **B** and write the chemical reactions involved during the formation of Compounds **A** and **B**. 5
(b) State any two uses of Compound **B**.

SECTION : C

- 30 A converging lens forms three times magnified image of an object which can be taken on a screen. If the focal length of the lens is 30 cm then the distance of the object from the lens is 1
- (a) -55cm
(b) -50cm
(c) -45cm
(d) -40cm
- 31 When a beam of white light passes through a region having very fine dust particles, the colour of light mainly scattered in that region is 1
- (a) Red
(b) Orange
(c) Blue
(d) yellow

For question number 32,two statements are given-one labeled Assertion(A) and the other labeled Reason(R).Select the correct answer to these questions from the codes (a),(b),(c) and (d) as given below:

- (a)Both A and R are true and R is correct explanation of the Assertion.
(b)Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of the Assertion.
(c)A is true but R is false.
(d)A is false but R is true.

32. **Assertion:** When light ray is incident on a rectangular glass slab and refracted through it, then the angle of emergence is equal to the angle of incidence. 1
- Reason:** During refraction through a glass slab the light ray gets refracted three times.
33. The magnification produced when an object is placed at a distance of 20 cm from a spherical mirror is $+ \frac{1}{2}$, where should the object be placed to reduce the magnification to $+ \frac{1}{3}$? 2
34. A metallic wire of resistance 12Ω is bent to form a square. Calculate the resistance between two diagonally opposite ends. 2
35. A person suffering from myopia (nearsightedness) was advised to wear corrective lens of power $-2.5D$. A spherical lens of same focal length was taken in the laboratory. At what distance should a student place an object from this lens so that it forms an image at a distance 10 cm from the lens? 3
36. Compare the power used in 2Ω resistor in each of the following circuit: 3
- (i) A 6V battery in series with 1Ω and 2Ω resistor.
 - (ii) A 4V battery in parallel with 12Ω and 2Ω resistor.
37. (i) Draw the pattern of magnetic field lines produced by a current carrying loop showing the direction of current in the loop and the direction of magnetic field lines 3
- (ii) State the rule which can be applied to know the direction of magnetic field lines in the above case.
38. Study the given data showing the focal length of three concave mirrors A, B and C and the respective distances of the object placed in front of the mirror. 4

Case	Mirror	Focal length (cm)	Object distance (cm)
1.	A	20	45
2.	B	15	30
3.	C	30	20

- (i) In which of the above cases the mirror will form a diminished image of the object? Justify.
- (ii) List any two properties of image formed in case 2
- (iii) What is the nature and size of the image formed by mirror C? Draw the diagram to justify your answer.

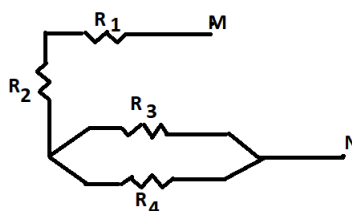
OR

- (iv) An object is placed at a distance of 18 cm from the pole of a concave mirror of focal length 12 cm. Find the position of the image formed in this case

39.A Draw a schematic diagram of a circuit consisting of a battery of six 2V cells, a 6Ω resistor, 12Ω resistor, 18Ω resistor and a plug key all connected in series. Calculate the following when the key is closed. 5

- (i) Electric current flowing in the circuit
- (ii) Potential difference across 18Ω resistor
- (iii) Electric power consumed in 18Ω resistor

39.B (i) For the combination of resistors shown in the figure find the equivalent resistance between M and N.



- (ii) State Joule's law of heating.
- (iii) Why we need a 5A fuse for an electric iron which consumes 1 kilowatt power at 220 volt?
- (iv) Why it is impractical to connect an electric bulb and an electric heater in series?

Name: _____ Sec: _____ Roll No: _____

CODE: B

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR

PRE-BOARD EXAMINATION: [2025-2026]

SCIENCE

CLASS: X

TIME : 3 HOURS

Maximum Marks: 80

General Instructions:

- i. This question paper consists of 39 questions. Section A is Biology, Section B is Chemistry and Section C is Physics.
- ii. All questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice is provided in some questions. A student is expected to attempt only one of these questions.

SECTION-A

1. In a synapse, chemical signal is transmitted from: 1
 - A. Dendritic end of one neuron to axonal end of another neuron
 - B. Axon to cell body of the same neuron
 - C. Cell body to axonal end of the same neuron
 - D. Axonal end of one neuron to dendritic end of another neuron
2. A trait in an organism is influenced by: 1
 - A. Paternal DNA only
 - B. Maternal DNA only
 - C. Both maternal and paternal DNA
 - D. Neither by paternal nor by maternal DNA
3. Enzyme which is absent in pancreatic juice is: 1
 - A. Amylase
 - B. Lipase
 - C. Pepsin
 - D. Trypsin
4. Rohan was absent from school due to muscle pain after excess of physical exercise. The muscle pain was due to: 1
 - A. Formation of Acetic acid
 - B. Formation of Lactic acid
 - C. Formation of Pyruvic acid
 - D. Formation of Hydrochloric acid

5. The percentage of solar radiation absorbed by all the green plants for the process of photosynthesis is about: 1
- 1%
 - 5 %
 - 10 %
 - 8 %
6. Which of the following is not a part of female reproductive system in humans: 1
- Ovary
 - Vas deferens
 - Uterus
 - Fallopian tube
7. In a flower, the parts that produce male and female gametes (germ cells) are: 1
- Stamen and anther
 - Filament and stigma
 - Anther and ovary
 - Stamen and style

The following two questions consist of two statements— Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Answer these questions by selecting the appropriate option given below:

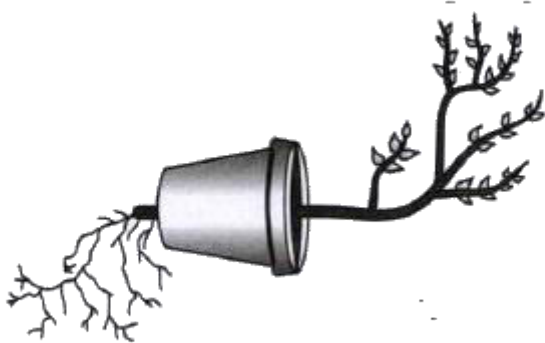
- Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.**
- Both A and R are true, and R is not the correct explanation of A.**
- A is true but R is false.**
- A is false but R is true.**

8. **Assertion(A):** Stem bends towards light. 1
Reason(R): Auxins are more formed on shaded side than the light facing side of stem.
9. **Assertion(A):** Greater number of individuals are present in lower trophic levels. 1
Reason(R): The flow of energy is unidirectional.
10. Why is transpiration important for plants? 2
11. Students to attempt either option A or B 2
- Why is the maximum concentration of pesticides found in human beings?

OR

- How is ozone formed at the higher levels of the atmosphere?

12. What do you mean by dominant and recessive characters? 2
13. What will happen if xylem tissue in a plant is removed? 3
14. A. Name the two types of gametes produced by men. 3
 B. Does a male child inherit X chromosome from his father? Justify.
15. 4



Attempt either subpart A or B

- A. Name the stimulus responsible for the movement shown in the figure and define the phenomenon.

OR

- B. In the given figure, what changes would you observe in the growth of the stem and roots?
 C. Give one example of chemotropism.
 D. How do plant cells change shape?

16. Attempt either option A or B 5

- A. (i) Draw and label the longitudinal section of flower.
 (ii) Give two differences between self-pollination and cross-pollination

OR

- B. (i) What happens when egg of human female is not fertilised?
 (ii) In the male reproductive system of human beings, state the function of testes and scrotum.

