

Name _____ Sec ____ Roll No. ____

CODE:A

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
PERIODIC TEST III : [2025-2026]
ENGLISH
CLASS: IX

Time: $1\frac{1}{2}$ Hrs

Maximum Marks : 40

General Instructions:

1. This Question Paper contains questions from
GRAMMAR, LITERATURE and WRITING
sections.
 2. Attempt questions based on specific instructions for
each part/question.
 3. All questions are compulsory.
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-

1. **Fill in the blanks with suitable words:** **1×3=3**
 - (i) Hornbills are a group of birds _____ in South East Asia and Africa.
 - (ii) They build their nests ___ large, old trees with hollow trunks.
 - (iii) The people of Nagaland celebrate the Hornbill Festival every year to show their respect _____ the bird.
2. **In the following paragraph, one word has been omitted in each line. In your answer sheets, remember to write the missing word for each line along with the word that come before and after it.** **1×3=3**
 - (i) Children show intelligence far beyond their age often have a greater IQ.
 - (ii) They are very curious ask a lot of questions.

(iii) They usually prefer the company older children and adults.

3. **Read the following extracts and answer the questions that follow: (Both 3A and 3B are compulsory.)**

A. *“And to buy something else with me shillin’.* **1×4=4**

When I think of the lollies I licked,

And the liquorice all sorts I picked,

Sherbet dabs, big and little,

All that hard peanut brittle,

My conscience gets horribly pricked.”

(Oh, I Wish I’d Looked After Me Teeth)

I What does ‘shillin’ refer to?

- a. Shield
- b. Shell
- c. money
- d. Shrill voice

II The last line conveys:

- a. A sense of pride
- b. A deep sense of regret
- c. A sense of joy and satisfaction
- d. Greed and jealousy

III What all did the poet buy and consume that led to her present suffering? List the names of the items .

IV How does the poet say she would have made a better use of her money?

B. *“I am dotted silver threads dropped from heaven
By the gods. Nature then takes me, to adorn
Her fields and valleys.*

*I am beautiful pearls, plucked from the
Crown of Ishtar by the daughter of Dawn
To embellish the gardens.”*

(Song of the Rain) 1×4=4

I *“Nature then takes me, to adorn
Her fields and valleys.”*

The poet compares nature to a woman adorning the fields and valleys with rain drops, adding life to them. Attributing human qualities/identity to something inanimate is an example of-

a. Personification b. Simile c. Rhyme d. Alliteration

II In the lines quoted above, the poet alludes to an ancient Mesopotamian goddess to create a sense of the divine nature of the rain. Identify her name -

a. Dawn
b. Gods
c. Ishtar
d. daughter

III *“I am dotted silver threads dropped from heaven
By the gods.” Explain in brief.*

IV What does ‘rain’ liken itself to in the second stanza?

4. **Answer the following in 30 to 40 words each:** **2×3=6**
- (i) Why did Harold's parents try their best to keep his father's profession a secret from him in 'Keeping It From Harold'?
 - (ii) Describe the role of rain as a 'messenger of mercy' in '*Song of the Rain*'?
 - (iii) Where is the poet in the context of the poem '*Oh, I Wish I'd Looked After Me Teeth*'? Why is she there? Could she have avoided being there?
5. **Answer any two of the following three questions in about 120 words each.** **5×2=10**
- (i) Comment on how the play 'Villa for Sale' explores the issues of opportunism, greed and deception through the actions of its characters. Provide evidences from the text to support your answer.
 - (ii) What was Harold's reaction when he found out about his father's true profession? Give reasons for your answer.
 - (iii) Describe John A. Pescud's opinion about best sellers and his reasons for the same in the fiction 'Best Seller'. How does his criticism of the heroes in the best sellers contradict with his own actions?
6. Anil and Anita meet after 10 years in their school reunion and begin a conversation. Compose a dialogue for their interaction on the importance of reading books in 100 words. **4**

7. You visited Delhi in winter and were alarmed by the dense smog and abnormally high levels of pollution, there. Write a letter to your cousin who lives in Delhi referencing your visit and expressing your concern over the issue. Also propose some ways in which he/she can contribute towards reducing his/her carbon footprint to fight pollution at an individual level in 120 words. 6

You may use your own ideas along with those from MCB
Unit 3: Environment.

Name _____ Sec _____ Roll No. _____

CODE-B

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR

PERIODIC TEST- 3 [2025-2026]

ENGLISH

CLASS – IX

Time: $1\frac{1}{2}$ hours

Maximum Marks: 40

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

1. The Question Paper contains questions from GRAMMAR, LITERATURE and WRITING sections.
 2. Attempt questions based on specific instructions for each part.
 3. All questions are compulsory
-
-

1 Fill in the blanks (i)-(iii) with appropriate words 3

Every student should (i) -----their time effectively to balance studies and hobbies. It is important to (ii)----- enough rest and maintain a healthy lifestyle. When challenges come, one must stay (iii)----- and keep working hard to achieve success.

2 In the following passage, one word has been omitted in each line. Write the missing word along with the word that comes before and the word after it. 3

L1 Rina likes to in the garden every morning.

L2 She waters the plants and takes care the flowers carefully.

L3 This helps the garden to and stay healthy.

3 Read the following extract and answer the following questions briefly.

A "Oh! I wish I'd looked after me teeth,
Now I get such pains in my head." 4

i What is the poet's main complaint in the poem?

- a) headaches
- b) tooth decay
- c) bad breath
- d) toothache

- ii According to the poet, why did the pain occur?
 - a) because of aging
 - b) because he didn't brush teeth properly
 - c) because of injury
 - d) because of eating sweets
- iii What does the poet regret in these lines?
- iv What is the effect of not looking after teeth as mentioned here?

B "I come singing and dancing down,
From the clouds overhead." 4

i How is the rain personified in the poem?

- a) singing and dancing
- b) crying and weeping
- c) shouting loudly
- d) hiding quietly

ii What is the source of the rain in the poem?

- a) rivers
- b) clouds
- c) lakes
- d) springs

iii From where does the rain come according to the extract?

iv How does the rain come down as described here?

4 **Answer the following questions in 30-40 words each.** 6

i How does Mr. Bramble feel about keeping secrets from Harold?

ii What role does the rain play in the natural world according to the poem?

iii What lesson does the poet want the readers to learn? (Oh! I Wish I'd Looked After Me Teeth)

5 **Answer any two of the following in 120 words each.** 5+5

i Who is a better business person – Juliete or Gaston?
Substantiate with examples from the text.

ii Did Harold react the way his parents expected him to on finding about his father's true profession? Give reasons for your answer.

iii How did John's first meeting with Jessie's father go? What did John tell about himself?

- 6 Write a dialogue in about 100 words between two friends, Meera and Sameer, who meet at a park. They discuss the beauty of nature, the importance of protecting the environment, and ways in which people can contribute to conserving natural resources. 4
- 7 Write a letter to your friend in about 120 words describing your recent visit to a hill station. Share your experiences about the scenic beauty, weather, and activities you enjoyed there. Also, invite your friend to join you on your next trip. 6

NAME:

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BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR

PERIODIC TEST - 3:(2025-2026)

BENGALI

CLASS IX

TIME: 1 ^{1/2} HOURS

Maximum Marks:40

সাধারণ নির্দেশিকা:

- এই প্রশ্নপত্রের দুটি PART রয়েছে A,B।
- ক্রম অনুসারে প্রশ্নের পার্শ্ববর্তী নির্দেশ অনুসারে উত্তর লেখা।
- প্রশ্নপত্রটি ৪০ নম্বরের।

PART -A (MCQ TYPE)

1. নিচের অনুচ্ছেদটি পড়ে প্রদত্ত প্রশ্নগুলির সঠিক উত্তর নির্বাচন করে লেখ। 1X4=4
- ১৮৫৭ সাল। সিপাহী বিদ্রোহের কাল। ইংরেজদের নড়েচড়ে বসার কাল। ইংরেজদের নড়েচড়ে বসার কাল। বড় সড় এক ধাক্কা, রাণী মা রাজনীতি সমাজনীতি ইত্যাদি খুব ভালো বুঝতেন। তিনি জানতেন এদেশ থেকে ইংরেজদের সহজে হটানো যাবে না। তাদের রাজবুদ্ধি প্রবল। ১৮৫৭ সালের ২৯ শে মার্চ ব্যারাকপুরে ক্যান্টনমেন্টে সিপাহী মঙ্গল পাণ্ডের বিদ্রোহ সারা ভারতে আগুনের মতো ছড়িয়ে পড়ল। বহু ক্ষয়ক্ষতি, মৃত্যু, দমন- পীড়ন। এই সময় অনেকেই কোম্পানির কাগজ বিক্রি করে দিতে লাগলেন, কারণ ইংরেজ কোম্পানির আয়ু ফুরিয়ে এসেছে। রাণীমার পরামর্শদাতারা বললেন, আপনিও এই বেলা সব শেষার বিক্রি করে দিন। কিন্তু দূরদৃষ্টিসম্পন্ন রাসমণির বন্ধমূল ধারণা ছিল, এই বিক্ষিপ্ত এবং ধর্মীয় বিভ্রান্তিকর বিদ্রোহের ফলে ইংরেজ কোনমতেই ভারত ত্যাগ করে চলে যাবে না।

রাণীমার ভবিষ্যৎ দর্শন সত্য হলো। বিদ্রোহ স্তিমিত হল। কোম্পানির

আমল শেষ হলো। ১৮৫৮ সাল ইংল্যান্ডের মহারানী ভিক্টোরিয়া ভারতবর্ষের শাসনভার গ্রহণ করলেন। ব্রিটিশ রাজত্ব কায়েম হলো। সমগ্র ভারতে কড়া শাসন। দেশের স্থানে স্থানে ঘাঁটি স্থাপন করে গোরা সৈন্য মোতায়েন করা হয়েছে। এই রকম একটি সেনা ব্যারাক হল রানীমার বাড়ির কাছে ফ্রীস্কুল স্ট্রীট। সৈন্য সংখ্যা প্রায় ২০০ থেকে ২৫০। বেশির ভাগই অশিক্ষিত দুর্ধর্ষ অবাধ্য।

- ক) ব্যারাকপুর ক্যান্টনমেন্ট- এ কবে প্রথম সিপাহী বিদ্রোহ ছড়িয়ে পড়ে?
i) ১৮৫৬ সালের ২৯ শে ফেব্রুয়ারি ii) ১৮৫৭ সালের ২৯ শে মার্চ iii) ১৮৫২ সালের ২৯ শে এপ্রিল iv) ১৮৫৫ সালের ২৯ শে জানুয়ারি

- খ) মন্তব্য: রানীমার পরামর্শদাতারা রানীমাকে সব শেয়ার বিক্রি করে দিতে বলেছিলেন।

কারণ (ক): সিপাহী বিদ্রোহের ফলে দেশের অর্থনৈতিক অবস্থা খারাপের দিকে চলে যাচ্ছিল।

কারণ (খ): সবাই ভেবেছিল ইংরেজরা ভারত ছেড়ে চলে যাবে তাই বেশি দামে শেয়ারগুলো কিনে নিয়ে যাবে।

- i) কারণ (ক) সঠিক কিন্তু কারণ (খ) ভুল
ii) কারণ (ক) ভুল হলেও কারণ (খ) সঠিক
iii) কারণ (ক) এবং কারণ (খ) দুটি সঠিক
iv) কারণ (ক) এবং কারণ (খ) দুটি ভুল

- গ) রানীমার যে গুণটি লক্ষণীয় সেটি কী?

i) যুদ্ধে মোকাবিলার শক্তি ii) মঙ্গল পাণ্ডে কে হারানোর ক্ষমতা iii) ধর্মীয় ভাবা বেগে আঘাত করার ক্ষমতা iv) ঘটনার পরিণাম বোঝার ক্ষমতা

- ঘ) গ্রহণ শব্দের বিপরীত শব্দ কী?

i) আমন্ত্রণ ii) বিসর্জন iii) বর্জন iv) বোধন

2. নির্দেশ অনুসারে নীচের যেকোনো দুটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও।

1X2=2

- ক) শুদ্ধ বাক্যটি নির্ণয় কর।

- i) আজ দোকানপাটগুলি বন্ধ
- ii) আজ দোকানপাট বন্ধ
- iii) অদ্য দোকানপাটগুলি বন্ধ
- iv) অদ্য দোকানপাট বন্ধ

খ) শুদ্ধ বানানটি নির্বাচন কর।

- i) আমাবস্যা ii) আমাবশ্যা iii) অমাবস্যা iv) অমাবশ্য

গ) শুদ্ধ বাক্যটি নির্ণয় কর।

- i) ভাগের মা যমুনা পায় না ii) ভাগের মা গঙ্গা পায় না iii) ভাগের মা সরস্বতী পায় না iv) ভাগের মা ভাগীরথী পায় না।

3. গদ্য থেকে নীচের যেকোনো তিনটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও।

1X3=3

ক) মন্তব্য: ইলিয়াসের স্ত্রী শাম শামাগী মহম্মদ শার বাড়িতে আগত অতিথিদের জানিয়েছিলেন যে, এর আগে সুখী জীবন কাকে বলে কোনদিনও বোঝেননি।
কারণ : তখন তাদের প্রবল অভাবজনিত দুশ্চিন্তা ছিল।

- i) মন্তব্যটি সঠিক কারণটি ভুল
- ii) মন্তব্য ও কারণ দুটি সঠিক
- iii) মন্তব্যটি ভুল কারণটি সঠিক
- iv) মন্তব্য ও কারণ দুটি ভুল

খ) কে 'ইলিয়াস' গল্পটির তরজমা করেছেন?

