NAME_____SEC_____ROLL NO_____

CODE:A

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
ANNUAL EXAMINATION : [2025-2026]
ENGLISH
CLASS: VIII

Time: 3 Hrs **Maximum Marks : 80**

General Instructions:

Read the following instructions carefully and follow them:

- This question paper has 11 questions. All questions are compulsory.
- This question paper contains four sections:
- Section A: Reading Skills
- Section B: Writing Skills
- Section C: Grammar
- Section D: Literature
- Attempt all questions based on specific instructions for each part. Write the correct question number and part thereof in your answer sheet.
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SECTION-A-READING SKILLS (15 Marks)

1. Read the passage given below: **8**

Maria was one of the many tourists that had flocked to the cozy and picturesque town of Willowville that winter. One day, while exploring the edge of the town, she stumbled upon an old, vacant house on a hill. The

garden was overgrown, and the paint was peeling, but it had a certain charm. It seemed strange that such a beautiful place would be vacant. Her curiosity piqued, she inquired with a local agent and was surprised to find that the selling price of the house was incredibly low. Without much thought, she paid an advance and got the key. A sense of joy and pride filled her heart as she locked the door on her first night, having secured her own little home in the beautiful town.

The next day, she met the postman. When she mentioned the house she had moved into, his face went pale with fear. "Oh, Madam... in that house... a violent death took place. Someone jumped into the well in the yard. No one stays there because of the strange noises at night. The doors are said to shut with a bang, the taps start running for no reason...". Maria was taken aback, though she tried to hide her shock. The postman's story planted seeds of doubt, but she dismissed them, telling herself they were just local superstitions.

That night, alone in the house, the wind howled, and shadows danced on the walls. Maria heard a distinct bang from the kitchen and the sound of running water. Her heart pounded in her chest. ‘Was it the wind, or was the postman right?’ she wondered. She decided to investigate the matter. Much to her relief, she found a

loose shutter banging against the wall and a leaky tap. By fixing these small issues, she not only found peace and quiet but also grew more confident and independent. She realized that sometimes the things we fear most have simple, logical explanations.

Answer the following questions, based on the passage above:

I What was the purpose of Maria's visit to the town? **1**

a) To find a new job

b)For travel

c) To solve the mystery of the house

d) She lived there

II What was the actual cause of the banging noise in the house on Maria's first night? 1

a) A ghost jumping into the well.

b) The postman playing a trick on her.

c) A loose shutter banging against the wall.

d) The taps running violently on their own.

III What was the weather like on Maria's first nigt in the house? 1

a) Stormy and windy

b) Pleasant

c) Hot and Humid

d)Rainy

	IV	What did the postman say about the house?	2
	V	What was Maria's reaction when she heard the postman's words?	1
	VI	What did Maria realize at last?	1
	VII	Find a word in the passage which means 'a place that is warm and comfortable'.	1
2		**Read the passage given below.**	7

Road accidents remain a major global issue, with low- and middle-income countries bearing the disproportionate burden of over 90% of all road traffic deaths and injuries. While fatalities are often associated with drivers, a significant portion of those killed are "vulnerable road users," including pedestrians, cyclists, and motorcyclists. These groups account for approximately 30% of global road traffic deaths and injuries.

The age group most severely affected are young people. Road traffic injuries are the leading cause of death among 15-19 year-olds and the second leading cause of death for the 10-14 and 20-24 age groups. Conversely, children under five years of age have the lowest ranking for road traffic deaths, primarily due to their vulnerability to other diseases and conditions at that age.

In countries like India, speeding and dangerous or careless driving are consistently the top reported

causes of fatalities, accounting for over 80% of deaths. Preventing these accidents requires a multi-faceted approach, emphasizing individual responsibility and systemic improvements. Adhering to traffic rules, avoiding distractions like mobile phones, not driving under the influence, and using safety gear such as seat belts and helmets are crucial personal measures.

Answer the following questions based on the passage:

I	Where do more than 90% of road traffic accidents and injuries occur? (a) High-income countries (b) Urban areas (c) Low- and middle-income countries (d) Rural areas	**1**
II	Which age group is identified as having road traffic injuries as their leading cause of death? (a) 0-5 years (b) 10-14 years (c) 15-19 years (d) 20-24 years	**1**
III	Why do children under five years of age have the lowest ranking for road traffic deaths?	**1**
IV	Who are the vulnerable road users?	**1**

V	Mention two crucial personal measures individuals can take to help prevent road accidents, as mentioned in the passage.	**2**
VI	Find a word in the passage which means 'people walking on foot on the road'.	**1**

SECTION-B- WRITING SKILLS (15 Marks)

All the names and addresses used in the questions are fictitious. Resemblance, if any, is purely coincidental.

3	Your school is going to host an Inter-School Science Exhibition on 3rd April,2026. Write a notice inviting students of classes VIII-XI to participate in the same in 50 words, providing necessary details.	**4**
4	Write a letter to the principal of your school requesting change of section, providing suitable reason/s in 120 words. You are Kalpana Das/ Anuvab Aich, a student of Heritage High School, Madurai.	**5**
5	Write a paragraph in 150 words on ' A Day Without Technology'.	**6**

SECTION-C-GRAMMAR (15 Marks)

6. **Rewrite the sentences using the adjectives given in brackets.** **1×5=5**

(i) The wolves devoured the carcass of a deer, leaving only bone fragments behind. (hungry)

(ii) The police officer saved the child from the kidnappers.(brave)

(iii) There was a queue in front of the bakery. (long)

(iv) What a time it was! (wonderful)

(v) The girl yearned to buy the umbrella she had seen in the market.(blue)

7. **Change the following to passive voice:** **1×5=5**

(i) The gardener waters the plants.

(ii) Mrs. Sharma teaches us English.

(iii) The police have arrested the criminals.

(iv) The dog chased the man.

(v) The boy kicked the ball.

8. **Fill in the blanks with appropriate words:** **1×5=5**

(i) She _____ a letter when her friend called. (writes/ written/was writing)

(ii) The cat jumped ____ the fence. (over/ in/ below)

(iii) I have not seen him _____ last year. (for/since/ on)

(iv) Mr. Amit has been working here _____ four years. (since/in/ for)

(v) Children are often very curious ____ ask a lot of questions. (and/ so/ to)

SECTION-C: LITERATURE (35 Marks)

9. Read the following extracts and answer the questions that follow.

A *"By thirty hills I hurry down,*
Or slip between the ridges,
By twenty thorps, a little town,
And half a hundred bridges.

Till last by Philip's farm I flow
To join the brimming river,
For men may come and men may go,
But I go on forever." **1×5=5**

-The Brook

I Read the assertion (A) and the reason (R) below with reference to the above given extract and choose the right option regarding their relationship:
Assertion (A): The brook goes on forever.
Reasoning (R): The brook is a force of nature that stands for permanence unlike the temporary nature of human life.

a) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
b) (A) is true but (R) is false.
c) (A) is false but (R) is true.
d) Both (A) and (R) are false.

II The brook flows by:

a) 30 parks

b) 14 islands

c) 5 hill stations

d) 20 villages

III Who is the speaker here?

IV Which place does the brook flow past before joining the brimming river?

V Mention the rhyme scheme of the poem.

B *"He had a companion, Captain Robert Fitzroy, who was a naturalist on the HMS Beagle, the ship they were sailing in. Darwin himself was a rather failing and unmotivated medical scholar, who needed some inspiration to get back to the world that listened to him with a wooden face."* **1**×5=**5**

-The Galapagos Adventures of Charles Darwin,

I Read the assertion (A) and the reason (R) below with reference to the above given extract and choose the right option regarding their relationship:

Assertion (A): Darwin needed some inspiration to get back to the world that listened to him with a wooden face.

Reasoning (R): He was a rather failing and unmotivated medical scholar who had not seen success nor was taken seriously by others.

a) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).

b) (A) is true but (R) is false.

c) (A) is false but (R) is true.

d) Both (A) and (R) are false.

II Who is 'He' in the first line?

a) Charles Darwin b) Albert Einstein

c) Captain Robert Fitzroy d) Yuuki

III Name the ship they were sailing in.

IV What was the purpose of Charles Darwin's voyage?

V Captain Robert Fitzroy was a _____ by profession.

C "*Alone she cuts and binds the grain,*

And sings a melancholy strain;

O listen! for the Vale profound

Is overflowing with the sound.

No Nightingale did ever chaunt

More welcome notes to weary bands

Of travellers in some shady haunt,

Among Arabian sands…" **1×5=5**

-The Solitary Reaper

I Which of the following words from the poem is an old and archaic form of the modern English word 'chant'?

a) haunt b) shady c) chaunt d) weary

II 'Weary bands / Of travellers' refers to:

a) Ethnic tribes wearing beaded wrist bands while travelling.

b) Groups of tired and exhausted people travelling across the Arabian Desert.

c) Flocks of migratory birds travelling across continents.

d) A band of tired musicians visiting the valley of Nile.

III What kind of song is the solitary reaper said to sing?

IV What do you think are the travellers doing in the 'shady haunt'?

V Find a word in the lines quoted above which means 'valley'.

10. Answer the following questions in 30-40 words each. **2×5=10**

I Was King Minos a good human being? Give reasons for your answer.

II What are the words which tell how the brook sounded on different parts of its journey?

III How would you describe the author's emotions in 'The Last Class'?

IV In what ways did the adventure change Darwin in 'The Galapagos Adventures of Charles Drawin'?

V To which birds' voices does the poet compare the solitary reaper's voice/singing and how? Write in brief.

11. **Attempt <u>any two</u> out of the following three questions in about 120 -150 words each.** **5**×2=**10**

I How were Icarus and Daedalus different from each other in their thought process, actions and reaction to life's challenges?

II How does the story 'The Last Class' explore the significance and role of mother tongue in bringing people together through its characters and references to the French Language? Provide examples from the text to support your answer.

III What is the central theme of the poem 'The Brook'? How does the refrain help in bringing out its central theme?

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NAME_____SEC_____ROLL NO_____

CODE:B

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ANNUAL EXAMINATION - (2025-2026)
ENGLISH
CLASS – VIII

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GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

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ii. This question paper contains four sections:
Section A: Reading Skills
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SECTION A
READING SKILLS (15 marks)

1 **Read the following carefully.** 8

The Chandrayaan-3 Mission - India's Lunar Triumph

1. **India's Lunar Odyssey:** On July 14, 2023, ISRO launched **Chandrayaan-3** aboard **LVM3-M4** rocket from Sriharikota, aiming for historic south pole landing. Costing **₹6,156 million** (under $75 million), it followed **Chandrayaan-2**'s 2019 crash. The **Vikram Lander** carried **Pragyan Rover** (6 wheels, 100m range) and three instruments: **RAMBHA-LP** (plasma density), **ChaSTE** (lunar soil temperature), **ILSA** (seismic activity).
2. Mission Timeline:

- **July 17**: Entered Lunar orbit
- **August 17:** Powered descent at 6:04 PM IST
- **6:04:19 PM**: Vikram touched down at 69.37°S, 32.35°E (Shiva Shakti Point)
- **August 23**: Pragyan rolled out, travelled **100m**, confirmed **sulphur presence**

3. **South Pole Significance**: Chandrayaan-3 landed where **permanent shadow regions** hold **water ice** (confirmed by Chandrayaan-1). Unexplored terrain offers **oldest lunar crust** clues. Global first: **India 4th nation** (after Soviet Luna-9, US Surveyor-1, China Chang'e-3) to soft-land.
4. **Scientific Breakthroughs:**
   i. **ChaSTE Probe:** Measured temperature variation -4°C to 50°C at 10cm depth
   ii. **LIBS/APXS:** Detected **sulphur, aluminium, calcium, iron**
   iii. **ILSA:** Recorded **lunar quakes**, rover hops
   iv. **RAMBHA:** Analysed **exosphere plasma**
5. **Data Table: Chandrayaan-3 Instruments & Findings**

Instrument	Purpose	Key Finding
ChaSTE	Heat probe	Temp: -4C to 50C
LIBS/APXS	Chemical analysis	Sulphur confirmed
ILSA	Seismic sensor	Lunar vibrations detected
RAMBHA-LP	Plasma density	Charged particles measured
Pragyan Rover	Surface mobility	100m travel, 8m crater found

6. **Economic Impact:** Mission cost **1/10th Artemis ($4.1B).** Generated **5 lakh jobs** (direct/indirect). **Make in India** – 75% indigenous components. **NewSpace India Ltd** commercialized PSLV.
7. **Global Recognition**: PM Modi named site **Shiva Shakti.** NASA shared images. **Arjun Award** for team. Missions planned: **Gaganyaan** (2025), **Shukrayaan** (Venus), **Mangalyaan-2.**
8. **Challenges Overcome:**
    - **Gimbal motors** redesigned post-Chandrayaan-2 failure
    - **Hazard detection** algorithm perfected
    - **14-day lunar night** survival (solar panels tilted)
9. **Future Implications**: Chandrayaan-3 data aids **Artemis Accords. Helium-3** potential for **fusion energy**. South pole water crucial for lunar base by 2040. India's **private sector** (Skyroot, Agnikul) accelerates innovation.
10. **Educational Revolution: ISRO NCERT partnership** integrated mission in curriculum. **1.5 crore students** watched live landing. **STEM enrollment** rose 28%. Women scientists (**14% team**) inspired girls in engineering.

Strategic Autonomy: Mission proved **ATLAS engine, scramjet tech.** Reduced foreign dependence 90%. **INSAT, GSAT** complement lunar ambitions.

Legacy: Chandrayaan-3 symbolizes **cost-effective innovation.** From **Aryabhata** (1975) to lunar south pole, India's space journey inspires **Global South.** As PM Modi declared, **"India's impossible is now possible,"** positioning nation as **space superpower**. Missions ahead: **Venus orbiter, human Moon landing** (2040).

Answer the following questions based on the passage above.

I Which country was NOT ahead of India in lunar soft-landing before Chandrayaan-3? 1

a) Soviet Union
b) USA
c) China
d) Japan

II What was Pragyan Rover's travel distance? 1

a) 50m
b) 100m
c) 200m
d) 500m

III What key element did LIBS/APXS confirm? 1

a) Water
b) Helium-3
c) Sulphur
d) Gold

IV What are the coordinates of Shiva Shakti Point? 1

V How many days did the mission survive lunar night? 1

VI Using the table, explain one major scientific contribution of ChaSTE. 2

VI I Find the word meaning "made domestically." (paragraph 6) 1

2 **Read the following carefully.** 7

COVID-19 Pandemic's Impact on Indian Education System

1. The COVID-19 pandemic, originating in Wuhan, China in late 2019, triggered unprecedented global lockdowns by March 2020. India reported its first case on January 30, 2020, leading to a nationwide lockdown announced by Prime Minister Narendra Modi on March 24. This 21-day (later extended) lockdown closed schools, colleges,

and universities, disrupting education for 1.6 billion students worldwide, with India bearing the heaviest burden at 320 million learners (UNESCO data).

2. Digital Divide Exposed: Pre-pandemic, India's Digital India initiative promised broadband connectivity, but ground reality differed sharply. Only 24% of rural households had internet access compared to 65% urban homes (NSSO 76th Round). The National Sample Survey revealed 450 million rural Indians lacked smartphones. Urban students accessed Zoom/Google Meet, while rural peers depended on radio or PM e-VIDYA DTH channels. DIKSHA portal registered 10 crore users, but smartphone ownership determined usage.
3. Learning Loss Quantification: A 215-day school closure (longest globally) caused 1.5 years learning loss (ASER 2021). Rural dropout rates surged 10.2% (Classes 6-8), with girls affected most. Pratham Foundation found Class 8 students reading at Class 2 level. Mental health crisis emerged: 43% students reported anxiety, 28% depression (Your DOST survey). Screen fatigue affected 62% urban students.
4. Government Response Measures:
    - PM e-VIDYA: Merged NROER, SWAYAM,
    - DIKSHA into one platform
    - NIPUN Bharat: Foundation literacy mission for 6 crore children
    - Samagra Shiksha: ₹37,383 crore allocation for digital infrastructure
    - NEP 2020: 6% GDP education spend, hybrid learning mandate

5. Case-Based Data Table:

Parameters	Rural India	Urban India	National Average
Internet Households	24%	65%	42%
Smartphone Ownership	31%	78%	49%
Online Classes Access	35%	82%	55%
Learning Loss (months)	18 months	12 months	15 months
Dropout Rate Increase	10.2%	3.8%	7.5%
Anxiety Prevalence	45%	38%	43%

6. Socio-Economic Impact: Migrant workers' reverse migration brought 1.2 crore children back to villages without schools. Mid-Day Meal Scheme served 11.8 crore children daily; suspension caused malnutrition rise 15% (NFHS-5). Girls faced double burden – household chores plus studies, with 22% early marriages reported (UNICEF).
7. Post-Pandemic Recovery: ASER 2022 showed slight improvement, but grade-level learning remains crisis-level. NEP 2020 emphasizes foundational literacy/numeracy by 2026-27. Budget 2025 allocated ₹1.28 lakh crore to education, prioritizing digital equity. States like Kerala (95% online coverage) succeeded through VICTERS channel, while Bihar (18% access) struggled.

8. Way Forward: Experts recommend hybrid model – 60% offline, 40% digital. Low-cost tablets (₹5,000) mandated for government schools. Teacher training via NISHTHA (2.2 million trained) crucial. Parental involvement, community learning centres, and solar-powered offline content address rural gaps. India's education system faces its greatest challenge since Independence, demanding urgent infrastructure investment and equity focus to prevent lost generation.

Answer the following questions based on the passage above.

I Which scheme merged multiple e-learning platforms? 1

a) Digital India
b) PM e-VIDYA
c) SWAYAM Prabha
d) Samagra Shiksha

II What was the primary cause of rural dropout surge? 1

a) Teacher absenteeism
b) Lack of internet access
c) Parental disinterest
d) Curriculum difficulty

III How many Indian students were affected by school closures? 1

IV What percentage of rural households had internet access? 1

V Using the data table, analyse the urban-rural digital divide impact. 2

VI Find the word from the passage meaning "happening very rarely or exceptionally." (paragraph 1) 1

SECTION B
WRITING SKILLS (15 marks)

All the names and addresses used in the questions are fictitious. Resemblance, if any, is purely coincidental.

3 You are Priya Singh/ Pratik Singh, Class Monitor of Class VIII-A, Mount Carmel School, Kolkata. During school excursion to Science City, you lost your new blue backpack containing your water bottle, notebook and some cash. Write a notice for the school notice board informing students about the 4

		loss, description of the item, place lost, and contact details for anyone who finds it. (Word limit: 50 words)	
4		You are Arjun Roy from Class IX-A, St. Xavier's School, Kolkata. The school library has been closed for repairs for the last two months. Write an application to the Principal requesting him to reopen the library as soon as possible since you and your classmates need to issue reference books for exam preparation. (Word limit: 120 words)	5
5		Write a paragraph on "My Favourite Festival" in about 150 words. Describe the celebrations in your city, family traditions, cultural significance, and why it is special to you.	6

SECTION C
GRAMMAR (15 marks)

6		**Rewrite the sentences using the adjectives given in brackets.**	5
	I	The man served children. (tall, bearded)	1
	II	Choose the right word from the dictionary. (heavy, blue)	1
	III	He did the work when he grew up. (hard, dirty)	1
	IV	The film was successful. (thrilling, suspense)	1
	V	There was a room on the first floor. (large, airy)	1
7		**Change the following sentences to passive voice.**	5
	I	The chef cooks delicious meals.	1
	II	She writes a letter every day.	1
	III	Someone stole my bike.	1
	IV	They are painting the house.	1
	V	People speak English all over the world.	1

8 **Fill in the blanks (i)-(v) with the correct options.** 5

Every morning, Rina (i) ____ up early and (ii) ____ for a jog (iii) ____ the park. (iv) ____ she returns, she prepares breakfast (v) ____ her family.
(i) (a) wake (b) wakes (c) woke (d) waking
(ii) (a) go (b) goes (c) going (d) went
(iii) (a) on (b) in (c) at (d) to
(iv) (a) When (b) Where (c) Why (d) What
(v) (a) to (b) for (c) with (d) by

SECTION D:
LITERATURE TEXTBOOK (35 Marks)

9 **Read the given extract and answer the questions briefly.** 15

A "I chatter, chatter, as I flow
To join the brimming river,
For men may come and men may go,
But I go on for ever."

(The Brook)

I Assertion (A): The poet repeats the line "For men may come and men may go, / But I go on for ever." 1
Reason (R): The repetition highlights the contrast between the short life of humans and the continuous flow of the brook.
a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.
c) A is true, but R is false.
d) A is false, but R is true.

II The word "brimming" in the extract suggests that the river is: 1

a) Almost dry
b) Full to the top
c) Narrow and shallow
d) Frozen and still

III Who is referred to 'I'? 1

IV Identify the rhyme scheme of the extract. 1

V Give one word from the extract that means "talk rapidly and continuously." 1

B "Darwin found these Islands to be the home of so many species – fur seals, rays, tortoises, herbivorous lizards, iguanas, and twenty-six species of unusual native birds – among which fourteen later became Darwin's finches."

(The Galapagos Adventures of Charles Darwin)

I Assertion (A): Darwin observed many different kinds of animals on these islands. 1
Reason (R): The islands were home to fur seals, rays, tortoises, herbivorous lizards, iguanas and twenty-six species of unusual native birds.
a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.
c) A is true, but R is false.
d) A is false, but R is true.

II In the extract, how many species of unusual native birds does Darwin mention on these islands? 1
a) Fourteen
b) Twenty-six
c) Forty
d) Twelve

III Which islands was Darwin referring to in the above extract? 1

IV How many of the species became Darwin's finches later? 1

V Give the synonym of the word 'unusual'. 1

C "Behold her, single in the field,
Yon solitary Highland Lass!
Reaping and singing by herself;
Stop here, or gently pass!
Alone she cuts and binds the grain,
And sings a melancholy strain;
O listen! for the Vale profound
Is overflowing with the sound."

(The Solitary Reaper)

I (A): The poet asks the reader to "Stop here, or gently pass!" 1
Reason

(R): He does not want anyone to disturb the girl's song, which fills the valley with its beauty.

a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.
c) A is true, but R is false.
d) A is false, but R is true.