SECTION -B

17. The colour of the solution observed after 30 minutes of placing zinc metal to copper sulphate solution is 1

- a) Blue b) Colourless c) Dirty green d) Reddish brown

- 18 A metal X on treatment with sodium hydroxide liberates a gas G. It also liberates the same gas G on treatment with dilute sulphuric acid. Based on above information X and G respectively are : 1
- a) Copper and sulphur dioxide
 - b) Zinc and sulphur dioxide
 - c) Zinc and hydrogen
 - Copper and hydrogen
- 19 Identify the product Y obtained in the following reaction : 1
- $$\text{CaO} + \text{CO}_2 \rightarrow \text{Y}$$
- Quick lime b) Blue vitriol c) Limestone d) Slaked lime
- 20 Which of the following statement is correct : 1
- a) Lower the pH, stronger the acid
 - b) Lower the pH, stronger the base
 - c) Higher the pH, weaker the base
 - d) Higher the pH, stronger the acid
- 21 Which of the following phenomenon occur, when a small amount of acid is added to water ? 1
- i) Dissociation ii) Neutralisation iii) Dilution iv) Salt formation
- a) i and ii
 - b) i and iii
 - c) ii and iii
 - d) ii and iv
- 22 Study the following chemical reaction and select the correct statement. 1
- $$\text{H}_2\text{S} + \text{Cl}_2 \rightarrow \text{S} + 2\text{HCl}$$
- a) Cl_2 gets reduced, hence acts as the reducing agent.
 - b) H_2S gets oxidized, hence acts as the oxidizing agent.
 - c) Cl_2 gets reduced, hence acts as the oxidizing agent.
 - d) H_2S gets reduced, hence acts as the reducing agent.

23 When hydrated ferrous sulphate crystals are heated,

1

- a) A colourless, odourless gas is evolved, leaving behind a yellow residue.
- b) A brown, odourless gas is evolved, leaving behind a reddish brown residue.
- c) Two colourless gases are evolved, leaving behind a reddish brown residue.
- d) One colourless and one brown gas is evolved, leaving behind a yellow residue.

In the following questions, two statements are given - one labelled Assertion (A) and the other labelled Reason (R). Select the correct answer to these questions from the codes (a), (b), (c) and (d) as given below:

- a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c) A is true but R is false.
- d) A is false but R is true.

24 **Assertion :** Cooking oil undergoes addition reaction.

1

Reason : Cooking oil is a saturated compound.

25 The thermit process is used for repairing cracks in railway tracks on site.

2

- i) Write a chemical equation for the reaction taking place in the process.
- ii) Identify the substances that are getting oxidized and reduced in the thermit reaction.

26 **A.** Of the three metals X, Y and Z, X reacts with cold water, Y reacts with hot water and Z reacts with steam only.

3

- i) Identify X, Y and Z
- ii) Write chemical equations for the reactions involved.

OR

B. A metal A which is used in manufacturing aircrafts and window frames. When heated with oxygen, it gives an oxide B which is amphoteric in nature.

i) Identify A and B.

ii) Write chemical equations for the reactions which support the amphoteric nature of B.

27 You may have observed that when copper powder is heated in a china dish, its surface gets coated with a black coloured substance. 3

i) Name the black substance.

ii) Identify the type of chemical reaction.

iii) What will happen if hydrogen gas is passed through this black substance?

28 **Read the paragraph and answer the following questions :** 4

Is it New Year's Eve, Reeta and her family went out for a grand celebration. After enjoying the buffet, her grandmother felt a burning sensation. Reeta's father gave her a tablet for curing acidity. Within 5 minutes, she was relieved and continued to enjoy the celebration.

a) What caused acidity in Reeta's grandmother's stomach ?

b) What tablet did Reeta's father give to her grandmother? Give an example of such a substance.

OR

b) Explain the mechanism involved in the action of tablet in the stomach.

c) What change will be observed if blue litmus paper is dipped in a solution causing acidity?

29 **A.** i) What are hydrocarbons? How can you distinguish between a saturated and unsaturated hydrocarbons by the help of a flame test? 5
ii) When ethanoic acid reacts with ethanol in the presence of concentrated sulphuric acid, a substance with a fruity smell is produced.

- a) What is the role of concentrated sulphuric acid in the reaction?
b) Write chemical equation for the reaction involved and name the main product formed.

OR

B. Write the IUPAC name of the following compounds :-

- i) $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$
ii) CH_3COCH_3
iii) $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{COOH}$
iv) CH_3CHO
v) $\text{CH}_3\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH=CH}_2$

SECTION : C

30. The radius of curvature of a converging mirror is 30cm. At what distance from the mirror should an object be placed so as to obtain a virtual image. 1
(a) Infinity
(b) 30cm
(c) Between 15cm and 30 cm
(d) Between zero and 15cm.
31. Which of these is reason why a farsighted person needs a convex lens to correct his vision. 1
(a) The image forms in front of his retina.
(b) The image forms behind the retina.
(c) The image forms below the retina.
(d) The image forms on the retina
32. **Assertion and reason Question:** 1
The question given below consist of assertion and reason. Use the following key to choose the appropriate answer.
(a) Both Assertion and Reasons are correct and the Reason is the correct explanation of Assertion.
(b) Both Assertion and Reasons are correct but the Reason is not the correct explanation of Assertion.
(c) Assertion is true but Reason is false.
(d) Assertion is false but Reason is true

Assertion: concave mirror is used as reflectors in torches, vehicles head lights and in search lights.

Reason: When an object is placed beyond the centre of curvature of a concave mirror, the image formed is real and inverted

33. An object is placed at a distance of 30cm from a convex mirror, the magnification produced is $\frac{1}{2}$. Where should the object be placed to get a magnification of $\frac{1}{3}$. 2
34. How many 176 ohm resistors in parallel are required to carry 5A on 220Volt line? 2

OR

If the current I through a resistor is increased by 100% (assume that temperature is constant). What will be percentage increase in power dissipated?

35. Explain giving reasons why sky appears blue to an observer from surface of Earth. What should be appearance of the sky during the day for an astronaut staying in international space station orbiting the Earth. State reason to justify the answer. 3
36. Show how would you join three resistors each of 9ohm so that the equivalent resistance of the combination is (a) 13.5 Ohm (b) 6 Ohm Draw the circuit diagram in each case. 3
37. (a) List two factors on which magnitude of magnetic field produced by a current carrying straight conductor depends. 3
(b) State the rule which determines the direction magnetic field in above case.
38. **Case Study:** 4
Hold a concave mirror in your hand and direct its reflecting surface towards the sun. Direct the light reflected by the mirror on to a white cardboard held close to the mirror. Move the card board back and forth gradually until you find a bright sharp spot of light on the board. This spot of light is the image of the sun on the sheet of paper which is also termed as principal focus of the concave mirror.