- i) মণিন্দ্র দত্ত ii) বুদ্ধদেব গুহ iii) সুনীল গঙ্গোপাধ্যায় iv) সুভাষ মুখোপাধ্যায়

গ) "আমি তাকে দশ টাকায় বিক্রি করেছিলুম। এ অপরাধ আমি বইব কি করে, এ লজ্জা আমি কোথায় রাখব!" গল্পকথকের কোন মনোভাব এখানে প্রকাশিত?

- i) সুগভীর শ্রদ্ধা ও ভালোবাসা ii) অন্তহীন ভালোবাসা ও শ্রদ্ধা iii) অতলান্ত শ্রদ্ধা ও ভক্তি iv) সুগভীর গ্লানি ও অপরাধবোধ

ঘ) মন্তব্য: গল্পকথক সুকুমারের লেখা গল্পটি পড়ে মাস্টারমশায়ের চোখে জল এসে গিয়েছিল।

কারণ: মাস্টারমশায়ের মনে হয়েছিল গল্প কতকাল পরেও তার ছাত্র তাকে মনে রেখেছে তাকে নিয়ে গল্প লিখেছে।

i) মন্তব্যটি সঠিক কারণটি ভুল ii) মন্তব্য কারণ দুটি সঠিক iii) মন্তব্যটি ভুল কারণটি সঠিক iv) মন্তব্য কারণ দুটি ভুল

4. সহায়ক পাঠ থেকে যেকোনো দুটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও। 1X2=2

ক) "সেজ ঠাকুরনের ভাবভঙ্গিতে তাহার জিভ যেন মুখের মধ্যে জড়াইয়া গেল"।
সেজ ঠাকুরনের ভাবভঙ্গিতে তার চরিত্রের কোন দিকটি উদ্ভাসিত?

i) উদার মনোভাবের দিকটি ii) বাস্তবতাবোধের দিকটি iii) চরম নির্মমতার দিকটি iv) স্নেহময়তার দিকটি

খ) মন্তব্য: অপুদের বাড়িতে সন্ন্যাসীর দল কোনবারই আসে না।

কারণ: দুটো চাল ছাড়া তারা আর কিছু দিতে পারে না।

i) মন্তব্যটি সঠিক কারণটি ভুল ii) মন্তব্য ও কারণ দুটি সঠিক iii) মন্তব্যটি ভুল কারণটি সঠিক iv) মন্তব্য কারণ দুটিই ভুল

গ) অজয় কত টাকা জমিয়েছে?

i) ২৫ টাকা ii) ৫০ টাকা iii) ৪০ টাকা iv) ৩০ টাকা

PART - B (DESCRIPTIVE TYPE)

5. নীচের প্রশ্নগুলির নির্দেশ অনুসারে বাক্য পরিবর্তন করো।(যে কোন পাঁচটি) 1X5=5

ক) চিন্তা করে লাভ নেই। (অনুজ্ঞাসূচক বাক্য)

খ) আত্মরক্ষা পর্যন্ত অসম্ভব। (প্রশ্নবোধক বাক্য)

গ) কাঁচাই বড় টক। (বিস্ময়বোধক বাক্য)

ঘ) আপনার দয়ার কথা আমি চিরদিন মনে রাখব। (না বাচক বাক্য)

ঙ) এবার পড়তে বসো। (প্রশ্নবোধক বাক্য)

চ) ঈশ্বর তোমাদের মঙ্গল করুক। (নির্দেশক বাক্য)

6. গদ্য থেকে যেকোনো একটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর লেখ। 3X1=3

ক) "এম.এ পাস করার পরেও স্বপ্ন দেখেছি"- কে কী স্বপ্ন দেখেছেন?

- খ) "তখন সে না ধনী না দরিদ্র"- 'তখন' বলতে কোন সময়ের কথা বলা হয়েছে?
এবং তখন তার প্রকৃত অবস্থা কেমন ছিল?
7. গদ্য থেকে যেকোনো একটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর লেখ। 5X1=5
- ক) "ভাগ্য যেন চাকার মতো ঘোরে"- বক্তা কে এবং বক্তা কাকে উদ্দেশ্য করে
কথাগুলি বলেছিলেন? বক্তার এমন মন্তব্যের কারণ কী ?
- খ) "স্নেহ- মমতা- ক্ষমার এক মহাসমুদ্রের ধারে এসে দাঁড়িয়েছি"। বক্তা কোন
প্রসঙ্গে কথাগুলি বলেছেন? বক্তার কেন এমন উপলব্ধি হয়েছিল?
8. পদ্য থেকে যেকোনো একটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর লেখ। 5X1=5
- ক) "যে মানুষ গান গাইতে জানে না
যখন প্রলয় আসে সে বোবা ও অন্ধ হয়ে যায়।" প্রসঙ্গসহ ব্যাখ্যা কর।
- খ) "বাঁচতে হবে বাঁচার মতন" কার লেখা, কোন কবিতা থেকে গৃহীত? বাঁচার
মতন কীভাবে বাঁচতে হবে বলে কবি মনে করেছেন?
9. সহায়ক পাঠ থেকে যেকোনো একটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর লেখ। 5X1=5
- ক) "হে ঠাকুর আজকের রাতটা কোনরকমে কাটিয়ে দাও, হে ঠাকুর ওদের
মুখের দিকে তাকাও।" 'আজকের রাতটা' বলতে কোন বিশেষ রাতের কথা
বলা হয়েছে? বক্তার এই প্রার্থনার কারণ কী ?
- খ) "তাহারও এখনো যেন বিশ্বাস হইতেছিল না, যে তাহাদের বনভোজনের
সত্যিকার ভাত, সত্যিকারের বেগুন ভাজা সম্ভবপর হইবে"। 'তাহার' বলতে
এখানে কার কথা বলা হয়েছে এবং বনভোজনে কারা কারা উপস্থিত ছিল?
কেন তার এ কথা মনে হয়েছিল?
10. নিচের যেকোনো একটি বিজ্ঞপ্তি রচনা কর। 6X1=6
- ক) মনে কর তুমি বিদ্যালয়ের ইকো ক্লাবের সম্পাদক। 'জল ধরো জল ভরো'
কর্মসূচিতে যোগদানের জন্য ছাত্র-ছাত্রীদের উদ্দেশ্যে বিজ্ঞপ্তি জারি করো।
বিজ্ঞপ্তিতে কর্মসূচির সময়সীমা স্থান ইত্যাদির উল্লেখ থাকবে।
- খ) মনে কর তুমি স্কুলের সাংস্কৃতিক সম্পাদক। ছাত্র-ছাত্রীদের জন্য বিভিন্ন বিভাগ

অনুসারে তাৎক্ষণিক প্রতিযোগিতা হবে। সে বিষয়ে একটি বিজ্ঞপ্তি জারি করো।
বিজ্ঞপ্তিতে প্রতিযোগিতার তারিখ, স্থান, নাম দেওয়ার শেষ তারিখ ইত্যাদির
উল্লেখ থাকবে।

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR

PERIODIC TEST - 3 [2025-2026]

BENGALI (L2)

CLASS – IX

TIME : 1½ Hours

Maximum Marks : 40

সাধারণ নির্দেশিকা –

☆ এই প্রশ্নপত্রে দুটি PART রয়েছে A & B

☆ ক্রমানুসারে ও প্রশ্নের পার্শ্ববর্তী নির্দেশ অনুসারে উত্তর লেখো।

PART – A : (MCQ Type)

১) নিম্নলিখিত অনুচ্ছেদটি পড়ে সঙ্গে দেওয়া প্রশ্নগুলির সঠিক উত্তরটি নির্বাচন করো– 1×4=4

আমাদের বাসা হইতে প্রায় এক মাইল দূরে বড়ো একটা ঝরনা বহিতেছে, এখান হইতে ঐ দুগ্ধফেননিভ জলের স্রোত দেখা যায়। দিবানিশি তাহার কল্লোল গীতি শুনিয়া ঈশ্বরের প্রতি ভক্তির উচ্ছ্বাস ত্রিগুণ বেগে প্রবাহিত হয়। বলি, প্রাণটাও কেন ঐ নির্ঝরনের ন্যায় বহিয়া গিয়া পরমেশ্বরের চরণপ্রান্তে লুটাইয়া পড়ে না?

অধিক কী বলিব, আমি পাহাড়ে আসিয়া অত্যন্ত সুখী এবং ঈশ্বরের নিকট কৃতজ্ঞ হইয়াছি। সমুদ্রের সামান্য নমুনা, অর্থাৎ বঙ্গোপসাগর দেখিয়াছি, বাকি ছিল পর্বতের একটি নমুনা দেখা। এখন সে সাধও পূর্ণ হইল।

না, সাধ তো মিটে নাই। যত দেখি, ততই দর্শন পিপাসা শতগুণ বাড়ে। কিন্তু কেবল দুইটি চক্ষু দিয়াছেন, তাহা দ্বারা কত দেখিব ? প্রভু অনেকগুলি চক্ষু দেন নাই কেন ? যত দেখি, যত ভাবি, তাহা ভাষায় ব্যক্ত করিবার ক্ষমতা নাই।

প্রত্যেকটি উচ্চশৃঙ্গ, প্রত্যেকটি ঝরনা প্রথম যেন বলে, আমায় দেখ! আমায় দেখ!
যখন তাকে বিস্ময়-বিস্ফারিত নয়নে দেখি, তখন তাহারা ইষৎহাস্যে লুকুটি
করিয়া বলে, আমাকে কী দেখ ? আমার স্রষ্টাকে স্মরণ করো। ঠিক কথা। চিত্র
দেখিয়া চিত্রকরের নৈপুণ্য বুঝা যায়। নতুবা নাম শুনিয়া কে কাহাকে চিনে ?
আমাদের জন্য হিমালয়ের এই পাদদেশটুকু কত বৃহৎ, কত বিস্তৃত – কী মহান।
আর সেই মহাশিল্পীর সৃষ্ট জগতে হিমালয় কত ক্ষুদ্র। বালুকাকণা বলিলেও বড়ো
বলা হয়।

- (i) “সে সাধও পূর্ণ হইল।” – কোন্ সাধ ?
- (a) নদী দেখার সাধ
 - (b) সমুদ্র দেখার সাধ
 - (c) উপত্যকা দেখার সাধ
 - (d) পর্বত দেখার সাধ।
- (ii) “আমায় দেখ! আমায় দেখ!” – কারা একথা বলে ?
- (a) প্রত্যেকটি নদী, প্রত্যেকটি পাহাড়
 - (b) প্রত্যেকটি সমুদ্র, প্রত্যেকটি শৃঙ্গ
 - (c) প্রত্যেকটি ঝরনা, প্রত্যেকটি উচ্চশৃঙ্গ
 - (d) প্রত্যেকটি মরুভূমি, প্রত্যেকটি নদী।
- (iii) কী দেখে চিত্রকরের নৈপুণ্য বুঝা যায় ?
- (a) শিল্প দেখে
 - (b) চলচ্চিত্র দেখে
 - (c) কৌশল দেখে
 - (d) চিত্র দেখে