II In this stanza, the girl is described as: 1

a) Working in a crowded field
b) Singing in a noisy market
c) Alone in the field, cutting and binding grain
d) Resting by the side of a river

III Who is the 'Highland Lass'? 1

IV What draws the poet's attention to the girl? 1

V Give one word from the extract that means "deep valley". 1

10 **Answer the following in 30-40 words.** 5×2=10

I 1. How did Icarus die? 2

II Who is referred to as 'I' in the poem and what does he do throughout the poem? 2

III What did Frantz notice that was unusual about the school that day? 2

IV Why did Darwin need inspiration in his career? 2

V Why does the poet call the reaper 'Solitary'? 2

11 **Answer *any two* of the three in 120 to 150 words.** 5×2=10

I 1. Why do you think Daedalus was comfortable being imprisoned in a cave, while he was not? 5

II After reading the story, how can you describe Monsieur Hamel's attachment with the class. 5

III Briefly describe the brook's journey in the poem's first few stanzas? 5

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NAME_____SEC_____ROLL NO____

CODE:A

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ANNUAL EXAMINATION : (2025-2026)
MATHEMATICS
CLASS: VIII

TIME: 3 HOURS **MAXIMUM MARKS: 80**

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GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

1) This question paper contains 38 questions. All questions are compulsory.
2) This question paper is divided into five Sections – A,B,C,D and E.
3) In Section A, Question no. 1 to 20 are MCQs carrying 1 mark each.
4) In Section B, Question no. 21 and 25 are Very Short Answer type (VSA) questions, carrying 2 marks each.
5) In Section C, Question no. 26 to 31 are Short Answer type (SA) questions, carrying 3 marks each.
6) In Section D, Question no. 32 to 35 are Long Answer type (LA) questions carrying 5 marks each.
7) In Section E, Question no. 36 to 38 are Case Based Questions carrying 4 marks each with sub-parts of the values of 1,1and 2 marks each respectively.
8) There is no overall choice. However, an internal choice in 2 questions of 5 marks, 2 questions of 3 marks and 2 questions of 2 marks has been provided. An internal choice has been provided in the 2 marks question of Section E.
9) Draw neat figures wherever required.
10) Take $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$ wherever required if not stated.

Section-A

1. 5% of a number is 9. The number is: 1
   (a) 45 (b) 90 (c) 135 (d) 180
2. The selling price of an article is (6/5) of the cost price. The gain percent is: 1
   (a) 25% (b) 20% (c) 22% (d) 110%
3. A scooter is bought for Rs. P and it depreciates at R% per annum. Find its value after n years. 1
   (a) $P(1-\frac{R}{200})^{2n}$ (b) $P(1-\frac{R}{200})^{n}$
   (c) $P(1-\frac{R}{100})^{2n}$ (d) $P(1-\frac{R}{100})^{n}$

4. If 64x8 is divisible by 3, then the least value of x is 1
a) 3 (b) 0 (c) 1 (d) 2

5. A pump can fill a tank in 2 hours. Due to leak in the tank it takes $2\frac{1}{3}$ hours to fill the tank. The leak can empty the tank in …….. hours. 1
(a)7 (b) 1 (c) $2\frac{1}{3}$ (d) 14

6. The sum of the angles of a quadrilateral is: 1
(a) 180^0 (b) 50^0 (c) 90^0 (d) 360^0

7. The area of rhombus is $120cm^2$ and one of its diagonal is 24cm, then the other diagonal is (in cm) 1
a) 10 (b) 12 (c) 15 (d) 13

8. The bisectors of any two adjacent angles of a parallelogram intersect at 1
(a) 180^0 (b) 50^0 (c) 90^0 (d) 60^0

9. Each interior angle of a regular decagon is 1
(a) 60^0 (b) 120^0 (c) 144^0 (d) 180^0

10. Factorise: $x^3 - 144x$ 1
(a)$x(x-12)^2$ (b) $x(x+12)^2$ (c) $x(x-12)(x+12)$ (d) $\{x(x+12)\}^2$

11. A cuboid is also known as a rectangular……. 1
(a)Pyramid (b) Prism (c) Square (d) Tetrahedron

12. The abscissa of (-3,0) is 1
a) 0 (b) -2 (c) 3 (d) -3

13 Number of diagonals in a pentagon: 1
(a)5 (b) 7 (c) 6 (d) 10

14 In a square ABCD, AB = (2x+3)cm and BC = (3x – 5)cm, then x is 1
a) 4 (b) 5 (c) 6 (d) 8

15 If 6x5 is divisible by 9, then the least value of x is 1
a) 4 (b) 0 (c) 1 (d) 7

16 The discount is always reckoned on: 1
(a)Selling Price (b) Marked Price
(c) Cost Price (d) Gain

17 6:5 when expressed as a percentage, is 1
(a)20% (b) 90% (c) 60% (d) 120%

18 If A's one day's work is (3/20), find the number of days in which A can finish the whole work. 1
(a)18 (b) $6\frac{2}{3}$ (c) $3\frac{1}{3}$ (d) 8

DIRECTION: In the question number 19 and 20, a statement of assertion(A) is followed by a statement of Reason(R).
Choose the correct option from the codes (a), (b), (c) and (d) as given below:
(a) Both Assertion and Reason are correct and Reason is correct explanation for Assertion.
(b) Both Assertion and Reason are correct and Reason is not correct explanation for Assertion.
(c) Assertion is true but Reason is false.
(d) Assertion is false but Reason is true.

19. A (Assertion): The ordinate of a point (1,3) is 3. 1
R (Reason): The ordinate of a point is its distance from the x-axis.

20. A (Assertion): The class size of class interval 10-15 is 2.5 1
R (Reason): The class size of a class interval is the difference between the upper limit and lower limit of its class interval.

Section-B

21. Find the amount on Rs.12800 for 2 years at $7\frac{1}{2}$ % per annum compounded semi-annually. 2

OR

Find the amount on Rs.9000 for 2years 4months at 10% per annum compounded annually.

22. Find the sum of all interior angles of a regular hexagon. 2

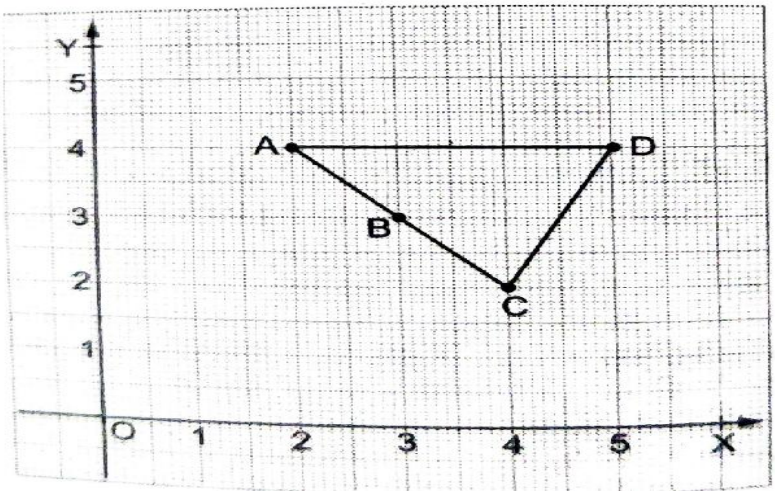
23. The four angles of a quadrilateral are in the ratio 2:3:5:8, find the measure of all the angles. 2

OR

Three angles of a quadrilateral are equal and the measure of the fourth angle is 120^0, find all the angles of the quadrilateral.

24. Write the number of faces and vertices of a square pyramid. 2

25. Write the co-ordinates of A ,B , C and D. 2



Section-C

26. A two digit number is 3 more than 4 times the sum of its digits. If 18 is added to the number, its digits are reversed. Find the number. 3

27. Factorise: $z^2 + z + \frac{1}{4}$ 3

OR

Factorise: $x^2 - y^2 - 2y - 1$

28. Divide Rs.7000 among A, B and C such that A gets 50% of what B gets and B gets 50% of what C gets. 3

29. A, B and C can do a piece of work in15, 12 and 20 days respectively. They started the work together, but C left after 2 days. In how many days will the remaining work be completed by A and B? 3

OR

A and B can do a piece of work in 12 days; B and C can do it in 15 days while C and A can finish it in 20 days. In how many days will A, B and C finish it, working together?

30. The lengths of the diagonals of a rhombus are 16cm and 12cm respectively. Find the length of each of its sides. 3

31. Consider the following table and draw a line graph for it. 3

INPUT	1	2	4	5	7
OUTPUT	2	5	11	14	20

Section-D

32. Ravi buys 40kg of wheat at Rs.12.50 per kg and 30kg at Rs.14per kg. At what rate per kg should he sell the mixture to gain 5% on the whole? 5

OR

Ravi purchased two bags for Rs.1500 each. He sold these bags, gaining 8% on one and losing 4% on other. Find his gain or loss percent in the whole transaction.

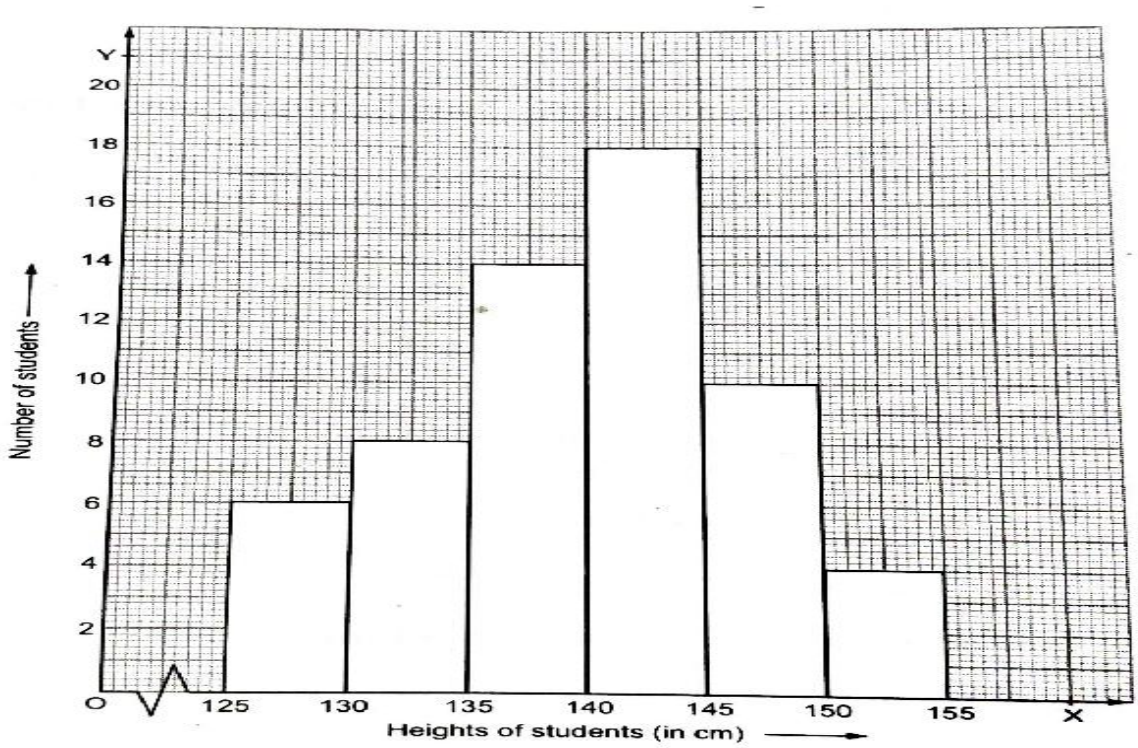
33. The simple interest on a sum of money for 3 years at 12% per annum is Rs. 6750. What will be the compound interest on the same sum at the same rate for the same period, compounded annually? 5

OR

The difference between the compound interest and the simple interest on a certain sum for 3 years at 10% per annum is Rs.93. Find the sum.

34. The parallel sides of a trapezium are 25cm and 11cm. Its non-parallel sides are 15cm and 13cm. Find the area of the trapezium. 5

35. Look at the histogram given below and answer the questions that follow: 5



(a)What information is being given by the histogram?
(b) How many students have height more than or equal to 135cm?
(c) Which class interval has least number of students?
(d) How many students have height less than or equal to140cm?
(e) Which class interval has maximum number of students?

Section-E

36. Rohit went to a wholesale market and purchased a TV for Rs 24000 and sold it for Rs 30000 to Rishabh. After few weeks due to some reason Rishabh has to sell the same TV to Arjun at loss of Rs 24000. Based on the above information answer the following questions. 4

(a) If Rohit directly sell the TV to Arjun for 24000 then whether it would be profit or loss.
(b) VAT is charged on which of the following :
gain or selling price of the item.
(c) Find the profit and profit percent for Rohit.

OR

Find the loss and loss percent for Rishabh.

37. A cistern can be filled by two taps A and B in 12 hours and 16 hours respectively. The full cistern can be emptied by a third tap C in 8 hours. On the basis of the above information, solve the following questions: 4

(a) How much time tap A and B together take to fill the cistern?

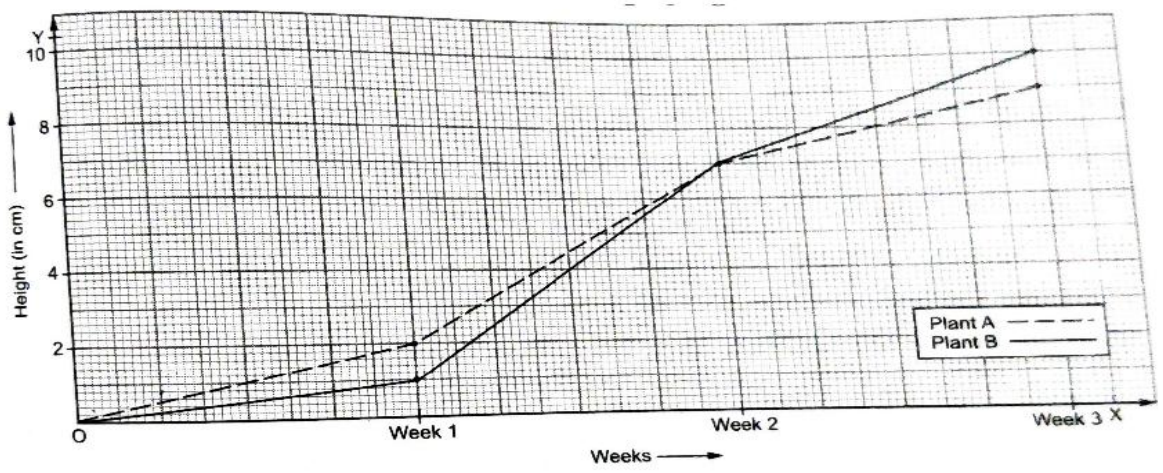
(b) Find tap C's 1 hour's work.

(c) If tap A and B together are opened for 2 hours and then tap A is closed, in how much time will tap B fill the remaining part of the cistern?

OR

If tap A, B and C together are turned on at the same time, in how much time will the empty cistern be filled up completely?

38. For an experiment in Botany, two different plants, plant A and plant B, were grown under similar laboratory conditions. Their heights were measured at the end of each week for three weeks. The results were shown by the line graph given below: 4



On the basis of above information answer the following questions:

(a)How high was plant A after 2 weeks?

(b) How high was plant B after 3 weeks?

(c) How much did plant B grow from end of the 2nd week to the end of 3rd week?

OR

How much did plant A grow from end of the 1st week to the end of 2nd week?

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NAME_____SEC_____ROLL NO.____

CODE:B

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2025 – 2026)
MATHEMATICS
CLASS: VIII

TIME: 03 HOURS **MAX MARKS: 80**

General Instructions:

Read the following instructions very carefully and strictly follow them:

i) This question paper contains 20 questions and all the questions are compulsory.

ii) This question paper is divided into 05 sections – A, B, C, D and E.

iii) In Section A, Question No. 01 to 20 are MCQs and Question No. 19 and 20 are Assertion-Reason based questions of 01 mark each.

iv) In section B, Question No. 21 to 25 are Very Short Answer (VSA) type questions carrying 02 marks each.

v) In section C, Question No. 26 to 31 are Short Answer (SA) type question carrying 03 marks each.

vi) In Section D, Question No. 32 to 35 is Long Answer (LA) type questions carrying 05 marks each.

vii) In section E, Question No. 36 to 38 is Case based Questions (CBQ) carrying 04 marks with sub-parts of the values of 01, 01 and 02 marks each respectively with one internal choice for 02-mark question.

viii) There is no overall choice. However, two internal choices are provided in 05 marks, 03 marks and 02 marks questions.

ix) Draw a clear diagram for the questions wherever applicable. Take $\pi=22/7$ wherever required, if not stated.

x) Use of calculator is not allowed.

SECTION-A 1

1 What per cent of 45 is 54? 1

a) $(83\frac{1}{3})\%$ b) 104% c) 108% d) 120%

2 5% of which number is 12? 1

(a) 120 (b) 180 (c) 240 (d) 320

3 A bat is bought for ₹120 and sold for ₹105. The loss per cent is 1

(a) 15% (b) $12\frac{1}{2}\%$ (c) $16\frac{2}{3}\%$ (d) $(14\frac{1}{5})\%$

4 A bookseller sells a book for ₹ 100, gaining ₹ 20. His gain % is 1
(a) 10% (b) 25% (c) 22% (d) 30%

5 If the compound interest on a certain sum for 2 years at 10% per annum is ₹ 1050, the sum is 1
(a) ₹3000. (b) ₹4000. (c) ₹5000. (d) ₹6000

6 If 5x6 is exactly divisible by 3. then the least value of x is 1
(a) 0. (b) 1. (c) 2. (d) 3

7 A and B together can do a piece of work in 12 days: B and C can do it in 20 days while Cand A can do it in 15 days. A, B and C all working together can do it in 1
(a) 6 days. (b) 9 days (c) 10 days. (d) 10.5 days

8 Two adjacent angles of a parallelograms are $(2x+25)^\circ$ and $(3x-5)^\circ$. Find the value of x. 1
a)28 b) 32 c) 36 d) 42

9 ab-a-b+1=? 1
(a) (a - 1)(b - 1) (b) (1 - a)(1 - b) (c) (a - 1)(1 - b)
(d) (1 - a)(b - 1)

10 If 4 xy7 is exactly divisible by 3, then the least value of (x + y) is 1
(a) 1. (b) 4. (c) 5. (d) 7

11 If an angle of a parallelogram is two-thirds of its adjacent angle, the smallest angle of the parallelogram is 1
(a) 54° (b) 72° (c) 81° (d) 108°

12 3 men or 5 women can do a work in 12 days. How long will 6 men and 5 women take to 1
(a) 6 days. (b) 5 days. (c) 4 days. (d) 3 days

13 The three angles of a quadrilateral are 76°,54°and108°. Find the measure of the fourth angle. 1
a)122^o b) 20^o c)100^o d)80^o

14 The parallel sides of a trapezium measure 14 cm and 18 cm and the distance between them is 9 cm. The area of the trapezium is 1
a) 96 cm^2 (b) 144 cm^2 (c)189 cm^2 (d) 207 cm^2

15 What will be the value of each interior angle of a regular decagon? 1
a)60^o b) 120^o c) 144^o d) 180^o

16 How many vertices are there in a cuboid? 1
a)4 b) 8 c) 6 d)12

17 A collection of numerical figures giving some particular type of informatton is called 1

a) Data b) Array c) Observation d) Frequecny

18 Each Interior angle of a polygon is 135^0. How many sides does it have? 1

(a) 8 (b) 7 (c) 6 (d) 10

19 Assertion(A): Both (3.0) and (-3, 0) lie on the x-axis. 1
Reason(R): Every point on the x-axis has its y-coordinate zero.
I) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
II) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is not the correct explanation
III) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
IV) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true.

20 Assertion(A): The class mark of the interval 40-45 is 42.5. 1
Reason(R): The mid value of a class is called its class mark.
I) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
II) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is not the correct explanation
III) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
IV) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true.

SECTION-B

21 Find the amount of ₹ 8000 for 3 years, compounded annually at 10% per annum. 2

OR

Find the amount of ₹ 2500 for 2 years at 10% per annum, compounded annually.

22 Prove that the sum of the angles of a quadrilateral is 360° . 2

OR

The angles of a quadrilateral are in the ratio 3:5:7:9. Find the measure of each these angles

23 Is it possible to have a regular polygon each of whose exterior angles is 25°? 2

24 How many edges and faces are there in a cube. 2

25 In which quadrant (4, −1) and (−2, 3) lie? 2

SECTION-C

26 The ratio of two sides of a parallelogram is 4:3. if its perimeter is 56 cm, find the lengths of longer side. 3

27 Factorise: $7x^2 - 19x - 6$ 3

OR

Factorise: $9a^2 - b^2 + 4b - 4$

28 The salary of an officer is increased by 25%. By what per cent should the new salary be decreased to restore the original salary? 3

29 The sum of the digits of a two-digit number is 15. The number obtained by interchanging its digits exceeds the given number is 9. Find the original number. 3

30 Plot a line graph for the variables x and y, where y = 2x + 1. Using the graph, find the value of y, when x = 5 and find x, when y = 13. 3

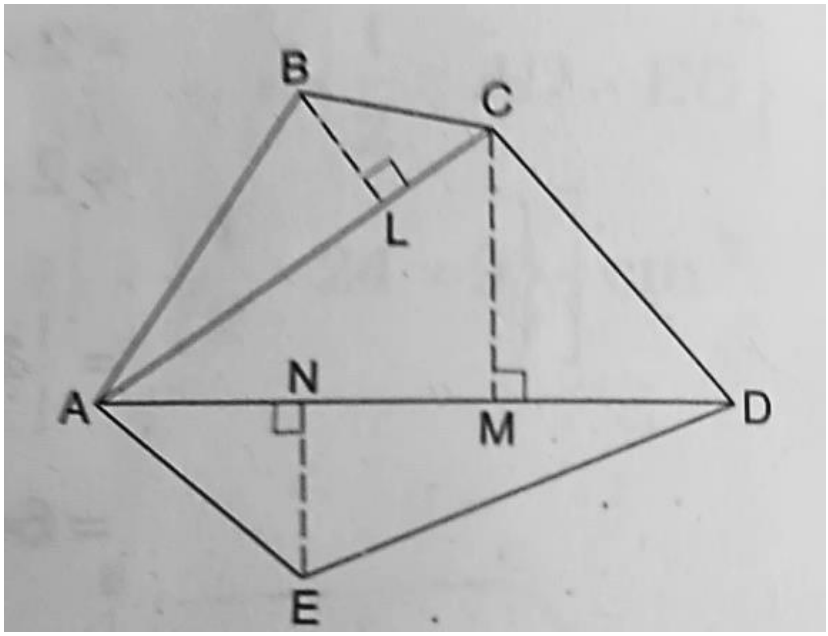
31 A and B can finish a piece of work in 16 days and 12 days respectively. A started the work and worked at it for 2 days. He was then joined by B. Find the total time taken to finish the work. 3

OR

A can do a piece of work in 25 days and B can finish it in 20 days. They work together for 5 days and then A leaves. In how many days will B finish the remaining work?

SECTION-D

32 Find area of pentagon ABCDE in which BL perp AC . CM perpendicular to AD and EN perpendicular to AD such that AC = 10cm AD = 12 cm, BL = 3cm, CM = 7 cm and EN = 5cm. 5



33 Find the amount and the compound interest on Rs 6000 for 1 year at 10% per annum compounded half- yearly.

OR 5

Arun took a loan of Rs 390625 from Kuber Finance. If the company charges interest at 16% per annum, compounded quarterly, what amount will discharge his debt after one year?

34 The marks obtained by 60 students of a class in a mathematics test are given below:

Marks	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70
No. Of Student	7	11	9	13	16	4

5

Represent the above data by means of a histogram.