- (a) List two applications of Concave Mirror. (1)
- (b) If the distance between the mirror and principal focus is 15 cm then find the radius of curvature. (1)
- (c) Draw ray diagram to show the type of image formed when an object is placed between pole and focus of a concave mirror. (2)

Or

An object 10 cm in size is placed at 100 cm in front of a concave mirror. If its image is formed at the same point where the object is located then find focal length of the mirror and its magnification. (2)

- 39A
- (a) Explain the rule of fuse in series with any electrical appliance in an electric circuit. (2)
 - (b) why should a fuse with defined rating for an electric circuit not be replaced with a larger rating? (2)
 - (c) State the factors on which heat produced in a current carrying conductor depends. (1)

OR

- 39B.
- (a) An electric motor rated 1100 watt is connected to 220 volt mains. find the current drawn from the mains. (2)
 - (b) Electric energy consumed if the motor is used for 5 hours daily for 6 days (2)
 - (c) Total cost of energy consumed if the rate of one unit is Rs5. (1)

Name: _____ Sec: _____ Roll No: _____
CODE-A

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
PRE- BOARD EXAMINATION [2025-26]
CLASS-X
SOCIAL SCIENCE

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks:80

General Instructions:

-
-
1. There are 38 questions in the Question paper. All questions are compulsory.
 2. The question paper has Four Sections - A(History), B(Geography), C-(Political Science) and D- Economics.
Each Section is of 20 Marks and has MCQs, VSA, SA, LAs and CBQ.
 3. Very Short Answer Type Questions (VSA), carry 2 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 40 words.
 4. Short Answer Type Questions (SA), carry 3 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 60 words.
 5. Long answer type questions (LA), carry 5 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 120 words.
 6. There is Case Based Questions (CBQ) with three sub questions and are of 4 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 100 words.
 7. The Map-Based Questions carry 5 marks with two parts- Q9. In Section A-History (2 marks) and Q19. In Section B -Geography (3 marks)
 8. There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in few questions. Only one of the choices in such questions must be attempted.
-
-

SECTION-A
HISTORY (20 MARKS)

1. Match the following and Choose the correct answer:

1

<u>LEADER</u>	<u>ROLE</u>
A. Victor Emmanuel II	I. Chief Minister of Italy
B. Giuseppe Mazzini	II. Young Italy Movement
C. Giuseppe Garibaldi	III. Conquered the Kingdom of Sicily
D. Count Cavour	IV. Proclaimed as the King of unified Italy

OPTIONS

- a. A-I B-IV C-III D-II
- b. A-II B-I C-IV D-III
- c. A-IV B-II C-III D-I
- d. A-I B-IV C-II D-III

2. The picture depicts WHICH incident in Gorakhpur that led to the withdrawal of the Non Cooperation Movement? Select the correct option:

1



- a. Simon Commission
- b. Khilafat Issue
- c. Chauri Chaura Incident

d. Bardoli Satyagraha

3. **Why did Europeans flee to America in the 19th century? Identify the correct reasons from the following options:** 1
- a. to avoid economic hardships like poverty , hunger and disease.
 - b. due to its attraction of gold reserves over there
 - c. to escape from the French Revolution
 - d. as an aftermath of the Vietnam War
4. **Sumitra is reading an abstract written by *Tarabai Shinde*. Which of the following is MOST LIKELY to be the central issue of this text?** 1
- a. religious indoctrination by priests
 - b. miserable lives of farmers in debt
 - c. plight of upper-caste Hindu widows
 - d. exploitation of children by factory owners
- 5A. What is meant by *Silk Routes*? Who else travelled these routes other than traders? 2
- OR**
- 5B. How did dependency on potatoes kill the poorest peasants of Ireland?
- 6A. State the advantages of woodblock printing over handwritten manuscript that made printing more popular. 3
- OR**
- 6B. ‘Print played a significant role in awakening sentiments of nationalism amongst the Indians.’ Explain the statement with examples.
- 7A. ‘The Treaty of Vienna depicted the spirit of conservatism.’ Substantiate the statement with key features of the Treaty. 5
- OR**
- 7B. How had the female figures become an allegory of the nation during 19th century Europe? Analyse.
8. **Read the given text and answer the following questions: (1+1+2=4)** 4

Swaraj in the Plantations

Workers too had their own understanding of Mahatma Gandhi and the notion of swaraj. For plantation workers in Assam, freedom meant the right to move freely in and out of the confined space in which they were enclosed, and it meant retaining a link with the village from which they had come. Under the Inland Emigration Act of 1859, plantation workers were not permitted to leave the tea gardens without permission, and in fact they were rarely given such permission. When they heard of the Non-Cooperation Movement, thousands of workers defied the authorities, left the plantations and headed home. They believed that Gandhi Raj was coming and everyone would be given land in their own villages. They, however, never reached their destination. Stranded on the way by a railway and steamer strike, they were caught by the police and brutally beaten up.

- 8.1 Explain the understanding of ‘Swaraj’ for plantation workers in Assam.
- 8.2 How did the Inland Emigration Act of 1859 act as a barrier to the freedom of plantation workers?
- 8.3 Explain the main outcome of the participation of plantation workers in the Non-Cooperation Movement.

9. **MAP SKILL-BASED QUESTION (2 marks)**

1+1=
2

Two places A and B have been marked on the given outline map of India. Identify them and write their correct names on the lines marked on the map.

- A) The place where the Civil Disobedience Movement was launched.
B) The city where Indian National Congress Session was held in September 1920.

Section-B

10

Choose the correct option.

1

Transformation of things available in our environment involves an interactive relationship between _____.

- A. Nature and Technology

B. Nature ,Technology and Institution.

C. Nature and Institution.

D. Environment and Human being

11

Identify the appropriate option to fill in the empty boxes.

1

Features of soil	Type of soil
1. Black in colour and is ideal for growing cotton.	I. Black soil
2. It develops under Tropical and Sub tropical climate with alternative wet and dry season.	II. ?

A. Forest soil

B. Arid soil

C. Laterite soil

D.Red and yellow soil

12

CHOOSE THE CORRECT OPTION.

1

During the 1960 and 1970, the conservationists demanded which protection programme?

A. National Wildlife Protection.

B. Indian Wildlife Protection.

C. Project Tiger.

D. Beej Bachao Andolan.

13

Conservation of forest is a key to survival of human mankind. One of the key conservation practices in India in this direction is joint forest management. Identify the correct information related to joint forest management.

1

I. It involves local communities in the management and restoration of degraded forest

II. The program has been in formal existence since 1980.

III. Jharkhand passed the first resolution for Joint Forest Management.

The numbers of local village communities are entitled to immediately benefits like non forest produce.

- A. I and II
- B. II and III
- C. I and IV
- D. III and IV

- 14 Which of the following is the irrigation system in Meghalaya? 1
- A. To irrigate land only during rainy season.
 - B. To use large volume of water for irrigation.
 - C. To remove water from soil.
 - D. To use bamboo drip irrigation system.
- 15 Mr. Arjun along with his family clears a piece of land and grows grain and other food crops to feed his family. When the soil fertility decrease, she prepares another piece of land for agriculture. Which of the following methods of agriculture does he use? 1
- A. Plantation farming
 - B. Slash and burn farming
 - C. Intensive subsistence farming
 - D. Commercial farming
- 16 Suppose you are a farmer and you want to cultivate wheat in India. Describe any 2 geographical conditions, which will be suitable for wheat cultivation. 2
- 17 A Examine the proactive approaches of NTPC for preserving the natural environment and resources 5
- OR
- B Describe the distribution of coal in India.
- 18 In ancient India, cotton textiles were produced with hand spinning and handloom weaving techniques. After the 18th century, power - looms came into use. Our traditional industries suffered a setback during the colonial period because they could not compete with the mill-made cloth from England. 1+1+2
- . The first successful textile mill was established in Mumbai in 1854.
 - . The two world wars were fought in Europe, India was a British colony. There was a demand for cloth in U.K. hence, they gave a boost to the development of the cotton textile industry. In the early years, the cotton textile industry was concentrated in the cotton growing belt of Maharashtra and Gujarat. Availability of raw cotton, market, transport including accessible port facilities, labour, moist climate, etc. contributed towards its localisation.