(iv) সন্ধিবিচ্ছেদ করো : উচ্ছ্বাস -

- (a) উৎ + শ্বাস
- (b) উদ্ + শ্বাস
- (c) উৎ + ছাস
- (d) উদ্ + ছাস

২) সঠিক উত্তরটি নির্বাচন করো (যে কোনো দুটি) -

1×2=2

(i) শুদ্ধ বাক্যটি নির্বাচন করো -

- (a) রামবাবুর সর্বকনিষ্ঠ মেয়ের বিয়ে।
- (b) রামবাবুর কনিষ্ঠ মেয়ের বিয়ে।
- (c) রামবাবুর ছোটো কনিষ্ঠ মেয়ের বিয়ে।
- (d) এগুলোর কোনোটিই নয়।

(ii) শুদ্ধ বাক্যটি নির্বাচন করো -

- (a) অমলবাবু বন্ধুর মৃত্যুতে শোকানলে নিমজ্জিত হলেন।
- (b) অমলবাবু বন্ধুর মৃত্যুতে শোকানলে আবদ্ধ হলেন।
- (c) অমলবাবু বন্ধুর মৃত্যুতে শোকানলে রুদ্ধ হলেন।
- (d) অমলবাবু বন্ধুর মৃত্যুতে শোকানলে দগ্ধ হলেন।

(iii) শুদ্ধ বানানটি নির্বাচন করো -

- (a) সমিচীন
- (b) সমিচীন
- (c) সমিচিন
- (d) সমীচিন

(৩) সঠিক উত্তরটি নির্বাচন করো (যে কোনো তিনটি) -

1×3=3

(i) মন্তব্য : ইলিয়াস দম্পতিকে আশ্রয় দিয়ে মহম্মদ শা'র লাভ হয়েছিল।

কারণ (ক) : ইলিয়াস দম্পতি একদিন মনিব ছিল বলে সব কাজই তারা ভালোভাবে করতে পারত।

কারণ (খ) : ইলিয়াস দম্পতি কম টাকা বেতন নিত।

ঠিক-ভুল কোন্ বিষয়ে মন্তব্যটি সঠিক ?

- (a) কারণ (ক) ভুল কিন্তু (খ) ঠিক।
- (b) কারণ (ক) ঠিক কিন্তু (খ) ভুল।
- (c) কারণ (ক) ও (খ) দুটোই ঠিক।
- (d) কারণ (ক) ও (খ) দুটোই ভুল।

(ii) গল্পকথক সুকুমারের সঙ্গে কথা বলার সময় মাস্টার মশাইয়ের গলা ধরে এসেছিল কারণ গল্পকথক তাঁর সঙ্গে উপযুক্ত শ্রদ্ধাবসত আচরণ করেননি।

- (a) মন্তব্যটি সঠিক কারণটি ভুল।
- (b) মন্তব্যটি ও কারণ দুটোই সঠিক।
- (c) মন্তব্যটি ভুল কারণটি সঠিক।
- (d) মন্তব্যটি ও কারণ দুটোই ভুল।

(iii) ‘ব্যক্তি হিসেবে আমি যে এত মূল্যবান’ – আলোচ্য অংশে কার কথা বলা হয়েছে ?

- (a) নারায়ণ গঙ্গোপাধ্যায়
- (b) অঙ্কের মাস্টার
- (c) হেডমাস্টার
- (d) গল্পকথক সুকুমার

(iv) ইলিয়াস নামে বাসকি কোথায় বাস করত ?

- (a) উত্তর প্রদেশে
- (b) উফাপ্রদেশে
- (c) মধ্যপ্রদেশে
- (d) প্রাচ্যদেশে

8. সঠিক উত্তরটি নির্বাচন করো (যে কোনো ২টি) –

1×2=2

- (i) মন্তব্য : বারোয়ারি তলায় যাত্রা দেখার জন্য অপু-প্রায় উন্মাদ হয়ে যায়।
প্রমাণ (ক) : যাত্রার নামে অপু স্নানাহার বন্ধ হওয়ার উপক্রম হয়েছে।
রাত্রে ঘুম হয় না বিছানায় ছটফট করে।
প্রমাণ (খ) : যাত্রা দেখার পর আগেভাগেই বাবার কাছে পড়াশোনা করে
নেয় অপু।
প্রমাণ দুটি উপযুক্ত বা উপযুক্ত নয় বলো :
- (a) প্রমাণ (ক) উপযুক্ত কিন্তু (খ) উপযুক্ত নয়।
(b) প্রমাণ (ক) উপযুক্ত নয় কিন্তু (খ) উপযুক্ত।
(c) প্রমাণ (ক) বা (খ) কোনোটিই উপযুক্ত নয়।
(d) প্রমাণ (ক) ও দুটিই উপযুক্ত।
- (ii) অপু-দুর্গার দেখা যাত্রাপালার ভাইবোনের নাম কী ?
- (a) রাজপুত্র অজয় ও রাজকুমারী ইচ্ছামতী।
(b) রাজপুত্র অজয় ও রাজকুমারী ইন্দুলেখা।
(c) রাজপুত্র অজয় ও রাজকুমারী ইন্দুমতী।
(d) রাজপুত্র অভয় ও রাজকুমারী ইন্দুমতী।
- (iii) “বহু লিখিয়া সে খাতা প্রায় ভরাইয়া ফেলিয়াছে।” – কে, কী লিখে খাতা
প্রায় ভরিয়ে ফেলেছে ?
- (a) অপু নাটক লিখে খাতা প্রায় ভরিয়ে ফেলেছে।
(b) দুর্গা গল্প লিখে খাতা প্রায় ভরিয়ে ফেলেছে।
(c) সর্বজয়া পাঁচালী লিখে খাতা প্রায় ভরিয়ে ফেলেছে।
(d) হরিহর মন্ত্র লিখে খাতা প্রায় ভরিয়ে ফেলেছে।

PART – B : (DESCRIPTIVE TYPE)

৫. নির্দেশ অনুসারে বাক্য পরিবর্তন করো (যে কোনো পাঁচটি) – 1×5=5

- (i) বিধবা এই প্রস্তাবে সহজেই সম্মত হলে। (নস্তুর্থক)
- (ii) তাদের অধিকার তাদেরকে ছেড়ে দিতে হবে। (অনুজ্ঞাসূচক)
- (iii) অন্যায় হচ্ছে বুঝে থাকলে প্রতিবাদ করো। (প্রশ্নবোধক)
- (iv) সেও আর কোনো কথা কহিল না। (অস্তুর্থক)
- (v) সত্য সেলুকাস, কী বিচিত্র এই দেশ। (নির্দেশক)
- (vi) স্বার্থই স্বার্থত্যাগের প্রধান শিক্ষক। (প্রশ্নবোধক)

৬. যে কোনো একটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও : 3×1=3

- (i) “সত্যি, ভাগ্য যেন চাকার মতো ঘোরে।” – কাহিনি অনুসারে উদ্ধৃতাংশটির বক্তব্য বিষয় ব্যাখ্যা করো।

অথবা

- (ii) “এ অপরাধ আমি বইব কী করে, এ লজ্জা আমি কোথায় রাখব” – বক্তার একথা মনে হওয়ার কারণ কী ?

৭. যে কোনো একটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও – 5×1=5

- (i) “যার দাম সংসারের সব ঐশ্বর্যের চাইতে বেশি” – কীসের দামের কথা এখানে বলা হয়েছে এবং কে বলেছেন ? তার দাম সংসারের সব ঐশ্বর্যের চেয়ে বেশি কেন ?

অথবা

- (ii) “আসল অবস্থা বুঝে উঠবার আগেই সে একেবারে সর্বহারা হয়ে পড়ল” – আসল অবস্থা বলতে কী বোঝানো হয়েছে ? আসল অবস্থা বুঝে ওঠার আগেই সে কীভাবে সর্বহারা হয়ে পড়েছিল ?

৮. যে কোনো একটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও -

5×1=5

(i) “অন্ধকার এখনও তোমার বুকের ওপর

কঠিন পাথরের মতো, তুমি নিশ্বাস নিতে পারছ না।” -

কে বলেছেন এবং কাদের উদ্দেশ্য বলেছেন ? সে নিশ্বাস নিতে পারছে না কেন ?

অথবা

(ii) “বাঁচতে হবে বাঁচার মতন” - কার লেখা কোন্ কবিতা থেকে পঙ্ক্তিটি

গৃহীত হয়েছে এবং মূল কাব্যগ্রন্থের নাম কী ? বাঁচার মতন কীভাবে বাঁচতে হবে বলে কবি মনে করেন ?

৯. যে কোনো একটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও -

5×1=5

(i) “কাজেই তিনি আসামীকে ছাড়িয়া দেতে বাধ্য হইলেন।” তিনি এবং

আসামীকে বলতে কার কথা বলা হয়েছে ? কেন তিনি আসামীকে ছেড়ে দিতে বাধ্য হয়েছিলেন ?

অথবা

(ii) “তখন সকলে বলিত তাহার ভবিষ্যৎ বড় উজ্জ্বল, এ অঞ্চলে ওরকম

বিদ্যা শিখিয়া কেহ আসে নাই।” - “তখন” বলতে কখনকার কথা বলা

হয়েছে এবং ‘তাহার’ বলতে কার কথা বোঝানো হয়েছে ? বাস্তবে তার অবস্থা কেমন হয়েছিল ?

১০. যে কোনো একটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও :

6×1=6

(i) বিদ্যালয়ের সাংস্কৃতিক সমিতির সম্পাদক হিসেবে তোমাদের বিদ্যালয়ে

আয়োজিত কুইজ প্রতিযোগিতায় অংশগ্রহণের জন্য আহ্বান জানিয়ে ছাত্র

ছাত্রীদের জন্য একটি বিজ্ঞপ্তি লেখো। বিজ্ঞপ্তিতে স্থান, তারিখ, সময় ও প্রয়োজনীয় বিষয়গুলোর উল্লেখ থাকবে।

অথবা

- (ii) তোমার বিদ্যালয়ের ইকো-ক্লাবের সম্পাদক হিসেবে বৃক্ষারোপন কর্মসূচিতে অংশগ্রহণের জন্য ছাত্রছাত্রীদের উদ্দেশ্যে বিজ্ঞপ্তি লেখো। বিজ্ঞপ্তিতে স্থান, তারিখ, সময় এবং অন্যান্য বিষয়ের উল্লেখ থাকবে।

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Name : _____ Sec : ____ Roll No. : ____

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
PERIODIC TEST – 3 EXAMINATION [2025 – 26]
SUBJECT - L2 HINDI
CLASS – IX

Time : 1^{1/2} Hours

Maximum Marks : 40

सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए ।

- प्रश्न 1. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर 30-40 शब्दों में लिखिए । (3x2=6)
- क) लेखिका (महादेवी वर्मा) ने अपनी माँ के व्यक्तित्व की किन विशेषताओं का उल्लेख किया है ?
- ख) महादेवी वर्मा उर्दू - फारसी क्यों नहीं सीख पाई ?
- प्रश्न 2. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर 30-40 शब्दों में लिखिए । (3x2=6)
- क) गाँव को ' मरकत डिब्बे सा खुला ' क्यों कहा गया है ?
- ख) मेघ रूपी मेहमान के आने से वातावरण में क्या परिवर्तन हुए ?
- प्रश्न 3. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर लगभग 50 - 60 शब्दों में लिखिए । (4x2=8)
- क) शंकर जैसे लड़के या उमा जैसी लड़की - समाज को कैसे व्यक्तित्व की जरूरत है ? तर्क सहित उत्तर दीजिए ।

ख) 'रीढ़ की हड्डी' शीर्षक की सार्थकता स्पष्ट कीजिए।

प्रश्न 4. निम्नलिखित शब्दों के साथ उपसर्ग लगाकर नए शब्द बनाइए। (1x4=4)

भाग, सचिव, हार, बल

प्रश्न 5. निम्नलिखित शब्दों का समास भेद लिखिए। (1x4=4)

भाई - बहन, त्रिफला, नीलगाय, यथासमय

प्रश्न 6. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए। (1x4=4)

क) "जो रहीम गति दीप की, कुल कपूत गति सोय। बारे उजियारो करै, बढे अंधेरो होय।" - पंक्ति किस अलंकार से संबंधित है ?