35 A dealer purchased a washing machine for Rs.7660. He allows a discount of 12% on its marked price and still gains 10%. Find the marked price of the machine. 5

OR

How much percent above the cost price should a shopkeeper mark his goods so that after allowing a discount of 25% on the marked price, he gains 20%?

SECTION-E

36 Ramesh went to see a movie. He wanted to purchased a movie ticket for Rs. 80. As the ticket for Rs. 80 was not available, he purchased a ticket for Rs. 120 of upper class. (GST for a ticket below Rs. 100 is 18% and GST for a ticket above Rs. 100 is 28%)

i) How much GST did he pay for Rs. 120 ticket?

ii) How much GST did he had to pay, if he had been able to get Rs. 80 ticket? 1

iii) What is the total price of the tickethe had purchased? 1

OR

What will be total price one of Rs. 80 ticket and two Rs. 120 tickets including GST? 2

37 Two labourers, Sohan and Mohan, were employed to dig a trench. Sohan alone can dig it in 10 days while Mohan alone can dig it in 15 days. In order to complete the job quickly both were hired together. They worked together, dug the trench and were paid Rs. 4000 altogether for the job. Mohan insisted that the money be divided equally between both of them as they had worked for the same time but Sohan said that he should get a bigger share, as the quantum of work done by him was greater.

i) How many days did both of them together take to dig the trench? 1

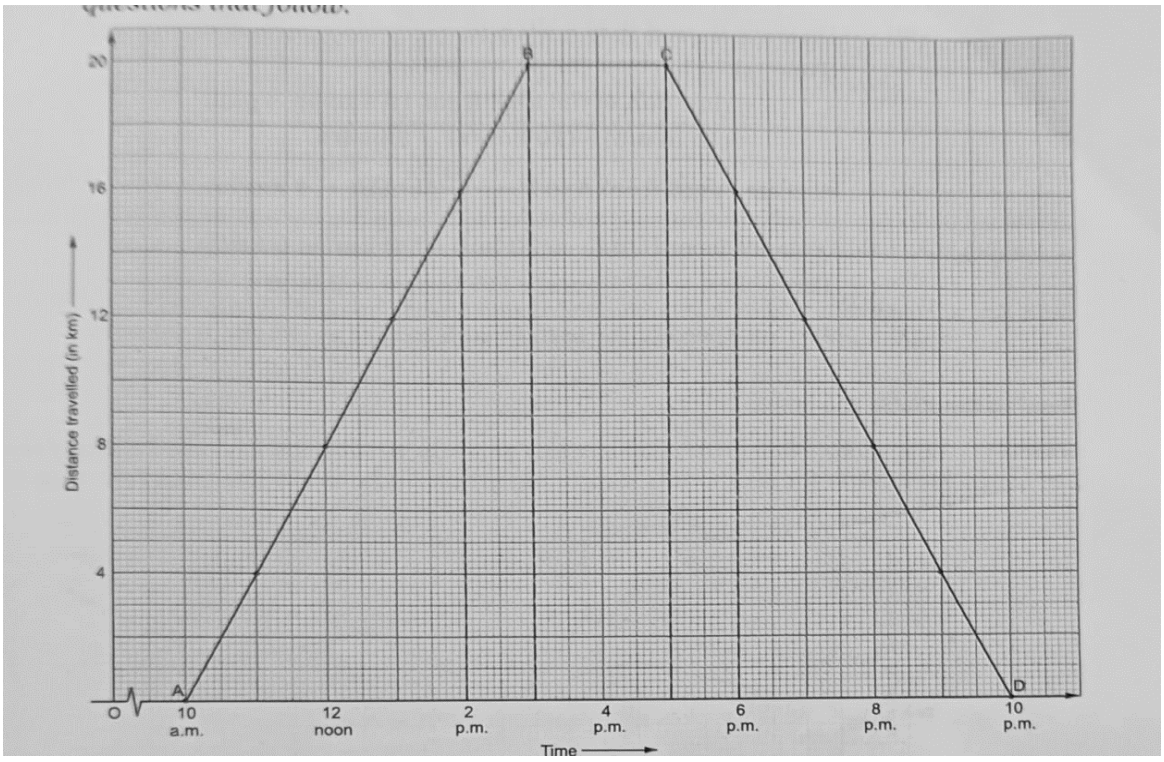
ii) What fraction of the trench was dug by Mohan? 1

iii) What should be the fair share of Mohan and Sohan respectively in the total amount received for the job? 2

OR

Had Sohan and Mohan worked on the job on alternate days, how much time would they have taken to dig the trench?

38 The graph given below shows the journey of a man who started from his home and returned at the end of the day. Study the graph carefully and answer the questions that follow.



i) At what time did the man start from his home?
ii) What was the total distance travelled by him during the day?
iii) ow much distance did he travel in the first 8 hours of his journey? 1 1

OR

Calculate the average speed of the man from (a) A to B 2

NAME_____SEC_____ROLL NO___

CODE:A

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
ANNUAL EXAMINATION:(2025-2026)
SCIENCE
CLASS: VIII

Time : 3 HOURS **Maximum Marks:80**

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General Instructions:

*i. This question paper consists of **39** questions. Section A is Biology, Section B is Chemistry and Section C is Physics.*

ii. All questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice is provided in some questions. A student is expected to attempt only one of these questions.

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SECTION-A

1. Sets of reproductive terms are given below. Choose the set that has an incorrect combination 1
   A. Sperm, testis, sperm duct, penis
   B. Menstruation, egg, oviduct, uterus
   C. Sperm, oviduct, egg, uterus
   D. Ovulation, egg, oviduct, uterus
2. For the metamorphosis of tadpoles, which of the following elements must be available in water? 1
   A. Chlorine
   B. Carbon
   C. Sulphur
   D. Iodine
3. _____ is the connection between mother and growing foetus providing nourishment to the developing foetus. 1
   A. Placenta
   B. Oviduct
   C. Uterus
   D. Ovary
4. After fertilisation, the resulting cell which gives rise to a new individual is the 1
   A. Embryo
   B. Ovum
   C. Foetus
   D. Zygote

5. Where does budding take place? 1

A. Amoeba
B. Hydra
C. Frog
D. Dog

6. The most conspicuous visible change that occurs in boys during puberty is 1

A. Development in voice box
B. Increase in height
C. Production of sperms
D. Increased sweating

7. The hormone that helps the body to adjust to stress when one is very angry, embarrassed or worried : 1

A. Insulin
B. Adrenaline
C. Thyroxine
D. Testosterone

The following two questions consist of two statements-– Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Answer these questions by selecting the appropriate option given below:

A. Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.

B. Both A and R are true, and R is not the correct explanation of A.

C. A is true but R is false.

D. A is false but R is true.

8. **Assertion(A):** Hormones are secretions of exocrine glands. 1
Reason(R): Hormones are poured directly into the blood stream.

9. **Assertion(A):** Each sperm is a single cell with all the usual cell components. 1
Reason(R): Millions of sperms are produced by the testes.

10. A student observes a frog laying eggs in water and a dog giving birth to live puppies. Explain the difference in the reproductive strategies naming the types of reproduction involved. 2

11. *Students to attempt either option A or B* 2

A. Is it right that the reproductive life of a woman lasts from menarche to menopause? Justify.

OR

B. Write a short note on secondary sexual characters.

12. Is AIDS a communicable disease? Give reasons. 2

13. Why do boys have a hoarse voice at puberty? 3

14. A. Name the different stages in the life cycle of a frog? 3
What is this phenomenon called?

B. Discuss the characteristic features of the egg laid by a frog.

15. Inside the fertilised egg or zygote is the instruction for determining the sex of the baby. This instruction is present in the thread like structures called chromosomes in the fertilized egg. Chromosomes are present inside the nucleus of every cell. 4

Attempt either subpart A or B

A. How can you say that the sex chromosomes of the father determine the sex of an unborn baby.

OR

B. What are the types of chromosomes present in the egg and the sperm?

C. How many chromosomes are present in each cell of a human being?

D. Name the sex chromosomes found in a human male and female.

16. *Attempt either option A or B* 5

A. A scientist notices a single celled organism splitting into two identical cells after its nucleus divides.
What type of reproduction is this?
Give an example of an organism undergoing this type of reproduction and draw the related diagram with proper labels.

OR

B. (i)Draw the female reproductive organs in humans and label the following:
(a)which produces female gametes
(b)where development of the baby takes place
(c)where matured egg is released.
(ii)Discuss the difference between an embryo and a foetus.

SECTION – B [CHEMISTRY]

17. Which substance gives heat and light after combustion? 1
(a) Flame (b) Fuel (c) Combustion (d) Energy

18. Adding common salt to distilled water make it 1
(a) good conductor (b) poor conductor
(c) insulator (d) acidic

19. Burning of coal in a closed room will produce 1
(a) sulphur dioxide (b) nitrogen dioxide
(c) carbon monoxide (d) methane

20. Which of the following does not conduct electricity? 1
(a) Sugar solution (b) Vinegar solution
(c) Lemon juice solution (d) Caustic soda solution

21. An electrolyte is 1
(a) a metal (b) a fuel
(c) a liquid that conduct current (d) a non metal

22. Electroplating is based on 1
(a) heating effect of electric current
(b) chemical effect of electric current
(c) physical effect of electric current
(d) magnetic effect of electric current

23. Why do we add a little dilute sulphuric acid to copper sulphate solution during electroplating? 1
(a) To increase acidity (b) To increase conductivity
(c) So that colour become more prominent
(d)To burn copper sulphate

The following question consists of two statements – Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Answer the question by selecting the appropriate options given below:

(a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A
(b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A
(c) A is true but R is false
(d) A is false but R is true

24. **Assertion (A):** Chromium plating is done on bath taps. 1
Reason (R): Chromium helps to avoid corrosion.

25. It is difficult to burn a heap of green leaves but dry leaves catch fire easily. Explain. 2

26. <u>Students to attempt either option A or B</u> 3

A. Define calorific value. Write its unit.

OR

B. Write the characteristics of a good fuel.

27. What is an electric tester? How can a magnetic compass act as a current detector? 3

28. Rashi wanted to purchase a gold necklace and earrings for wearing on the occasion of school annual function programme. But she found it too costly and beyond her capacity. Her friend, Rishav suggested her to purchase electroplated gold jewellery which is cheap and gives the look of original jewellery. 4

A. Name any two metals which are used for electroplating.

Attempt either subpart B or C

B. Define electroplating.

OR

C. Mention any two applications of electroplating.
D. State the basic principle of electroplating.

29. Attempt either option A or B. 5

A. Define ignition temperature. What are inflammable substances? Give two examples.

OR

B. Explain how the use of CNG in automobiles has reduced pollution in our cities.
Explain how CO_2 is able to control fire.

SECTION – C [PHYSICS]

30. The charge acquired by a glass rod when it is rubbed with silk is 1
(a) negative (b) positive (c) both
(d) any one type of charge can be acquired

31. Lightning occurs due to 1
(a) electric discharge (b) rain (c) wind (d) Lord Varun's anger

The following question consists of two statements – Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Answer the question by selecting the appropriate options given below:

(a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A
(b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A
(c) A is true but R is false
(d) A is false but R is true

32. **Assertion (A):** Rainbow is the natural phenomenon of dispersion. 1
Reason (R): Rainbow consists of seven colours of light occurs due to splitting of Sunlight into its colours.

33. Where in the eye blind spot located? Why they called so? 2

34. Students to attempt either option A or B 2

A. Sometimes a cracking sound is heard while taking off a sweater during winter. Explain.

OR

B. Explain why a charged body loses its charge if we touch it with our hand.

35. Differentiate between regular and diffused reflection. Does diffused reflection mean the failure of the laws of reflection? Why or why not? 3

36. Enlist three measures that we should follow to take care of our eyes. 3

37. Suggest three measures to protect ourselves from lightning. 3

38. There is a very interesting relation between the angle of incident and angle of reflection. If the experiment is carried out carefully it is seen that the angle of incidence is always equal to the angle of reflection. This is one of the laws of reflection. 4

A. What is angle of incidence?
B. What is angle of reflection?
Attempt either subpart C or D
C. Draw a ray diagram to show angle of incidence, angle of reflection, incident ray and reflected ray.

OR

D. State the laws of reflection of light.

39. Attempt either option A or B. 5

A. Define a lightning conductor. Draw and describe how does it works.

OR

B. Describe with the help of diagram an instrument which can be used to detect a charged body.

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NAME_____SEC_____ROLL NO_____

CODE:B

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
ANNUAL EXAMINATION: [2025 -2026]
SCIENCE
CLASS :VIII

Time : 3 Hours **Maximum Marks: 80**

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General Instructions:

i) This question paper consists of 39 questions. Section A is Biology, Section B is Chemistry and Section C is Physics.

ii) All questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice is provided in some questions. A student is expected to attempt only one of these.

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SECTION – A [BIOLOGY]

1. Fetus is the 1
(a) well developed embryo (b) developing embryo
(c) a zygote (d) male gamete

2. There are ___ pairs of chromosomes in human cell 1
(a) 22 (b) 23 (c) 46 (d) 24

3. Egg is formed in the 1
(a) testes (b) penis (c) ovary (d) cervix

4. Tadpole is the developing state of 1
(a) dogs (b) cats (c) frogs (d) humans

5. Where the fusion of male and female gametes does generally takes place? 1
(a) Fallopian tube (b) Ovary (c) Uterus (d) Zygote

6. Thyroxin produced by 1
(a) Pituitary gland (b) Adrenal gland
(c) Thyroid gland (d) Testes

7. Larynx is called 1
(a) voice box (b) music box (c) respiratory box (d) call box

The following two questions consists of two statements – Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Answer these questions by selecting the appropriate options given below:

(a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A
(b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A
(c) A is true but R is false
(d) A is false but R is true

8. **Assertion (A):** Father is responsible for the determination of sex of a child. 1
Reason (R): Sperm have either 22+ X or 22+Y chromosomes.

9. **Assertion (A):** External fertilisation occurs in aquatic animals. 1
Reason (R): Fertilisation in water helps the sperms to reach the egg easily.

10. Define metamorphosis. 2

11. Students to attempt either option A or B 2

A. Define adolescence.

OR

B. Explain what menstruation is.

12. What are secondary sexual characters in males? 2

13. Where are thyroid and adrenal glands located in our body? Name the hormones released by these glands with their effects. 3

14. Describe the process of fertilisation in human being. 3

15. Aditya and Neha were classmates since childhood. When Neha became thirteen years old, she developed a little swelling on her neck. She visited a doctor who started medication for her. After few days, Aditya also developed a slight protrusion on his throat. He got worried and went to the doctor. But this time, the doctor assured him that it is a normal feature in boys while they are growing up. 4

Attempt either subpart A or B

A. Can you think of any reason for the difference in their diagnosis?

OR

B. Why did the doctor start treatment in case of Neha whereas he considered Aditya as normal case?

C. Name the part of the neck which swells up during the age of adolescence in boys?

D. Mention any one change that happened in case of girls during adolescence.

16. Attempt either option A or B. 5

A. Define asexual reproduction. Describe two methods of asexual reproduction in animals.

OR

B. Draw and describe female reproductive organs of human being.

SECTION – B [CHEMISTRY]

17. Which of the following is a constituent of safety matches? 1
a) antimony tri sulphide b) sodium chloride
c)calcium sulphide d) calcium carbonate.

18 An example of a good electrolyte is:- 1
a) distil water b) sugar solution c) salt solution d) oil

19. The fuel with the highest calorific value is:- 1
a) methane b)CNG c)biogas d)hydrogen

20. Which of the following changes is a chemical change :- 1
a) heating of wire
b) b)deflection of compass needle
c) formation of gas bubbles in a solution
d) glowing of a bulb.

21. Electroplating is mainly used to:- 1
a) increase the weight of objects
b) improve appearance and prevent corrosion
c) reduce conductivity
d)change of shape of objects

22. When electric current is passed through copper sulphate solution, copper gets deposited – 1

a) on the positive electrode
b) b) negative electrode
c)both electrodes
d) solution.

23. The process of depositing a layer of metal on another material using electricity is called 1
a) Electrolysis b)Electroplating c) Electrolyte d) Insulation

Following question consists of two statements one is Assertion ((A) and the other is Reason(R) Answer these questions b selecting the appropriate options given below.

a) Both A and R is true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
b) Both A and R is true, and R is not the correct explanation of A.
c) A is true and R is false.
d)A is false and R is true

24 **Assertion:-** A bulb may not glow even if electric current is flowing through the solution. 1
Reason:- The current flowing through the solution may be weak.

25. What is global warming? Which gas is responsible for the effect? 2

26. Explain the different zones of a candle with the diagram. 3

OR

Differentiate between rapid combustion ,spontaneous combustion and explosion

27. How can you test whether the liquid conducts electricity or not? 3

28. **Case-Based Question** 4

Meena visited a factory where iron spoons were being coated with a thin layer of chromium using electricity. She observed that the spoons were first cleaned thoroughly and then dipped into a solution containing a chromium salt. The spoons were connected to the negative terminal of a battery, while a chromium plate was connected to the positive terminal. When electric current was passed through the solution for some time, a shiny layer formed on the spoons.

Answer the following questions:

(a) Name the process used to coat the iron spoons with chromium. (1)

(b) What was the role of the chromium plate connected to the positive terminal? (2)

OR

c) Write two advantages of chromium electroplating on iron objects. (2)

(d) Why was the spoon connected to the negative terminal of the battery? (1)

29 What is ignition temperature? What happens when a empty paper cup is heated? What will happen if a little water is poured in the paper cup and then heated? Is there any difference in observation? if so, Explain 5

OR

Burning of fuels often leads to harmful product. Explain giving some examples

SECTION C (PHYSICS)

30 The shaking of earth which lasts for a very short time is called 1

a) tsunami
b) valcano
c) earthquake
d) all of these

31 Lightening occurs when two charges meet. They are 1

a) both positive
b) both negative
c) one positive and other negative
d) none

32 **Assertion(A):** The day birds like eagle, pigeon etc. have more cones and fewer rods. 1

Reason(R): Cones are sensitive to bright light.

a) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true, and reason (R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A).

b) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true, but reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A).

c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false.

d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true.

33		Can you explain how reflection from the two mirrors enables you to see objects which are not visible directly? Give an example.	2
34		Attempt anyone A or B	2
	A)	Sometimes a crackling sound is heard while taking off sweater during winters. Explain.	
		OR	
	B)	Suggest two measures to protect ourselves from lightening.	
35		Explain how you can take care of your eyes.	3
36		Give reason, why a night bird(owl) can see very well in the night but not during the day.	3
37		Name the scale on which the destructive energy of an earthquake is measured. An earthquake measures 3 on this scale. Would it be recorded by a seismograph? Is it likely to cause much damage?	3
38		Sometimes, particularly in old age eyesight becomes foggy. It is due to the eye lens becoming cloudy. It is possible to treat this defect. Modern technology has made the procedure simpler and safer.	4
	A)	What is the condition described in the passage?	
	B)	What happens to the eye lens in the above case?	
	C)	How it is possible to treat this defect?	
		OR	
		What happens when a person suffers from the above disease?	
39		a) What is earthing? Why earthing is provided in buildings?	5
		b) Explain why a charged body loses its charge if we touch it with our hand.	
		OR	
		a) What causes an Earthquake?	
		b) Draw a labelled diagram of the structure of the earth.	

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NAME_____SEC_____ROLL NO_____

CODE:A

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL,BURNPUR
ANNUAL EXAMINATION [2025-2026]
SOCIAL SCIENCE
CLASS - VIII

Time: 3 Hours **Maximum Marks :80**

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GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

1) THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF TWO SECTION- A AND B. SECTION - A IS FROM HISTORY AND CIVICS . SECTION -B IS FROM GEOGRAPHY AND DISASTER MANAGEMENT.
2) BOTH SECTIONS ARE COMPULSORY. ATTEMPT ALL QUESTIONS.
3) QUESTION NO. 17 AND 34 ARE MAP BASED QUESTION. WRITE THE NAMES OF THE PLACES IN THE MAP AND ATTACH THE MAP WITH THE ANSWER SHEET.

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SECTION – A

1. Which of the following states were annexed through the policy of doctrine of lapse ? 1
   a) Jhansi
   b) Satara
   c) Awadh
   d) All of these
2. The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court is appointed by the ---------- 1
   a) Chief Minister
   b) Governor
   c) President
   d) Home Minister

3. Identify this historic event started by Mahatma Gandhi 1



a) Protest against Simon Commission
b) Dandi March ,1930
c) Second Round Table Conference
d) Jallianwala Bagh Massacre

4. Choose the correct statement :- 1

a) Tribals are also known as adivasis
b) Article 30 abolishes untouchability .
c) The full form of OBC is Outer Backward Classes.
d) Bhopal gas tragedy took place in the year 2003.

5. Arrange the events in correct chronological order :- 1

i) The Indian National Congress was founded
ii) Formation of the Muslim League
iii) Partition of Bengal
iv) The Congress under the leadership of Mahatma Gandhi passed the 'Quit India' resolution

a) i , iii , ii , iv
b) ii , i , iv , iii
c) iii , iv , i , ii
d) iv , iii , ii , i

6. In the given question, there are two statements marked as Assertion(A) and Reason(R). 1

Read the statements and choose the correct code.

Assertion(A): National Health Policy aims at achieving an acceptable standard of good health .

Reason(R): Efforts made by the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare , several diseases including rabies , leprosy, polio have been brought under control.

a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
c) A is true, but R is false.
d) A is false, but R is true

7. Complete the table 1

COLUMN - A	COLUMN - B
I) ----------	i) Amar Jiban
II) _____	ii) Ram Krishna Mission

a) I- Tarabai Shinde II – Jyotirao Phule
b) I- Rassundari Debi II – Swami Vivekananda
c) I- Pandita Ramabai II - Dadabhai Naoroji
d) I- Thomas Paine II – Raja Ram Mohan Roy

8. How did Mahatma Gandhi contribute to the upliftment of the untouchables of India ? 2

9. What does 2001 census say about the children between 4 to 14 years ? 2

10. What qualifications are required to be the judge of the Supreme Court ? 2

11. Write two points to show the importance of agriculture . 2

12. Distinguish between civil and criminal cases . 3

OR

How can we ensure independence of Judiciary ?