- 18.1 When was first textile mill established?
 18.2 Why did traditional industries of India suffer during the colonial period?
 18.3 Why was the cotton textile industry initially concentrated in Maharashtra and Gujarat?

19 Map skill -based questions.(3marks)
 On the same outline map of India locate and label the following with suitable symbols.

- I A. A dam built on river Satluj in India. 1
 OR
 B. Leading producer of cotton.
- II Any two of the following. 2
 C. Netaji subhas Chandra Bose International Airport.
 D. Coal mines located in Jharkhand.
 E. Surat cotton textile industry.

SECTION - C
POLITICAL SCIENCE (20 marks)

20. **Read the arguments given in favour of power sharing and choose the correct option: 1**

- I. Reduces the likelihood of bias.
 II. Barricades the decision-making process.
 III. Accommodates diversity.
 IV. Increases the participation of people in power.

OPTIONS:

- a. Only I, II and III are correct
 b. Only II, III and IV are correct
 c. Only I, III and IV are correct
 d. Only I, II and IV are correct

21. **Which two languages among the following are prominently spoken by Belgian nationals? 1**

- a. French and English
 b. Dutch and French
 c. Russian and Dutch
 d. Russian and French

22. Identify the personality seated on a grand throne symbolising his leadership: 1



- a. Atal Bihari Vajpayee
- b. Chandrababu Naidu
- c. Prakash Singh Badal
- d. I.K Gujral

23. In the following question, a statement of Assertion (A) is followed by a statement of Reason (R). Mark the correct choice as: 1

- a. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of A.
- b. Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of A.
- c. (A) is correct but (R) is wrong
- d. (R) is correct but (A) is wrong

Assertion (A): Caste and caste system in modern India have undergone great changes in the recent years.

Reason (R): Caste system was based on exclusion of and discrimination against the 'outcaste' groups.

24. What is the basic idea behind decentralisation in India? 2

25. 'Communalism is harmful for the nation.' Explain. 2

26. 'Transparency is the most important feature of democracy.' Support the statement with suitable arguments. 3

27A 'Political parties are a necessary condition for a democracy.' Analyse the statement. 5

OR

27B 'Lack of internal democracy within parties is the major challenge to political parties all over the world.' Examine the statement.

28. Read the given text and answer the following questions: (1+1+2=4) 4

Forms of Power-Sharing

The idea of power-sharing has emerged in opposition to the notions of undivided political power. For a long time, it was believed that all power of a government must reside in one person or group of persons located at one place. It was felt that if the power to decide is dispersed, it would not be possible to take quick decisions and to enforce them. But these notions have changed with the emergence of democracy. One basic principle of democracy is that people are the source of all political power. In a democracy, people rule themselves through institutions of self-government. In a good democratic government, due respect is given to diverse groups and views that exist in a society. Everyone has a voice in the shaping of public policies. Therefore, it follows that in a democracy, political power should be distributed among as many citizens as possible.

28. What is the basic principle of democracy?

1

28. Write down the age old notion of people regarding power of the government.

2

28. How can we come to the conclusion that in a democracy, political power should be distributed among as many citizens as possible? Cite two points of reference from this passage.

3

SECTION D
ECONOMICS (20 marks)

29. Which of the following workers is/are related to unorganised sector? 1

- I. A teacher taking classes in a School
- II. A head load workers carrying a bag of cement on his back in a market
- III. A farmer irrigating her field
- IV. A doctor in a hospital treating a patient

Options:

- a. I, III, IV and II are true
- b. I, II, IV and III are true
- c. II, III, IV and I are true
- d. II and III are true

30. An organisation, which publishes it's own world development statistics through an index is---- 1

- a. United Nations Development Programme
- b. World Health Assembly
- c. United Nations Democratic Programme
- d. United Nations Diversity Network Programme

31 Identify the sector that the depicted activity belongs to from the given options: 1



- a. Primary sector
- b. Secondary sector
- c. Tertiary sector
- d. Quaternary sector

32 ***In, Sundarpur, 70% of the population borrows money from Co-operative Organisations, 15% from banks , and 15% from money lenders. Small companies and agriculture account for the majority of loan uses.*** 1

What is the most likely location of Sundarpur based on this credit pattern ?

- a. An industrial zone in a metropolitan city
- b. A rural area with strong cooperative networks
- c. A tourists city with high seasonal employment
- d. A coastal port town engaged in global trade

33 Identify the appropriate option to fill in the empty box: 1

Principal	100000 rupees payable at the end of the third year directly
Rate of interest	12% p.a. simple interest
Duration of the loan	3 years
?	Documents of the new car borrower will buy

- a. Collateral
- b. Documents
- c. Debt
- d. Bank Name

34. ***“Examine the role of digital technologies in global trade, particularly digitally delivers services and environmental goods. It explores how the digital revolution is reshaping global value chains and trade dynamics”.*** 1

Source:- Wikipedia

Identify the correct option which describes the given case in the most appropriate manner.

- a. Problem of cultural isolation is rising due to technology.
- b. Communication is being localised only as a consequence of technology
- c. The negative impact of technology on language learning

d. Technology has facilitated global connections and cultural exchange

35. ***“The government can increase employment in the rural sector”.*** 3
Justify these statement with three valid points.

36. ***“Deposits with banks are beneficial to the depositors as well as to the nation”.*** 3
Support the statement by giving three reasons.

37. ***“The Indian government put barriers on foreign trade and foreign investments after the attainment of independence.”*** 3
Evaluate the statement by giving suitable examples.

38(A) ***A research student with two people, M and N to learn about their work related differences. On the basis of the interview conducted with both of them, the student concludes that while person M was working in an organised sector, person N was an employee of a workplace that was functioning in an unorganised way.*** 5
Analyse the key differences between the two sectors that must have enabled the research student to come to this conclusion

OR

38(B) Privatization can have both positive and negative effects on the economy.
Support the statement with arguments

Name: _____ Sec: _____ CODE : B
Roll No: _____

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
PRE BOARD EXAMINATION - [2025 - 2026]
SOCIAL SCIENCE
CLASS - X

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks :80

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:-

- 1) There are 38 questions in the Question Paper. All questions are compulsory
 - 2) The question paper comprises of four sections – A- History , B- Geography , C – Political Science D – Economics.
 - 3) Each Section is of 20 marks and has MCQ , VSA , SA, LAs and CBQ.
 - 4) Very Short Answer Type Questions (VSA) carry 3 marks each . Answers to each question should not exceed 40 words.
 - 5) Short Answer Type Questions (SA) carry 3 marks each . Answers to each question should not exceed 60 words.
 - 6) Long Answer Type Questions (LA) carry 5 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 120 words.
 - 7) There are Case based questions (CBQ) with three sub questions and are of 4 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 100 words.
 - 8) The map based questions carrying 5 marks with two parts , Q9. In Section -A History (2 marks) and Q19. In Section - B - Geography (3 marks)
 - 9) There is no overall choice in the question paper . However , an internal choice has been provided in few questions . Only one of the choices in such questions must be attempted.
-
-

SECTION – A HISTORY

1 Match the following :-

1

Column -A	Column - B
A) Giuseppe Mazzini	i) Book of Marvels
B) Marco Polo	ii) Unification of Germany
C) 1804	iii) founder of Young Europe
D) Otto Von Bismarck	iv) Napoleonic Code

- a) A - iii B- i C - iv D - ii
- b) A - i B -iv C - iii D - ii
- c) A - ii B - iii C -i D - iv
- d) A - iii B - iv C -ii D - i

2.