ख) अनुप्रास अलंकार का एक उदाहरण दीजिए ?

ग) श्लेष अलंकार का एक उदाहरण दीजिए ?

घ) तौ पर वारों उरबसी, सुन राधि के सुजान।

तू मोहन के उर बसी हवे उरबसी समान ॥ " - पंक्ति किस अलंकार से संबंधित है ?

प्रश्न 7. बहुविकल्पिय प्रश्न - (1x8=8)

क) "ग्राम श्री" कविता के कवि कौन हैं ?

i) महादेवी वर्मा

ii) सुमित्रानंदन पंत

iii) रामधारी सिंह दिनकर

iv) जय शंकर प्रसाद

ख) सरसों के फूलों से किसकी महक आ रही है ?

i) इत्र की

ii) तेल की

iii) गुलाबजल की

iv) मिट्टी की

ग) मेघों के आगे कौन नाचती गाती हुई चल रही है ?

i) नर्तकी

ii) हवा

iii) बिजली

iv) नदी

घ) ' पाहुन ' शब्द का क्या अर्थ है ?

i) मिट्टी

ii) दामाद

iii) बादल

iv) हवा

ङ) बूढ़ा पीपल किसका प्रतीक है ?

i) शिक्षित लोगों का

ii) बीमार लोगों का

iii) बड़े- बुजुर्गों का

iv) मेहमान का

च) ज़ेबुन्निसा के संपर्क से लेखिका कौन सी भाषा सीखने लगी ?

i) ऊर्दू

ii) अरबी

iii) मराठी

iv) फारसी

छ) ज़ेबुन्निसा कहाँ की रहने वाली थी ?

i) इलाहाबाद की

ii) कोल्हापुर की

iii) पूना की

iv) नागपुर की

ज) महादेवी वर्मा को काव्य प्रतियोगिता में क्या मिला था ?

i) एक शाल

ii) गीता की एक पुस्तक

iii) प्रेमचंद का उपन्यास

iv) चाँदी का कटोरा

Name: _____ Sec: _____ Roll No: _____

CODE: B

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
PERIODIC TEST-3: [2025-2026]

HINDI
CLASS-IX

Time-1hr 30 min

Maximum Marks-40

सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर देना अनिवार्य है।

1. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए - 3X2=6

क) लड़कियों के जन्म के संबंध में आज कैसी परिस्थितियाँ हैं ?

ख) महादेवी वर्मा ने किस इच्छा से गाँधीजी को कटोरा दिखाया ? गाँधीजी की क्या प्रतिक्रिया थी ?

2. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए - 3X2=6

क) बादलों के आने पर प्रकृति में जिन गतिशील क्रियाओं को कवि ने चित्रित किया है, उन्हें लिखिए।

ख) 'ग्राम श्री' कविता में गाँव को 'मरकत डिब्बे-सा खुला' क्यों कहा है ?

3. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए - 4X2=8

क) 'रीढ़ की हड्डी' एकांकी के माध्यम से लेखक समाज में किस तरह के परिवर्तन की आशा करता है ?

ख) क्या सचमुच विवाह व्यापार (विजनेस) बनता जा रहा है ? आप इसे कैसे रोकेंगे ?

4. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर निर्देशानुसार लिखिए - 4

क) 'नि' उपसर्ग से बने कोई दो शब्द लिखिए।

ख) 'आ' उपसर्ग से बने कोई दो शब्द लिखिए।

ग) 'पठनीय' शब्द में कौन-सा प्रत्यय प्रयुक्त हुआ है ?

घ) 'इक' प्रत्यय से बने कोई दो शब्द लिखिए।

5. निर्देशानुसार समास पर आधारित प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए -

4

क) 'पति-पत्नी' समस्त पद किस समास का उदाहरण है ?

ख) 'नीलकंठ' शब्द का समास विग्रह क्या होगा ?

ग) 'चौमासा' समस्त पद का विग्रह कीजिए।

घ) 'महान हैं जो आत्मा' का समस्त पद क्या होगा ?

6. निर्देशानुसार 'अलंकार' पर आधारित प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए -

4

क) निम्नलिखित पंक्ति के अलंकार के नाम बताए।

' रघुपति राघव राजा राम ।'

ख) ' यमक 'अलंकार का एक उदाहरण दीजिए।

ग) 'सजना है मुझे सजना के लिए 'पंक्ति किस अलंकार से संबंधित है।

घ) ' श्लेष "अलंकार का एक उदाहरण दीजिए।

7. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के सर्वाधिक उपयुक्त विकल्प का चयन कीजिए -

8 क) खेतों में हरियाली कैसी दिखती है ?

i) मखमल के समान ,ii) विस्तर के समान ,iii) हरे चादर के समान ,iv) मरुस्थल के समान।

ख) कवि ने धरती को रोमांचित होते हुए कब माना है ?

i) गेहूँ की बालियाँ आने पर ,ii) जौ की बालियों को देखकर ,iii) उपरोक्त दोनों पर ,iv) मटर की हरियाली देखकर।

ग) तालाब ने भारतीय संस्कृति की परंपरा का पालन कैसे किया ?

i) उसने मेघ के पैर धुलवाये ii) उसने मेघ को माला पहनाई,iii) उसने बाजा बजाया, iv)उसने नृत्य किया।

घ) पीपल ने मेघ के साथ कैसा बर्ताव किया ?

i) मेघ का हृदय से हाथ जोड़कर स्वागत किया , ii)मेघ को डांटा, iii) मेघ को भगा दिया

, iv) उपरोक्त कोई नहीं।

ड) लेखिका के छोटे भाई का नाम 'मनमोहन' किसने रखा था ?

i) लेखिका ने, ii) लेखिका की माँ ने, iii) लेखिका के पिता ने, iv) लेखिका की ताई साहिबा ने।

च) 'जेबुनिसा' कहाँ की रहने वाली थी ?

i) गोवा, ii) इटली, iii) चीन, iv) कोल्हापुर।

छ) सुभद्रा कुमारी लेखिका से कितने साल सीनियर थी ?

i) दो, ii) चार, iii) पाँच, iv) दस।

ज) लेखिका को संस्कृत पढ़ाने कौन आए थे ?

i) मौलवी साहब, ii) पंडित जी, iii) दोनों, iv) कोई भी नहीं।

Name: _____ Sec: _____ Roll No.: _____

CODE:

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
PERIODIC TEST - 3 [2025 - 2026]
SECOND LANGUAGE (SANSKRIT)
CLASS : IX

Time: 1 ½ Hrs.

Maximum Marks: 40

सर्वेषाम् प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत

1. अधोलिखितं गद्यांशं पठित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत ।

भारतदेशस्य प्रमुखपर्वसु विजयादशम्याः प्रमुखं स्थानमस्ति। आश्विनमासे शुक्लपक्षे दशम्यां तिथौ एषः उत्सवः भवति। प्रायशः एषः अक्तूबर मासे मान्यते। अस्मिन् काले वर्षर्तुः समाप्तः भवति। अतः सर्वेषां कृते एषः उत्सवः स्वच्छतादिवसः भवति। उत्सवात् पूर्वेषु दशदिवसेषु प्रतिस्थानं प्रतिनगरं रामलीलायाः प्रदर्शनं क्रियते। अस्मिन् मेलके विशेषतः आमोद-प्रमोदः भवति। राम-रावणादीनां रूपं धारयित्वा पात्राणि प्रदर्शयन्ते। अनेनोत्सवेन वयं जानीमः यत् 'सत्यं सदा विजयते, पापम् अधर्मः च सदा पराजितः भवति।'

(I) एकपदेन उत्तरत । 1x2=2

(क) पात्राणि केषां रूपं धारयित्वा प्रदर्शयन्ते ?

(ख) प्रमुखपर्वसु कस्याः प्रमुखं स्थानमस्ति ?

(II) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत । 1x1=1

(क) विजयादशमी अस्मान् किं शिक्षयति ?

(III) भाषिककार्यम् । 1x2=2

(क) 'जानीमः' क्रियायाः कर्तृपदं किम्?

(क)सत्यं (ख)पापम् (ग)वयम्

(ख) गद्यांशे 'आरम्भः' इत्यस्य कः विपर्ययः प्रयुक्तः ?

(क)पराजितः (ख) समाप्तः (ग)अधर्मः

2. स्वविद्यालयस्य वर्णनं कुर्वन्तः मित्रं प्रति पत्रं लिखत। ½x10=5

(i) -----

प्रिय (ii) -----,

(iii) ----- ।

भवतः पत्रं प्राप्तम्। अहम् अधुना स्वविद्यालयस्य (iv) ----- कर्तुम् इच्छामि।
मम (v) ----- अतीव (vi) ----- अस्ति। मम विद्यालये विशालं (vii) -----,
समृद्धाः प्रयोगशालाः, सुन्दरः (viii) ----- च सन्ति। उपप्रधानाचार्यः अतीव
कर्मठः (ix) ----- च अस्ति। अस्माकम् (x) ----- मनोयोगेन पाठयन्ति। सर्वे
छात्राः अपि योग्याः सन्ति। विस्तरेण पुनः लेखिष्यामि।

तव मित्रम्

रमेशः

मंजूषा- {वर्णनं, नमस्ते, क्रीडाक्षेत्रम्, विद्यालयः, शोभनः, पुस्तकालयः, वयस्य,
सद्व्यवहारशीलः, परीक्षाभवनम्, अध्यापकाः}

3. सन्धि वा सन्धिच्छेदम् कुरुत - $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$

(क) वाक् + ईशः = ----- (ख) पाठम् + पठति = -----

(ग) अच् + आदिः = ----- (घ) चिदानन्दः = -----+-----

4. समुचितविभक्तिं प्रयुज्य वाक्यानि पूरयत - $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$

(क) ----- बहिः वाटिका अस्ति। (गृह)

(ख) विवेकः स्व ----- निपुणः अस्ति। (कार्ये)

(ग) ----- उपरि खगाः तिष्ठन्ति। (गृह)

(घ) बालकः ----- बिभेति। (सर्प)

5. मंजूषायां प्रदत्तैः अव्ययैः सहायतया वाक्यानि पूरयत- $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$

(क) अहम् ----- वसामि ।

(ख) त्वमत्र ----- आगच्छत् ?

(ग) ----- भवते रोचते तथा करोतु।

(घ) अत्र सर्वं कुशलं अस्ति ----- अपि अस्ति।

(किमर्थम्, यथा, तत्र, अत्र)

6. प्रकृति प्रत्ययं कुरुत - $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$

(क) दृश् + क्त्वा = ----- (ख) प्र + नम् + ल्यप् = -----

(ग) लिखन् = ----- + ----- (घ) गन्तुम् = ----- + -----

7. उचित-संख्यावाचि-शब्दैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत- $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$

(क) ----- '2' पुस्तके आनय। (द्वौ, द्वे, द्वा)

(ख) ----- '4' नायिकाः नृत्यन्ति। (चतस्रः, चत्वारः, चत्वारि)

(ग) नव नव ----- '18' भवन्ति। (अष्टदशाः, अष्टादश, अष्टाः)

(घ) अत्र ----- '2' वृक्षौ स्तः। (द्वौ, द्वा, द्वे)

8. उचितं शब्दरूपं चित्वा वाक्यानि पूरयत - $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$

(क) ----- सह कः आगच्छत्। (युष्मद्)

(i) त्वया (ii) तव (iii) तुभ्यम्

(ख) ----- ताः बालिकाः नृत्यन्ति। (विद्यालय)

(i) विद्यालयं (ii) विद्यालयौ (iii) विद्यालये

(ग) माता ----- भोजनं यच्छति। (पुत्र)

(i) पुत्राय (ii) पुत्रः (iii) पुत्रस्य

(घ) ----- फलानि पतन्ति। (वृक्ष)

(i) वृक्षाणाम् (ii) वृक्षस्य (iii) वृक्षात्

9. उचितधातुरूपैः वाक्यानि पूरयत - $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$

(क) जलविंदवः मधुरं संगीतं ----- । (कृ - लट्)

(ख) भोजः एकः प्रतापी राजा ----- । (अस् - लङ्)

(ग) पितरं वार्धक्ये पुत्रः अवश्यं ----- । (सेव् - लट्)

(घ) सा नारी तत्र न ----- । (गम् - लृट्)

10. एकपदेन उत्तरं लिखत । $1 \times 4 = 4$

(क) कस्य तरोः कटुता दाहहन्त्री ?