13. What was the impact of Bhopal Gas Tragedy on the local people ? 3

14. i) Write any three qualities of a true Satyagrahi . 3

ii) Why did Lord Curzon want to partition Bengal ? 2

15. i) List down any three important features of NITI Aayog . 3

ii) What is Green Revolution ? 2

16. **Read the passage and answer the questions that follow :-**

Pathshalas were the schools where classes were held in open or in a private house . The higher sections of the society preferred their boys to be taught at home by private teachers or preferred them to be sent to Gurukul where special tutors were available. The pupils mainly learnt the religious and mythological stories and some pahadas (arithmetic tables). They used to learn shlokas, dohas, chaupayis, etc.

i) What were the pathshalas? 1

ii) What did the pupils mainly learnt ? 1

iii) What did the higher sections of the society preferred for their boys ? 2

17. In the political map of India , identify and write the main centers related to the Revolt of 1857 and attach the map with the answer sheet . 1x55

Gwalior
Delhi
Jhansi
Meerut

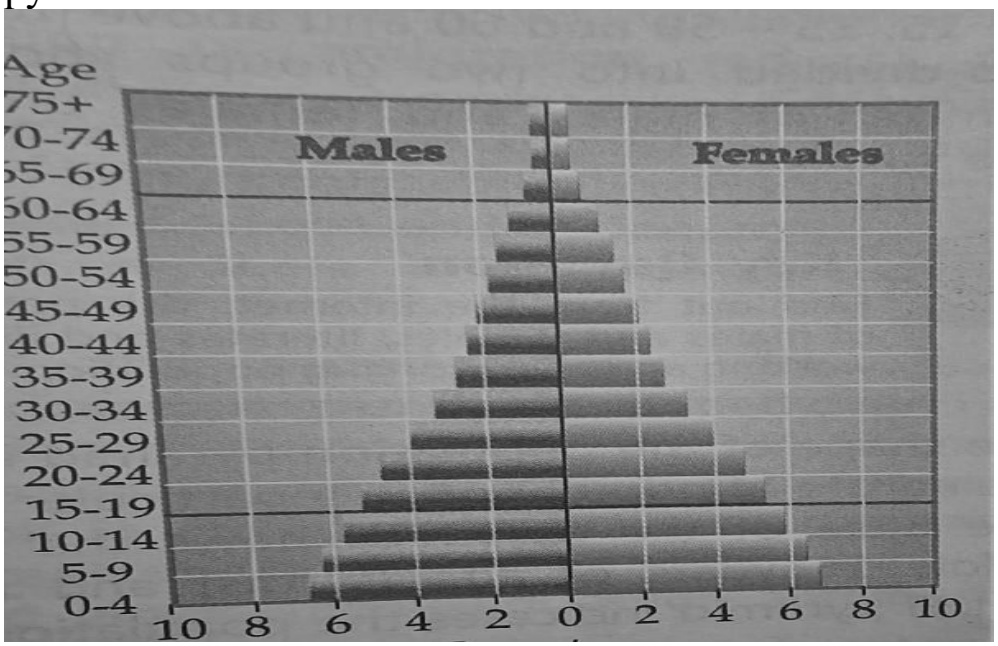
SECTION-B

18. Complete the table and choose the correct option. 1

Rice	Food crop
Cotton	?

a. Beverage crop
b. Fibre crop
c. Millet
d. Food crop

19 Identify the country which has such type of age-sex pyramid. 1



a. India
b. Chaina
c. Japan
d. USA

20 Identify the incorrect statement. 1

a. The longest river in the USA is the Missouri river.
b. There are 154 United States National forest in 41 states.
c. English is the most common language in the United States of America.
d. United states is a underdeveloped nation.

21 The common causes of rail accidents 1

a. Derailment
b. Lack of proper maintenance
c. Terrorist attack
d. Bad roads

22 _____ ae known as the “Bread Basket of the world” 1

a. Prairies
b. Ukraine
c. Maharashtra
d. Mexico

23 The United States of America or U.S.A is popularly known as America. It is federal republic of _____ states. 1

a. 50.
b. 60
c. 40
d. 30

24 In the question given below there are two statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read the statements and choose the correct option. 1

Assertion(A): Disasters are experienced today are not actually natural.

Reason(R):Most of the disasters that we face today i.e climate change, global warming, desertification, soil erosion, fires, terrorist attacks etc are induced by human activities.

a. Both Assertion(A) and Reason(R) are true and Reason(R) is the correct explanation of A.
b. Both Assertion(A) and Reason(R) are true and (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
c. Assertion(A) is true but Reason(R) is false
d. Assertion(A) is false but Reason(R) is true

25	What is jhum cultivation?	2
26	Why do people prefer to live in plains?	2
27	What are the causes of road accidents?	2
28	Enlist three features of plantation farming. **OR** State the geographical conditions required for the cultivation of cotton.	3
29	Describe the climate of United States of America.	3
30	What should we follow(safety tips) to avoid the rail accidents?	3
31	A. Describe the various factors affecting the distribution of population in the world. B. What do you mean by age sex pyramid?	3+2
32	A. Write some safety tips in case of fire. B. What are the causes of fire accident?	3+2
33	Read the extract and answer the following.	1+1+2

The first textile mill in India was established in Mumbai 1854.Mumbai has many locational advantages for the establishment of the cotton textile industry. The tropical and moist climate ,black soil, port facilities, huge market, availability of cheap and skilled labour and a good network of transport have contributed to the development of this industry .Today ,it is decentralized in many places due to development of transport ,availability of power and a wide market. Mumbai and Ahmedabad are the two important centres of the cotton textile industry in India. It is decentralized to other centres such as Coimbatore, Chennai, Kolkata, Ludhiana ,Kanpur and Nagpur.

33.i Name the first textile mill India.

33.ii Name two important centres of the cotton textile industries in India.

33.iii What are the locational advantages for the development of cotton textile industry in Mumbai.

34 On the given political map of India, locate the following centres. 4

A. Chennai
B. Kolkata
C. Bengaluru
D. Srinagar

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NAME_____SEC_____ROLL NO_____

CODE:B

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL,BURNPUR
ANNUAL EXAMINATION:(2025-2026)
SOCIAL SCIENCE
Class – VIII

Time: 3 Hours. **Maximum Marks :80**

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General Instructions:

i) The question paper consists of 34 questions in two sections – A and B.
Section – A consists of question nos. 1to 17 from History and Civics and Section-B consists of question nos. 18 to 34 from Geography and Disaster Management.

(ii) Both the sections are compulsory. Attempt all the questions according to the instructions given.

(iii)Question no. 17 and 34 are map–based questions from History and Geography respectively. The map is provided with the question paper. Complete the map and attach the same with the answer sheet.

(iv) Marks are indicated against each question.

(v) Separate instructions are given with each question wherever necessary . Read these instructions very carefully.

(vi) Answers should be brief and to the point.

SECTION – A (HISTORY / CIVICS)

1. **Choose the correct option.** 1

Who was the chief organiser of the revolt of 1857 in Bihar?

(a) Birjis Kadr

(b) Kunwar Singh

(c) Nana Saheb

(d) Hazrat Mahal

2. **Fill in the blank.** 1

The first Lok Adalat was set up in _____.

(a) Gujrat

(b) Kolkata

(c) Chennai

(d) Mumbai

3. **Observe the picture carefully and answer the following question.** 1

Identify and name the revolutionary in the picture.



(a) Chandrashekhar Azad

(b) Bhagat Singh

(c) Rajguru

(d) Sukhdev

4. **Consider the following statements about the Adivasis. Identify the correct statement.** 1

(a) The term 'Adivasis' mean original inhabitants.

(b) The Adivasis live in hilly areas and account for 10.6% of the total population.

(c) More than 700 Adivasi groups are found in India.

(d) Their way of living is the same as other sections of the society.

5. **Arrange the events in the correct chronological order.** 1

(i) Partition of Bengal

(ii) Jallianwala Bagh Tragedy

(iii) Formation of Indian National Congress

(iv) Chauri Chaura incident

(a) ii – i – iv – iii

(b) iii – i – ii – iv

(c) iv – ii – i – iii

(d) i – ii – iii – iv

6. **In the given question, there are two questions marked Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read the statements and choose the correct option.** 1

Assertion (A): Health does not mean only survival.

Reason (R): It includes physical, mental, economic, and social well-being of an individual.

(a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).

(b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).

(c) Assertion (A) is true, but Reason (R) is false.

(d) Assertion (A) is false, but Reason (R) is true.

7. **Match the following columns.** 1

Column I	**Column II**
A) Raja Ram Mohan Roy	i) Widow Remarriage
B) Keshab Chandra Sen	ii) Abolition of Untouchability
C) Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar	iii) Abolition of Sati
D) Mahatma Gandhi	iv) Women's Education

(a) A-ii, B-iii, C-i, D-iv
(b) A-i, B-ii, C-iv, D-iii
(c) A-ii, B-iv, C-i, D-iii
(d) A-iii, B-iv, C-i, D-ii

8. List the discrimination faced by the Indian women in the 19th century. 2

9. Name the four social groups which existed in ancient society. 2

10. Name the apex court for jurisdiction in India and where is it situated? 2

11. Write two points to show the importance of agriculture. 2

12A. Write a short note on the composition of the High Court. 3

OR

12B. What qualifications are required to be a judge of the Supreme Court?

13. What was the impact of the Bhopal Gas Tragedy on the local people? 3

14. (i) What was the effect of the Quit India Movement, launched by Mahatma Gandhi? 3+2=5

(ii) What was the aim of the Swadeshi and Boycott Movement?

15. (i) Mention the important steps taken by the government for increasing the agricultural production. 3+2=5

(ii) What is Green Revolution?

16. **Source Based / Case Based question:** 1+1+2 =4

Read the extract carefully and answer the following questions.

One of the leading supporters of the Anglicist point of view was a British Officer of the East India Company - Thomas Babington Macaulay. According to him, India was an uncivilized country that needed to be civilized. He believed that if Indians were taught English, they would come to know about the scientific ideas and the rich literature of the west.

(i) Which point of view did Thomas Babington Macaulay support?

(ii) How did Macaulay describe India as a country?

(iii) Why did Macaulay believe that teaching English language was
necessary for Indians.

17. On an outline map of India, some important centres of the Revolt of 1857 have been marked. Identify and write the names of the centres of the Revolt of 1857 on the places provided on the map. 1×5=5

Delhi
Meerut
Jhansi
Gwalior
Lucknow

SECTION-B

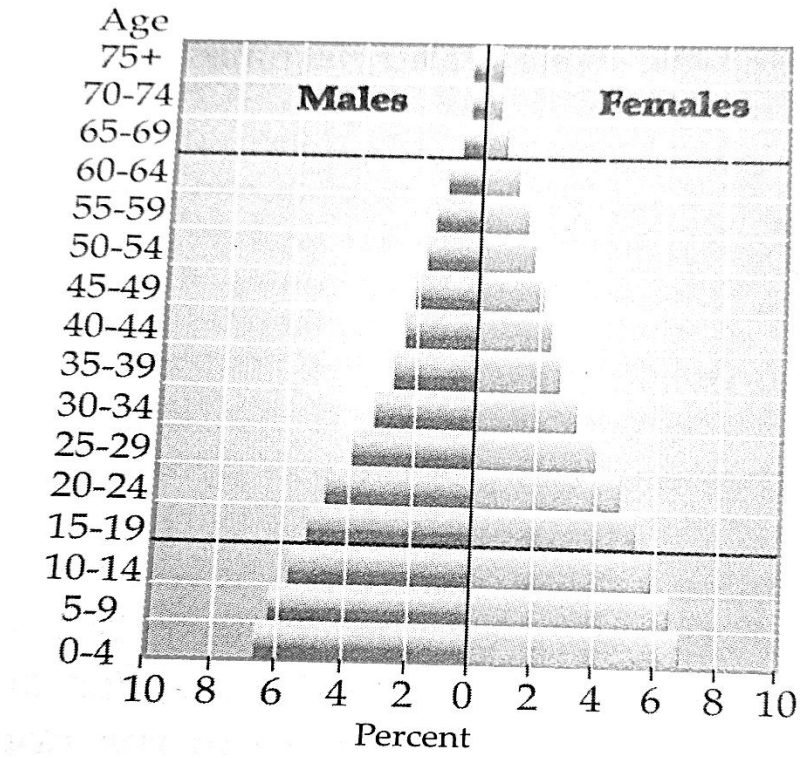
18 **Complete the table by choosing the correct option.** 1

Type of crops	Example
Beverage crops	Coffee, Tea
Fibre crops	?

OPTIONS

a) Rice, Wheat
b) Cotton, Jute
c) Sugarcane, Rice
d) Maize, Wheat

19 **By seeing the picture answer the questions that follows.** 1



The population pyramid shown in the above figure is of which country?

a) USA
b) Japan
c) Russia
d) India

20 **Identify the incorrect statement** 1

a) There are 154 United States National Forests in 41 states.
b) Hindi is the most common language in the United States of America, which makes it the de facto national language.
c) The United States of America or U.S.A is popularly known as America.
d) The longest river in the USA is the Missouri River.

21 When does a terrorist attack took place at the World Trade Centre in New York? 1

a) 12 July 2011
b) 10 June 2002
c) 14 May 2004
d) 11 September 2001

22 **Fill in the blanks** 1

_____are known as the 'Bread Basket of the world'.

a) Amazon basin

b) Sahara desert

c) Prairies

d) Tropical rainforest

23 The capital of the United States is 1

a) New Mexico
b) Washington D.C
c) Texas
d) South Carolina

24	**Two statements are given below. They are Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read them carefully and choose the correct option.** **Assertion(A)** – Rail transport is the most important means of transport. **Reason(R) –** Rail transport in India carries the largest number of passengers and goods over long distances. a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. b. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A. c. A is true R is false. d. A is false R is true	1
25	What is jhum cultivation? Name the three types of millets.	2
26	List out the factors responsible for the rapid growth of world population.	2
27	Mention any two precautional steps to reduce the effects of terrorist attack.	2
28	Enlist three features of plantation farming. **OR** Compare the farming in India with that of USA.	3
29	Write about the climate of United States of America.	3
30	Mention any three safety tips to avoid air accidents.	3
31	Describe any three factors affecting the distribution of population in the world. What do you mean by human resources?	3+2=5

32 Mention any three safety tips we should follow in case of a fire. What are the different causes of fire? 3+2=5

33 **Read the given Passage carefully and answer the questions that follow:**

TISCO (Tata Iron and Steel Company)

The Tata iron and steel company is the only iron and steel plant belonging to the private sector. It has established by Jamshedji Tata in 1917 near Ranchi. It has set up here because of the given reasons. It is ideally located between the sources of two raw materials like Iron and Coal. Iron ore is obtained from Noamundi and Badampahar mines of Singhbhum district of Jharkhand, manganese from Kendujhar district of Odisha, coking coal from Jharia and coal fields of West bokaro and limestone from Odisha. The rivers Kharkai and Subarnarekha provide the cheapest means of water transport. Jamshedpur is well connected by the railways and roadways. Nearness to the port of Kolkata and the city provides a huge market for iron and steel goods.

In Jamshedpur, many industries like manufacturing chemicals, engines, agricultural implements, cables and wires were established. The development of this industry brought about large scale industrialization and rapid economic development of India. Today there are 10 major Iron and Steel Plants and many mini Iron and Steel Plants spread over different parts of the country. Liberalisation and Foreign Direct Investment has contributed to the development of this industry.

i Give one example of private sector industry. 1

	ii	What are the different industries developed in Jamshedpur other than TISCO?	1
	iii	Mention any two factors favourable for the development of TISCO.	2
34		On the given outline map of India locate and label the following IT industries with suitable symbols: i. Gandhinagar ii. Bengaluru iii. Chennai iv. Mumbai	4

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NAME_____SEC_____ROLL NO_____

CODE: A

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2025-26)
HINDI
CLASS-VIII

Time- 3Hrs **Maximum Marks-80**

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सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर देना अनिवार्य है ।

1.निम्नलिखित पंक्तियों का सप्रसंग व्याख्या लिखिए ।

5 ' जहाँ सुमति तहं संपत्ति नाना।

जहाँ कुमति तहं विपत्ति निदाना ॥'

2. निम्नलिखित शब्दों के अर्थ लिखिए। **1x5=5**

अनशन ,प्रतिक , अल्पकाल ,नगण्य,परिवेश ।

3. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए ।

2x6=12 क) राकेश शर्मा के साथ क्या दुर्घटना हुई थी ?

ख) लोग भारतीय रेलों की आलोचना क्यों करते है ?

ग) गाँव के लोग रोगियों को छोड़कर क्यों भाग गए ?

घ) गांधीजी किस राह पर चलने की सीख देते थे ?

ङ) भारत की राष्ट्रीय-ध्वज की संरचना कैसी है ?

च) भारत की भौगोलिक स्थिति का वर्णन करें।

4. निम्नलिखित बहु-विकल्पीय प्रश्नों के सही विकल्प चुनकर लिखिए।

1X13=13 क)

स्वामीजी के पिता किसके पुजारी थे ?

i) बुद्धिवाद ,ii) मंदिर ,iii) धर्म ,iv) शिक्षा।

ख) सर्वधर्म सम्मलेन किस देश में आयोजित किया गया था ?

i) लंदन , ii) भारत ,iii) रूस,iv) अमेरिका ।

ग) सिंध में कौन-सा नगर खुदाई में मिला ?

i) पंजाब , ii) हड़प्पा ,iii) मोहनजोदडों ,iv) लोथल ।

घ) छः हजार साल पहले लोग कहाँ सोते थे ?

i) जंगलों में ii) घरों में ,iii) पेड़ों पर ,iv) गुफाओं में ।

ङ) अशोक चक्र कहाँ से लिया गया है ?

i) संविधान से, ii) अन्य देश के ध्वज से ,iii) सिंह स्तम्भ से ,iv) इनमे से कोई नहीं ।

च) विदेशी महानुभाव के देश का झंडा कार के किस ओर लगाया जाता है ?

i) दायीं ओर ,ii) नहीं लगाया जाता ,iii) बायीं ओर ,iv) बीच में ।

छ) गांधीजी ने किस राज की कल्पना की थी ?

i) प्रजा तंत्र ,ii) राम राज ,iii) कृष्णराज ,iii) राज तंत्र ।

ज) राज घाट पर किसकी समाधि है ?

i) नेहरू , ii) इंदिरा ,iii) शास्त्री , iv)महात्मा गांधी ।

झ) पंडित जी को हिंदू सभा का क्या माना जाता था ?

i) आलोचक ,ii) कर्णधार ,iii) पक्षधर ,iv) प्रधान ।

ञ) दवाई लेने के लिए पंडित जी को कितनी दूर जाना पडा ?

i) 20 मील ,ii) 2 मील ,iii) 10 मील ,iv) 15 मील ।

ट) राकेश शर्मा की पत्नी का नाम क्या था ?

i) तृप्ता ,ii) कृतिका ,iii) इंदिरा , iv) मधु ।

ठ) राकेश शर्मा ने पहली अंतरिक्ष उड़ान कब भरी थी ?

i) 1984 ,ii) 1982 ,iii) 1946 , iv) 1961 ।

ड) '' आपके धर्म में वही ऊँचा है ,जो बलवान है '' किसने कहा ?

i) चौबेजी ने , ii) बूढ़े व्यक्ति ने ,iii) डाक्टर ने , iv) सेठ जी ने ।

5. सही मिलान कीजिए : 2

भारत के उत्तर में	बंगाल की खाड़ी है।
भारत के पूर्व में	हिमालय पर्वत है ।
धुर दक्षिण का कोना	विंध्य पर्वत है ।
भारत के मध्य में	कन्या कुमारी है।

6. ' कारक'' की परिभाषा ,उसके भेद उदाहरण सहित लिखिए ? 5

7. निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर निर्देशानुसार लिखिए ।

4x4=16 क) निम्नलिखित तत्सम शब्द के तद्भव रूप लिखिए ।

सर्प ,प्रस्तर,कर्ण, कर्म।

ख) निम्नलिखित समासों को समास विग्रह करके लिखिए ।

मनमाना ,नीलकंठ,आमरण,नवरत्न ।

ग) निम्नलिखित शब्दों के दो-दो पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखिए।

शिव,हिमालय ,शिक्षक,सूर्य ।

घ) निम्नलिखित शब्दों के विलोम शब्द लिखिए ।

उन्नति, योगी ,यश ,आदान ।

8. संपादक को अपनी रचना प्रकाशित करने का अनुरोध करते हुए पत्र लिखिए।

5 अथवा

अपने मित्र को वाद –विवाद प्रतियोगिता में प्रथम आने पर बधाई पत्र लिखिए ।

9. .निम्नलिखित विषयों में से किसी एक विषय पर रोचक अनुच्छेद लिखिए ।

6

क) आओ हम सब पढ़ें पढाएँ,

ख) नर हो , न निराश करो मन को।

ग) बढ़ते उद्योग –सिकुड़ते वन ,

घ) विद्यालयी बच्चों की सुरक्षा ।

10. दो मित्रों के बीच फिल्म देखने जाने के लिए संवाद लिखिए ।

4

11. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढकर उस पर आधारित दिए गए प्रश्नों के उपयुक्त उत्तर लिखिए :

1x3,2x2=7

' मैं बादल हूँ। तुम मेरी ओर निहार रहे हो। मैं सांवले रंग और चिकने शरीर वाला हूँ। मैं शेर की तरह गरजता हूँ और हवा के साथ बेरोक-टोक सारे संसार में घूमता हूँ । यद्यपि मेरा असली नाम बादल है ,पर लोगों ने मेरे और भी कई नाम रखे हुए हैं: जैसै –मेघ ,नीरद ,पयोधर आदि । मैं सागर पुत्र हूँ। सूर्य की बेटी किरण मेरी माता है। सागर का पुत्र होते हुए भी मैं उनसे बिल्कुल भिन्न हूँ। मेरे पिता खारे स्वभाव के हैं ,किंतु मेरा जल अमृत की तरह मीठा और निर्मल होता है। मेरी माँ तीखे और कुछ तेज स्वभाव की है ,किंतु मैं शीतल स्वभाव का हूँ एक योग्य पुत्र की तरह मैं अपने माता-पिता के अवगुणों को गुणों में बदल देता हूँ ।"

प्रश्न-क) बादल को किसका पुत्र कहा गया है ?

i) पेड़, ii)नदी , iii) कुंआ,iv) सागर ।

ख) बादल की माँ किसे कहा गया है ?

i) पानी , ii) सूर्य , iii) कुंआ,iv) किरण ।

ग) बादल का स्वभाव कैसा है ?

i) तीखे ,ii) तेज ,iii) शीतल iv) इसमे से कोई नहीं।

घ) बादल ने अपने और कौन –से नाम बताए हैं ?

ङ) लेखक ने बादल को क्या कहा है ?

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NAME_____SEC_____ROLL NO_____

CODE:B

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
ANNUAL EXAMINATION -2025 26
HINDI
CLASS-VIII

TIME- 3 HRS. **Maximum Marks-80**

सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए :

प्रश्न 1-आशय स्पष्ट कीजिए - 5

तुलसी मीठे वचन से ,सुख उपजत चहुं ओर ।

वसीकरण एक मंत्र है ,तजि दे वचन कठोर ॥

परहित सरसि धरम नहीं भाई ।

पर पीड़ा सम नहिं अधमाई ॥

प्रश्न 2-शब्दार्थ लिखिए – 5

वैमानिक , उत्कट , मगरूर ,मुहाने , उत्तेजना

प्रश्न 3-संक्षिप्त उत्तर लिखिए – 6x2=12

क-मोहनजोदडों की नगर व्यवस्था का वर्णन अपने शब्दों में करें ।

ख-श्री रामकृष्ण परमहंस की क्या भविष्यवाणी थी ?

ग-राकेश शर्मा के साथ क्या दुर्घटना हुई थी ?