1



Three famous personalities in the above picture are Mahatma Gandhi , Jawaharlal Nehru and -----

- a) Dr B.R. Ambedkar
- b) Maulana Azad
- c) Shaukat Ali
- d) Muhammad Ali Jinnah

3. ----- from India and South -East Asia travelled through Silk Route to other parts of the world . 1

- a) Gold and silver
- b) Grain and pulses
- c) Iron
- d) Textile and spices

4 Who among the following published ‘Sambad Kaumudi ?’ 1

- a) Rashsundari Debi
- b) Raja RamMohan Roy
- c) Tarabai Shinde
- d) Ram Chaddha

5 A The silk routes are a good example of trade and cultural link between distant parts of the world. Explain with two examples. 2

OR

5 B How did food facilitates cultural exchanges between distant countries ? Explain with any two examples .

6 A Why did the production of handwritten manuscripts not satisfy the demand for books ? 3

OR

6 B Why do some historians think that print culture created the basis for the French Revolution ?

7 A Explain the process of Unification of Italy . 5

OR

7 B What were the five key changes brought due to the Napoleonic Code of 1804 ?

8 Read the given text and answer the following questions :

Mahatma Gandhi's letter was , in a way , an ultimatum. If the demands were not fulfilled by 11th March , the letter stated , the Congress would launch a civil disobedience campaign. Irwin was unwilling to negotiate . Mahatma Gandhi started his famous salt march . The march was over 240 miles , from Gandhiji's ashram in Sabarmati to the Gujarat coastal town of Dandi.

On 6th April , he reached Dandi and ceremonially violated the law manufacturing salt by boiling sea water .

- 8.i What did Gandhiji's letter state ? 1
- 8.ii From where did Gandhiji start the Salt March ? For how many miles did he walk ? 1
- 8.iii When and how did Gandhiji manufacture salt ? 2

9 Two places A and B have been marked on the given outline map of India . Identify them and write their correct names on the lines marked on the map .

- A) Jallianwala Bagh incident . 1
- B) The place where Indian National Congress session was held in 1920. 1

SECTION-B

GEOGRAPHY (20 marks)

10. Which of the following is not a problem of resource development? 1
- a. Depletion of resources for satisfying the greed of few individuals.
 - b. Accumulation of resources in few hands.
 - c. Indiscriminate exploitation of resources.
 - d. An equitable distribution of resources.

11. Identify the appropriate option to fill in the empty boxes: 1

Classification of Soils

Black	?	?
Ideal for growing cotton	Ideal for the growth of sugarcane, paddy, wheat	More suitable for crops like cashew nut

- a. Red and Yellow soil, Alluvial soil
- b. Alluvial soil, Laterite soil
- c. Alluvial soil, Forest soil
- d. Forest soil, Arid soil

12. Aadarsh , a resident of a village in Andhra Pradesh is involved in joint forest management programme along with other villagers. They undertook protection activities on degraded forest lands which has resulted in increase in the forest cover in his village. 1

Which of the following reflects the lessons that can be learnt from the above examples?

- a. Joint Forest Management is the only solution left to protect forests.
- b. Only women from villages can find success in conservation of biodiversity.
- c. Local communities everywhere have to be involved in some kind of natural resource management.
- d. Decision making does not need the involvement of local communities.

13. Which one of the following statements is incorrect about reserved forests? 1

- a. Reserved forests are owned by the government and all the human activities are not allowed in these forests.
- b. These forests are regarded as the most valuable forests in terms of conservation of forests and wildlife.
- c. More than half of the total forest land has been declared reserved forests.
- d. These are mostly managed by both private communities and the government.

14. Which place in India has an artificial lake to conserve water that 1

dates back to 11th century?

- a. Delhi
- b. Bhopal
- c. Bennur
- d. Kolhapur

15. Which one of the following statements best evaluates the Intensive Subsistence Farming? 1

- a. It is also known as ‘slash and burn’ agriculture.
- b. It is practised in areas of high population pressure on land.
- c. A single crop is grown on a large area.
- d. The production is mainly for market.

16. Harsh was once reading about tea cultivation in India in a magazine and he was amazed to know that most of the tea gardens are located in North-Eastern regions of the country. 2

What can be inferred about the climatic requirements of the tea crops from this information?

17. A. Explain the pro-active approach by the National Thermal Power Corporation (NTPC) for preserving the natural environment and resources. 5

OR

B. “Minerals are an indispensable part of our lives”. Justify this statement with suitable examples.

18. Read the given text and answer the following questions.

Production of goods in large quantities after processing from raw materials to more valuable products is called manufacturing. Paper is manufactured from wood, sugar from sugarcane, iron and steel from iron ore and aluminium from bauxite. People employed in the secondary activities manufacture the primary materials into finished goods. The workers employed in steel factories, car, breweries, textile industries, bakeries etc. fall into this category. Some people are employed in providing services. The economic strength of a country is measured by the development of manufacturing industries.

- | | | |
|------|--|---|
| 18.1 | What are secondary activities? | 1 |
| 18.2 | Give two examples of consumer industries. | 1 |
| 18.3 | How manufacturing sector leads to economic development of a country? | 2 |

MAP SKILL- BASED QUESTION (3marks)

19. On the same outline map of India locate and label the following with suitable symbols.

- | | | |
|-------|----------------------------|---|
| I.(a) | A dam on the Chenab River. | 1 |
|-------|----------------------------|---|

OR

- (b) A major producer state of sugarcane.

Any two of the following:

- | | | |
|-----|---|-----------|
| (c) | An international airport in Hyderabad | 1x2
=2 |
| (d) | A nuclear power plant in Tamil Nadu | |
| (e) | A major software technology park in Gujarat | |

SECTION – C – POLITICAL SCIENCE

20. Choose the incorrect option :- 1
- a) In Sri Lanka , Tamils has two sub groups - Sri Lankan Tamils and Indian Tamils .
 - b) Most of the Sinhala speaking people are Hindus in Sri Lanka.
 - c) There are 7% Christians in Sri Lanka.
 - d) Sinhala was recognized as the only official language in Sri Lanka.
21. Which of the following ethnic communities is in majority in Sri Lanka ? 1
- a) Sri Lankan Tamils
 - b) Indian Tamils
 - c) Muslims
 - d) Sinhalese
22. Given below is the cartoon representing Indian Prime Minister. 1
What does the chair made up of bombs represent in the picture ?



- a) A coalition government can explode or break at any point due to conflict .
- b) It shows support of many smaller parties to a large party.
- c) It shows fear of smaller parties gaining power at the Union level.
- d) It shows the victory of a charismatic leader over the non –

charismatic.

23. In the given question, there are two statements marked as Assertion(A) and Reason(R). 1

Read the statements and choose the correct code.

Assertion(A): Universal Adult Franchise gives the Right to Vote for every citizen .

Reason(R): The Right to Vote should be given to the people of the upper caste and class for taking wise decision .