(ख) अर्थिनः केभ्यो निराशाः न यान्ति ?

(ग) चन्दनस्य शाखाः कैराश्रिताः ?

(घ) कः विद्वान् राजदर्शनार्थं समायातः ?

11. पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरं लिखत। $1 \times 4 = 4$

- (क) मातुः चिन्तां ज्ञात्वा कः राजसभां गन्तुम् उद्यतः आसीत्?
(ख) राजा जनकः अष्टावक्राय किम् अयच्छत्?
(ग) भोजराजः सन्तुष्टो भूत्वा कं प्रशंसति ?
(घ) तन्तुवायः केन जीविकां अर्जयति स्म ?

12. स्थूलाक्षरपदानि आधृत्य प्रश्ननिर्माणं कुरुत - 1X4=4

- (क) राजा तन्तुवायाय स्वर्णमुद्राः अर्पयति।
(ख) तन्तुवायेन गुरुकुले शिक्षा गृहीता ।
(ग) अहं त्रुटितान् तन्तून् संयोजयामि।
(घ) मात्रा अनुज्ञातः स राजसभां गतः।

13. रेखाङ्कितपदानां प्रसङ्गानुसारं उचितं अर्थं चित्वा लिखत- 1X4=4

- (क) विद्वांसः स्तब्धाः जाताः। (सज्जाः, गर्विताः, चकिताः)
(ख) आत्मा शरीरस्य अध्यक्षः। (स्वामी, आयुः, मन्त्री)
(ग) न धर्मवृद्धेषु वयः समीक्ष्यते। (धनम्, कुलम्, आयुः)
(घ) किं वक्त्रे देहे आत्मा अपि वक्रः भवति। (कुटिले, रम्ये, सरले)

Name: _____ Sec: _____ Roll No.: _____

CODE: _____

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR

PERIODIC TEST - 3 [2025 - 2026]

SECOND LANGUAGE (SANSKRIT)

CLASS : IX

Time: 1 ½ Hrs.

Maximum Marks: 40

सर्वेषाम् प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत

1. अधोलिखितं गद्यांशं पठित्वा प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि लिखत ।

संसारे जनाः सुखं इच्छन्ति। सुखं च धनेन एव प्राप्तुं शक्यते। अतः धनोपार्जनस्य आवश्यकता भवति । यस्य पार्श्वे धनं भवति सः सुखेन शेते । निर्धनं पुरुषं तु मित्राणि अपि त्यजन्ति । चौर्येण कपटेन च प्राप्तं धनं विनाशकरं भवति । कृषिकर्मणा, व्यापारेण परिश्रमेण च प्राप्तं धनं फलति। यद् धनं फलति तेनैव सुखं मिलति। धनहीनोऽपि सुखी भवति। सुखम् तु मनसा अनुभूयते। यत्र संतोषः तत्रैव वस्तुतः सुखम्।

(I) एकपदेन उत्तरत -

1X2=2

(क) कुत्र जनाः सुखं इच्छन्ति ?

(ख) केन प्राप्तं धनं विनाशकरं भवति ?

(II) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत -

1X1=1

(क) कथं प्राप्तं धनं फलति ?

(III) भाषिक कार्यम् -

1X2=2

(क) 'अनुभूयते' क्रियापदस्य किं कर्तृपदम् अस्मिन् अनुच्छेदे प्रयुक्तम् ?

(i)मनसा

(ii)सुखम्

(iii)शरीरेण

(ख) 'समीपम्' इत्यस्य पदस्य अर्थे कः शब्दः अनुच्छेदे प्रयुक्तः ?

(i)सुखे

(ii)पार्श्वे

(iii)धने

2. रमेशस्य अनुजः अतुलः अम्बालानगरे छात्रावासे निवसति। रमेशेन समयस्य

सदुपयोगाय अतुलाय लिखितं इदं पत्रं मंजूषा पदैः पूरयत।

½x10=5

(i) -----

प्रिय अतुल!

(ii) -----।

अत्र कुशलं तत्र (iii) -----। अतुल! मानवजीवनस्य प्रतिपलं (iv)-----

अस्ति। विश्वे प्रकृतेः सम्पूर्णानि कार्याणि नियमितसमये (v) -----। उचितसमये यदि वृष्टिः न भवेत् तदा सर्वं क्षेत्रं शुष्येत्। तथैव बाल्यकाले यदि छात्रः न पठति तदा असौ समस्तजीवने (vi) ----- करोति। समयः तस्य एव जनस्य कार्येषु सहभागितां करोति यः (vii) -----। सदुपयोगं करोति। गते काले शोकः (viii) -----। समयः कदापि कस्यचिदपि (ix) ----- न करोति। अतः समयस्य सदुपयोगः करणीयः।

भवतः (x) -----

रमेशः

मंजूषा- {निरर्थकः, अग्रजः, शुभाशीषः, दिल्लीनगरतः, महत्त्वपूर्णम्, समयस्य, पश्चात्तापम्, भवन्ति, प्रतीक्षाम्, अस्तु}

3. समुचितविभक्तिं प्रयुज्य वाक्यानि पूरयत - $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$

- (क) वर्षाकाले ----- बहिः न गन्तव्यम्। (गृह)
(ख) विवेकः स्व ----- निपुणः अस्ति। (कार्ये)
(ग) ----- उपरि राष्ट्रध्वजः शोभते। (भवन)
(घ) मूषकः ----- बिभेति। (बिडाल)

4. सन्धि वा सन्धिच्छेदम् कुरुत - $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$

- (क) अप् + जम् = ----- (ख) सम् + गमः = -----
(ग) चित् + आनन्दः = ----- (घ) वागीशः = -----+-----

5. मंजूषायां प्रदत्तैः अव्ययैः सहायतया वाक्यानि पूरयत- $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$

- (क) तत्र ----- जनाः ?
(ख) त्वमत्र ----- आगच्छत् ?
(ग) ----- भवते रोचते तथा करोतु।
(घ) अत्र सर्वं कुशलं अस्ति ----- अपि अस्ति।

(किमर्थम्, यथा, तत्र, कति)

6. प्रकृति प्रत्ययं कुरुत - $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$

(क) लिख् + क्त्वा = ----- (ख) वि + हस् + ल्यप् = -----

(ग) लिखन् = ----- + ----- (घ) पठितुम् = ----- + -----

7. उचित-संख्यावाचि-शब्दैः रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत- $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$

(क) ----- '1' बालकः फलं खादति। (एक, एका, एकः)

(ख) ----- '4' नायिकाः नृत्यन्ति। (चतस्रः, चत्वारः, चत्वारि)

(ग) देवस्य ----- '5' मित्राणि सन्ति। (पञ्च, पँचा, पचः)

(घ) अत्र ----- '2' वृक्षौ स्तः। (द्वौ, द्वा, द्वे)

8. उचितं शब्दरूपं चित्वा वाक्यानि पूरयत - $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$

(क) ----- सह कः आगच्छत्। (युष्मद्)

(i) त्वया (ii) तव (iii) तुभ्यम्

(ख) ----- ताः बालिकाः नृत्यन्ति। (विद्यालय)

(i) विद्यालयं (ii) विद्यालयौ (iii) विद्यालये

(ग) माता ----- भोजनं यच्छति। (पुत्र)

(i) पुत्राय (ii) पुत्रः (iii) पुत्रस्य

(घ) ----- फलानि पतन्ति। (वृक्ष)

(i) वृक्षाणाम् (ii) वृक्षस्य (iii) वृक्षात्

9. उचितधातुरुपैः वाक्यानि पूरयत - $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$

(क) वयं पुस्तकानि ----- । (पठ् - लट्)

(ख) भोजः एकः प्रतापी राजा ----- । (अस् - लङ्)

(ग) पितरं वार्धक्ये पुत्रः अवश्यं ----- । (सेव् - लट्)

(घ) सा नारी तत्र न ----- । (गम् - लृट्)

10. एकपदेन उत्तरं लिखत । $1 \times 4 = 4$

(क) सत्पुरुषाः इव के सन्ति ?

(ख) अर्थिनः केभ्यो निराशाः न यान्ति ?

(ग) चन्दनस्य शाखाः कैराश्रिताः ?

(घ) कस्य तरोः कटुता दाहहन्त्री?

11. पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरं लिखत।

1X4=4

(क) मातुः चिन्तां ज्ञात्वा कः राजसभां गन्तुम् उद्यतः आसीत्?

(ख) राजा जनकः अष्टावक्राय किम् अयच्छत्?

(ग) भोजराजः सन्तुष्टो भूत्वा कं प्रशंसति ?

(घ) तन्तुवायः केन जीविकां अर्जयति स्म ?

12. स्थूलाक्षरपदानि आधृत्य प्रश्ननिर्माणं कुरुत - 1X4=4

(क) राजा तन्तुवायाय स्वर्णमुद्राः अर्पयति।

(ख) तन्तुवायेन गुरुकुले शिक्षा गृहीता ।

(ग) अहं त्रुटितान् तन्तून् संयोजयामि।

(घ) मात्रा अनुज्ञातः स राजसभां गतः।

13. रेखाङ्कितपदानां प्रसङ्गानुसारं उचितं अर्थं चित्वा लिखत- 1X4=4

(क)विद्वांसः स्तब्धाः जाताः।

(सज्जाः, गर्विताः, चकिताः)

(ख)आत्मा शरीरस्य अध्यक्षः।

(स्वामी, आयुः, मन्त्री)

(ग)न धर्मवृद्धेषु वयः समीक्ष्यते।

(धनम्, कुलम्, आयुः)

(घ)किं वक्रे देहे आत्मा अपि वक्रः भवति।

(कुटिले, रम्ये, सरले)

Name: _____ Sec: _____ Roll No: _____

CODE: A

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR

PERIODIC TEST: III [2025 – 2026]

SCIENCE

CLASS: IX

Time Allowed : $1\frac{1}{2}$ Hours

Maximum marks: 40

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General instructions:

(i) This question paper consists of 19 questions in 3 sections. Section A is Biology, section B is Chemistry and section C is Physics.

(ii) All questions are compulsory.

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SECTION – A

1. Green manure refers to 1
 - (a) the organic manure prepared by green worms
 - (b) the manure used by small green plants
 - (c) the plants grown and mulched by ploughing before sowing crops
 - (d) the organic manure added to soil before ploughing and sowing

2. Weeds affect crop plants by 1
 - (a) killing of plants in field before they grow
 - (b) dominating the plants to grow
 - (c) competing for various resources of crops (plants) causing low availability of nutrients
 - (d) all of these

3. Which of the following fishes is a surface feeder? 1
 - (a) Rohus (b) Mrigals (c) Common carp (d) Catlas

4. The following question consists of two statements – Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Answer this question by selecting the appropriate option given below: 1

- (a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
- (b) Both A and R are true, and R is not the correct explanation of A.
- (c) A is true but R is false.
- (d) A is false but R is true

Assertion (A): fertilizers and manure enhance crop production.

Reason (R): Fertilizers and manure produces microorganisms which enhance soil fertility.

- 5. Enlist the desirable agronomic characteristics of fodder crops and cereals. 2
- 6. Mention different modes by which insects affect the crop yield. 3
- 7. What are the benefits of cattle farming? 5
How do you differentiate between capture fishing, mariculture and aquaculture?