घ-गाँव के लोग रोगियों को छोड़कर क्यों भाग गए ?

ङ –डॉ॰ राधाकृष्णन ने राष्ट्र –ध्वज के बारे में क्या बताया ?

च-समय का महत्त्व तुलसी ने कैसे बताया है ?

प्रश्न 4- बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्न : (MCQ)- 13x1=13

1-राकेश शर्मा को प्रशिक्षण के लिए कहाँ भेजा गया था ?

क-मास्को ख-हैदराबाद

ग-बेंगलुरु घ-जोधपुर

2-भारत में राकेश शर्मा को किस पुरस्कार से सम्मानित किया गया ?

क-भारत रत्न ख-गोल्ड मेडल

ग-अशोक चक्र घ-रजत पदक

3-सब लोग किसका स्वार्थ साधने में लगे रहते हैं ?

क-अपना –अपना ख-दूसरों का

ग- तुलसीदास का घ –किसी का नहीं

4-विभिन्न प्रकार की संपत्तियाँ किसके पास होती हैं ?

क-सुबुद्धि के पास ख-कुबुद्धि के पास

ग-दोनों के पास घ-रईस व्यक्तियों के पास

5-किस प्रदेश में हिंदुओं के गाँव के गाँव में धर्म परिवर्तन करवाया जा रहा था ?

क-मद्रास (चेन्नई) में ख-पर्वतीय प्रदेश में

ग-कलकत्ता (कोलकाता) में घ-पंजाब में

6-किसका नाम लेने में पंडितजी को शर्म आने लगी थी ?

क-उद्धार का ख-हिंदुत्व का

ग-हिंदू सभा का घ-शूद्रों व भीलों का

7-गांधीजी ने किस राज की कल्पना की थी ?

क-प्रजातंत्र ख-रामराज

ग-कृष्णराज घ-राजतंत्र

8-कवि चिट्ठी में सबसे पहले क्या लिखता है ?

क-नमस्ते ख- देश के प्रति अपना प्यार

ग-राम –राम घ-भगवान के प्रति अपना प्यार

9-सफ़ेद रंग किसका प्रतीक है ?

क-प्रकाश का ख- सत्य का

ग –उपरोक्त दोनों का घ- त्याग का

10-सिंध में कौन –सा नगर खुदाई में मिला ?

क-पंजाब ख-हड़प्पा

ग-मोहनजोदडों घ-लोथल

11-विश्व का सबसे ऊँचा पर्वत कौन –सा है ?

क-गोवर्धन पर्वत ख-हिमालय पर्वत

ग-कंचनजंघा पर्वत घ-अरावली पर्वत

12-स्वामीजी क्या कहकर रामेश्वरम जाने के लिए समुद्र में कूद पड़े ?

क-जय माँ ख- हे भगवान

ग-जय काली घ-हे माते

13-संन्यासी की मुख्य विशेषता क्या है ?

क-कायरता ख-निर्भयता

ग-भिक्षा माँगना घ-स्वार्थपरता

प्रश्न 5- सही मिलान कीजिए – 2

स्वामीजी का जन्म – 11 सितंबर 1893

पेनिनसुला पर सवार – 12 जनवरी 1863

सर्वधर्म सम्मेलन – 31 मई 1893

स्वामीजी की मृत्यु - 4 जुलाई 1902

प्रश्न 6-काल किसे कहते हैं ? उसके कितने भेद होते हैं ? सभी के नाम उदाहरण सहित लिखिए । 5

प्रश्न 7- क- पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखो – 4

शिव , झंडा , कोयल , चाँदनी

ख-विलोम शब्द लिखिए – 4

धीर , खंडन , महात्मा , मलिन

ग-नामधातु क्रिया बनाइए – 4

बात , रंग , थपथप , टक्कर

घ- निम्नलिखित मुहावरों के अर्थ लिखकर वाक्य बनाइए – 4

आसमान पर थूकना , कलेजा छलनी होना ,

कान खड़े होना , आँधी के आम ।

प्रश्न 8-संपादक को अपनी रचना प्रकाशित करने का अनुरोध करते हुए एक सुंदर –सा पत्र लिखिए । 5

अथवा

अपने मित्र को वाद-विवाद प्रतियोगिता में प्रथम आने पर एक बधाई पत्र लिखिए ।

प्रश्न 9- निम्नलिखित विषयों में से किसी एक विषय पर अनुच्छेद लिखो – 6

क- शिक्षा और समाज

ख-प्रातः कालीन भ्रमण का आनंद

ग-मधुर वचन है औषधि

प्रश्न 10- नई अध्यापिका की चर्चा करते हुए दो सहेलियों के बीच हुए संवाद को लिखिए । 4

प्रश्न 11- निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़कर नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के सही उत्तर लिखिए – 7

सिद्धार्थ का जन्म एक राजपरिवार में हुआ था , उनके पिता कपिलवस्तु के राजा थे । छोटी-सी अवस्था में ही वे राजसुख को त्याग कर अमरता की खोज में निकल पड़े थे । कठिन तपस्या के बाद बोधगया `में स्थित वृक्ष के नीचे राजकुमार सिद्धार्थ को ज्ञान की प्राप्ति हुई थी । इसलिए , इस वृक्ष को ' बोधि वृक्ष ' कहा जाने लगा । बोधि का अर्थ होता है –ज्ञान । बाद में राजकुमार सिद्धार्थ ही आगे चलकर महात्मा बुद्ध के नाम से विख्यात हुए । इस बोधि वृक्ष को देखने दूर –दूर से लोग आते हैं । त्रिपिटक बौद्ध धर्म का प्रमुख और प्राचीन ग्रंथ है , जो पाली भाषा में है । जिसमें बुद्ध के उपदेश , नियम और दर्शन संकलित हैं ।त्रिपिटक के तीन भाग है । गौतम बुद्ध 80 वर्ष की आयु में कुशीनगर में महापरि – निर्वाण प्राप्त किया ।

1-सिद्धार्थ के पिता कहाँ के राजा थे ? 1

क-मिथिला ख- कपिलवस्तु ग- कुशीनगर घ- बोधगया

2-राजकुमार सिद्धार्थ किसकी खोज में गए थे ? 1

क-शांति की ख- धन की ग- अमरता की घ- वृक्ष की

3- महात्मा बुद्ध का वास्तविक नाम क्या था ? 1

क-राजकुमार सिद्ध ख- सिद्धार्थ ग-ज्ञान घ- बोधि

4-बोधि वृक्ष का नाम किस प्रकार पड़ा ? 2

5-त्रिपिटक के बारे में बताइए । 2

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Name _____Sec ___Roll No.___

CODE- A

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR

ANNUAL EXAMINATION: [2025-2026]

BENGALI

CLASS-VIII

Time:3 Hrs. **Maximum Marks:80**

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General Instruction:

1. The Question paper contains **14** printed pages.

2. The Question paper contains **16** questions.

3. The Question paper is divided into **two** parts.

PART-A: Objectives type questions (MCQ): **25** Marks

PART-B: Descriptive paper **55** Marks

4.PART-A has **three** sections: (MCQ)

Reading (Unseen Comprehension) : 12 Marks

Grammar: 3 Marks

Main Course Book & Supplementary Reader: 10 Marks

PART-B has **three** sections: (Subjective)

Grammar: 10 Marks

Main Course Book & Supplementary Reader: 33 Marks

Creative Writing: 12 Marks

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PART-A: Obojective type Questions(MCQ) : 25 Marks

Section-A

(Reading:Unseen Comprehension)

১। অনুচ্ছেদগুলি পাঠ করে প্রদত্ত প্রশ্নগুলির সঠিক উত্তরটি নির্বাচন কর। (1X4)X3=12

A. ব্যস্ত শহরের কেন্দ্রস্থলে এক অপরিচিত চায়ের দোকানে প্রবেশ করল ঠিকানা খুঁজতে । তার উদ্বিগ্ন আচরণ এবং অপরিচিত উচ্চারণ দোকানদারের সন্দেহ জাগিয়ে তুলেছিল , যিনি তাকে সম্ভাব্য হুমকি হিসেবে দেখেছিলেন। ফিসফিস ছড়িয়ে পড়ে এবং শীঘ্রই একটি ভিড় জড়ো হয়, তাদের ভয় প্রতি মুহূর্তের সাথে বাড়ছে। আতঙ্কের উন্মত্ততায় তারা লোকটির উপর নেমে আসে, তাদের মুষ্টি এবং লাথি নির্দয়ভাবে বর্ষিত হয়। বিশৃঙ্খলার মধ্যে একটি শিশুর কান্না বাতাসে ভেদ করে, "বাবা!" ভিড় জমাট বেঁধেছিল, তাদের উপলব্ধি তাদের বিদ্যুতের ভোল্টের মতো আঘাত করেছিল। তারা যে লোকটিকে নির্মমভাবে আক্রমণ করেছিল সে ছিল একটি নিষ্পাপ আত্মা, একজন মরিয়া বাবা যে কাজের সন্ধানে ঘুরে ঘুরে লজ্জিত এবং অনুতপ্ত, তারা তাকে হাসপাতালে নিয়ে যায়, তাদের হৃদয় দুঃখে ভারাক্রান্ত। ব্যস্ত শহরের রাস্তাগুলি নীরব হয়ে পড়েছিল, জীবনের ভঙ্গুরতা এবং ভয়ের ধ্বংসাত্মক শক্তির একটি ভুতুড়ে অনুস্মারক।

উপরের অংশটি পড়ে নিচের বিকল্প উত্তরটি বেছে নিয়ে লেখ ।

ক । গল্পের প্রধান চরিত্রটি কে ছিল ?

অ। দোকানদার আ । আক্রান্ত ব্যক্তি

ই । ভিড়ের একজন সদস্য ঈ। শিশুটির বন্ধু

খ। গল্পের ঘটনাটি কোথায় ঘটেছিল ?

অ। একটি শহরের কেন্দ্রস্থলে আ। একটি গ্রামে

ই। একটি শহরের প্রান্তে ঈ। একটি পাহাড়ে

গ। গল্পের ঘটনাটি কেন ঘটেছিল ?

অ। ভুল বোঝাবুঝির কারণে

আ। আক্রান্ত ব্যক্তির অপরাধের কারণে

ই। ভিড়ের সদস্যদের ক্ষুধার কারণে

ঈ। শিশুটির কান্নার কারণে

ঘ। অর্থ লেখঃ- ভঙ্গুরতা

অ। সহজেই ভেঙে বা চূর্ণবিচূর্ণ হয়ে যাওয়ার প্রবণতা

আ। খাস্তা ও মুচমুচে

ই। শক্তিশালী ও অনমনীয়

ঈ। পরাক্রমশালী

B. দ্বাপর যুগের কাহিনী। কুরুক্ষেত্র যুদ্ধের পর অর্জুনের মনে কিঞ্চিৎ অহংকার জন্মাল যে, তিনিই বিশ্বের সর্বশ্রেষ্ঠ ধনুর্ধর। একদিন তিনি রামেশ্বরম উপকূলে গিয়ে শ্রীরামচন্দ্রের নির্মিত সেই বিখ্যাত 'সেতুবন্ধ' বা রামসেতু দর্শন করছিলেন।সেখানে এক বৃদ্ধ বানরকে (যিনি ছিলেন স্বয়ং পবনপুত্র হনুমান, কিন্তু অর্জুন তা জানতেন না) দেখে অর্জুন উপহাস করে বললেন, "শ্রীরামচন্দ্র যদি সত্যিই এত বড় ধনুর্ধর হতেন, তবে পাথর দিয়ে সেতু না বানিয়ে তীরের সাহায্যে একটি শর-সেতু বানালেন না কেন? আমি হলে মুহূর্তের মধ্যে তীরের সেতু বানিয়ে

দিতাম।"বৃদ্ধ বানর মৃদু হেসে বললেন, "হে শ্রেষ্ঠ ধনুর্ধর, তীরের সেতু তো অত্যন্ত দুর্বল। আমাদের মতো বড় বানরের এক পা পড়লেই সেই সেতু ভেঙে চুরমার হয়ে যেত। সেই কারণেই প্রভু পাথর ব্যবহার করেছিলেন।"অর্জুন দম্ভভরে বললেন, "অসম্ভব! আমি এখনই তীরের সেতু বানাচ্ছি। যদি তোমার ভারে সেই সেতু ভেঙে যায়, তবে আমি অগ্নিতে প্রাণ বিসর্জন দেব।"অর্জুন তার সমস্ত কৌশল খাটিয়ে অজস্র তীরের এক মজবুত সেতু তৈরি করলেন। কিন্তু যেই হনুমান সেই সেতুর ওপর একটি পা রাখলেন, অমনি মড়মড় শব্দে তা ভেঙে সমুদ্রের তলে তলিয়ে গেল। অর্জুন লজ্জিত হলেন, কিন্তু তিনি আরও বড় সেতু বানালেন। এবারও হনুমান রাম নাম স্মরণ করে পা রাখতেই তা ভেঙে পড়ল।অর্জুন নিজের পরাজয় স্বীকার করে যখন অগ্নিতে আত্মাহুতি দিতে উদ্যত হলেন, তখন সেখানে এক তেজস্বী বালক আবির্ভূত হলেন। তিনি বললেন, "তৃতীয় কোনো সাক্ষীর অনুপস্থিতিতে এই পরীক্ষা বৈধ নয়। আমি সাক্ষী থাকছি, অর্জুন তুমি পুনরায় সেতু নির্মাণ করো।"এবার অর্জুন যখন সেতু বানালেন, সেই বালকটি নিচ থেকে তার হাত দিয়ে সেতুটিকে ধরে রাখলেন। হনুমান তার বিশাল রূপ ধারণ করে সেই সেতুর ওপর লাফালাফি করলেও এবার আর তা ভাঙল না। অবাক হয়ে হনুমান নিচে তাকাতেই দেখলেন, সেই বালকটি আসলে স্বয়ং ভগবান শ্রীকৃষ্ণ, যার হাতের ছোঁয়ায় তুচ্ছ তীরের সেতুও অজেয় হয়ে উঠেছে।

উপরের অংশটি পড়ে নিচের বিকল্প উত্তরটি বেছে নিয়ে লেখ।

ক। গল্পের মূল বিষয়বস্তু কি ছিল?

অ। অর্জুনের অহংকার এবং তার পরিণতি

আ। হনুমানের শক্তি এবং তার ব্যবহার

ই। শ্রীকৃষ্ণের মহিমা এবং তার শিক্ষা

ঈ। উপরের সবগুলো

খ। অর্জুন কেন রামেশ্বরম উপকূলে গিয়েছিলেন ?

অ। শ্রীরামচন্দ্রের নির্মিত সেতুবন্ধ দেখতে

আ। হনুমানের সাথে দেখা করতে

ই। শ্রীকৃষ্ণের সাথে দেখা করতে

ঈ। নিজের ধনুর্বিদ্যা প্রদর্শন করতে

গ। অর্জুন কেন হনুমানকে উপহাস করেছিলেন?

অ। হনুমানের শক্তি নিয়ে সন্দেহ করার জন্য

আ। হনুমানের বুদ্ধিমত্তা নিয়ে সন্দেহ করার জন্য

ই। শ্রীরামচন্দ্রের নির্মিত সেতুবন্ধ নিয়ে সন্দেহ করার জন্য

ঈ। নিজের ধনুর্বিদ্যা নিয়ে অহংকার করার জন্য

ঘ। হাত – এর সমার্থক শব্দ কি হবে ?

অ। হস্ত আ। কপাল ই।গ্রীবা ঈ। স্কন্ধ

C . অনেক কাল আগে এক রাজ্যে এক খামখেয়ালি রাজা ছিলেন। তিনি ঘোষণা করলেন, "যে ব্যক্তি কোনো পাত্র স্পর্শ না করে তার ভেতরের জল বের করতে পারবে, তাকে আমি পুরস্কৃত করব। "রাজ্যের অনেক জাদুকর আর পন্ডিত চেষ্টা করলেন, কিন্তু পাত্র না ছুঁয়ে জল বের করা অসম্ভব মনে হচ্ছিল। তখন 'অর্ক' নামের এক কিশোর, বিজ্ঞানের ছাত্র রাজদরবারে এল। তার হাতে ছিল একটি কাঁচের ঘড়া, যার মুখটা খুব সরু।অর্ক একটি মোমবাতি আর একটু আগুন চাইল। সে প্রথমে একটি থালায় কিছু রঙিন জল ঢালল। তারপর থালার মাঝখানে মোমবাতিটি জ্বালিয়ে রাখল। এরপর সে কাঁচের ঘড়াটিকে উল্টো করে জ্বলন্ত মোমবাতির ওপর বসিয়ে দিল।

কিছুক্ষণ পরেই দেখা গেল এক অবাক কাণ্ড! মোমবাতিটি নিভে গেল এবং থালার সমস্ত জল কোনো স্পর্শ ছাড়াই ঘড়ার ভেতরে আপনা-আপনি উঠে এল! রাজা অবাক হয়ে জিজ্ঞেস করলেন, "এটা কীভাবে সম্ভব? তুমি কি জাদু জানো?"অর্ক হেসে উত্তর দিল, "না মহারাজ, এটি জাদু নয়, এটি বিজ্ঞান। যখন আমি ঘড়াটি মোমবাতির ওপর রাখলাম, ভেতরের অক্সিজেন জ্বলে শেষ হয়ে গেল। ফলে ভেতরে বায়ুর চাপ কমে গেল। বাইরের বায়ুমণ্ডলের বেশি চাপ তখন জলকে ধাক্কা দিয়ে ঘড়ার ভেতরে ঢুকিয়ে দিল।"রাজা অর্কর বুদ্ধিমত্তা এবং বিজ্ঞানের এই সহজ ব্যাখ্যায় খুশি হয়ে তাকে পুরস্কৃত করলেন।

উপরের অংশটি পড়ে নিচের বিকল্প উত্তরটি বেছে নিয়ে লেখ ।

ক । রাজা কি ঘোষণা করেছিলেন ?

অ। যে ব্যক্তি কোনো পাত্র স্পর্শ না করে তার ভেতরের জল বের করতে পারবে, তাকে তিনি পুরস্কৃত করবেন

আ। যে ব্যক্তি কোনো পাত্র স্পর্শ করে তার ভেতরের জল বের করতে পারবে, তাকে তিনি পুরস্কৃত করবেন

ই। যে ব্যক্তি কোনো পাত্র ভেঙে তার ভেতরের জল বের করতে পারবে, তাকে তিনি পুরস্কৃত করবেন

ঈ। যে ব্যক্তি কোনো পাত্র না ভেঙে তার ভেতরের জল বের করতে পারবে, তাকে তিনি পুরস্কৃত করবেন

খ । অর্ক কি করেছিল ?

অ । সে একটি মোমবাতি জ্বালিয়ে রেখেছিল।

আ। সে একটি কাঁচের ঘড়া উল্টো করে জ্বলন্ত মোমবাতির ওপর বসিয়ে দিয়েছিল।

ই। সে একটি থালায় কিছু রঙিন জল ঢেলেছিল।

ঈ। উপরের সবগুলো

গ। রাজা অর্ককে কেন পুরস্কৃত করেছিলেন ?

অ। অর্কর বুদ্ধিমত্তা এবং বিজ্ঞানের ব্যাখ্যার জন্য।

আ। অর্কর জাদুর জন্য।

ই। অর্কর সাহসিকতার জন্য।

ঈ। অর্কর দয়ালুতার জন্য।

ঘ । '' রাজদরবার '' শব্দটির ব্যাসবাক্য কোনটি ?

অ। রাজা ও দরবার আ। রাজার দরবার

ই। রাজার জন্য দরবার ঈ। রাজা থেকে দরবার

SECTION-B:

GRAMMAR:(MCQ)

২। সমার্থক শব্দ থেকে প্রদত্ত প্রশ্নগুলির সঠিক বিকল্প উত্তরটি বেছে নিয়ে লেখ । (যে কোন ৩ টি) 1x3=3

ক । " ভৃঙ্গ '' শব্দের প্রতিশব্দ হল-

অ। খোঁড়া আ। বাসনা ই। ভ্রমর ঈ। সরোবর

খ । শূন্যস্থানে সঠিক শব্দ বসাও ঃ- পোহাল _____ ।

অ। শর্বরী আ। অনিশা ই । বারিধি ঈ। বীথি

গ । অবলা , ললনা , কান্তা -এগুলি কার সমার্থক শব্দ ?

অ । সরস্বতী আ। মাতা ই। কিরণ ঈ। নারী

ঘ । গঙ্গার আর এক নাম হল-

অ। জলধি আ। মন্দাকিনী ই। বিটপী ঈ।সৌদামিনী

SECTION-C

MAIN COURSE BOOK & SUPPLIMENTARY READER/NON DETAILED TEXT (MCQ)

৩। পাঠ্য গদ্য থেকে প্রদত্ত প্রশ্নগুলির সঠিক বিকল্প উত্তরটি নির্বাচন করে লেখ। (যে কোন ৬ টি) **1x6=6**

ক। ট্রেনে স্ত্রীলোক দুটি কেন যাচ্ছিল ?

অ। তীর্থভ্রমণে আ। বেড়াতে ই। চাল আনতে ঈ।খেলতে

খ। লেখক সেদিন কোন স্টেশনে ঢুকেছিলেন ?

অ। শিয়ালদহ আ। রানাঘাট ই। হাওড়া ঈ। কালনা

গ। কোথাকার নিখুঁত ছবি লেখকের চোখের সামনে ফুটে উঠেছিল ?

অ। প্রকৃত বাংলার আ। প্রকৃত ভারতবর্ষের

ই। প্রকৃত গ্রামজীবনের ঈ। প্রকৃত নগরজীবনের

ঘ। ' ভারতবর্ষ ' গল্পটিতে কোন বিষয়টি ফুটে উঠেছে ?

অ। জাতির ঐক্য আ। ভারতের ঐতিহ্য

ই। অখণ্ড ভারত ঈ। বৈচিত্রের মধ্যে একতা

ঙ। ' রজনী ' শব্দের অর্থ কি?

অ। দিবস আ। রাত্রি ই। প্রভাত ঈ। সন্ধ্যাকাল

চ। নবকুমার বহুদূরে দেখেছিলেন -

অ। একটি মানুষ আ। আলোক ই। দাবানল ঈ। বাঘ

ছ। কাপালিকের কুটিরটি ছিল-

অ। কেয়াপাতার আ। শনের ই। গোলপাতার ঈ। হোগলার

৪। সহায়ক পাঠ থেকে প্রদত্ত প্রশ্নগুলির সঠিক বিকল্প উত্তরটি নির্বাচন করে লেখ। (যে কোন ৪ টি) **1x4=4**

ক। সৌখী কত বছর হল জেলে?

অ। পাঁচ আ। ছয় ই। সাত ঈ। আট

খ। মাত্র দু-তিন মাসের সাজা হয় কাদের?