- a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c) A is true, but R is false.
- d) A is false, but R is true

24 Differentiate between federal and unitary form of government with examples . 2

25. Define the term ‘ Secularism’ . Give any two features of secularism in India . 2

26. “Democracy is a better form of government than any other alternative” . Analyse the statement . 3

27A What are the functions of the political party ? 5

OR

27B Why has India adopted a ‘multi party’ system ? Explain

28 Read the given text and answer the following questions :

Belgium is a small country in Europe . It has borders with France , the Netherlands , Germany and Luxembourg . The ethnic composition of this small country is very complex. Of the

country's total population 59 per cent live in the Flemish region and speak Dutch language. Another 41 per cent people live in the Wallonia region and speak French. Remaining one per cent of the Belgians speak German. In the capital city of Brussels , 80 per cent of the people speak French while 20 percent are Dutch – speaking .

- 28.i Name the countries with whom Belgium share its borders. 1
- 28.ii What is the ethnic division in the capital city of Brussels ? 1
- 28.iii What is the ethnic composition of Belgium ? 2

SECTION D

ECONOMICS (20 marks)

- 29 At around 53%, the contribution of services to GDP is higher than the combined share of agriculture and industry. However, the global share of GDP for services still remains much higher, at around 67% (2022), compared to India. 1

Which is the most important sector in terms of its contribution to the GDP today?

- a. Primary sector
- b. Secondary sector
- c. Tertiary sector
- d. Both primary and tertiary sector

- 30 In a recently released Happiness and Development index, a country has been ranked very low despite showing a good 1

improvement in the education and income level.

In this context, which of the following aspects of development indicators might be the reason for a slow growth?

- a. The country is experiencing an increase in education levels but education is not important for development.
- b. The country is not doing enough to improve the educational levels of the citizens.
- c. The country is not paying attention to the Holistic development of the citizens.
- d. The country has a lot of pollution.

31

Look at the picture given below.

1



Identify the statement which stands true for the products of this sector.

- a. Activities belonging to this sector only produce raw goods.
- b. The sector only produces crops
- c. The products of this sector form the base for all other products that are subsequently made
- d. They are used for manufacturing their own raw materials

32 *Riya was playing with a silver coin given to her by her great grandfather and a 1 rupee coin. He decided to buy a candy using both the coins but the shopkeeper refuses to accept her silver coin. She comes back and asks her father about it.* 1

Which of the following explains the reason that even when her coin was valuable, it was still not accepted by the shopkeeper?

- a. Silver is no longer an important metal
- b. Silver coins are not legal tender
- c. The new coin is more valuable than the silver coin
- d. Silver coins do not have the president's signature

33 Which of the following measures can help to improve the situation for farmers in a village who depends upon informal sources of credit? 1

- a. Encouraging the use of barter systems for transportations.
- b. Promoting awareness about informal money lenders.
- c. Advising farmers to avoid borrowing all together.
- d. Establishing co-operative farming societies for farmers.

34 Which of the following best explains why globalisation can be uneven in its effects on different groups? 1

Codes:-

- a. All workers get equal wages across countries
- b. Only large industries benefit due to greater capital and reach
- c. Consumers are restricted to local goods and services

d. Globalisation ensures all companies are protected from risk

35 Highlight the significance of the public sector in contribution to the development of the country 3

36 *“Even if there is a chance of getting into debt traps, people and entrepreneurs still prefer to take credit”.* 3
Analyse this by giving three reasons

37 *“The advancement of transportation technology has made it possible for foreign markets to integrate more quickly and easily”.* 3
Justify this statement.

38. (A) *A farmer, who earns only Rs.2400 per week has 5 children. They go to the local government school. His wife received a compensation every month because she lost her fingers while working in a factory regulated by the government.* 5

Identify the consequences if the government refused to spend on providing health care and educational facilities to such citizens of the country.

OR

(B) *“There will be no second planet like earth so development without sustainability can be disasters for humanity”.*

Explain the statement.

Name _____ Sec _____ Roll No. _____ CODE:A

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
PRE-BOARD EXAMINATION : [2025-2026]
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY
CLASS-X

Time: 2Hrs.

Maximum Marks:50

General Instructions:

- Please read the instructions carefully.
 - This Question Paper consists of 21 questions in two sections: Section A and Section B.
 - Section A is Objective Type Questions and Section B is Subjective Type Questions
 - All the questions of a particular section must be attempted in the correct order.
 - Out of the given (5+16=) 21 questions, a candidate has to answer (5+10 =)15 questions in the allotted (maximum) time of 2 hours.
1. **SECTION A-OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS(24 MARKS):**
 - i. This section has 05 questions.
 - ii. Marks allotted are mentioned against each question/part.
 - iii. There is no negative marking.
 - iv. Do as per the instructions given.
 2. **SECTION B –SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS(26 MARKS):**
 - i. This section has 16 questions.
 - ii. The candidate has to do 10 questions.
 - iii. Do as per the instructions given.
 - iv. Marks allotted are mentioned against each question/part.
-
-

SECTION A: OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS

**Answer any 4 out of the given 6 questions on
Employability Skills**

1x4=4

1.
 - i. Rahul moved to Japan from India for work. However, he struggles to adapt because he is not familiar with Japanese customs and etiquette, which affects his interactions with coworkers. This is an example of:
 - (a) Intrapersonal barrier
 - (b) Cultural barrier
 - (c) Physical barrier
 - (d) Linguistic barrier
 - ii. Arjun studies regularly, stays focused on his goals, and encourages himself even when results aren't immediate. This shows:
 - (a) carelessness
 - (b) laziness
 - (c) self-motivation
 - (d) distraction
 - iii. Which of the following is a myth about entrepreneurship?
 - (a) Entrepreneurs have born talents
 - (b) Entrepreneurs take risks
 - (c) Entrepreneurs create jobs
 - (d) Entrepreneurs bring innovation
 - iv. Ananya takes deep breaths and practices meditation for 10 minutes before every exam to calm her mind. This is an example of
 - (a) self-motivation
 - (b) emotional intelligence
 - (c) stress management technique
 - (d) time management
 - v. Out of 17 SDGs Goal 5 is _____
 - a. No Poverty
 - b. Zero Hunger
 - c. Quality Education
 - d. Gender Equality
 - vi. A good way to protect your system from viruses is to
 - (a) ignore software updates.
 - (b) open all email attachments.
 - (c) use antivirus software and scan regularly.
 - (d) keep the computer always turned off.

Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions

1x5=5

2. i. Which of the following is a category of style in Writer?
(a) Shape Style
(b) Image Style
(c) Frame Style
(d) Caption Style
- ii. How many levels of headings does LibreOffice Writer support?
(a) 5 (b) 8 (c) 10 (d) 12
- iii. What is the use of a template in LibreOffice Writer?
(a) To save passwords
(b) To create identical charts
(c) To reuse predefined document formats
(d) To organise menus
- iv. A hyperlink stores the location with respect to the current location in LibreOffice Calc.
(a) Absolute
(b) Relative
(c) Mixed
(d) Reference
- v. A macro can be created using
(a) Tools → Macros → Record Macro
(b) Edit → Macros
(c) Data → Macro Tool
(d) Insert → Record
- vi. Which of the following can lead to musculoskeletal problems while working on a computer?
(a) Using anti glare screen
(b) Sitting in a wrong posture and using an uncomfortable chair
(c) Using Air Conditioners
(d) Taking frequent breaks

Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions

1x5=5

3. i. Which Calc feature consolidates data from multiple ranges?
(a) Group
(b) Chart
(c) Data Consolidate
(d) Solver