SECTION-B

- 8. Glucose has the molecular formula $C_6H_{12}O_6$. Its molecular mass is 1
(Given: C=12, H=1, O=16)
 - A. 360u
 - B. 180u
 - C. 172u
 - D. 188u
- 9. The number of valence electrons in argon (Z= 18) is 1
 - A. 8
 - B. 6
 - C. 4
 - D. 0

10 The following question consists of two statements – 1
Assertion (A) and Reason(R). Answer the question by selecting the appropriate option given below.

- A. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- B. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- C. A is true but R is false.
- D. A is false but R is true.

Assertion: An atom of an element is electrically neutral.

Reason: It contains equal number of protons and neutrons.

11 Show diagrammatically the electronic configuration of nitrogen and 2
aluminium.(Atomic number of Nitrogen=7,Aluminium=13)

12 Give reasons for the following. 3

- (i) Isotopes of an element are chemically similar.
- (ii) An atom is electrically neutral.
- (iii) Noble gases have zero valency.

13 The average atomic mass of a sample of an element “X” is 16.2 5

- (i) What is the percentage of each isotope $^{16}\text{X}_8$ and $^{18}\text{X}_8$ in the sample?
- (ii) Write two postulates put forward by Neil Bohr about the atomic model.
- (iii) Write the distribution of electrons in Sodium atom.

SECTION-C

14 The velocity, wavelength and time period of a wave are related as 1

- (a) $v=\lambda/T$
- (b) $v=\lambda T$
- (c) $T=\lambda/v$
- (d) none

15 A block of wood floats in a liquid of density 0.8g/cc with one fourth 1
of its volume submerged. Find the density of the wood.

- (a) 3.2g/cm^3
- (b) 200kg/m^3

- (c) 0.2kg/m^3
- (d) 1.6 g/cm^3

For question number 16,two statements are given-one labeled Assertion(A) and the other labeled Reason(R).Select the correct answer to these questions from the codes (a),(b),(c) and (d) as given below:

(a)Both A and R are true and R is correct explanation of the Assertion.

(b)Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of the Assertion.

(c)A is true but R is false.

(d)A is false but R is true.

- | | | |
|----|--|---|
| 16 | Assertion: Centripetal force does no work.
Reason: Force and displacement are perpendicular to each other. | 1 |
| 17 | A ball dropped from a height of 20 m loses 40% of its energy on hitting the ground. Find to what height does the ball rebound? | 2 |
| 18 | (a) A small iron needle sinks in water but a ship made up of iron floats in water. Why?
(b) A ball of uniform density $\frac{2}{3}$ of that of water is dropped freely into a pond from a height of 10 m above its surface. Find the maximum depth the ball can travel in water. (takes $g = 10\text{ m/s}^2$) | 3 |
| 19 | a) Certain force acting on a 20 kg mass changes its velocity from 5 m/sec to 2 m/sec. Calculate the work done by the force.

b) If momentum of an object increases by 20% of its initial value. Calculate the percentage increase in its kinetic energy.

c) When is work done by a force negative? | 5 |

Name: _____ Sec: _____ Roll No: _____
CODE-B

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
PERIODIC TEST-III [2025-2026]
SCIENCE
CLASS : IX

Time: 1 ½ Hours

Maximum Marks : 40

General instructions:

1. This question paper consists of 19 questions in 3 sections; Section A is Biology; Section B is Chemistry; Section C is Physics.
2. All questions are compulsory.

Section – A

1. The level of which vitamin is kept high in poultry feed? 1
a) K
b) C
c) D
d) E
2. Which of the following is a micro-nutrient for plants? 1
a) Nitrogen
b) Calcium
c) Boron
d) Phosphorus
3. _____ is a milch animal. 1
a) *Aseel*
b) Brown Swiss
c) Bombay duck
d) Mackerel

The following question consists of two statements – Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Answer these questions by selecting the appropriate option given below:

- A. Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
- B. Both A and R are true, and R is not the correct explanation of A.

- C. A is true but R is false.
D. A is false but R is true.

4. Assertion: Fish is a cheap source of animal protein. 1
Reason: *Peneaus monodon* is a marine variety of prawns.
5. What are the advantages of composite fish farming? 2
6. Which Italian bee variety is commonly used for commercial honey production and why? 3
7. a. Point out the desirable traits for which varieties of poultry are developed. 5
b. Differentiate between fertiliser and manure.

SECTION -B

8. The formula unit mass of ZnO is :(atomic mass of Zn = 65u, O = 16u) 1
a)62u b) 81u c) 138u d) 100u
9. Which of the following is alpha particle? 1
a) H^+ b) He_2^+ c) He^+ d) He^{2+}

In the following questions, two statements are given - one labelled Assertion (A) and the other labelled Reason (R).
Select the correct answer to these questions from the codes (a), (b), (c) and (d) as given below:

- a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.
c) A is true but R is false.
d) A is false but R is true.

10. **Assertion:** Canal rays are positively charged. 1
Reason : Canal rays contain electrons.
11. Will ^{35}Cl and ^{37}Cl have different valencies? Explain. 2

12. Composition of the nuclei of two atomic species X and Y are given as under : 3

	X	Y
Protons	6	6
Neutrons	6	8

Give the mass numbers of X and Y. What is the relation between the two species?

13. a) Who discovered nucleus of an atom? 5
b) Why is nucleus positively charged?
c) What is the evidence for the existence of nucleus and empty space in an atom?
d) What do you think would be the observation if the alpha particle scattering experiment is carried out using a foil of a metal other than gold?

SECTION-C

14. The velocity, wavelength and time period of a wave are related as 1
- (a) $v = \lambda/T$
(b) $v = \lambda T$
(c) $T = \lambda/v$
(d) none

15. Ice berg floats in water with 10 percent of volume above the surface of water. Then find the density of ice. 1
- (a) 0.9 g/cm^3
(b) 9 kg/m^3
(c) 9000 kg/m^3
(d) 9 g/cm^3

Reason Assertion type:

For question number 16, two statements are given-one labeled Assertion(A) and the other labeled Reason(R).

Name: _____ Sec: _____ Roll No: _____
CODE:A

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
PERIODIC TEST-III [2025-2026]
SOCIAL SCIENCE
CLASS –IX

Time- 1½ Hrs

Maximum Marks-40

General Instructions:

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(1) There are 18 questions in the Question paper. All questions are compulsory.

(ii) The question paper has Four Sections - A-History, B-Geography, C-Political Science, and D-Economics.

(iii) Each Section is of 10 Marks and has MCQs, VSA, SA, LAs and CBQ.

(iv) Very Short Answer Type Questions (VSA), carry 2 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 40 words.

(v) Short Answer Type Questions (SA), carry 3 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 60 words.

(vi) Long answer type questions (LA), carry 5 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 120 words.

(vii) There are case based questions (CBQ) . Answers to each question should not exceed 100 words.

(viii) There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in few questions. Only one of the choices in such questions must be attempted.

=====

SECTION-A

- 1 In what ways lives of Gujjar Bakarwals of Jammu and Kashmir similar to that of Gaddi shepherds of Himachal Pradesh? 1
- (a) They both have a similar cycle of seasonal movement
(b) They both spend their winters on low hills of Siwalik range, grazing their herds in dry scrub forests
(c) In April, they begin their upward journey again for their summer grazing grounds
(d) All the above
- 2 Who are Bhotiyas, Sherpas and Kinnauris? 1
- (a) Pastoral community of Africa
(b) Cattle herders of Rajasthan
(c) Shepherd community of Maharashtra
(d) Pastoral communities of the Himalayas
- 3 Name the pastoralists in India and mention where they lived? 3
4. a) Where do the Raikas live ? Mention characteristics of their economy and life? 2+3

OR

- b) What was the Forest Act? How did the Forest Acts change the life of pastoralists ?

SECTION-B

- 5 Which of the following statements are correct regarding cold weather season. 1
- STATEMENTS:
- I. The north east trade winds prevail over the country.
II. A striking feature of this season is the “loo”.

- III. The weather is normally marked by clear sky, low temperature and low humidity.
- IV. Added towards the end of the season low pressure area develops
- a. I and IV are correct.
- b. I,II and IV are correct.
- c. I and III are correct.
- d. II,III and IV are correct.

6 Complete the table and choose the correct option. 1

Features of the wind	Name of the wind
I. Localized thunderstorms associated with violent winds and torrential downpour during summers.	A. Kaal Baishakhi
II. Strong, gusty, hot dry winds blow during summer	B. ?

- a. Mango showers
- b. Monsoon
- c. Loo
- d. October heat

7 In the question given below there are two statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read the statements and choose the correct option. 1

Assertion(A): Indian subcontinent experiences comparatively milder winters as compared to Central Asia.

Reason(R): the Himalayas prevent the cold winds from Central Asia from entering the subcontinent.

- a. Both Assertion(A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason(R) is the correct explanation of A
- b. Both Assertion(A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason(R) is not the correct explanation of A.
- c. Assertion(A) is true but Reason(R) is false.
- d. Assertion(A) is false but Reason(R) is true.

8 Why is monsoon considered a unifying bond? 3

OR

Describe the regional variations in the climatic conditions of India with suitable examples.

9 Read the source and answer the following questions. 1+1+2

Climate refers to the sum total of weather conditions and variations over a large area for a long period of time (more than thirty years). Weather refers to the state of the atmosphere over an area at any point of time. The elements of weather and climate are the same, i.e. temperature, atmospheric pressure, wind, humidity and precipitation. You may have observed that the weather conditions fluctuate very often even within a day. But there is some common pattern over a few weeks or months, i.e. days are cool or hot, windy or calm, cloudy or bright, and wet or dry. On the basis of the generalized monthly atmospheric conditions, the year is divided into seasons such as winter, summer or rainy seasons.

- 1 On the basis of the generalized monthly atmospheric conditions classify the year into season.
- 2 Mention the elements of weather and climate.
- 3 Distinguish between climate and weather.

SECTION-C

10 When two or more parties come together to form a government its called a government. 1

- a) biparty government
- b) multiparty government
- c) coalition government
- d) none of the above.

11 For how long can the Rajya Sabha delay a Money Bill? 1

- (a) 15 days
- (b) 1 month
- (c) 3 months
- (d) 14 days

- 12 When the Prime Minister quits.....? 1
a. The entire ministry quits
b. The PM quits alone
c. Some ministers quit
d. None
- 13 a) What does 'independence of judiciary' mean? 3
OR
b) Describe the functions and powers of the Parliament?
- 14 CASE BASED QUESTION: 1+1+2
Read the source given below and answer the questions that follows:

Prime Minister is the most important political institution in the country. Yet there is no direct election to the post of the Prime Minister. The President appoints the Prime Minister. But the President cannot appoint anyone she likes. The President appoints the leader of the majority party or the coalition of parties that commands a majority in the Lok Sabha, as Prime Minister. In case no single party or alliance gets a majority, the President appoints the person most likely to secure a majority support. The Prime Minister does not have a fixed tenure. He continues in power so long as he remains the leader of the majority party or coalition. After the appointment of the Prime Minister, the President appoints other ministers on the advice of the Prime Minister. The Ministers are usually from the party or the coalition that has the majority in the Lok Sabha. The Prime Minister is free to choose ministers, as long as they are members of Parliament. Sometimes, a person who is not a member of Parliament can also become a minister. But such a person has to get elected to one of the Houses of Parliament within six months of appointment as minister.

- (a) How is Prime Minister appointed?
(b) What is the tenure of the prime minister?
(c) How are other ministers appointed?

SECTION-D

15 Which of the following is responsible for high poverty rates? 1

Options:

- a. Huge income inequality
- b. Unequal distribution of land
- c. Lack of effective implementation of land reforms
- d. All the above

16 What are the accepted average calories required in India in urban areas? 1

Options:

- a. 2100
- b. 2400
- c. 2800
- d.2500

17. What is the concept of poverty line? How does it vary with time and place? 3

18. Mention social and economic groups who are more vulnerable to poverty in India. Explain only two reasons of poverty in such communities. 5

OR

Why poverty remains a challenge for the Indian government?