অ। ডাকাতদের আ। কদুচোরদের

ই। ডাকাতের নাতি-বৌ-এর ঈ। ডাকাতদের সর্দারের

গ। ধনেশগঞ্জের মস্ত আড়তদার ছিল-

অ। রমেন আ। হর্ষনাথ ই। সূর্যপদ ঈ। মিস্টার বসু

ঘ। রমেন তার বাবার অনুপস্থিতিতে সবাইকে কি বিতরণ করেছে?

আ। বস্ত্র আ। টাকা-পয়সা ই। ওষুধপত্র ঈ। চাল

ঙ। সূর্যপদ কে?

অ। হর্ষনাথের পিসতুতো ভগ্নীপতি আ। নাম করা এক গুন্ডা

ই। আড়তের প্রধান কর্মচারী ঈ। অনাথবাবুর বন্ধু

PART-B

DESCRIPTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS :55 MARKS

SECTION-B

GRAMMAR:(SUBJECTIVE)

৫ । বিসর্গ সন্ধি সংক্রান্ত প্রশ্নগুলির উত্তর দাও। (যে কোন ৪ টি)

1x4=4

ক । সন্ধিযুক্ত কর ঃ- দুঃ + গম =?

খ । সন্ধিযুক্ত কর ঃ- ইতঃ + তত = ?

গ । সন্ধি বিচ্ছেদ কর ঃ- ভাস্কর = ?

ঘ । সন্ধিযুক্ত কর ঃ- নিঃ + ঠুর =?

ঙ । সন্ধি বিচ্ছেদ কর ঃ- সরোজ =?

৬ । ব্যাসবাক্য সহ সমাস নির্ণয় কর । (যে কোন ৩টি) 1x3=3

ক। বৃষ্টিবাদল =

খ । ধ্যানমগ্ন =

গ । পাঁচফোড়ন=

ঘ । শূলপাণি=

৭ । নির্দেশ অনুসারে প্রশ্নগুলির উত্তর লেখ।(যে কোন ৩ টি) ।

1x3=3

ক । অর্থের পার্থক্য লেখঃ- শারদা সারদা

খ । বাক্য রচনার দ্বারা অর্থের পার্থক্য দেখাওঃ- দিন দীন

গ । ' কাটা' শব্দটিকে ২ টি ভিন্নার্থে প্রয়োগ কর ।

ঘ। ' চোখ ' শব্দটিকে ২ টি ভিন্নার্থক বাক্যে প্রয়োগ কর।

SECTION-C

MAIN COURSE BOOK & SUPPLIMENTARY READER/NON DETAILED TEXT (SUBJECTIVE)

৮। প্রশ্নের উত্তর লেখ। **2x1=2**

ক। '' সেতু বাধা হচ্ছিল ,তাই আমি জনেছিলুম।''- কীসের সেতু বাধা হচ্ছিল ? ঘটনাটি কি ?

৯। প্রশ্নের উত্তর লেখ। **3x2=6**

ক। '' নবকুমারের নিদ্রাভঙ্গ হইল ''- নবকুমার কে ? নিদ্রাভঙ্গের পর তিনি কি দেখলেন , কী ভাবলেন ?

খ। '' জানলাটা বন্ধ করে দাও ''- কোন জানালাটা ? কেন তা বন্ধ করার কথা বলা হয়েছে ?

১০। গদ্য সংক্রান্ত প্রশ্নের উত্তর লেখ।(যে কোন ১ টি) **5x1=5**

ক। '' বুড়ো কি পড়ছে জানবার জন্য আমার বিশেষ কৌতূহল হল ''- বক্তা কে ? বুড়ো কে ? ' বুড়ো ' লোকটির পড়ার বিষয় কি ছিল ও সেখানকার পরিবেশ কেমন ?

অথবা

খ। '' নবকুমার প্রথমে দেখিতে পাইল না '-কার কথা বলা হয়েছে ? কেন তিনি নবকুমারকে প্রথমে দেখতে পাননি ? দেখার পর তিনি কেমন ব্যবহার করেন ও কি কি কাজ করেন তা বুঝিয়ে দাও।

১১। পদ্য সংক্রান্ত প্রশ্নের উত্তর লেখ।(যে কোন ১ টি) 5x1=5

ক। '' আমি তো জীবন্ত প্রাণ, আমি এক অঙ্কুরিত বীজ ; '' ' আমি ' কে ? তার স্বপ্ন কী ? বক্তা কেন বৃক্ষের সমাজে নিজেকে তুচ্ছ বলে মনে করেছে ?

অথবা

খ। '' অনেকগুলো পেট বাড়িতে ''-কাদের বাড়ির কথা বলা হয়েছে ? অনেকগুলো পেট হলেও তাদের উপার্জন কেমন ?কীভাবে তারা উপার্জন করে তা বুঝিয়ে বল।

১২। পদ্য সংক্রান্ত প্রশ্নের উত্তর লেখ।(যে কোন ১ টি) 5x1=5

ক। '' সে বলে গেল , তারা লিখে চলল। '' –' সে ' কে ? অংশটির তাৎপর্য বিশ্লেষণ কর।

অথবা

খ। '' শতবর্ষ এগিয়ে আসে- শতবর্ষ যায় '' –' শতবর্ষ ' শব্দের অর্থ কি ? কবি কেন একথা বলেছেন বুঝিয়ে লেখ।

১৩। সহায়ক পাঠ সংক্রান্ত প্রশ্নের উত্তর লেখ। 5x1=5

ক। '' রমেনের মা একটু আপত্তি করেছিলেন ''- গল্পটি কার লেখা ? রমেন কে ? রমেনের মা কীসে , কেন আপত্তি করেছিলেন ?

১৪ । সহায়ক পাঠ সংক্রান্ত প্রশ্নের উত্তর লেখ ।(যে কোন ১ টি)

5x1=5

ক । '' অপ্রতিভের থেকে হতাশ হয়েছে বেশি সৌখি ''- সৌখির হতাশ হওয়ার কারণ কি ? সৌখির মা কোথায় , কি চুরি করেছিল ?

অথবা

খ । ''ছেলেকে সামনে দেখে গুম খেয়ে রইল '' -কার কথা বলে হয়েছে ? তাঁর এই অবস্থার কারণ বিশ্লেষণ কর ।

SECTION-D

CREATIVE WRITING

১৫ । যে কোন **একটি** বিষয় অবলম্বন করে কমবেশি ১২০ শব্দের মধ্যে অনুচ্ছেদ রচনা কর । **6x1=6**

ক । সবার শিক্ষা সবার উন্নতি

অথবা

খ । সংবাদপত্র পাঠের প্রয়োজনীয়তা

১৬ । যে কোন **একটি** বিষয় অবলম্বন করে লেখ । **6x1=6**

ক । তোমার এলাকায় নানা স্থানে আবর্জনার স্তূপ গড়ে উঠছে । তোমার উদ্বেগের কথা জানিয়ে সংবাদপত্রের সম্পাদকের কাছে একটি পত্র লেখ ।

অথবা

খ। প্রতিবেদন রচনা কর ঃ- মোবাইলের অতিরিক্ত ব্যবহারে বিপন্ন প্রকৃতি

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NAME:_____SEC:_____ROLL NO:_____

CODE:B

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR

ANNUAL EXAMINATION:(2025-2026)

BENGALI

CLASS VIII

TIME: 3 HOURS **Maximum Marks:80**

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General instruction:

1. The question paper contains16 questions.

2. The question paper is divided into two parts.

PART -A: Objective type paper (MCQ): 25 Marks

PART - B: Descriptive paper: 55 Marks

3. PART -A has three portion: (MCQ)

Reading (Unseen Comprehension): 12 Marks

Grammar: 3 Marks

Main Course Book and Supplementary Reader: 10 marks

PART - B has three portion: (subjective)

Grammar: 10 Marks

Main Course Book and Supplementary Reader : 33 Marks

Creative Writing: 12 marks

PART -A (MCQ TYPE)

SECTION -A (Reading: Unseen Comprehension)

1. নীচের অনুচ্ছেদগুলি পড়ে প্রদত্ত প্রশ্নগুলির সঠিক উত্তর নির্বাচন করে লেখ। (1X4)X3=12

A. আজকাল বিজ্ঞানের দ্বারা যেসব অসাধ্য সাধন হচ্ছে, তাও বহু মানুষের ক্ষুদ্র চেষ্টার ফল। মানুষ পূর্বে একান্ত অসহায় ছিল । বুদ্ধি, চেষ্টা ও সহিষ্ণুতার বলে আজ সে পৃথিবীর রাজা হয়েছে । কত কষ্ট ও কত চেষ্টার পর মানুষ বর্তমান উন্নতি লাভ করেছে তা আমরা মনে করতে পারি না। কে প্রথম আগুন জ্বালাতে শেখালো, কে প্রথমে ধাতুর ব্যবহার শিক্ষা দিল, কে লেখার প্রথা আবিষ্কার করল, তা আমরা কিছুই জানি না। শুধু এইটুকু জানি যে প্রথমে যারা কোন নতুন প্রথা প্রচলন করতে চেষ্টা করেছিলেন, তারা পদে পদে অনেক বাধা পেয়েছিলেন। অনেক সময় তাদের অনেক নির্যাতন সহ্য করতে হয়েছিল।

এত চেষ্টা করেও অনেকেই তাদের সাফল্য দেখে যেতে পারেননি। তাই আপাতত মনে হয় তাদের চেষ্টা একেবারে বৃথা গেছে। কিন্তু কোন চেষ্টায় বিফল হয় না। আজ যা নিতান্ত ক্ষুদ্র মনে হয়, দুদিন পরেই তা থেকে মহৎ ফল উৎপন্ন হয়ে থাকে। প্রবাল দ্বীপ যেমন একটু একটু করে আয়তনে বেড়ে চলে, জ্ঞানরাজ্যও সেই ভাবে তিল তিল করে বেড়ে চলেছে।

ক) বর্তমান যুগে বিজ্ঞানের যে সমস্ত আবিষ্কার তা কীসের ফল?

i) বুদ্ধির ii) ক্ষুদ্র চেষ্টা iii) অসহায়তার iv) শিক্ষার

খ) মানুষ পৃথিবীর রাজা কীভাবে হয়েছে?

i) বুদ্ধি ii) চেষ্টা iii) সহিষ্ণুতার iv) সবগুলির

গ) জ্ঞান-রাজ্যকে প্রবাল দ্বীপের সঙ্গে তুলনা করা হয়েছে কেন?

i) প্রবাল এর মতনই জ্ঞান ভাসমান

ii) প্রবাল দ্বীপের মতনই জ্ঞান আস্তে আস্তে বাড়ে

iii) অনেক চেষ্টার ফলে জ্ঞানরাজ্যের দ্বারা প্রবাল দ্বীপ গঠিত হয়

iv) ওপরের কোনোটিই নয়

ঘ) জ্ঞানরাজ্য- কোন সমাসের উদাহরণ?

i) কর্মধারয় সমাস ii) বহুব্রীহি সমাস iii) তৎপুরুষ সমাস iv) অব্যয়ীভাব সমাস

B. খ্রিস্টপূর্ব ২৭৩ সালে অশোক মগধের সিংহাসনে আরোহন করেন। প্রায় ৪০ বৎসরকাল রাজত্ব করেছিলেন অশোক। ঐতিহাসিকগণ তাঁর মৃত্যুকাল খ্রিস্টপূর্ব ২৩২ সাল নির্ণয় করেছেন। একমাত্র কলিঙ্গ যুদ্ধ ভিন্ন এই দীর্ঘকাল তাঁর রাজ্যের ভিতরে ও বাইরে পরিপূর্ণ শান্তি বিরাজমান ছিল। এই সময়ের মধ্যে কোন গৃহবিপ্লব অথবা প্রতিবেশী রাষ্ট্রসমূহের সঙ্গে বিবাদ-বিসম্বাদ এর কোন উল্লেখ পাওয়া যায় না। সকল ঐতিহাসিক একবাক্যে তাঁর মাহাত্ম্য কীর্তন করে বলেছেন যে, কি পূর্ব কি পশ্চিম পৃথিবীর কোথাও এমন কোন শাসক নেই যিনি ক্ষমতায় মৌর্যসম্রাটের তুল্য বলে গণ্য হতে পারেন।

পশ্চিমে হিন্দুকুশ পর্বতমালা থেকে পূর্বে ব্রহ্মপুত্র নদ, আর উত্তরে হিমাচলের পাদদেশ থেকে দক্ষিনে মাদ্রাজ পর্যন্ত বিস্তীর্ণ ছিল সম্রাট অশোকের সাম্রাজ্য। তাঁর শাসনগুনে এই বিশাল সাম্রাজ্য ছিল শান্তি ও সমৃদ্ধিতে পরিপূর্ণ। অশোকের আগে বুদ্ধের ধর্ম কেবলমাত্র ভারতবর্ষে বিস্তৃত হয়েছিল, কিন্তু ভারতের বাইরে বৌদ্ধধর্ম প্রচার ও প্রসারের যা কিছু কৃতিত্ব তা একমাত্র রাজাধিরাজ অশোকেরই। শাক্যমুনির জন্মস্থান লুম্বিনীকে তিনি শুধু করমুক্ত করেননি, রাজভান্ডার থেকে বহু অর্থ তিনি প্রদান করেছিলেন।

ক) সম্রাট অশোক খ্রিস্টপূর্ব ২৭৩ সালে কোথাকার সিংহাসনে আরোহন করেন?

i) কালিকট ii) মগধ iii) কাউনপুর iv) কোন তথ্যই সঠিক নয়

খ) অশোকের রাজত্বের সময় কোন যুদ্ধ হয়েছিল?

i) কলিঙ্গ যুদ্ধ ii) পলাশীর যুদ্ধ iii) পানিপথের যুদ্ধ iv) কনৌজের যুদ্ধ

গ) অশোকের সাম্রাজ্য পূর্ব-পশ্চিমে কতদূর বিস্তৃত ছিল?

i) পূর্বে হিমাচল থেকে পশ্চিমে মাদ্রাজ পর্যন্ত

ii) পূর্বে কলিঙ্গ থেকে পশ্চিমে হিন্দুকুশ পর্বতমালা

iii) পূর্বে ব্রহ্মপুত্র নদ থেকে পশ্চিমে হিন্দুকুশ পর্বতমালা

iv) পূর্বে ব্রহ্মপুত্র নদ থেকে পশ্চিমে কলিঙ্গ

ঘ) দীর্ঘকাল শব্দটির বিপরীত শব্দ কী?

i) দীর্ঘপ্রসারী ii) ক্ষণকাল iii) বহুকাল iv) চিরকাল

C. বহিরঙ্গে তিনি ছিলেন ব্যারিস্টার এ পি সেন লখনউয়ের অগাধ পসারওয়ালা প্রতিষ্ঠিত প্রথম শ্রেণীর আইনজীবী। একই সঙ্গে সমাজসেবী, উদারপন্থী রাজনৈতিক ব্যক্তিত্ব। কিন্তু অন্তরে প্রবাহমান ছিল এক আশ্চর্য এবং দুর্লভ সংগীত প্রতিভার ফল্গুধারা। মৃত্যুর ৮৭ বছর পরেও বাঙালি মনে রেখেছে এক বিলেত ফেরত ব্যারিস্টারকে নয়, অসামান্য সংগীতস্রষ্টা, বাংলা ভাষাপ্রেমী অতুলপ্রসাদ সেনকে। উনিশ শতকের দ্বিতীয় ভাগে, ১৮৬১ থেকে ১৮৭১ সাল পর্যন্ত কালপর্বে বাঙালি পেয়েছে চারজন কিংবদন্তি সুরসাধক রবীন্দ্রনাথ ঠাকুর, দ্বিজেন্দ্রলাল রায়, রজনীকান্ত সেন এবং অতুলপ্রসাদ সেন। কাজী নজরুল আগমন আরো প্রায় ৩ দশক পরে।২০২১ সালের ২০ শে অক্টোবর অতুলপ্রসাদের জন্মের দেড়শ বছর পূর্ণ হয়েছে।

গানের সংখ্যায় তিনি বাকি তিনজনের চেয়ে অনেকটাই পিছিয়ে। কিন্তু তাঁর সংগীত কীর্তির মায়া ও মগ্নতা তাঁকে সকলের চেয়ে আলাদা করে দিয়েছে। রবীন্দ্রনাথ তাঁর ৮০ বছরের জীবনকালে লিখেছেন প্রায়ই ২০০০ গান, পঞ্চাশ বছরের জীবনে ৫০০টি গান লিখেছেন দ্বিজেন্দ্রলাল, এর মধ্যে বেশিরভাগ নাটকের গান। স্বল্পায়ু রজনীকান্ত সেনের মোটামুটি

২৯০ টি গানের হিসাব পাওয়া যায়। ৬৩ বছরের পার্থিব জীবনে অতুলপ্রসাদ লিখেছেন মোট ২০৮ টি গান। তাও, বাংলার বাইরে বসে ব্যস্ত কর্মজীবনের ফাঁকে। ভারত স্বাধীন হওয়ার পর ১৯৪৮ সালের লখনউতে তার আবক্ষ মূর্তি উন্মোচনের সময় উত্তরপ্রদেশের রাজ্যপাল সরোজিনী নাইডু তাঁকে শ্রদ্ধা জানিয়েছিলেন।

ক) ৫০ বছরের জীবনে দ্বিজেন্দ্রলাল কতগুলি গান লিখেছিলেন?

i) ২০৮ টি ii)৫০০ টি iii) ২৯০ টি iv)২৭৭ টি

খ) অতুল প্রসাদ সেন কোন পেশার সঙ্গে যুক্ত ছিলেন?

i) ডাক্তারি ii) অভিনয় iii) শিক্ষকতা iv) ওকালতি

গ) ১৯৪৮ সালের লখনউতে কে অতুলপ্রসাদের আবক্ষ মূর্তি উন্মোচন করেছিলেন?

i) সরদার বল্লভ ভাই প্যাটেল ii) নেতাজি সুভাষচন্দ্র iii) সরোজিনী নাইডু iv) সীতা দেবী

ঘ) অন্তর্লীন শব্দটির সন্ধি বিচ্ছেদ করলে হবে?

i) অন্ত + লীন ii) অন্তর + লীন iii) অন্তঃ + লীন iv) আন্ত+ লীন

Section B: Grammar (MCQ)

2. নির্দেশ অনুসারে নীচের **যেকোনো তিনটি** প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও। **1X 3=3**

ক) **যামিনী** অতিক্রান্ত হল। - রেখাঙ্কিত পদটির অর্থ লেখ।

i) নিলয় ii) রজনী iii) নিবাস iv) তরুলতা

খ) **গঙ্গা** শব্দটির সমার্থক শব্দ নির্ণয় কর।

i) ভারতী ii) অবলা iii) ভাগীরথী iv) সৌদামিনী

গ) **নীরদ** নয়নে, নীর ঘন সিঞ্চনে পুলক মুকুল অবলম্ব। রেখাঙ্কিত পদটির সমার্থক শব্দ নির্ণয় কর।

i) কাদম্বিনী ii) অর্ণব iii) দামিনী iv) প্রচেত

ঘ) **ঈশ্বর** শব্দের সমার্থক শব্দটি নির্ণয় কর।

i) লহরী ii) পাবক iii) বিধি iv) অভিলাষ

Section C: Main Course Book and Supplementary Reader (MCQ)

3. গদ্য থেকে নীচের **যেকোনো ছয়টি** প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও। **1X 6=6**

ক) **'ভারতবর্ষ'** গল্পটিতে কোন বিষয়টি ফুটে উঠেছে?

i) জাতির ঐক্য ii) ভারতের ঐতিহ্য iii) অখন্ড ভারত iv) বৈচিত্রের মধ্যে ঐক্য

খ) "তাদের মুখের ভাব দেখে মনে হত, বিষয়টি তারা বিশেষভাবেই উপভোগ করছে"।- কাদের মুখের ভাবের কথা বলা হয়েছে?

i) দোকানের খদ্দেরদের

ii) মেয়ে দুটির

iii) দোকানের বৃদ্ধ ও মাঝারি বয়সের লোকটির

iv) দোকানের বৃদ্ধ ও লেখকের বয়সি ছেলেটির

গ) শিশুটির কত বয়সে তার মা মারা যায়?

i) ১১ মাস ii) সাত দিন iii) সাত মাস iv) এক সপ্তাহ

ঘ) স্ত্রীলোক দুটি ট্রেন থেকে কোথায় নেমেছিল?

i) উলুবেড়িয়া ii) আমতা iii) পাঁশকুড়া iv) বাগনান

ঙ) কাপালিক কীসের উপরে বসে ছিলেন?

i) শবদেহের উপর ii) বাঘ ছালের উপর iii) আসনের উপর iv) কম্বলের উপর

চ) **'স্তুপশিখরে'** গল্পটির মূল গ্রন্থের নাম কী?

i) কপালকুণ্ডলা ii) আনন্দমঠ iii) রাধারানী iv) দেবী চৌধুরানী

ছ) কাপালিকের কুটিরটি কীসের তৈরি?

i) কেয়া পাতার ii) গোল পাতার iii) শনের iv) হোগলার

4. সহায়ক পাঠ থেকে **যেকোনো চারটি** প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও। **1X 4=4**

ক) সৌখির কত বছরের জেল হয়েছিল?

i) তিন বছর ii) চার বছর iii) পাঁচ বছর iv) দশ বছর

খ) জেলের ঠিকাদারদের কাছ থেকে সৌখি কত টাকা রোজগার করে এনেছিল?

i) ৫০ টাকা ii) ৯০ টাকা iii) ১০০ টাকা iv) ১৫০ টাকা

গ) হর্ষনাথবাবুর রিলিফে কত মণ চাল দিয়েছিল?

i) ১০ মণ ii)১৫ মণ iii)২০ মণ iv) ৫০ মণ

ঘ) রমেনদের বাড়ি কোথায় ছিল?

i) কলকাতায় ii) ধনেশগঞ্জ iii) রায়গঞ্জ iv) শহরতলি

ঙ) রমেনের বাবা রমেনকে তার ভগ্নিপতির কাছে রাখতে চেয়েছিল কেন?

i) ছেলেকে পড়াশোনা শেখানোর জন্য ii) ছেলেকে একটু শান্ত শিষ্ট ভদ্র বানাবার জন্য iii) ছেলেকে স্বদেশীর পাঠ দেওয়ার জন্য iv) অসহায়দের সাহায্য করার জন্য

PART - B (DESCRIPTIVE TYPE)

Section B: Grammar (Subjective)

5. নিম্নলিখিত শব্দগুলির সন্ধি বিচ্ছেদ অথবা সন্ধিবদ্ধ করো।

A. সন্ধি বিচ্ছেদ কর। **(যেকোনো দুটি)** **1X2=2**

ক) মনোরম খ) অহরহ গ) দুর্গম ঘ) সরোজ

B. সন্ধিবদ্ধ রূপটি লেখো। **(যেকোনো দুটি)** **1X2=2**

ক) অন্তঃ + অঙ্গ খ) দুঃ + জন গ) পুরঃ + কার

6. নীচের পদগুলির ব্যাসবাক্য সহ সমাস নির্ণয় কর।**(যেকোন তিনটি)** **1X3=3**

ক) প্রতিমাসে খ) নরোত্তম গ) জাদুকর ঘ) বীণাপাণি ঙ) রাজপথ

7. নীচের প্রশ্নগুলির উত্তর দাও। **(যেকোন তিনটি)** **1X3=3**

ক) অর্থের পার্থক্য লেখ।

দিনেশ

দীনেশ

খ) অর্থের পার্থক্য লেখ।

জীবন

জিবন

গ) **হাত** শব্দটির একই শব্দের ভিন্নার্থের প্রয়োগ দেখাও। **(যেকোন দুটি)**

ঘ) **অংক** শব্দটির একই শব্দের ভিন্নার্থক প্রয়োগ দেখাও **(যেকোনো দুটি)**

Section- C: Main Course Book and Supplementary Reader

8. "নবকুমারের নিদ্রা ভঙ্গ হইল"- নবকুমার কে? নিদ্রা ভঙ্গের পর তিনি কী দেখলেন? **2X1=2**

9. নীচের প্রশ্নগুলির উত্তর দাও। **3X2=6**

ক) "আমি দিব্যচক্ষু পেয়েছি"- 'আমি' কে? দিব্যচক্ষু পাওয়ার পর তার কী মনে হয়েছিল?