- ii. Which of the following is NOT true about templates?
 - (a) The styles and formatting features can be reused.
 - (b) Libre Office provides online templates
 - (c) Templates can have headings, text formats, styles, page numbers, headers and footers
 - (d) We cannot create our own templates
- iii. Which of the following is a style category for bullet points.
 - (a) Table
 - (b) Character
 - (c) List
 - (d) Frame
- iv. Arjun is preparing a brochure and wants to organise multiple objects together as a single unit. Which option should he use?
 - (a) Align
 - (b) Anchor
 - (c) Group
 - (d) Wrap
- v. Which menu lets you create a scenario in Calc?
 - (a) Data → Scenario
 - (b) Insert → Scenario
 - (c) Tools → Scenario
 - (d) Format → Scenario
- vi. A slippery floor, uncovered wires, and poor lighting are examples of
 - (a) Chemical hazards
 - (b) Biological hazards
 - (c) Physical hazards
 - (d) Visual hazards

Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions

1x5=5

- 4. i. When you use a complete file path in a hyperlink, it is known as
 - (a) Relative hyperlink
 - (b) Absolute hyperlink
 - (c) External hyperlink
 - (d) Document hyperlink

- ii. In Calc, which feature allows you to view the list of changes made by different users in a shared spreadsheet?
 - (a) Share Document
 - (b) Accept or Reject Changes
 - (c) Insert Comment
 - (d) Goal Seek
- iii. Which tool in LibreOffice Base is used to display selected data from one or more tables based on specific conditions?
 - (a) Report
 - (b) Query
 - (c) Form
 - (d) Filter Wizard
- iv. What kind of key is used to link two related tables?
 - (a) Display Key
 - (b) Secondary Key
 - (c) Foreign Key
 - (d) Data Key
- v. Which of the following should not be done while working on electrical equipment?
 - (a) Wear dry gloves
 - (b) Work with wet hands
 - (c) Use insulated tools
 - (d) Switch off power before repairing
- vi. Which of the following is not an object of LibreOffice Base?
 - (a) Table
 - (b) Form
 - (c) Slide
 - (d) Query

Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions

1x5=5

- 5. i. In LibreOffice Base, which object is used to display the final formatted output for printing?
 - (a) Query
 - (b) Table
 - (c) Form
 - (d) Report

- ii. A _____ is an interface in a user-specified layout that lets users view, enter, and change data directly in database objects such as tables.
- (a) Query
 - (b) Table
 - (c) Form
 - (d) Report
- iii. Which data type would be most appropriate for storing text documents in Base?
- (a) VARCHAR
 - (b) INTEGER
 - (c) FLOAT
 - (d) BOOLEAN
- iv. The purpose of workplace safety policies is to
- (a) increase workload
 - (b) reduce worker rights
 - (c) prevent accidents and injuries
 - (d) promote overtime
- v. Fullform of FOMO is _____.
- a.Fast Over Mutiple Out
 - b.Fear Of Misuse Over
 - c.Fear Of Missing Out
 - d.Fear of Minimize Out
- vi. _____ refers to the act of giving up your devices for a brief period of time.
- a.Digital Wellbeing
 - b.Digital Detox
 - c.Digital Overuse
 - d.none

SECTION B: SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS

Answer any 3 out of the given 5 questions on Employability Skills. Answer each questions in 20-30 words.

2X3=6

6. Rohit was explaining the characteristics of Feedback. Mention any four such characteristics .
7. Mention any four roles of an entrepreneur.
8. Pritam wants to perform some operations using Linux commands. Mention the commands so that he could perform the following operations.

- a.to create a directory
- b.to create an empty file.
- c.to delete a file
- d.to show the current working directory.

9. Define Stress.

10. Mention the first four SDGs included in Agenda 2030.

Answer any 4 out of the given 6 questions in 20-30 words.

2X4=8

11. Write the step to crop an image in a document.

12. What is Occupational Overuse Syndrome(OOS)

13. What is What-If-Analysis tool in Calc?

14. Define Macro.

15. Mention any four advantages of using a database.

16. Define First-Aid.

Answer any 3 out of the given 5 questions in 50-80 words.

4X3=12

17. Ruchika wanted to create a document on “Tourist Places in India.”

(a)What feature will she use to add an index to the document?

(b)She wants to modify the list in her document. Which style feature will she use?

(c) What is the shortcut key to open Style and Formatting feature.

(d)She has added one image to the document but wanted to remove the unwanted portion of the image. What feature will she use?

18.

	A	B	C	D
1	Region	Item	Sales	Profit
2	East	Apples	\$285	\$240
3	East	Apples	\$320	\$290
4	East	Grapes	\$340	\$240
5	East	Lemons	\$280	\$260
6	East	Oranges	\$335	\$320
7	East	Oranges	\$250	\$215
8	East Total		\$1,810	\$1,565
9	North	Apples	\$260	\$205
10	North	Grapes	\$250	\$215
11	North	Lemons	\$255	\$240
12	North Total		\$765	\$660
13	Grand Total		\$2,575	\$2,225

Answer the question based on the figure given above.

(a)What feature is used in the above figure.

(b)Under which command this feature is present.

(c)What is the purpose of using it.

(d)What is the maximum levels of subtotal in Calc.

19. Define (a)Query (b)Report

20. Identify and group which of the following is an accident, hazard, and emergency.

a.Drowning b.Earthquake c.Tornados

d.Bullying e.Choking f.Trip and Falls

g.Pandemics h.Knife

21. Give two differences between Foreign key and Primary key.

=====

Name: _____ Sec: _____ Roll No.: _____

CODE: B

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
PRE-BOARD EXAMINATION : [2025-2026]
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY
CLASS – X

Time: 2 Hrs.

Maximum Marks: 50

General Instructions:

1. *Please read the instructions carefully.*
 2. *This Question Paper consists of 21 questions in two sections: Section A & Section B.*
 3. *Section A has Objective type questions whereas Section B contains Subjective type questions.*
 4. *Out of the given (5 + 16 =) 21 questions, a candidate has to answer (5 + 10 =) 15 questions in the allotted (maximum) time of 2 hours.*
 5. *All questions of a particular section must be attempted in the correct order.*
 6. **SECTION A - OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS**
(24 MARKS):
 - i. *This section has 05 questions.*
 - ii. *Marks allotted are mentioned against each question/part.*
 - iii. *There is no negative marking.*
 - iv. *Do as per the instructions given.*
 7. **SECTION B – SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS**
(26 MARKS):
 - i. *This section has 16 questions.*
 - ii. *A candidate has to do 10 questions.*
 - iii. *Do as per the instructions given.*
 - iv. *Marks allotted are mentioned against each question/part.*
-
-

SECTION-A
OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS

1. **Answer any 4 out of the given 6 questions on Employability Skills**
- i. A _____ feedback talks about a thing or a point particularly without talking about a general overview. 1
a. Formal b. Specific c. Descriptive d. none
- ii. Which of the following is/are symptoms of bad stress? 1
a. memory loss b. depression c. Both (a) & (b) d. none
- iii. Mohit is now a successful mushroom farming entrepreneur. He has many clients for mushroom and the demand for exotic mushroom types is ever increasing. How is Mohit contributing to economy through his work. 1
a. It has created wealth for Mohit and others involved.
b. It has contributed to the growth of transport business in that area, to dispatch mushrooms to clients.
c. Per capita income of that area has increased as more people are now employed.
d. All of these.
- iv. Cortisol is also called a _____ hormone. 1
a. stress b. energy c. healthy d. none
- v. Which of the following is an SDG? 1
a. Internet facility
b. Gender Inequality
c. Population control
d. None
- vi. A _____ operating system is a computing environment that reacts to input within a specific period of time. 1
a. Single User b. Multi-User c. Real Time d. none