Name: _____ Sec: _____ Roll No: _____
CODE:B

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
PERIODIC TEST – III [2025-26]
SOCIAL SCIENCE
CLASS-IX

Time: 1½ Hours

Maximum Marks:40

General Instructions:

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(i) There are 18 questions in the Question paper. All questions are compulsory.

(ii) The question paper has Four Sections - A-History, B-Geography, C-Political Science, and D-Economics.

(iii) Each Section is of 10 Marks and has MCQs, VSA, SA, LAs and CBQ.

(iv) Very Short Answer Type Questions (VSA), carry 2 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 40 words.

(v) Short Answer Type Questions (SA), carry 3 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 60 words.

(vi) Long answer type questions (LA), carry 5 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 120 words.

(vii) There are case based questions (CBQ) . Answers to each question should not exceed 100 words.

(viii) There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in few questions. Only one of the choices in such questions must be attempted.

SECTION-A

1. Choose the correct option: 1
In what ways are the lives of Gujjar Bakarwals of Jammu and Kashmir similar to that of Gaddi shepherds of Himachal Pradesh?
- (a) The Gaddis keep flocks of sheep and goats and the Gujjars' wealth consists of camels and buffaloes.
(b) They both spend their winters on low hills of Siwalik range, grazing their herds in dry scrub forests.
(c) In November, they begin their upward journey again for their summer grazing grounds.
(d) Both (a) and (c)

2. Identify the INCORRECT statement/statements: 1
Statement I: To colonial officials all uncultivated land appeared to be productive: it produced revenue by the grazing cattle. It was seen as 'precious land' that needed to be brought under serious monitoring.

Statement II: Over the years, some richer pastoralists began buying land and settling down, giving up their nomadic life. Some became settled peasants cultivating land, others took to more extensive trading.

Statement III: In Maasai land, as elsewhere in Africa, all pastoralists were equally affected by the changes in the colonial period. In pre-colonial times Maasai society was divided into two social categories – leaders and warriors.

OPTIONS

- (a) Only Statement I is incorrect.
(b) Only Statement II is incorrect.
(c) Both Statements II and III are incorrect.
(d) Both Statements I and III are incorrect.

3A. Who were the Banjaras? Describe their lives. 3

OR

3B. Name the pastoral communities of Africa. Where do they live?
What are their occupations?

4A. Discuss why the colonial government in India brought in the following laws: Forest Acts and Grazing tax. In each case, explain how the law changed the lives of pastoralists 3+2

OR

4B. Give reasons to explain why the Maasai community lost their grazing lands. Explain the origin and meaning of the word '*Maasai*'.

SECTION-B

5. Which one of the following statements is incorrect regarding the climate of India? 1

- a. India has a monsoon type of climate.
- b. The monsoon in India arrives suddenly and is uniformly distributed everywhere.
- c. The southwest monsoon winds blow over the warm oceans, gather moisture and bring widespread rainfall over the mainland on India.
- d. Rainfall in the Ganga valley decreases from the east to the west.

6. Complete the table by choosing the correct option. 1

SEASON	MONTHS
Hot weather season	March to May
_____ ? _____	October to November

OPTIONS

- a. Cold weather season
- b. Pre monsoon season
- c. Retreating monsoon season
- d. Rainy season

7. Two statements are given below. They are Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read them carefully and choose the correct option. 1

Assertion (A) – Mahawat is immense importance for the cultivation of ‘rabi’ crops.

Reason (R) – Mahawat is the rainfall in summer season.

OPTIONS

- a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c. A is true R is false.
- d. A is false R is true.

8. Describe the regional variations in the climatic conditions of India with the help of suitable examples. 3

OR

How monsoon acts as a unifying bond?

9. Read the given Passage carefully and answer the questions that follow:

The summer months experience rising temperature and falling air pressure in the northern part of the country. Towards the end of May, an elongated low-pressure area develops in the region extending from the Thar Desert in the northwest to Patna and Chotanagpur plateau in the east and southeast. Circulation of air begins to set in around this trough. A striking feature of the hot weather season is the ‘loo’. These are strong, gusty, hot, dry winds blowing during the day over the north and northwestern India. Sometimes they even continue until late in the evening. Direct exposure to these winds may even prove to be fatal. Dust storms are very common during the month of May in northern India. These storms bring temporary relief as they lower the temperature

and may bring light rain and cool breeze. This is also the season for localised thunderstorms, associated with violent winds, torrential downpours, often accompanied by hail. In West Bengal, these storms are known as the 'Kaal Baisakhi'. Towards the close of the summer season, pre-monsoon showers are common especially, in Kerala and Karnataka. They help in the early ripening of mangoes.

- i) In which states of India pre-monsoon showers are known as mango showers? 1
- ii) Why does in the peninsular India temperatures remain lower in the summer months? 1
- iii) Name and explain any one localised wind that blows in hot weather season in India. 2

SECTION-C

- 10. Fill in the blank: 1
The Second Backward Classes Commission was appointed by the Government of India in the year _____.
(a) 1979
(b) 1981
(c) 1985
(d) 1999
- 11. Choose the statement which shows the TRUE reason behind the given query. 1
Why did people react strongly to the Mandal Commission Report?
(a) It left out many backward communities.
(b) It affected thousands of job opportunities.
(c) Some high castes wanted to be included in it.
(d) Both (a) and (c)

12. In the following question, a statement of Assertion (A) is followed by a statement of Reason (R). Mark the correct choice as: 1
- (a) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of A.
 - (b) Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of A.
 - (c) (A) is correct but (R) is wrong
 - (d) (R) is correct but (A) is wrong

Assertion (A): The Supreme Court is the guardian of the Fundamental Rights.

Reason (R): A citizen whose Fundamental Rights has been violated by any individual, government or institution, may move to the Supreme Court for the protection of his Fundamental Rights.

- 13A Why do we need a Parliament? Cite any three reasons. 3

OR

- 13B Explain the powers and functions of the Prime Minister of India.

14. Read the given extract and answer the questions that follow: 1+1+
2

The President

The President is not elected directly by the people. The elected Members of Parliament (MPs) and the elected Members of the Legislative Assemblies (MLAs) elect her. A candidate standing for President's post has to get a majority of votes to win the election. This ensures that the President can be seen to represent the entire nation. At the same time the President can never claim the kind of direct popular mandate that the Prime Minister can. This ensures that she remains only a nominal executive. The same is true of the powers of the President. If you casually read the Constitution you would think that there is nothing that she cannot do.

- a) Who elects the President?
- b) How can it be said that the President remains only a nominal executive?
- c) List down any two powers/functions of the President of India.

SECTION-D

15. Match the following: 1

<u>Column A</u>	<u>Column B</u>
i) Calorie Requirement per person per day in urban areas	1). caste system
ii) Social Exclusion	2). 2005
iii) Calorie Requirement per person per day in rural areas	3). 2400
iv) MGNREGA	4). 2100

OPTIONS

- (a) i- 1 ii- 2 iii-3 iv-4
- (b) i- 2 ii- 3 iii-4 iv-1
- (c) i- 3 ii- 4 iii-1 iv-2
- (d) i- 4 ii- 1 iii-3 iv-2

16. Choose the correct option: 1

What is the common method which is used to measure poverty based on?

- (a) the income or consumption levels.
- (b) the literacy or education levels.
- (c) the head count of all the poors in the country.
- (d) the number of infant mortality rates in the country.

17. Give an account of interstate disparities of poverty in India. 3

18A What are the main features of the Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act? Who are the poorest of the poor? 3+2

OR

18B Discuss any three major reasons for poverty in India. What do you understand by human poverty?

Name: _____ Sec: _____ Roll No: _____

CODE: A

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
PERIODIC TEST-3: [2025-2026]
MATHEMATICS
CLASS: IX

TIME - $1\frac{1}{2}$ Hours

Maximum Marks- 40

General Instructions:

- i) This question paper has 5 Sections A–E.
 - ii) Section A has 11 questions carrying 1 mark each.
 - iii) Section B has 3 questions carrying 2 marks each.
 - iv) Section C has 3 questions carrying 3 marks each.
 - v) Section D has 1 question carrying 4 marks.
 - vi) Section E has 2 questions carrying 5 marks each .
 - vii) All questions are compulsory. However an internal choice in 1 question of 2 marks, 1 question of 3 marks, 1 question of 4 marks (in CBQ) and 1 question of 5 marks is provided.
 - viii) Take $\pi = 22/7$ wherever required if not stated.
-
-

SECTION A

1. Find the volume of a right circular cone of height 12cm and base radius 6cm. 1
a) $(12\pi)\text{cm}^3$ b) $(36\pi)\text{cm}^3$ c) $(72\pi)\text{cm}^3$ d) $(144\pi)\text{cm}^3$
2. If the surface area of a sphere is $(144\pi)\text{m}^2$ then find its volume. 1
a) $(288\pi)\text{m}^3$ b) $(188\pi)\text{m}^3$ c) $(300\pi)\text{m}^3$ d) $(316\pi)\text{m}^3$
3. Three angles of a quadrilateral are $80^\circ, 95^\circ$ and 112° . Find its fourth angle. 1

- a)78° b) 73° c) 85° d) 100°
4. ABCD is a rhombus such that $\angle ACB=50^\circ$. Then. $\angle ADB= ?$ 1
a)40° b) 25° c) 65° d) 130°
5. The bisectors of any two adjacent angles of a parallelogram intersect at: 1
a)30° b) 45° c) 60° d) 90°
6. Find the number of dimensions of a solid figure. 1
a)1 b)2 c)3 d)5

Each question consists of two statements, namely, Assertion (A) and Reason (R). For selecting the correct answer, use the following code: 1

I) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).

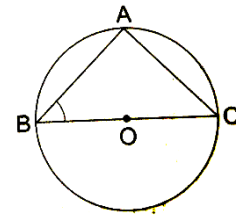
II) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is not the correct explanation

III) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.

IV) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true.

7. Assertion : If the height and the slant height of a cone are 21 cm and 28 cm respectively then its volume is 3773 cm^3
Reason: If r cm is the radius of the base and h cm is its height then the volume of the cone is given by $V = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h \text{ cm}^3$
a)I b) II c) III d) IV
8. Assertion : A line has no end points. 1
Reason: A line represents the straight path between two fixed points,
a)I b) II c) III d) IV
9. A chord is at a distance of 8 cm from the centre of a circle of radius 17 cm. Find the length of the chord. 1
a)25cm b) 12.5cm c) 30cm d) 9cm

10. In the given figure, BOC is a diameter of a circle and $AB=AC$. Then, $\angle ABC=?$
 a) 30° b) 45° c) 60° d) 90°



11. An equilateral triangle of side 9cm is inscribed in a circle. Find the radius of the circle.
 a) 3cm b) $3\sqrt{2}$ cm c) $3\sqrt{3}$ cm d) 6cm

SECTION B

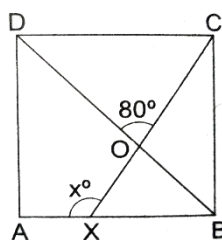
12. Find the surface area of a sphere whose volume is 4851cm^3 . 2
13. In a parallelogram ABCD if $\angle A=(2x+25)^\circ$ and $\angle B=(3x-5)^\circ$. Find the value of x and measure of each angle of the parallelogram. 2
14. Find the length of a chord which is at a distance of 3 cm from the centre of a circle of radius 5 cm. 2

OR

Prove that the perpendicular from the centre of a circle to a chord bisects the chord.

SECTION C

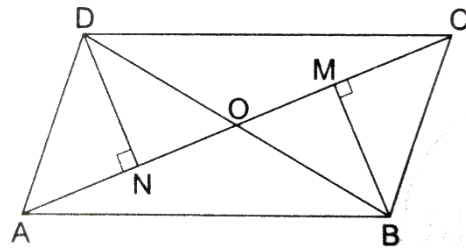
15. How many metres of cloth 5m wide will be required to make a conical tent, the radius of whose base is 7m and whose height is 24m? 3
16. In the adjoining figure, ABCD is a square. A line segment CX cuts AB at X and the diagonal BD at O such that $\angle COD=80^\circ$ and $\angle OXA=x^\circ$. Find the value of x. 3



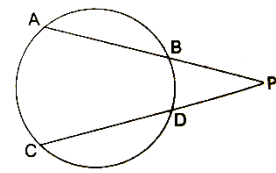
that $\angle COD=80^\circ$ and $\angle OXA=x^\circ$. Find the value of x.