খ) "বেশি দিন পৃথিবীর আলো-বাতাস ওকে ভোগ করতে হবে না"- কার একথা মনে হয়েছিল? কোন ঘটনায় তার একথা মনে হয়েছিল?

10. গদ্য থেকে **যেকোনো একটি** প্রশ্নের উত্তর লেখ। **5X1=5**

ক) "ছিল সেই অমর মাতৃলোক, বিশ্বের সমগ্র জীবজগৎ যার করুণাধারায় বিধৌত"। উক্তিটির প্রসঙ্গ লেখো। আলোচ্য উক্তিতে প্রকৃতপক্ষে কী বোঝানো হয়েছে?

খ) "নবকুমারকে প্রথমে দেখিতে পাইল না"- কার কথা বলা হয়েছে? কেন তিনি নবকুমারকে প্রথমে দেখতে পাননি? দেখার পর তিনি কেমন ব্যবহার করেন ও কী কী কাজ করেন তা বুঝিয়ে দাও।

11. পদ্য থেকে **যেকোনো একটি** প্রশ্নের উত্তর লেখ। **5X1=5**

ক) "সে বিশাল সমুদ্র গর্জনের দিকে কান পেতে একটু হাসলো"- কখন সে বিশাল সমুদ্র গর্জনের দিকে কান পেতে হেসেছিল? উদ্ধৃতাংশটির মর্মার্থ বিশ্লেষণ কর।

খ) "শিকড়ে আমার তাই অরণ্যের বিশাল চেতনা"। প্রসঙ্গ উল্লেখ করো। কীভাবে সে অরণ্যের বিশাল চেতনা অনুভব করে।

12. পদ্য থেকে **যেকোনো একটি** প্রশ্নের উত্তর লেখ। **5X1=5**

ক) "তুমি মুখে মুখে বলে দাও, আমরা লিখে নিচ্ছি" -প্রসঙ্গসহ তাৎপর্য বিশ্লেষণ কর।

খ) "শতবর্ষ এগিয়ে আসে- শতবর্ষ যায়"- 'শতবর্ষ' শব্দের অর্থ কী? কবি কেন এ কথা বলেছেন তা বুঝিয়ে দাও।

13. "তফাতে হর্ষনাথের দু-নলা বন্দুক হাতে দাঁড়িয়ে রমেন"-রমেন কে? রমেন কোথায়, কেন বন্দুক হাতে দাঁড়িয়েছিল? **5X1=5**

14. সহায়ক পাঠ থেকে **যেকোনো একটি** প্রশ্নের উত্তর লেখ। **5X1=5**

ক) "ছেলেটাকে তোমায় মানুষ করে দিতে হবে ভাই"। কে, কাকে এই অনুরোধ করেছে? হর্ষনাথবাবু তার ছেলে রমেনকে কেমন মানুষ তৈরি করতে চেয়েছিলেন ? শেষ পর্যন্ত রমেন কেমন মানুষ তৈরি হয়েছিল?

খ) "ছেলের নামে কলঙ্ক এনেছে সে"- কে, কীভাবে ছেলের নামে কলঙ্ক এনেছিল? এই কলঙ্কের জন্য প্রকৃতপক্ষে কে দায়ী?

Section- D: Creative Writing

15. নীচের **যেকোনো একটি** প্রশ্নের উওর দাও।(অনধিক ১৫০ টি শব্দে) **6X1=6**

ক) শহরের আবর্জনায় দূষিত হচ্ছে নদী এ বিষয়ে সংবাদপত্রের উপযোগী একটি প্রতিবেদন রচনা কর।

খ) মোবাইল ফোন বিদ্যালয়গামী ছাত্র-ছাত্রীদের ওপর খুব বেশি প্রভাব ফেলেছে। এই প্রভাব থেকে মুক্তির উপায়ের পথ বের করে দৈনিক পত্রিকার সম্পাদককে একটি পত্র লেখ।

16. নীচের **যেকোনো একটি** অনুচ্ছেদ লেখো।(অনধিক ১৫০ টি শব্দে) **6X1=6**

ক) সবার শিক্ষা সবার উন্নতি

খ) সংবাদপত্র পাঠের প্রয়োজনীয়তা

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NAME_____ SEC_____ ROLL.NO. _____

CODE:A

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
ANNUAL EXAMINATION: [2025 – 2026]
THIRD LANGUAGE(SANSKRIT)
CLASS – VIII

Time: 2 Hrs. **Maximum Marks - 80**

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सर्वेषां प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि संस्कृते लिखत ।

प्रश्नपत्रे चत्वार: खण्डा: सन्ति ।

खण्ड (क) अपठित-अवबोधनम् - 10 अंका:

खण्ड (ख) रचनात्मकम् - कार्यम्- 15 अंका:

खण्ड (ग) अनुप्रयुक्त - व्याकरणम् -30 अंका:

खण्ड (घ) पठित - अवबोधनम् - 25 अंका:

खण्ड 'क' अपठित - अवबोधनम् (10)अंका:

1.निम्नलिखितम् गद्यान्शम् पठित्वा प्रश्नान् उत्तरत -

भारतवर्ष: उत्सवानां देश:। अत्र बहव: उत्सवा: भवन्ति ये भारतीयां संस्कृतिं प्राचीनकालात् अद्य यावत् समुज्जीवयन्ति। उत्सवा: मानवमनस: उदात्तं भावं प्रकटयन्ति। उत्सवै: मानव: नवम् उत्साहं, जागृतिं नवोल्लासं वा प्राप्नोति। वस्तुत: मानव: उत्सवप्रिय: प्राणी भवति। यदा तस्य जीवने किमपि सुखमयं क्षणम् आयाति, तदा सः स्वानन्दस्य प्रकटीकरणम् उत्सवानां माध्यमेन करोति। एते अस्माकं जीवनं रसमयं कुर्वन्ति।

(I)एकपदेन उत्तरत - 1X2=2

(क) उत्सवा: कस्य उदात्तं भावं प्रकटयन्ति ?

(ख) मानव: कीदृश: प्राणी भवति ?

(II)पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत - 2X2=4

(क) उत्सवै: मानव: किं किं प्राप्नोति ?

(ख) मानव: स्वानन्दस्य प्रकटीकरणं कथं करोति ?

(III)यथानिर्देशम् उत्तरत - 1X2=2

(क) 'नवोल्लासम्' अस्य सन्धिच्छेद: किम् अस्ति ?

(i)नव + ओल्लासम् (ii)नव+ उल्लासम् (iii)नवो+ लासम्

(ख) 'करोति' इति क्रियापदस्य कर्ता क: ?

(i)सः (ii)उत्सव: (iii)वस्तुत:

(IV)अस्य गद्यांशस्य समुचितं शीर्षकं लिखत । 2

खण्ड (ख) रचनात्मकम् - कार्यम् 15

2.छात्रावासस्य विषये वर्णयन् मातरम् प्रति पत्रम् लिखत । ½x10=5

छात्रावासत:

तिथि: ----------

पूज्ये मातः ।

सादरम् चरणवंदना ,

अहम् अत्र (1)-------- अस्मि । अद्य प्रातः (ii)-------- छात्रावासम् प्राप्त: अस्मि । (iii)--------- भवनम् विशालम् वातानुकूलितम् (iv)-------- अस्ति । अत्र (v)--------- सुविधा: सन्ति ।(vi)-------- कक्षाः अपि सुव्यवस्थिता: (vii)-------- । अत्र विविधक्रीडाभ्यः अपि विस्तृतम् (viii)------- अस्ति । (ix)-------- व्यवस्था अपि उत्तमा अस्ति । मम का$पि (x)--------- न करणीया । विस्तरेण पुनः लेखिष्यामि । पितु: चरणयो: सादरम् प्रणामाः निवेदनीया: ।

भवदाज्ञाकारी पुत्र:

मयंक:

मंजूषा - (च ,क्षेत्रम् ,कुशल: ,सर्वाः ,चिन्ता ,छात्रावासस्य ,सन्ति ,भोजनस्य ,अहम् ,अस्य)

3.मंजूषायां प्रदत्तशब्दानाम् सहायतया चित्रम् दृष्ट्वा पंचवाक्यानि संस्कृतेन लिखत । 2x5=10



मंजूषा-

क्रीडाक्षेत्रम्, छात्राः, विद्यालयस्य, क्रीडन्ति, पादकन्दुकेन, क्रीडाकालांशे, विकासः, भवति, क्रीडाशिक्षकः, अस्ति, क्रीडनेन, अतिविशालम्, स्वस्थाः

खंड 'ग' अनुप्रयुक्त -व्याकरणम् 30 अंकाः

4. समय लेखनम् कुरुत - 1X4=4

(क) विवेकः (6:00) --------- वादने विद्यालयं गच्छति ।

(ख) (1:30) --------- वादने अहं गृहम् आगच्छामि ।

(ग) मम पिता (5:45)--------- वादने पूजां करोति ।

(घ)(9:00) --------- वादने अहं समाचारान् पश्यामि ।

5. संधिविच्छेदं कुरुत - 1X4=4

(क)कलमेत्यादीनि = ------ + ------ (ख) बहिरागत्य = ------ + ------

(ग) काञ्चित् = ------ + ----- (घ) तथैव = ----- + ------

6. समुचितविभक्तिं प्रयुज्य वाक्यानि पूरयत - 1X4=4

(क) ---------- बहिः वनम् अस्ति। (ग्रामाय, ग्रामात्, ग्रामे)

(ख) गुरु: ---------- स्निहयति । (,शिष्ये , शिष्यम् ,शिष्याय)

(ग) गंगा ---------- प्रभवति। (हिमालयात्,हिमाले, हिमालये)

(घ) ---------- पृष्ठतः भित्तिका अस्ति"" ।(मम ,माम्,मयि)

7.प्रकृति प्रत्ययम् कुरुत - 1x4=4

(क) गत्वा = -------- + -------- (ख)गतवत = ------ + -------

(ग)उपगम्य = ------- + -------- (घ) पठित: = ------- + -------

8.अधोलिखितानां पदानां विलोमपदम् लिखत - ½X4=2

(क)आदानम् = ----------

(ख) आरोहः = ----------

(ग)परकीयम् = ----------

(घ) विषमता = ----------

9. उदाहरणमनुसृत्य निर्देशानुसारं लकारपरिवर्तनं कुरुत - 1X4=4

यथा- सा शिक्षिका अस्ति। (लङ्लकार:) सा शिक्षिका आसीत्।

(क) महिलाः तडागात् जलं नयन्ति । (लोट्लकारः)

(ख) वयं प्रतिदिनम् पाठम् पठाम:। (विधिलिंग)

(ग) यूयं किं विद्यालयम् गच्छथ ? (लृट्लकार:)

(घ) ते बालका: विद्यालयात् गृहं गच्छन्ति।(लङ्लकार:)

10. समानार्थकपदानि चित्वा लिखत - 1X4=4

(क) मयूराणाम् = ----------(शिखीनाम् /शुकानाम्/पिकानाम्)

(ख) अनेकेषाम् = ---------- (जनानाम्, वैज्ञानिकानाम्, बहूनाम्)

(ग) सुशोभते = ---------- (लिखते ,भाति ,पिबति)

(घ) पृथिव्याम् = ---------- (क्षितौ ,पर्वतेषु ,त्रिलोक्यम्)

11. उचितै: अव्ययपदै: वाक्यानि पूरयत - 1x4=4

(क)गृहात् --------- वृक्षाः सन्ति ।

(ख) --------- रविवासर: आसीत् ।

(ग)अहं -------- पाठम् स्मरामि ।

(घ) कदापि --------- न वक्तव्यम् ।

(मृषा ,बहि: ,ह्य: ,इदानीम्)

खण्ड (घ) पठित - अवबोधनम् - 25 अंकाः

12. एकपदेन उत्तरं लिखत - 1X4=4

(क) के कूपात् जलोद्रधरणम् अवारयन् ?

(ख) का स्वदृढ़निश्चयात् न विचलति ?

(ग) विधवानाम् शिरोमुंडनस्य निराकरणाय सा कै: मिलिता ?

(घ) सा कासाम् कृते प्रदेशस्य प्रथमम् विद्यालयम् आरभत् ?

13. प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि पूर्णवाक्येन लिखत - 1X4=4

(क) सप्तभगिनी प्रदेशे के निवसन्ति ?

(ख)वंशवृक्षवस्तूनाम् उपयोग: कुत्र क्रियते ?

(ग) भगिनीसप्तके कानि राज्यानि सन्ति ?

(घ) एतत्प्रादेशिका: कै: निष्णाता: सन्ति ?

14. अधोरेखांकितेभ्य: पदेभ्य: प्रश्ननिर्माणम् कुरुत - 1X4=4

(क) मनुष्य: **<u>सत्यपूताम्</u>** वाचं वदेत् ।

(ख) **<u>वृधोपसेविन:</u>** आयुर्विद्या यशो बलं न वर्धन्ते ?

(ग) त्रिषू तुष्टेषु सर्वं **<u>तप:</u>** समाप्यते ।

(घ)**<u>तयोः</u>** नित्यं प्रियम् कुर्यात् ।

15. अधोलिखितपदानां विपरीतार्थकपदानि लिखत - 1X4=4

(क) अन्धकार: = ---------- (ख) उदय: = ----------

(ग) अचल: = ---------- (घ) समादर: = ----------

16.तद्भवपदानाम् कृते संस्कृतपदानि लिखत - 1x4=4

(क)खेत = ---------- (ख) आज = ----------

(ग) बाँस = ---------- (घ) बहिन = ----------

17. 'विद्वस्' वा 'तत्' वा 'किम्' शब्दरूपम् लिखत । 5

Name: _____ Sec: ____ Roll No.: ____

CODE:B

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
ANNUAL EXAMINATION: [2025-2026]
THIRD LANGUAGE (SANSKRIT)
CLASS: VIII

Time: 2 Hrs. **Maximum Marks: 80**

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सर्वेषां प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि संस्कृते लिखत ।

प्रश्नपत्रे चत्वार: खण्डा: सन्ति ।

खण्ड (क) अपठित-अवबोधनम् - 10 अंका:

खण्ड (ख) रचनात्मकम् - कार्यम्- 15 अंका:

खण्ड (ग) अनुप्रयुक्त - व्याकरणम् - 30 अंका:

खण्ड (घ) पठित - अवबोधनम् - 25 अंका:

खण्ड 'क' अपठित - अवबोधनम् (10)अंका:

1. अधोलिखितम् गद्यांशं पठित्वा प्रश्नान उत्तरत ।

मानवजीवने सफलतायै अनेकेषां गुणानाम् आवश्यकता भवति। यथा परोपकार:, सदाचार:, विनम्रता, अनुशासनं, परिश्रम: इत्यादय:। एते गुणा: मानवस्य उनत्यै अनिवार्या: सन्ति। आपद्ग्रस्तानां रोगपीडितानां दुःखितानां च सेवा, परिचर्या दयाभाव: च अमूल्याः मानवीयगुणा: कथ्यन्ते। आपद्ग्रस्तानां सहायतया रोगपीडितानां दुःखितानां च सेवया मानव: पुण्यं प्राप्नोति, जीवने सुखं उन्नतिं च विन्दति। एतादृशा: जना: आत्मन: समाजस्य च सर्वविधाम् उन्नतिं कुर्वन्ति।

(I) एकपदेन उत्तरत । 1X2=2

(क) जीवने सफलतायै केषां आवश्यकता भवति?

(ख) दुःखितानां सेवया मानव: किं प्राप्नोति?

(II) पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरत । 2X2=4

(क) सफलतायै के गुणा: आवश्यका: भवन्ति ?

(ख) के अमूल्याः मानवीयगुणा: कथ्यन्ते?

(III) यथानिर्देशम् उत्तरत । 1X2=2

(क) 'एते गुणा: अनिवार्या: सन्ति' अत्र किं कर्तृपदम् ?

(i) एते (ii) गुणा: (iii) अनिवार्या:

(ख) 'अमूल्याः मानवीयगुणा: कथ्यन्ते' अत्र किं क्रियापदम् ?

(i) अमूल्याः (ii) मानवीयगुणा: (iii) कथ्यन्ते

(IV)अस्य गद्यांशस्य समुचितं शीर्षकं लिखत । 2

खण्ड (ख) रचनात्मकम्-कार्यम् 15 अंका:

2. स्वमित्रं प्रति लिखिते पत्रे मंजूषायाः पदानि चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत।

½X10=5

छात्रावासत:

नवदिल्ली

तिथि: --------

प्रिय मित्र,

सप्रेम (i) --------

अत्र कुशलं तत्रास्तु। मम (ii) ------ समाप्ता। हयः अहं (iii) ------ सह जन्तुशालां द्रष्टुम् अगच्छम्। तत्र (iv) ------- अनेकान् पशून् अपश्याम। अनेकवर्णा: चटका: अपि तत्र (v) -------। तत्र (vi) ------- हरीतिमा आसीत्। जन्तुशाला वृक्षै:(vii) ------ पुष्पै: च (viii) ------- आसीत्। वयम् अति प्रसन्ना: आस्म। तव (ix) ------- अनन्तरं त्वम् अपि अत्र आगच्छ। (x) -------- मिलित्वा पुन: तत्र गमिष्याव:। सर्वेभ्यः मम नमस्कार: कथनीय: ।

भवत: अभिन्नं मित्रम्

विमलेश कुमार:

मंजूषा- {आसन्, पादपै:, आवाम्, परीक्षायाः, नमोनम:, अत्यधिका, परीक्षा, मित्रै:, सुशोभिता, वयम्}

3. मंजूषायाम् प्रदत्तशब्दानाम् सहायतया चित्रम् दृष्ट्वा संस्कृते पंचवाक्यानि लिखत। 2x5=10



मञ्जूषा

उपवनम्, बालिकाः, वृक्षाः, पादपाः, प्रसन्नाः, पञ्च,
अस्ति, सन्ति, क्रीडन्ति, कन्दुकेन, शोभन्ते, पर्वताः,
पक्षिणः, आकाशे, पश्यन्ति, भ्रमन्ति, परिवेशः, सुन्दरः

खंड 'ग' अनुप्रयुक्त -व्याकरणम् 30 अंकाः

4. सन्धिविच्छेदं कुरुत । 1X4=4

(क) प्रथमोपग्रहस्य = ------ + ------ (ख) तथैव = ------ + ------

(ग) कालातिगामिनी = ------ + ------ (घ) सूर्याचल: = ------ + ------

5. प्रकृति प्रत्ययं कुरुत । 1X4=4

(क) पठ् + क्त = ---------- (ख) गम् + क्तवतु = ----------

(ग) दृष्ट्वा = ------ + ------ (घ) आदाय = ---- + ---- + ----

6. कोष्ठकात् शुद्धं विकल्पं चित्वा रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत । 1x4=4

(क) ------- बहिः अवकर: न शोभते। (गृहम्, गृहे, गृहात्)

(ख) ---------- नमः। (रामाय, रामम्, रमौ)

(ग) ------ परित: वनम् अस्ति। (नगरम्, नगरस्य, नगरात्)

(घ) अहं ------ सह न गच्छामि। (मूर्खस्य, मूर्खेण, मूर्खम्)

7. उचिताव्ययेन वाक्यपूर्तिं कुरुत । 1X4=4

(क) परिश्रमं विना -------- सुखम् ।

(ख) जलं ---------- मीन: न जीवति ।

(ग) यथा कर्म ------- फलम् ।

(घ) गृहात् --------- वृक्षा: सन्ति।

(विना, बहि:, तथा, कुत:)

8. अधोलिखितानां पदानां लिङ्ग, विभक्ति वचनं च लिखत । 1X4=4

पदानि	लिङ्गम्	विभक्ति:	वचनम्
(क) सहभागिता	---------	---------	---------
(ख) नापितै:	---------	---------	---------
(ग) कन्यानाम्	---------	---------	---------
(घ) धूलिम्	---------	---------	---------

9. उदाहरणमनुसृत्य निर्देशानुसारं लकारपरिवर्तनं कुरुत । 1X4=4

यथा- सा शिक्षिका अस्ति। (लङ्लकार:) सा शिक्षिका आसीत्।

(क) सा अध्यापने संलग्ना भवति। (लृट्लकार:)

(ख) सः त्रयोदशवर्षकल्प: अस्ति। (लङ्लकार:)

(ग) महिला: तडागात् जलं नयन्ति। (लोट्लकार:)

(घ) ते बालका: विद्यालयात् गृहं गच्छन्ति।(लङ्लकार:)

10. निम्नवाक्येषु प्रदत्तं समयं संस्कृतेन लिखत । 1x3=3

(क) विभोर: प्रात: 4:00 --------- वादने उत्तिष्ठति।

(ख) तदा सः 5:45 ---------- वादने भ्रमणाय उद्यानं गच्छति।

(ग) तत: 7:30 ---------- वादने प्रातराशं कृत्वा विद्यालयं गच्छति।

11. 'भ्रम्' वा 'पठ्' धातो: लट् लृट्लकारस्य रूपम् लिखत। 3

खण्ड (घ) पठित - अवबोधनम् - 25 अंकाः

12. एकपदेन उत्तरं लिखत । 1X5=5

(क) केन पीडित: वैभव: बहिरागत:?

(ख) वयं शिक्षिता: अपि कथमाचराम:?

(ग) नृणां संभवे कौ क्लेशं सहेते?

(घ) कीदृशीं वाचं वदेत्?

(ङ) सूर्य: कस्यां दिशायां उदेति?

13. प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि पूर्णवाक्येन लिखत । 1X4=4

(क) सप्तभगिनी- प्रदेशे के निवसन्ति?

(ख) वंशवृक्षवस्तूनाम् उपयोग: कुत्र क्रियते?

(ग) भगिनीसप्तके कानि राज्यानि सन्ति?

(घ) एतत्प्रादेशिका: कै: निष्णाता: सन्ति?