2. **Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions.**

- i. _____ is the shortcut key for opening Styles deck/window. 1
a. F9 b. F10 c. F11 d. none
- ii. _____ is a process of collecting and integrating data from multiple 1
sources into a single destination, while applying a specific function.
a. Data consolidation b. Data integration
c. Data assemble d. none
- iii. Insert Fontwork Text is available in the _____ toolbar. 1
a. Design b. Drawing c. Font d. none
- iv. You can create / run macros in Calc using _____ menu. 1
a. View b. Edit c. Tools d. none
- v. _____ is a tool to test “what-if” questions. 1
a. Scenario b. Solver c. Macro d. none
- vi. Setting _____ on device usage can help maintain a healthy lifestyle. 1
a. No limits b. Limits
c. Unrestricted access d. Constant engagement

3. **Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions.**

- i. Which of the following is more elaborate form of Goal Seek? 1
a. Scenario b. Solver c. Subtotal d. none
- ii. The _____ determines the relation between the text and the 1
graphic.
a. Cropping b. Wrap setting c. Resizing d. none
- iii. _____ allows you to combine multiple objects to behave like one 1
object.
a. Grouping b. Cropping c. Anchoring d. none
- iv. Resizing of the image is called _____. 1
a. cropping b. scaling
c. sizing d. none
- v. The values passed to a macro are called _____. 1
a. Elements b. Mac Elements
c. Arguments d. none

- vi. Workplace safety is essential in organisation _____. 1
- a. To avoid accident and injury.
 - b. To increase the productivity.
 - c. To improve the work environment.
 - d. All the above

4. **Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions.**

- i. A _____ refers to a cell or a range of cells on a worksheet and can be used to find the values or data that you want formula to calculate. 1
- a. Cell reference
 - b. Sheet Reference
 - c. Block
 - d. Autofill
- ii. The status of your document like current page number and number of pages are given by _____. 1
- a. Formatting toolbar
 - b. Standard toolbar
 - c. Status bar
 - d. None of these
- iii. The file extension of a BASE database is _____. 1
- a. .odb
 - b. .ods
 - c. .odp
 - d. none
- iv. Duplication of data is called _____. 1
- a. Data Inconsistency
 - b. Data Redundancy
 - c. Data Security
 - d. None
- v. What is the primary cause of road accidents? 1
- a. Poor weather conditions
 - b. Mechanical failure
 - c. Human error
 - d. Animal crossings
- vi. Multiple mismatching copies of same data is known as _____. 1
- a. Data Inconsistency
 - b. Data Redundancy
 - c. Data Security
 - d. None

5. **Answer any 5 out of the given 6 questions.**

- i. One piece of data about a single person or thing is known as a: 1
- a. record
 - b. file
 - c. field
 - d. none
- ii. Which of the following is NOT true about forms? 1
- a. It is the front end for data entry
 - b. It can contain text fields
 - c. Graphics can be inserted on the form
 - d. It can accept only fixed number of records

- iii. _____ key is used to uniquely identify the record in a table. 1
 a. Absolute b. Primary c. Default d. none
- iv. What is the first step in handling an emergency at home? 1
 a. Call emergency services b. Evacuate the house
 c. Try to control the situation d. Inform neighbours
- v. Which of the following is not mandatory to keep the good health of 1
 an employee?
 a. Cleanliness
 b. Food court
 c. Clean and fresh air
 d. Clean washroom
- vi. Which type of fire extinguisher is used for electrical fires? 1
 a. Water b. Foam c. CO₂ d. Dry powder

SECTION-B : SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS

**Answer any 3 out of the given 5 questions on
 Employability Skills.**

6. Sunita has to give an oral presentation about her school's annual sports 2
 day to the entire school assembly. She is nervous about public
 speaking and worried she will forget her points or not be understood.
 She wants to ensure her presentation is effective and receives positive
 feedback.
 Identify the type of communication Sunita will use most for her
 presentation and give one advantage of this type.
7. 'There is a way of raising finance for your startup through debts 2
 from different financial institutes'.
 Name any two financial institutes.
8. Neeta's laptop has been showing signs of wear and tear lately. It takes 2
 a long time to boot up, crashes occasionally while she uses specific
 programs, and the internal cooling fan seems to be working very
 loudly and constantly.
 List any two factors that could contribute to the slow boot-up time and
 occasional crashes.
9. Effective time management can be summarized in four steps. 2
 Mention them.
10. What goals are mentioned in SDG 1 and SDG 17. 2

Answer any 4 out of the given 6 questions.

11. Write down the steps to insert a text box in a Writer document. 2
12. Mention any four types of commonly occurring accidents in organisations. 2
13. How can you access and set cell values through macros in Calc? 2
14. You want to create a macro as a function which returns the square of passed value. 2
What will you write in My macros code window?
15. What is the difference between a flat database and relational database? 2
16. Why is it important to maintain proper sitting posture? 2
(Write 4 valid points)

Answer any 3 out of the given 5 questions.

17. Anupama wants to use Style and Formatting feature to create a document on “Global Warming”. 4
Name and explain any four types of styles so that she can use it meticulously.
18. Arjun is preparing a project report in LibreOffice Calc that contains multiple spreadsheets. He wants smooth navigation between different sheets and also plans to include data from a government website. Initially, he uses an **absolute hyperlink** but later realizes it breaks when he shares the report with his teacher because the file path is different on another computer. His friend suggests trying a **relative hyperlink** instead. While inserting a hyperlink, Arjun notices the option **Target in Document**, which allows him to connect directly to a particular sheet. He also discovers the **Link to External Data** option to fetch live tables from a web page into his spreadsheet. 4
 - (a) Why did the absolute hyperlink fail when Arjun shared the file, and how does a relative hyperlink solve this problem?
 - (b) How does the **Target in Document** option increase the usefulness of hyperlinks in large spreadsheets?
 - (c) Arjun wants to ensure that anyone viewing his report can update data directly from a government website. Which feature should he use, and why is it beneficial?

(d) If Arjun wants to edit or remove a hyperlink later, what steps should he take?

19. (i) Pritam is a programmer in an institution and is asked to handle the records containing personal information of the teachers teaching in the institution. Suggest four fieldnames, which you think must be present in the table called Teacherinfo. (2) 4

(ii) Consider the table called “Item” given below and answer the questions:

ItemId	ItemNumber	ItemStock	ItemDOP
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a. Suggest the data types of all the fields. (2)

b. Which two fields can act as the primary key from the above table? (1)

20. Amit is very much confused and cannot differentiate accident, emergency and hazard. Help him to identify which of the following are accidents, emergency or a hazard: 4

- i. Rod broken
- ii. Earthquake
- iii. Bullying
- iv. Bursting of a machine
- v. Pandemic
- vi. Wet floor
- vii. Spillage of a liquid
- viii. Droughts

21. Consider the table given below and answer the questions that follow: 4

ADM_NO	ROLL_NO	NAME	CLASS	SECTION
B/101	42	AMIT	10	D
B/103	10	SUMIT	10	D
B/105	36	ARUN	10	C
B/102	25	ANITA	10	A
B/104	44	SHREYA	10	B

- a. Which field should be made the primary key?
- b. Suggest a possible alternate key, if any.
- c. Explain how a primary key differs from a foreign key with an example.
- d. Name all the fields in the given table.

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