OR

In the adjoining figure, $BM \perp AC$ and $DN \perp AC$. If $BM = DN$, prove that AC bisects BD .



17. Two chords AB and CD of a circle intersect each other at P outside the circle. If $AB = 6\text{cm}$, $BP = 2\text{cm}$ and $PD = 2.5\text{cm}$, find CD .



3

SECTION D

18. Aryan wanted to prepare a birthday cap for his friend Adil. He obtained a semicircular sheet of cardboard having radius 7 cm . He bent it and joined the two ends to form a conical cap

Based on the given information, answer the following questions.

- (i) Find the radius of the base of the conical cap. 1
(ii) Find the slant height of the conical cap. 1
(iii) Find the height of the conical cap.

OR

2

- (iv) What is the curved surface area of the conical cap?

SECTION E

19. The length of the diagonals of a rhombus are 24cm and 18cm respectively, find the length of each side of a rhombus. and its perimeter. 5
20. Two parallel chords of lengths 30cm and 16cm are drawn on the opposite sides of the centre of a circle of radius 17cm . Find the distance between the chords. 5

OR

AB and AC are two chords of a circle of radius r such that $AB=2AC$. If p and q are the distances of AB and AC from the centre. Prove that $4q^2=p^2+3r^2$.

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
PERIODIC TEST 3: [2025-2026]
MATHEMATICS
CLASS: IX

TIME: 1 ½ HOURS

MAXIMUM MARKS: 40

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1) This question paper contains 20 questions. All questions are compulsory.
- 2) This question paper is divided into five Sections – A, B, C, D and E.
- 3) In Section A, Questions no. 1 to 11 are MCQs and Questions no. 10 to 11 are Assertion- Reason based questions of 1 mark each.
- 4) In Section B, Questions no. 12 to 14 are Very Short Answer type (VSA) questions, carrying 2 marks each.
- 5) In Section C, Questions no. 15 to 17 are Short Answer type (SA) questions, carrying 3 marks each.
- 6) In Section D, Questions no. 18 and 19 are Long Answer type (LA) questions carrying 5 marks each.
- 7) In Section E, Question no. 20 is Case based question carrying 4 marks with sub-parts of the values of 1, 1 and 2 marks each respectively.
- 8) There is no overall choice. However, an internal choice in 1 question of 5 marks, 1 question of 3 marks and 1 question of 2 marks is provided.
- 9) Use of calculator is not allowed.

Section-A

1. If the volume and surface area of a sphere are numerically the same then its radius is 1
(a) 1 unit (b) 2 units (c) 3 units (d) 4 units
2. If the height and the radius of a cone are doubled, the volume of the cone becomes original volume. 1
(a) 3 times (b) 4 times (c) 6 times (d) 8 times
3. In parallelogram ABCD with BD diagonal, $\angle BDC = 45^\circ$ and $\angle BAD = 75^\circ$, then $\angle CBD$ is 1
(a) 45° (b) 55° (c) 60° (d) 75°
4. The bisectors of any two adjacent angles of a parallelogram intersect at 1
(a) 30° (b) 45° (c) 60° (d) 90°

5. The figure formed by joining the midpoints of the adjacent sides of a rhombus is a 1
 (a) rhombus (b) square (c) rectangle (d) parallelogram
6. ABCD is a cyclic quadrilateral where $\angle DBC = 60^\circ$ and $\angle BAC = 40^\circ$, then $\angle BCD$ is 1
 (a) 80° (b) 60° (c) 40° (d) 30°
7. The angle in a semicircle measures 1
 (a) 180° (b) 30° (c) 90° (d) 45°
8. A chord is at a distance of 8 cm from the centre of a circle of radius 17cm. The length of the chord is (in cm) 1
 (a) 25 (b) 12.5 (c) 30 (d) 9
9. Euclid's which axiom illustrates the statement that when $x + y = 15$, then $x + y + z = 15 + z$? 1
 (a) first (b) second (c) third (d) fourth

DIRECTION: In the question numbers 10 and 11, a statement of assertion(A) is followed by a statement of Reason(R).

Choose the correct option from the codes (a), (b), (c) and (d) as given below:

- (a) Both Assertion and Reason are correct and Reason is correct explanation for Assertion.
- (b) Both Assertion and Reason are correct and Reason is not correct explanation for Assertion.
- (c) Assertion is true but Reason is false.
- (d) Assertion is false but Reason is true.
10. A (Assertion): A cone and a hemisphere have equal bases and equal volumes. The ratio of their heights is 2:1. 1
 R (Reason): Volume of a hemisphere is $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$
11. A (Assertion): If $x - 5 = 15$, then $x - 5 + 5 = 15 + 5$, so $x = 20$ 1
 R (Reason): If equals are added to equals, then wholes are equal.

Section-B

12. Find the volume of a sphere whose surface area is 154cm^2 . 2
13. If O is a point within a quadrilateral ABCD, show that $OA + OB + OC + OD > AC + BD$. 2
14. If a diameter of a circle bisects each of the two chords of a circle then prove that the chords are parallel. 2

OR

Prove that every cyclic parallelogram is a rectangle.

Section-C

15. A conical pit of diameter 3.5m is 12m deep. What is its capacity in kilolitres? 3
16. In a rhombus ABCD show that diagonal AC bisects $\angle A$ as well as $\angle C$ and diagonal BD bisects $\angle B$ as well as $\angle D$. 3

OR

Prove that the line segment joining the midpoints of any two sides of a triangle is parallel to the third side and equal to half of it.

17. Two circles with centres O and O' intersect at two points A and B. A line PQ is drawn parallel to OO' through A or B, intersecting the circles at P and Q. Prove that $PQ = 2 OO'$. 3

Section-D

18. Show that the bisectors of the angles of a parallelogram enclose a rectangle. 5
19. An equilateral triangle of side 9cm is inscribed in a circle. Find the radius of the circle. 5

OR

ABCD is a quadrilateral such that A is the centre of the circle passing through B, C and D. Prove that $\angle CBD + \angle CDB = \frac{1}{2} \angle BAD$

Section-E

20. Once four friends Rahul, Arun, Ajay and Vijay went for a picnic at a hill station. Due to peak season, they did not get a proper hotel in the city. The weather was fine so they decided to make a conical tent at a park. They were carrying 300 m² cloth with them. As shown in the figure they made the tent with height 10 m and diameter 14 m. The remaining cloth was used for the floor. 4



- (a) Find the area of the floor?
(b) Find the volume of the tent?
(c) How much cloth was used for the floor?

OR

What was the total surface area of the tent?

Name _____ Sec _____ Roll No. _____
CODE:A

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
PERIODIC TEST-III [2025-2026]
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY
CLASS-IX

Time: 1 ½ Hrs.

Maximum Marks:40

General Instructions:

- Please read the instructions carefully.
- This Question Paper consists of 11 questions in two sections: Section A and Section B.
- Section A is Objective Type Questions and Section B is Subjective Type Questions
- All the questions of a particular section must be attempted in the correct order.
- All questions are compulsory.

1. SECTION A-OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS(18MARKS):

- i. This section has 02 questions.
- ii. Marks allotted are mentioned against each question/part.
- iii. There is no negative marking.
- iv. Do as per the instructions given.

2. SECTION B –SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS(22MARKS):

- i. This section has 09 questions.
- ii. Do as per the instructions given.
- iii. Marks allotted are mentioned against each question/part.

SECTION A: OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS

[MCQ]

Answer the following 9 questions on
Employability Skills

1x9=9

1. i. The business set up by an entrepreneur is called as

_____.
a.Trade b.NGO b.Enterprise d.none

- ii. The traders who buy from manufacturers directly is called _____.
- a. Wholesalers b. Retailers
c. Manufacturer d. Distributors
- iii. An _____ is an idea/technology that may or may not create value.
- a. Invention b. Innovator
c. Businessman d. none
- iv. _____ is a challenge in entrepreneurship.
- a. Time Management b. Live your passion
c. No bound to work d. none of these
- v. A scalable business or a company is called a _____ when it is in its initial phase of development.
- a. newborn b. startup
c. beginner d. none of these
- vi. The competition of a businessman is _____ than an entrepreneur.
- a. low b. moderate
c. very high d. average
- vii. In _____ enterprise the business is controlled by shareholders.
- a. Small Scale b. Innovation Driven
c. Medium Scale d. none
- viii. An _____ is involved in the work only for fixed timings.
- a. businessman b. entrepreneur
c. employee d. none
- ix. _____ is a part of Business Plan Content.
- a. Marketing Plan b. Operation Plan
c. Financial Plan d. All of these

Answer the following 9 questions on Subject Specific Skills

1x9=9

2. i. A _____ is a single page or sheet within a spreadsheet application, where data is entered, formatted and manipulated.
- a. Textbook b. Worksheet
c. Slide d. Notebook

- ii. Calc can have maximum _____ columns.
a.102563 b.20563 c.16384 d.10212
- iii. The extension of Libre office Calc is _____.
a..ods b..odp c..odt d..odb
- iv. A Formula must start with _____ sign.
a.equal to(=) b.asterisk(*)
c.dollar(\$) d.exclamation(!)
- v. _____ adjust the space between lines of text to improve readability.
a.Line Spacing b.Indentation
c.Superscript d.Text Alignment
- vi. _____ is the shortcut key to run a Slide Show.
a.F4 b.F5 c.F2 d.F8
- vii. A _____ is an electronic presentation which can be run on a computer screen or a projection device.
a.Animation b.SlideShow
c.Charts d.Slide Sorter
- viii. _____ are effects applied to elements within slides.
a.Animation b.SlideShow
c.Charts d.Slide Sorter
- ix. Area for adding speaker notes that are not visible to the audience during the presentation is called _____.
a.Slide Pane b.Sidebar
c.Main Pane d.Notes Pane

SECTION B: SUBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS

Answer 4 questions on Employability Skills

2X4=8

- 3. Define Business.
- 4. Mention any four challenges of Entrepreneurship .
- 5. What do you mean by Trading?
- 6. Mention the difference between Businessman and Entrepreneur on the criteria of
a.Risk factor
b.Orientation/emphasis

Answer the following 3 questions.

2X3=6

7. What is Embedded Chart and Chart sheet?
8. Mention four benefits of using Spreadsheets.
9. Define a Presentation.

Answer the following 2 questions.

4X2=8

10. Mention any four importance of Charts in Spreadsheets.
 11. What is Text Alignment in a presentation. Name the three types of Vertical Text Alignment in Impress.
- =====

- classified in more than one type of business.
 a)Hybrid b)Service c)Merchandising d)None
- iii. The term entrepreneur came from :
 a)Latin b)French c)English d)None
- iv. To be successful in an entrepreneurial venture, you need
 a) Money b)Hard work c)Innovative idea
 d) All of above.
- v. _____ business is kind of business that provide services to the customer.
 a)Service b)Hybrid c)Product d)Agriculture
- vi. _____ business buys product at wholesale price and sells the same at retail price.
 a)Merchandising b)Hybrid c) Service d)None
- vii. Business is a (an) _____ activity.
 a)social b)economics c)hazardous d)selling
- viii. Most important factor in forming a new business is :
 a)Finance b)Marketing
 c)Govt.Support d)Family Support
- ix. What is the aim of entrepreneurship ?
 a)Earn a profit b)Solve customers' need
 innovatively c) Both of the above d)None
- Answer the following 9 questions on Subject Specific Skills 1x9=9

2. i. _____ function returns the largest value in a set of values.
 a)max() b)min() c)count() d) if ()
- ii. _____ is the intersection of a row and column.
 a)Cell b)Data c)Sheet d)None
- iii. _____ are graphical representation of numeric data.
 a)Charts b)Graph c)Picture d)None
- iv. A _____ is an equation that performs operations on a worksheet data.
 a)Formula b)Text c)Integer d)None
- v. The _____ is located at the top in the center of the Impress window.
 a)Title Bar b)Menu Bar c)Task Bar d) None
- vi. _____ contains commonly used formatting