14. रेखांकितपदमाधृत्य प्रश्ननिर्माणम् कुरुत । 1X4=4

(क) धेनु: **<u>शाकफलानामावरणै:</u>** सह प्लास्टिकस्यूतमपि खादति स्म।

(ख) सर्वे अवकरं संगृह्य **<u>अवकरकण्डोले</u>** पातयन्ति।

(ग) **<u>वृद्धोपसेविन:</u>** आयुर्विद्या यशो बलं वर्धन्ते।

(घ) मनुष्य: **<u>सत्यपूतां</u>** वाचं वदेत्।

15. समानार्थकपदानि चित्वा लिखत । 1X4=4

(क) सुशोभते = ---------- (लिखते, भाति, पिबति)

(ख) मयूराणाम् = ---------- (शिखीनाम्, शुकानाम्, पिकानाम्)

(ग) अनेकेषाम् = ---------- (जनानाम्, वैज्ञानिकानाम्, बहूनाम्)

(घ) पृथिव्याम् = ---------- (क्षितौ, पर्वतेषु, त्रिलोक्यम्)

16. विशेष्य-विशेषणानाम् उचितं मेलनम् कुरुत । 1X4=4

विशेष्य-पदानि	विशेषण-पदानि
(क)अयम्	(i)संस्कृति:
(ख)महत्वाधायिनी	(ii)समवाय:
(ग)प्राचीने	(iii)प्रदेश:
(घ)एक:	(iv)इतिहासे

17. 'विद्वस्' वा 'तत्' स्त्रीलिंग शब्दरूपम् लिखत । 4

Name _____ Sec ___ Roll No.___

CODE:A

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
ANNUAL EXAMINATION [2025-2026]
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY
CLASS-VIII

Time: 1Hrs. **Maximum Marks:**50

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General Instructions:

- **All questions are compulsory.**

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SECTION –A

1. i Alex wants to send data from one computer to another connected computer. Who is Alex? 1
   a. Sender
   b. Receiver
   c. Medium
   d. Protocol

   ii Rajat wants to do programming but is in a search of a popular and easy to understand language. Name the popular language. 1
   a) Python b)Word c) Excel d) None

   iii Aman uses a reusable block of code that performs a specific task. What is used by Aman ? 1
   a) function b) Syntax c) Code d) None

   iv Rohit wants to buy a voice activated AI assistant for his home. Suggest a suitable voice control AI for him. 1
   a) Alexa b)Netflix c)Hotstar d)none

   v Amit tries to steal personal or important information without permission. Name the crime Amit does ? 1
   a) Cyber bullying b) Hacking
   c) Both a and b d) None

2.	i	_____ is the cyclical process followed to complete on AI. a) AI project cycle b)NLP c) Computer Vision d)None	1
	ii	How many goals where established by the United States in 2015 ? a) 1 b)12 c) 14 d) 17	1
	iii	_____ enables machines to understand language as human beings do. a) NLP b) Statistical data c) Both a and b d) None	1
	iv	_____ enables machines to understand large amount of numerical data. a) NLP b) Statistical data c) Both a and b d) None	1
.	v	_____ is the way to make machines work on their own. a) AI b) AI Ethics c)Automation d) None	1
3.	i.	_____protocol is commonly used for sending email messages. a) SMTP b)ICMP c) TCP d)IP	1
	ii.	_____ topology each node is connected to a central node that is a switch or a hub using cables. a) Star b)Ring c)Tree d) Bus	1
	iii.	_____ network that connects computers and devices in a limited geographical area, such as within a building or a computer lab. a)LAN b) WAN c) MAN d) None	1
	iv.	_____ is a key device that connects different networks and directs data traffic between them. a) Router b) Switch c) Hub d) Modem	1

v. A _____ is a unique web address used to find resources on the internet. 1

a) URL b) DNS c) ISP d) None

vi. A _____ is a group of web pages and digital content accessible via a shared web address and hosted on a web server. 1

a) Web Browser

b) Website

c) URL

d) WWW

vii. In python _____ undo the last action . 1

a) Ctrl + Z b) Ctrl + P c) Ctrl+S d) None

viii. The _____ statement helps us to move to the next cycle of a loop without finishing the current one. 1

a) continue b)while c)infinite d) None

ix. The _____statement is employed to stop the current loop ahead of schedule, even if the loop's condition has not been entirely met. 1

a) break b)while c)infinite d) None

x. The _____ statement is like an empty placeholder that does not do anything in python. 1

a) pass
b)while
c)infinite
d) None

4. i. The _____ loop goes through a sequence, running a set of instructions for each item in the sequence.

a) for
b)while
c)infinite
d) None

ii. A _____ loop keeps executing code as long as a specific condition stays true, giving us control over how many times the code runs. 1

a) for b)while c)infinite d) None

iii. Function are blocks of _____ that you can reuse to do specific jobs. 1
a) Code b) Number c) Float d) None

iv. To convert a string to uppercase , which method is used? 1
a) upper() b)capitalize () c)uppercase() d) none

v. _____ are essential data types in Python used for handling and manipulating text. 1
a) Strings b) float c) Int d) None

vi. In python you can find the length of a string the _____ function. 1
a) len () b) pop() c) name() d) None

vii. A _____ error happens when you attempt an operation that isn't supported for a function. 1
a) Type b) Syntax c) Run time d) None

viii. In python strings are _____ 1
a) Mutable b) Immutable
c)Can be either mutable or immutable d) none

ix. An _____is a set of step by step instructions or a procedure for solving a problem or completing a task 1
a) algorithm b) flowchart c) graph d) None

x. SDGs stands for _____. 1
a. Sustainable develop goals
b. Sustainable development goals
c. Sustain development goals
d. None of the above

5. i. To _____ means to make something as efficient or effective as possible in AI. 1
a) Optimize b)automation c) power d) None

ii. _____ means being open and clear in how something operates or makes decisions in AI. 1
a) Transparency b)automation c) power d) None

iii. The sustainable development goals are 17 Global goals created by the United Nations in _____ year. 1

a) 2020 b)2015 c) 2012 d) None

iv. _____ cars use AI to understand what's around them make decision and drive safely 1

a) Self-Driving b) Driving c) Virtual d)None

v. Cyberethics promotes _____ behaviour online 1

a) good
b) bad
c) Both a and b
d) none

vi. Regularly _____ antivirus software and report suspicious activities to maintain online safety. 1

a) update b) delete c) Insert d) None

vii. What is cyberethics mainly about ? 1

a) Creating new online games
b) Behaving responsibly online
c) Buying products from online stores
d)Sharing personal secrets online

viii. What does hacking involve ? 1

a) Sharing funny memes
b)Playing on line games
c)Unauthorized access to personal information
d)Creating social media profiles

ix. _____ is dangerous because the stolen information can be used for bad purpose. 1

a)Exclusion b)Outing
c)Hacking d) None

x. Sharing someone's secret or embarrassing information or images online is called _____ 1

a)Exclusion b)Outing
c)Hacking d) None

SECTION B

Answer the following Questions

6.	What is Computer Network?	2
7.	What is the difference between for loop and while loop?	2
8.	What is function ?	2
9.	What is AI Ethics ?	2
10.	What is Cyber ethics ?	2

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Name _____Sec ___Roll No.___

CODE:B

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
ANNUAL EXAMINATION: [2025-2026]
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY
CLASS-VIII

Time: 1Hrs. **Maximum Marks:50**

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General Instructions:

- **All questions are compulsory.**

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SECTION -A

1.	i	Alex is working with a topology where each node is connected to a central node that is a switch or a hub using cables. What topology is it? a.Bus Topology b.Star Topology c.Mesh Topology d.Ring Topology	1
	ii	Suman uses a loop that runs endlessly without a stopping point. Name the loop. a.for b.while c.infinite d.none	1
	iii	Aman uses a reusable block of code that performs a specific task. What is used by Aman? a.Function b.Syntax c.Code d.none	1
	iv	Tina was explaining Goal 2 of SDG. What is Goal 2? a.Quality Education b.Good Health and Wellbeing c.Zero Hunger d.Gender Equality	1
	v	Aman tries to steal personal or important information without permission. Name the crime Aman does? a.Cyber Bullying b.Hacking c.Harrassment d.none	1
2.	i	_____ is a way to make machines work on their own. a.AI Ethics b.Human Intelligence c.Automation d.none	1

	ii	_____enables machines to understand language as human being do. a.NLP b.Computer Vision c.Statistical data d.AI Ethics	1
	iii	_____ is a cyclical process followed to complete an AI. a.AI project cycle b.NLP c.ComputerVision d.none	1
	iv	Which among the following options come under the three domains of AI? a.computer vision b.NLP c.statistical data d.All of the above	1
.	v	_____ is a system of moral principles intended to inform the responsible development and use of AI. a.AI Ethics b.Solutions c.Machines d.none	1
3.	i.	A set of common rules governing communication in a network. a.Protocol b.Data c.Server d.Database	1
	ii.	A _____ is a computer that shares its resources with other computers. a.Protocol b.Data c.Server d.Database	1
	iii.	A _____ is a small network used for connecting devices within a short range . a.PAN b.MAN c.WAN d.none	1
	iv.	In _____ topology each node is connected with every node in the network. a.Ring b.Bus c.Mesh d.Tree	1
	v.	_____ is one of the most widely used wireless network technologies for local area networking(LAN). a.NIC b.Modem c.Wi-Fi d.Hub	1
	vi.	A _____ is a unique web address used to find resources on the Internet. a.ISP b.URL c.DNS d.Hub	1
	vii.	A _____ statement is likely an empty placeholder that does not do anything. a.break b.pass c.continue d.if	1

viii. _____ is the shortcut key to undo the last action. 1
a.Ctrl+Z b.Ctrl+Y c.Ctrl+X d.Ctrl+W

ix. A _____ loop is a loop that runs endlessly without a stopping point. 1
a.for b.while c.do..while d.infinite

x. _____ is a jump statement in Python. 1
a.break b.continue
c.both a and b d.none of these

4. i. The _____ statement helps you move to the next cycle of a loop.
a.break b.pass c.continue d.if

ii. You can have ____ block with a loop. 1
a.else b.operation
c.command prompt d.none

iii. _____ errors happens when there are mistakes in how the function is defined or called. 1
a.Syntax b.Run-time c.Semantic d.none

iv. _____ allows you to extract a substring from the given string by specifying the start and end positions. 1
a.String Function b.String Slicing
c.String Concatenation d.String Length

v. You can concatenate (combine)two or more strings using the ____ operator. 1
a.* b.% c.+ d.#

vi. You can find the length of the string using ____ function in Python. 1
a.lower() b.replace() c.split() d.len()

vii. A _____ Error occurs when you try to use a function that hasn't been defined or is outside of where Python can find. 1
a.Name b.Type cSyntax d.Zero-Division

viii. Functions are defined using the ____ keyword, followed by function name, parameters and a colon. 1
a.def b.pass c.continue d.none

ix. What is the fullform of the SDG? 1
a.Supreme Development Goal
b.Some Development Goal
c.Sustainable Development Goal
d.Simple Development Goal

x. The challenges faced by SDG should be tackled by the year_____. 1
a.2020 b.2023 c.2022 d.2030

5. i. Siri is a _____.
a.Self Automated car b.Virtual Assistant
c.Biometric d.Vacuum Cleaner

ii. _____ is the part of AI Project Cycle.
a.Problem Scoping b.Data Acquisition
c.Data Exploration d.All of the above

iii. _____ is not a part of SDG 2.
a.Supply Chain Efficiency
b.Crop Disease and Pest Management
c.Market Access
d.Data Acquisition

iv. _____ is an example of AI.
a.Virtual Assistants
b.Self-Driving Cars
c.Recommendation Systems
d.All of the above

v. Intentionally leaving someone out of an online discussion or group in a mean way is called_____.
a.Trickery b.Exclusion
c.Harrassment d.Catfishing

vi. Violating copyright rules is called _____.
a.Harrassment b.Plagiarism c.Flaming d.none

vii. _____ is the law that gives creators special rights to their original works like books, music, art,etc.
a.Copyright b.Plagiarism c.Flaming d.none

viii. _____ reminds us to use the technology safely and sensibly.

a.Cyberethics b.Plagiarism
c.Copyright d.none

ix. Sharing someone's secret or embarrassing information or images online is called _____.

a.Exclusion b.Trickery c.Outing d.none

x. Hacking includes _____.

a.Taking control of someone else's computer.
b.Accessing and sharing confidential information
c.Stealing personal information
d.All of these

SECTION B

Answer the following Questions

6.	Name the four components of a network.	2
7.	What is a Loop?	2
8.	Mention four benefits of functions.	2
9.	Mention any four key aspects of smart homes in AI.	2
10.	What is Cyberbullying and Hacking?	2

NAME_____SEC_____ROLL NO_____

CODE:A

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL,BURNPUR
ANNUAL EXAMINATION : (2025-2026)
MORAL VALUES
Class – VIII

Time: 40 Minutes. **Maximum Marks: 30**

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General Instructions:

(i) The question paper contains 30 questions of one mark each. All the questions are MCQ based questions.

(ii) All the questions in the question paper are compulsory.

(iii) Read the questions carefully and follow the instructions before answering the questions.

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Choose and write the correct option to answer the following questions.

1. Which former US President suffered from polio at the age of 32? 1
   (a) Abraham Lincoln
   (b) George Washington
   (c) Franklin Delano Roosevelt
   (d) John F. Kennedy

2. Which book written by Stephen Hawking became world famous? 1
   (a) The Origin of Species
   (b) The Theory of Everything
   (c) A Brief History of Time
   (d) Cosmos.

3. Which composer created some of his greatest symphonies after losing his hearing? 1

(a) Mozart
(b) Bach
(c) Beethoven
(d) Hayden

4. Why is Helen Keller remembered? 1

(a) She was a famous scientist.
(b) She was blind and deaf but achieved fame through hard work.
(c) She became a political leader.
(d) She discovered a scientific theory.

5. What was the main aim of the organisation that worked in Seemapuri? 1

(a) to provide food to children
(b) to open a school for children of school going age.
(c) to provide job to parents
(d) to build houses for slum dwellers.

6. How did CRY initially raise funds for its work? 1

(a) through government grants
(b) through door to door collections
(c) through foreign aid
(d) through selling greeting cards and products

7. What message is conveyed through the life of Rippan Kapur? 1

(a) Obstacles can be overcome through belief and action.
(b) Success comes only through wealth.
(c) One person cannot bring change.
(d) Education is only for the privileged.

8. What does CRY stand for? 1

(a) Care for Rural Youth
(b) Child Relief and Youth
(c) Child Relief and You
(d) Child Rights and You

9. What was the main purpose of the international discussion organised by Sardar Patel School, Bangalore? 1
(a) to celebrate cultural festivals
(b) to discuss sports and games
(c) to exchange views on world peace and unity
(d) to compare different education systems

10. Shaun Keating, a participant from New York, referred to which tragic event in his city? 1
(a) a major earthquake
(b) a civil war
(c) a deadly flood
(d) a terrorist attack

11. Which organisation was described as working to promote peace and harmony in the world? 1
(a) United Nations
(b) World Bank
(c) UNESCO
(d) WHO

12. What did Maria Santos from Rio de Janeiro of Brazil say about cultural differences? 1
(a) they weaken humanity
(b) they create permanent divisions
(c) they strengthen the bonds of humanity
(d) they should be avoided

13. Which area of Ahmedabad is mentioned as an example of communal harmony? 1
(a) Ram Rahim Nagar
(b) Maninagar
(c) Sarkhej
(d) Ellis Bridge

14. What does secularism mainly promote? 1
(a) superiority of one religion
(b) separation among communities
(c) tolerance and respect for all religions
(d) complete rejection of religion

15. Why is Sai Baba described as a symbol of religious harmony? 1
(a) He followed only Hindu rituals.
(b) He respected both Hindu and Muslim traditions.
(c) He preached conversion.
(d) He rejected all religions.

16. Which country is known as a land of tolerance and stands as an example of unity? 1
(a) India
(b) Afghanistan
(c) Pakistan
(d) USA

17. What act does the teacher describe as defacing our heritage monuments? 1
(a) taking photographs
(b) restoring old structures
(c) visiting monuments frequently
(d) scribbling names and messages on monuments

18. Which organization is legally responsible for protecting monuments in India? 1
(a) Archaeological Survey of India
(b) State Government
(c) UNESCO
(d) Ministry of Culture

19. What role did the students play in preserving the monument of Jahbaaz Khan? 1
(a) They protested against authorities.
(b) They raised funds and cleaned the monument.
(c) They wrote essays on heritage.
(d) They organized cultural programmes.

20. What does heritage help in? 1
(a) increasing tourism only
(b) generating income
(c) preserving the identity of civilizations
(d) promoting modern architecture

21. Jahbaaz Khan served under which Mughal emperor? 1
(a) Akbar
(b) Jahangir
(c) Aurangzeb
(d) Shah Jahan

22. What did Edgar Mitchell describe the Earth as, when he first saw it from space? 1
(a) a dark and polluted planet
(b) a sparkling blue and white jewel
(c) a lifeless rock
(d) a burning globe

23. What has happened to the forest cover of the Earth over the years? 1
(a) it has increased
(b) it has remain unchanged
(c) it has slightly expanded
(d) it has shrunk

24. What was the main issue highlighted in the book Silent Spring? 1
(a) nuclear pollution
(b) effects of chemicals and pesticides on the environment
(c) deforestation only
(d) water scarcity

25. What human activity is responsible for large-scale destruction of marine life? 1
(a) industrial wastes dumped into oceans
(b) swimming in the ocean
(c) fishing in the ocean
(d) water sports

26. What is the main aim of wildlife conservation? 1
(a) to display animals in zoos
(b) to exploit forests
(c) to protect natural habitats and prevent extinction
(d) to increase hunting.

27. What religious background did the young diver have initially? 1
(a) He was raised as an atheist.
(b) He was deeply religious.
(c) He was a priest.
(d) He followed many religions.

28. What does faith in God provide during difficult times? 1
(a) health and power
(b) fame and success
(c) escape from duties
(d) peace of mind and solace

29. What made the diver stop before jumping into the pool? 1
(a) He felt afraid of water.
(b) He saw the pool was empty.
(c) He saw his shadow shaped like a cross.
(d) The lights suddenly went off.

30. What should faith in God be combined with? 1
(a) fear and silence
(b) power and authority
(c) wealth and success
(d) humility and love

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NAME: _____ SEC:_____ ROLL NO:____

CODE:B

BURNPUR RIVERSIDE SCHOOL, BURNPUR
ANNUAL EXAMINATION :(2025-2026)
MORAL VALUES
CLASS VIII

TIME: 40 MINUTES **Maximum Marks:30**

General Instruction:

- **This Question Paper contains 30 questions of 1 mark each. All the questions are compulsory.**
- **Go through the questions and the instructions very carefully before answering the questions.**

Choose the correct option to answer the following questions:

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1. Stephen Hawkins was very interested in _____. (1)
   a) Geography b) Science c) Mathematics d) History
2. Who was elected four times to the office of President Ship? (1)
   a) Stephen Hawkins b) Franklin Delano Roosevelt
   c)Barack Obama d) Keir Starmer
3. _____was blind and deaf but her hard work made her famous all over the world. (1)
   a) Indira Gandhi b) Mary Kom
   c) Helen Keller d) Jhulan Goswami
4. How old was Franklin Delano Roosevelt when he was struck by polio? (1)
   a) 23 years b) 56 years c) 32 years d) 55 years
5. CRY was born when_____ friends got together. (1)
   a)5 b)6 c)7 d)8
6. What kind of organisations is CRY? (1)
   a) Private Organisation b) Government Organisations
   c)International Organisation d) Voluntary Organisation
7. What is the full form of CRY? (1)
   a) Child Relief and You b) Child Rear and You
   c) Child Report to You d) Child Refund to You

8. Who was associated with CRY? (1)
a) Jagjit Singh b) Anjolie Ela Menon
c) Both of them d)None of them

9. When was the discussion to be held in Sardar Patel School, Bangalore? (1)
a) 10 October 2001 b) 11 October 2001
c) 12 October 2001 d) 13 October 2001

10. _____ is something that is close to one's heart. (1)
a) Culture b) Happy c) Sadness d) Children

11. _____can be fought only when We stand together. (1)
a) Humanity b) Language c) Terrorism d) Nationality

12. Name of the civilization which gave paper, clock and gunpowder to the world. (1)
a) Indus Valley Civilization b) Mesopotamian Civilization
c)Egypt Civilization d) Chinese Civilization

13. _____ of Shirdi has followers from both the Hindu Muslim communities. (1)
a) Guru Nanak b) Kabir c) Sai Baba d) Rahim

14. _____ is a relationship between God and man. (1)
a) Religion b) Saints c) Community d) Peace

15. _____ does not mean that we should stop believing in our respective religions. (1)
a) Nationalism b) Religion c) Symbolism d) Secularism

16. _____ were the erstwhile notorious rulers of Afghanistan. (1)
a) Taliban b) British c) Indian d) American

17. Name the history teacher who made the class interesting by telling wonderful anecdotes from history? (1)
a) Mr. Raj Kumar b) Mrs. Manju Kaur
c) Mrs. Ratna Das d) Mrs. Nayanjyot Kaur

18. Who was in the service of emperor Shahjahan? (1)
a) Shah Jahan b) Salman Khan
c) Jahabaaz Khan d) Samsur Khan

19. The discussion was centering on_____ when Mrs. Kaur asked the students. (1)
a) Red Fort b) Qutub Minar c) Gateway of India d) TajMahal

20. What is the full form of ASI ? (1)
a) Annual survey of India
b) Archaeological Survey of India
c) Annual Survey Inspectors
d) Annual service of Institution

21. _____ preservation should be everyone's concern as it is the testament of our historical legacy. (1)
a) Heritage b) Monument c) Culture d) Religion

22. The _____ effect causes global warming. (1)
a) Redhouse
b) Bluehouse
c) Greenhouse
d) Pinkhouse

23. _____ are also falling prey to the reckless nature of human beings. (1)
a) Oceans
b) Forests
c) Schools
d) Hospitals

24. Name the author of the famous book “Silent Spring”. (1)
a) Helen Keller
b) Beethoven
c) Stephen Hawking
d) Rachel Carson

25. People in western countries are facing is strange disease called _____. (1)
a) pollution illness b) population illness
c) environmental illness b) COVID-19

26. _____ is one such scientist who has dedicated her entire life to study the behaviour of the chimpanzees in the wild. (1)
a) Rachel Carson b) Jane Goodall
c) APJ Abdul Kalam d)Stephen Hawkins

27. When did the Diver went to the indoor pool at his college? (1)

a) one morning b) one afternoon c) one evening d) one night

28. _____ life demands us to do thing at a very fast pace. (1)

a) Past b) Modern c) Early d) Ancient

29. Our ancestors worshipped nature and it's gifts as _____ _____. (1)

a) Man b) Women c) Animal d) God

30. What helps us to strengthen ourselves? (1)

a) Believe in God b) Believe in Faith c) Believe in overconfidence d) Believe in unduemeans

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